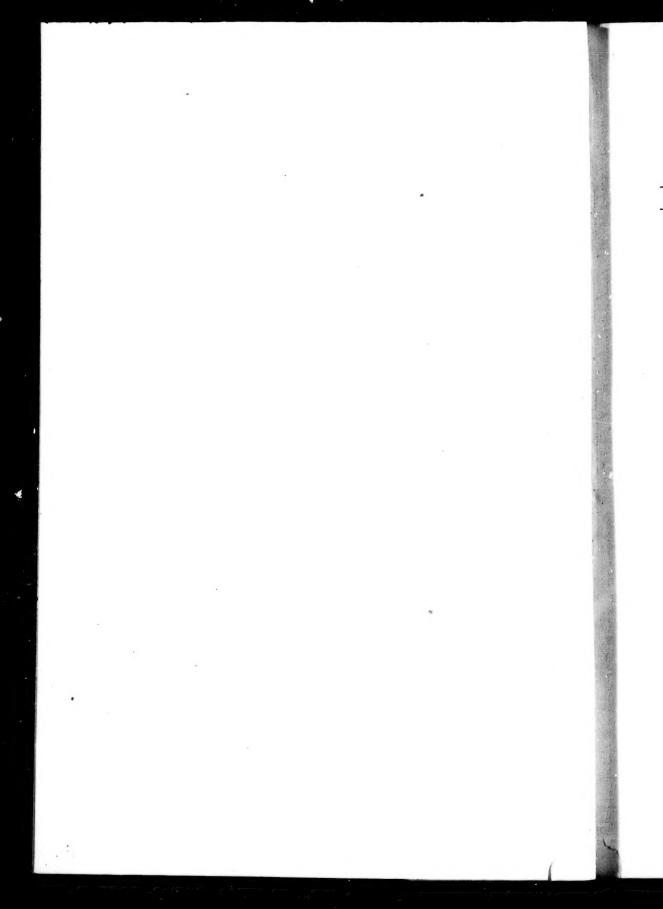


GRAMMAR AND DICTIONARY

OF THE

BLACKFOOT LANGUAGE.



GRAMMAR AND DICTIONARY

OF THE

BLACKFOOT LANGUAGE

IN THE DOMINION OF CANADA.

FOR THE USE OF MISSIONARIES, SCHOOL-TEACHERS, AND OTHERS.

COMPILED BY THE

REV. J. W. TIMS,



LONDON:

SOCIETY FOR PROMOTING CHRISTIAN KNOWLEDGE, NORTHUMBERLAND AVENUE, CHARING CROSS, W.C.

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INTRODUCTION.

The compiler of this Grammar and Dictionary of the Language of the Blackfoot Indians is the Rev. John William Tims, trained at the Church Missionary College, Islington, and sent out in 1883 to the North-West American Mission of that Society. His station is at "Blackfoot Crossing," on the Canadian Pacific railway, in the province of Alberta, and the diocese of Calgary, which for the present is united to Saskatchewan, about 50° north latitude, and 110° west longitude, on the east side of the Rocky Mountains.

The Blackfeet (called by the French, Pieds Noirs, and by the Germans, Schwarzfusse) are so called from their moccasins being blackened by the soil. They are, or were, a powerful tribe, and were divided into three bands.

(1) The Blackfeet proper; (2) the Pa-e-gun; (3) the Blood. Under the arrangements of the Canadian Government, reserves have been set apart for these tribes, and the reserve of the Blackfeet proper, where Mr. Time resides, is immediately south of the railway. The reserve for

the Blood band is to the south, not far from the frontier of the United States. It is stated with confidence that the same language is spoken by the Blackfoot proper, the Pa-e-gun, and the Blood. This philological work is of considerable importance. No portion of the Scriptures has as yet passed through the press, but a portion exists in manuscript.

The tribe belongs to the great Algonquin family, and, like all the languages of North American, it is Polysynthetic. The written character is the Roman. Vocabularies existed previously; but this is the first grammar, and we have to thank Mr. Tims for this important contribution to knowledge.

ROBERT CUST,

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Member of Committee of British and Foreign Bible and Church Missionary Societies, and Translation Committee of the Society for Promoting Christian Knowledge.

July 5, 1889.

PREFACE.

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The present work has been prepared specially for missionaries, school-teachers, and others who are called to labour amongst the Indians who comprise the Blackfoot nation.

When the compiler came to labour amongst the Black-feet in the summer of 1883, he felt greatly the need of a grammar and dictionary; but as none had ever been published, he was obliged to learn word by word from the Indians themselves, and pick up the grammar of the language little by little.

The hope of facilitating the learning of the language to others, newly entering upon the work, has induced him to arrange a great portion of the material he has collected during the past four years and a half, into the form of a Grammar and Dictionary.

The plan has been to give such rules and examples in the Grammar as will make things plain and easy to the learner. In the Dictionary, the imperative, and the first person singular, and third person singular, present indicative, are generally given. The writer always adopted the plan of putting these forms down when collecting words for his own use, and found it a great help.

In the imperative second singular, the root of the verb is always seen, it never having any prefix, and the present indicative, in all intransitive verbs, can be formed from it by removing the final -t and prefixing nit-. Then the second person singular is obtained by changing the pronoun nit- to kit-, and the third person, by dropping the prefix altogether and affixing the proper ending. An example of this simple plan will make it plain.

Conj. 1.

An-it, say thou.
Nit-an-i, I say.
Kit-an-i, you say.

An-i-u, he says.

Conj. 2.

Ok-at', sleep thou. Nit-ai-ok-a, I sleep.

Kit-ai-ok-a, you sleep.

Ai-ok-au, he sleeps.

The particle ai, in the example in Conj. 2, will be found explained in the grammar.

The transitive verb, the writer treated in the same way. In the inanimate form of it, he found that the imperative second singular always ended in -it, -tot, or -toat. He found that by changing these endings into -ip or -top, as the imperative indicated, and prefixing the pronouns, he could always get the first and second persons of the present indicative. Then by dropping the prefixes, and changing the final -p to -mai-e, he got the third person. An example will again illustrate the simplicity of this.

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CONJ. 1.

Conf. 3.

Ŭk-o-me'-tsit, love it.An-ĭs-toat, say it.Nit-ŭk-o-me-tsip, I love it.Nit-an-ĭs-top, I say it.Kit-ŭk-o-me-tsip, you love it.Vit-an-ĭs-top, you say it.

Ŭk-o-me-tsim-ai-e, he loves it. An-is-tom-ai-e, he says it.

The transitive animate, the writer always treated after the same plan. He found that all imperatives, with the objective me, ended in -kit, and that by removing this syllable from the end, and prefixing it to the same word, he nearly always got the first person singular, responding to the imperative. Thus—

Ŭk-o-mĭm'-mo-kit, love me. Kit-ŭk'-o-mĭm-mo, I love you.

If the learner will take the trouble to make observations like these as he studies the examples of the verb given in the grammar, he will soon find himself beginning to understand clearly what, from the numerous inflections of the verb, he at first thought himself unable to grasp.

The writer has ventured to make a classification of the verbs, and to reduce them to conjugations.

A more thorough knowledge of the language may call for a rearrangement of these, but the writer claims the clemency of his brethren in the work, seeing that at present all are but students in the language, and none professors.

The Grammar is by no means complete, nor does the Dictionary contain, by a long way, all the words, even of common occurrence. The reason is, that the compiler has not had the time to spare to bring out an exhaustive

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work. If it is found sufficient to be a guide and help to those who are working for the advancement of the Blackfeet, he will be well repaid.

The system the writer has adopted of separating the syllables is to make the reading of the words more easy, and if proper attention is paid to the accented syllable, the student will have little trouble in making himself understood.

THE COMPILER.

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GRAMMAR OF THE BLACKFOOT LANGUAGE.

ORTHOGRAPHY.

THE Blackfeet possess no written characters of their own; nor have they, as yet, any syllabic system, like the Crees. In making notes for my own use, I used the Roman characters, and have adhered to them in the following pages. The letters employed in writing Blackfoot are fifteen in number, and are as follows:—

aehik m nopstuwxy.

The consonants are sounded as in English. The vowels and diphthongs, in this work, are sounded as follows:—

a as a in father.

e, a, hate.

i, i, pique.

o, o, note.

o, o, note.

i, u, rule.

ai as i in pike.

au, ou, bough.

aw, aw, law.

Kh is used when the guttural sound is very pronounced. As a rule, but not without exceptions, k at the end of a syllable is guttural; h is only used in conjunction with k as above. There is no aspirate in the Blackfoot language. The accent (') requires the syllable which it follows to be emphasized.

ETYMOLOGY.

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THERE are eight parts of speech in the Blackfoot language—noun, pronoun, adjective, verb, adverb, conjunction, preposition, and interjection.

THE NOUN.

I. GENDER.

Nouns are divided into two genders—animate and inanimate. Animate nouns include, not only living creatures, but also many things that have no life, especially different kinds of tools; as "hammer," "auger," "saw," etc.; and agricultural implements; as "plough," "harrow," etc.

On the other hand, all members of the body are inanimate.

Great care must be taken to distinguish between the animate and inanimate nouns, because adjectives, pronouns, and verbs are affected by them. Thus, "hammer" being of the animate gender, the Blackfoot Indian, instead of saying, "I like it, (the) hammer," nit-ŏkh'-si-tsip i-tai'-pix-o-pi, says, "I like him, (the) hammer," nit-ŏkh'-sim-mau i-tai'-pix-o-pi.

To distinguish the sexes in Blackfoot, different words are used: as-

Nĭn'-nau, man; a-ke', woman. Na-pim', male animal; skim, female animal. Sŏk'-u-ma-pi, boy; a-ke'-ku-ŭn, girl.

In some cases, and especially in reference to tribes and nationalities, -ku-ŭn and -ake, attached to the noun representing the name of the tribe or nationality, indicate the male and female respectively; thus—

Six-i-kai'-ku-ŭn, Blackfoot man; Six-i-ka'-ke, Blackfoot woman.

Kai'-nai-ku-ŭn, Blood Indian man; Kai'-nake, Blood Indian woman.

Pe-kŭn'-e-ku-ŭn, Peigan Indian man; Pe-kŭn'-a-ke, Peigan Indian woman.

Nap'-i-e-ku-ŭn, white man; nap'-i-a-ke, white woman.

II. NUMBER.

The plural of nouns of the animate gender always ends in -x or -ix.

It is formed—

(1) By adding -x or -ix to the singular; as—

A-tse'-tsi, glove; a-tse'-tsix, gloves. Po-kun', ball; po-kun'-ĭx, balls.

(2) By substituting -x or -ix for the last letter or syllable of the singular; as—

Se-se'-ni-tau, a file; se-se'-ni-tax, files. Mo-ksĭs', awl; mo-ksix', awls. Nĭn'-nau, man; nĭn'-nax, men.

The plural of nouns of the inanimate gender always ends in -sts, -ĕsts, or -ĭsts.

It is formed—

(1) By adding -ts, -sts, -ests, or -ists to the singular; as—
Mo-yĭs', a lodge; mo-yĭsts, lodges.!
Au'-tex-i-nat-si, a bean; au'-tex-i-nat-sĭsts, beans.
Ksĭs-tsĭm'-man, a bead; ksĭs-tsĭm'-man-ĭsts, beads.

(2) By substituting -sts, -ĕsts, or -ĭsts for the last letter or syllable of the singular; as—

Sin-ak'-sĭn, writing; sin-ak'-sĭsts, writings. Okh-kĭn', bone; okh-ki'-ĭsts, bones.

III. CASE.

In Blackfoot there are three cases—nominative, possessive, and accusative.

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The possessive case is indicated by the possessive pronoun; thus, "The Indian, his horse," for, "The Indian's horse;" "The boy, his book," for "The boy's book."

The accusative case is the same as the nominative, except when the animate noun is the object in a sentence with the nominative in the third person. Then a change takes place in the termination of the noun; as—

Nĭn'-nau, a man; He sees a man, Nan'-nu-yi-u-ai-e nĭn'-nai-i.

Po-no-kŏm'-i-ta, a horse; He sees a horse, Nan'-nu-yi-u-ai-e po-no-kŏm'-it-ai-i.

IV. TERMINATIONS.

Abstract nouns end in -sin-ni or -ani. They are formed from the third person singular of intransitive verbs.

(1) In conjugation 1, by taking away the ordinary ending -i-u, and affixing -sin-ni; as—

Kom-os'-i-u, he steals; kom-os'-sin-ni, theft.

(2) In conjugation 2, by taking away the ordinary ending -au, and affixing -ani; as—

Ket'-au, he bakes; ket-ani, the baking.

(3) In conjugations 3 and 4, by simply adding -sin-ni to the third person; as—

A'-mīs-so, he ascends; a-mīs-so'-sīn-ni, the ascending.

Puk'-si-pu, he comes here; puk-si-pu'-sĭn-ni, coming here.

(4) In conjugation 5, by taking away the ordinary ending -m, and affixing -sin-ni; as —

Ai-pim, he enters; pi'-sĭn-ni, the entering (for explanation of ai- in ai-pim, see page 17).

(5) In conjugation 6, by taking away the ordinary ending -um, and affixing a-sin-ni; as—

Mŭx-ĭn-ŭm', he is wicked; mŭx-ĭn-a'-sĭn-ni, wickedness.

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Nouns ending in -at-sis are derived from verbs, and are names of instruments; as—

Ni-nik-i-u, he sings or makes music; ni-nik'-i-at-sis, a musical instrument.

No-mawk'-i-ak-i-u, he sweeps; no-mawk'-i-mat-sis, a broom. Po-kai'-im-au, he fans; po-kai'-im-at-sis, a fan.

Nouns with the prefix *i-tai-* and affix *-o-pi* are also derived from verbs, and indicate the instrument with which the action implied in the verb is carried out; thus—

Ai'-sĭn-ak-i-u, he writes; i-tai'-sĭn-ak-i-o-pi, a pen. Ai'-pĭx-i-u, he hammers; i-tai'-pĭx-o-pi, a hammer.

Nouns become collective by prefixing o- or ot-, and affixing -sin-na; as—

A-ke', woman; ot'-a-ke-i-sĭn-na, women. Po-kau', child; o-po-ka'-sĭn-na, children.

Ap'-ot-skin-a, ox; ot'-ap-ot-skin-ai-i-sin-na, cattle.

Personal nouns are formed from the third person singular of intransitive verbs by adding a; as—

A'-po-tŭk-ki-u, he works; a'-po-tŭk-ki-ua, a worker.

Ai'-sats-ak-i-u, he is carpentering; ai'-sats-ak-i-u-a, a carpenter.

Au'-mai-tŭk-ki-u, he believes; au'-mai-tŭk-ki-u-a, a believer-

Nouns ending in -e-pitsi denote persons who continue in one vocation. They are formed by adding -e-pitsi to the third person singular of intransitive verbs after the final letter has been removed; as—

Kŏm-os'-i-u, he steals; kŏm-os'-i-e-pĭtsi, a thief. Au-kŏm'-ŏn-i-u, he begs; au-kŏm'-ŏn-i-e-pĭtsi, a beggar.

V. VERBALIZED NOUNS.

Nouns are transformed into verbs by the addition of -ina or -i-ina if the noun is of the animate gender, and -ai-e if the noun is of the inanimate gender; thus—

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Nĭn'-nau, a man; nĭn'-nai-ina, he is a man. I-mi-ta', a dog; i-mi-tai'-ina, it is a dog. U-au', an egg; u-au-ai'-e, it is an egg. Spĭk'-sĭn-ak-sĭn, a book; spĭk-sĭn-ak-sĭn-ai-e, it is a book.

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VI. Nouns inseparable from the Possessive Pronoun.

Many nouns are never used apart from the possessive pronoun; as—

No'-kos, my child; ko'-kos, your child; o'-kos, his child.

These are chiefly terms of relationship; as-

Nĭn'-na, my father; ni-tŭn'-na, my daughter; no-ko'-a, my son; ni-ksĭs'-ta, my mother; nom'-a, my husband; no-to-ke'-man, my wife; nis', my elder brother; nĕs-kŭn', my younger brother; nĭs', my son-in-law; ni-ĭm'-sa, my daughter-in-law; nĭn'-sta, my elder sister; nĭs-ĭs'-sa, my younger sister (woman speaking), nĭt'-a-kem, my younger sister (man speaking).

A few other nouns have the same peculiarity; as—No'-tas, my beast; nokh'-a, my bucket, or water-vessel.

THE PRONOUN.

I. PERSONAL PRONOUNS.

These are—

Singular.

1. Něs-to'-a, I.

2. Kěs-to'-a, or ksěs-to'-a, you.
3. Os-to'-i, he.

Plural.

1. Něs-tŭn'-an, we (excl.).
1. Kěs-tŭn'-un, we (incl.).
2. Kěs-to'-au, you.
3. Os-to'-au-ai, they.

Note: "We" (excl.) does not include the second person, that is to say, the party addressed, but only the first and third persons. "We" (incl.) includes the party addressed. This note must be borne in mind wherever

"we" (exel.) and "we" (incl.) are met with in this grammar, and applies also to "our" (excl.) and "our" (incl.) wherever met with.

When attached to verbs as prefixes, the personal pronouns are contracted in the singular into nit-, kit-, and ot-. As a rule, the third personal pronoun is not used, the final termination sufficiently indicating the person of the verb. In conjugating the present tense of the verb "say," we get an example of this—

Nit'-ani, I say. Kit'-ani, you say. Ani-u, he says.

Sometimes, instead of the third personal pronoun, istands as a prefix; as, i-pa'-tom-ai-e, he carries it.

This is an insertion which in the first and second persons is admitted for the sake of euphony, and is retained in the third person. It will be fully explained when dealing with euphonic changes in the verb.

In the plural, the pronoun is divided when attached to the verb, and the first part, nit-, kit-, is prefixed, and the latter part, -ŭn-an, -au, affixed to the verb; thus—

We love him, nit-ŭk-o-mĭm-mau-ŭn-an. Ye love him, kit-ŭk-o-mĭm-mai-au.

This will be readily seen when we come to study the yerb.

The accusative case is expressed by a change in the inflection of the verb (which see).

II. Possessive Pronouns

Are the same as the personal, but are only used in their contracted forms; as, nits, no, ni, or n, my; kits, ko, ki, or k, thy; ots or o, his.

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Examples of the possessive pronoun-

Singular Inanimate.

Is-tsi-pĭs'-si-mat-sĭs, a whip.

Nĭts-ĭs-tsi-pĭs'-si-mat-sĭs, my whip.

Kĭts-ĭs-tsi-pĭs'-si-mat-sĭs, thy whip.

Ots-ĭs-tsi-pĭs'-si-mat-sĭs, his whip.

Nĭts-ĭs-tsi-pĭs'-si-mat-sĭn-an, our whip (exel.).

Kĭts-ĭs-tsi-pĭs'-si-mat-sĭn-un, our whip (inel.).

Kĭts-ĭs-tsi-pĭs'-si-mat-sĭs-o-au, your whip.

Ots-ĭs-tsi-pĭs'-si-mat-sĭs-o-ai-au, their whip.

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Plural Inanimate.

Sin-ak'-sĭn, writing.
Ni-sĭn'-ak-sĭn-ĭsts, my writings.
Ki-sĭn'-ak-sĭn-ĭsts, thy writings.
O-sĭn'-ak-sĭn-ĭsts, his writings.
Ni-sĭn'-ak-sĭn-an-ĭsts, our writings (excl.).
Ki-sĭn'-ak-sĭn-un-ĭsts, our writings (incl.).
Ki-sĭn'-ak-sĭn-o-au-ĭsts, your writings.
O-sĭn'-ak-sĭn-o-ai-au-ĭsts, their writings.

Singular Animate.

A'-tse-tsi, a glove.
No'-tse-tsi, my glove.
Ko'-tse-tsi, thy glove.
O'-tse-tsi, his glove.
No'-tse-tsin-an, our glove (excl.).
Ko'-tse-tsin-un, our glove (incl.).
Ko'-tse-tsi-o-au, your glove.
O'-tse-tsi-o-ai-au, their glove.

Note: When the pronoun is prefixed to a'-tse-tsi, the initial letter of the noun is dropped for euphony.

Plural Animate.

Pun, a bracelet. No-pun'-ix, my bracelets. Ko-pun'-ix, thy bracelets.
O-pun'-ix, his bracelets.
No-pun'-ĭn-an-ix, our bracelets (excl.).
Ko-pun'-ĭn-un-ix, our bracelets (incl.).
Ko-pun'-o-au-ix, your bracelets.
O-pun'-o-ai-au-ix, their bracelets.

Some nouns are never used apart from the possessive pronoun; as—

No'-tas, my beast; ko'-tas, your beast; o'-tas, his beast.

A partial list is given in the remarks on the noun (p. 6). Nouns beginning with the letter m, especially members of the body, drop the initial letter when the pronoun is prefixed; as—

Mo-tsis', a hand; no-tsis', my hand. Mo-kins'-tsis, an elbow; no-kins'-tsis, my elbow. Ma-awx', a grandparent; na-awx', my grandparent.

A few exceptions to this rule exist; as-

Mau'-kai-is, a breast; no-mau'-kai-is, my breast.

Some nouns with m for the initial letter omit the third possessive pronoun, and replace the m in its stead; as—

Mat-tsi-kĭn', a moccasin; nat-tsi-kĭn, my moccasin; mat-tsi-kĭn, his moccasin.

Mat-sĭn-ni', a tongue; nat-sĭn-ni', my tongue; mat-sĭn-ni, his tongue.

A few nouns require the third possessive pronoun to undergo a change for euphony's sake; as—

Nĭn'-na, my father; kĭn'-na, thy father; un'-ni, his father. Nĭs', my son-in-law; kĭs', thy son-in-law; us', his son-in-law.

Nouns with a for the final letter change a into i or ai with the third possessive pronoun; as—

Ni-tŭn'-na, my daughter; ki-tŭn'-na, thy daughter; o-tŭn'-ni, his daughter.

Nots-tsĭp'-pĭn-na, 'my cheek; kots-tsĭp'-pĭn-na, thy cheek; ots-tsĭp'-pĭn-nai, his cheek.

"Mine," "thine," "his," etc., are thus declined-

Singular.

Nit-si-nan', mine.

Kit-si-nan', thine.
Ot-si-nan', his.

Plural.

(Nit-si-nan'-an, ours (excl.).

Kit-si-nan'-un, ours (incl.).

Kit-si-nan'-o-au, yours.

Ot-si-nan'-o-ai-au, theirs.

III. DEMONSTRATIVE PRONOUNS.

These are-

Singular animate and inanimate,

Plural animate,
, inanimate,
Singular animate,
, inanimate,
, inanimate,
, inanimate,
, inanimate,
Plural animate,
, inanimate,
, inanimate,
om'-im, that.

Plural animate,
, inanimate,
, inanimate,
om'-ix-im, or om'-ix-ik, those.
om'-ists-im, those.

The second form of the pronouns this and these is used only when the reference is to something in the hand.

IV. RELATIVE PRONOUNS.

Singular animate, an-nŏk', who.

Plural ,, an-niks'-ĭsk, who.

Singular inanimate, an-nik', which.

Plural ,, an-nists'-ĭsk, which.

"What" is expressed by the suffix pi- attached to the verb; as—

I told him what you said, nit-sit'-an-ĭs-tau kit-an'-i-pi.
I hear what you are saying, kit-ai'-okh-to kit-au'-an-i-pi.

V. INTERROGATIVE PRONOUNS.

Singular animate, $t\check{u}k-ka'$, who. and inanimate, $t\check{u}'-a$, which (of several). Singular animate, tăm-a', or tai'-a, which (of two).

" inanimate, tsīm-a', or tsi'-a, which (of two).

Plural animate, tsi-ksīm-a', or tsi-kse-a', which.

" inanimate, tsīs-tsīm-a', or tsi-kse-a', which.

tsa', what.

awx'-a, what.

The second form of the pronouns which is used only when the things referred to are in the hand.

VI. INDEFINITE PRONOUNS.

Singular animate and inanimate,

Plural animate,

inanimate,

stsik'-ix, some others.

stsik'-ists, some others.

The other indefinite pronouns, as a-kai-em', many, un'-na-to-si, few, etc., will be found in the dictionary.

A few examples of the use of the pronouns may be a help to some, and are here given.

Nit-ŏkh'-si-tsip am'-oi-a spĭk'-sin-ak-sin, \boldsymbol{I} like this book.

Kit-si-nan'-ats? Is it yours?

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A nit-si-nan'-ai-e. Nĭn'-na nĭt'-o-kok, Yes, it is mine. My father, he gave it to me.

Tŭk-ka'-a kit-ap'-ŭs-sŭm-mau? Who are you looking after? An-nŏk' nĭn'-nau-ŏk ni-na'-ma kŏm-os'-at-si-u-ŏk, The man who stole my gun.

Ta'-a kĭt-ŏkh'-sĭm-mau? Which do you like best?
Tsi-kse-a' kĭt-ai'-ak-o-to-au? Which will you take?
Tsa kitau'-an-i? What are you saying?
Ko-kit stsĭk'-ists spik'-sĭn-ak-sĭn-ists, Give me other books.

THE ADJECTIVE.

Adjectives consist chiefly of particles which have no place apart from the nouns to which they are prefixed; as—

Ŏkh-si-an-i-kŏp-pi, good young man. Ma-ni-po-ka, new-born child. Ap-ai-pĭs-tsi, white blanket.

VERBALIZED ADJECTIVES.

Though adjectives exist only as particles, yet, when these particles are given the terminations of verbs, they stand by themselves.

Verbalized adjectives belong to the first conjugation of the intransitive verb, and have both animate and inanimate forms. In some instances, especially in reference to colours, the animate form follows the sixth conjugation.

Examples of animate and inanimate forms-

Animate, man-si'-u, it is new.

Inanimate, man-i'-u, it is new.

Animate, spĭk'-si-u, it is thick.

Inanimate, spĭk-e'-u, it is thick.

Animate, ksĭx-ĭn-ŭm', he (or it) is white.

Inanimate, ksĭx-ĭn-at'-si-u, it is white

NUMERAL ADJECTIVES.

· One,	ni-tuks'-kŭm.
Two,	na'-to-kŭm.
Three,	ni-oks'-kŭm.
Four,	nĭs-so'.
Five,	nĭs-ĭt-to'.
Six,	nau'.
Seven,	i-kĭt'-si-ka.
Eight,	nan'-ĭs-so.
Nine,	pik'-so.
Ten,	ke'-po.
Eleven,	ni-tsi-ko'-put-to.
Twelve,	na-tsi-ko'-put-to.
Thirteen,	ni'-ko-put-to.
Fourteen,	nĭs-se-ko-put-to.
Fifteen,	nis-it-si'-ko-put-to.
Sixteen,	nai'-ko-put-to.
Seventeen,	i-kĭt'-si-ke-ko-put-to.

Eighteen,	nan'-ĭs-se-ko-put-to.
Nineteen,	pik-si'-ko-put-to.
Twenty,	na'-tsĭp-po.
Thirty,	ni-ĭp'-po.
Forty,	nĭs-ĭp'-po.
Fifty,	nĭs-ĭt-sĭp'-po.
Sixty,	nai'-ĭp-po.
Seventy,	i-kĭt'-si-kĭp-po.
Eighty,	nan-ĭs-sĭp-po.
Ninety,	pik-sĭp'-po.
One hundred,	ke-pĭp'-po.
Two ,,	na'-tok-i-ke-pĭp-po.
Three ,,	ni-oks'-kai-ke-pĭp-po.
Four ,,	nĭs-se'-ke-pĭp-po.
Five ,,	nĭs-ĭt-tu'-i-ke-pĭp-po.
Six ,,	nai'-i-ke-pĭp-po.
Seven ,,	i-kĭt'-si-ki-ke-pĭp-po.
Eight ,,	nan-ĭs-se'-ke-pĭp-po.
Nine ,,	pik-se'-ke-pĭp-po.
One thousand,	omŭk'-si-ke-pĭp-po.

The numeral adjectives vary in their terminations, according as they are prefixed to animate or inanimate nouns; thus—

(1) Before animate nouns-

One horse,	ni-tŭks'-kŭma-po	-no-kŏm	'-i-ta.
Two horses,	na'-to-kŭm-i-po-n	.o-kŏm'-i	-tax.
Three ,,	ni-oks'-kŭm-i-	,,	,,
Four ,,	nĭs-so-yim'-i-	,,	,,
Five ,.	nĭs-it-tsi'-	,,	,,
Six ,,	nai'-i-	,,	,,
Seven ,,	i-kĭt'-si-kŭm-i-	,,	,,
Eight ,,	nan'-ĭs-so-yim-i-	"	"
Nine ,,	pik'-si-	99	,,
Ten ,,	ke'-pi-	,,	,,

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(2) Before inanimate nouns-

ni-tuks'-kau-o-au'. One egg, Two eggs, na'-tok-ai-o-au'-ĕsts. ni-oks'-kai-Three ,, nĭs-so-o'-i-Fournĭs-ĭt-tu'-i-Five" nau'-yi-SixSeven " i-kĭt'-si-kai-inan'-ĭs-so-o-yi-Eight , Ninepik-so'-yi-Ten ke-po'-yi-

Numeral adjectives may be verbalized by adding -i-au to the end of the numeral, from "two," downwards; thus—

There are two, na'-to-kŭm-i-au, or na'-tok-ai-i-au.

In counting, the Indians use somewhat different words to represent "one," "two," and "three," from what are given above. Thus, when a Blackfoot begins counting upon his fingers, he will say, for—

One, se'-ă; two, ni-ok'; three, na'-tok.

THE VERB.

The verb is the principal part of the Blackfoot language, and is as important and as complicated as in the Cree and Ojibway.

It will require very close application on the part of the student if he wishes to have a thorough acquaintance with it, and without that he will never be able to converse freely with the people. He should commit to memory the examples found in this book, taking very particular notice of all the various inflections which are common to all verbs.

EUPHONIC CHANGES.

Before beginning, it will be well to call the attention of the learner to the fact that he will meet constantly a change of letters, caused either by insertion or coalition for the sake of euphony, generally between the pronominal prefix and the root of the verb.

Thus, po-kom being the root of "accompany," "I accompany you" would be kit-pok-om-o; but to make kit-pok-om run more smoothly, -o- is inserted before the root,

and we get kit-o-pok-om-o.

O is the most common insertion. In the third person singular and plural, where the pronoun is not used, o invariably changes to i; as—

Nit-o-pa-tŭk-ki, I carry; i-pa'-tŭk-ki-u, he carries.

Kit-o-pok-om'-o, I accompany you; i-pok-om'-i-u-ai-e, he accompanies him.

Kit-o-ko-to, I give to you; i-ko-tsi'-u-ai-e, he gives to him.

Occasionally *i* takes the place of *o* in the third person, when *o* is the initial letter of the root-word; thus—

Nit-o-to, I arrive; i-to, he arrives.

Other frequent changes are-

ŭs for is; as-

Ĭs-tse-tŭk-ki-u, he is angry; nit-ŭs'-tse-tŭk-ki, I am angry.

Here is is part of the root, and, in the third person, stands unaltered, because there is no prefix to interfere with it. But in the first and second persons, where the pronoun is prefixed to the root, the i is changed to u, because nit-ŭs'-tse-tŭk-ki is more smooth than nit-ĭs'-tse-tŭk-ki.

au for a; as—

Ats being root-word for "bathe," "I bathe" becomes nit-auts'. Wherever this change occurs, au is retained in

the third person, although there is no prefix, as, auts'-im, he bathes.

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Si is often found inserted in the first and second persons; as, nit-si-ksis-sup'-its-is-si, I am active; but is dropped in the third person; as, ksis-sup'-its-is-si-u, he is active.

Okh or awkh sometimes takes the place of o before p when there is no prefix; as—

Nit-o-pum'-a, I buy; ŏklı'-pum-au, he buys.

It is met with as prefix in impersonal verbs also before p; as, awkh'-pu-tau, it snows.

SUMMARY OF EUPHONIC CHANGES.

o, inserted in first and second persons, becomes i in third person.

ŭs, inserted in first and second persons, returns to is in third person.

au, inserted in first and second persons, is retained in third person.

si, inserted in first and second persons, is dropped in third person.

 $oldsymbol{o}h$ inserted in third person when p is the initial letter awkh of the root, but only occasionally.

This is not to be considered a complete summary of the changes that occur. Many more are to be met with, but less often than those given.

DIFFERENT KINDS OF VERBS.

The verbs may be divided into three classes—the impersonal, the intransitive, and the transitive.

We shall consider them in this order, as it will then gradually lead us up from the easiest to the most difficult forms.

Moods.

There are six moods—indicative, potential, imperative, subjunctive, conditional, and dubitative. Throughout

the last-named mood, a doubt is implied as to whether the action does or does not take place. There is no infinitive mood. The subjunctive supplies its place.

Tenses.

Only such tenses as I am perfectly sure of are given in these notes. I have not found out all the elaborate forms which exist in other Indian languages, but which I believe will be discovered in the blackfoot also.

The tense changes consist, in the indicative and potential moods, of particles inserted between the pronoun and the verb, and are as follows:—

PRESENT TENSE.

The pronoun is generally prefixed to the root without any insertion, but, sometimes ai or au are to be found.

Ai then gives the idea of the immediate present; as—

Nit-ai-oka, I am sleeping.

Au implies repeated action; as—

Nit-au-ai-ak-i-ak-i, I knock; nit-au-au-ai-ak-i-ak-i, I keep on knocking.

PAST TENSE.

Sit is the particle; as-

Nit-sit'-si-puk-si-pu, I came here. Kit-sit'-an-ĭs-to, I told you.

Very often the present tense is also used as a past tense.

PERFECT TENSE.

Kawk, kai are used; as-

Ki-kawk'-an-ĭs-to, I have told you. Ni-kai'-ko-tau, I have given to him.

FUTURE TENSE.

Ak, sometimes aks; as—

Nit-ak'-ĭt-tap-po, I will go there.

Nit-ak'-a-kai, I will go home. Kit-ak'-o-ko-to, I will give to you.

Potential Mood.

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PRESENT TENSE.

Kot, sometimes kots; as—

Nit-o-kots'-oka, I am able to sleep. Kit-o-kot'-o-ko-to, I am able to give to you.

PRESENT TENSE (2ND FORM).

Ŭs'-kaks; as—

Nit-ŭs'-kaks-oka, I can sleep. Nit-ŭs'-kaks-i-tap-po, I can go there.

FUTURE TENSE.

Ak-o-kot; as-

Nit-ak-o-kot-uk-o-mim-mau, I shall be able to love him.

FUTURE TENSE (2ND FORM).

Ah'-shak (contracted from ah-ŭshak); as— Nit-ak'-skak-ŭk-o-mĭm-mau, I shall be able to love him.

PLUPERFECT TENSE

Is distinguished by the prefix δk -stait- and suffix -opi; as—

Nök'-stait-ŭk-o-mim-mau-opi, I would have loved him.

In the imperative, subjunctive, and conditional moods, the tense changes consist of prefixes and suffixes, sometimes one, sometimes both, and vary according to the kind of verb, whether it be intransitive or transitive. These will be best seen by a study of the tables, which will be found hereafter, showing the prefixes and affixes of the various tenses belonging to their respective conjugations.

The Negative.

In the indicative mood and in the present and future tenses of the potential mood, is mat-ats, or, mat-a.

In the animate form of the transitive verb, it is sometimes mat-ax-au; and in the first and second persons, mat-a.

In the imperative it is pin-, pini-, or min-, mini-, except in 1st person plural, when it is nök-stai-, or nök-stau-.

The pluperfect tense of the potential mood, the present and future tenses of the conditional mood, and the tenses of the dubitative mood all take -sau.

The subjunctive mood takes -stai.

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The past tense of the conditional mood takes -kŭt'-ta.

The negative form of the verb is given side by side with the positive, so that the student will have no difficulty in finding out how to form it.

The Interrogative.

There are two or three ways of asking a question in Blackfoot. The simple way is to affix -ats to the positive form of the verb; thus—

You go there, kit-ai'-tăp-po.

Do you go there? kit-ai'-tap-po-(p)ats?

Kut-tai is often used in asking a question; as-

Did you go there? ki-kŭt'-tai-tăp-po-(p)ats?

It is always placed next in order to the pronominal prefix.

When the negative form of the verb is used interrogatively, -stai takes the place of the ordinary negative; thus—

Will you not go there? kit-ak'-stai-tap-po-(p)ats? Will you not take it? kit-ak'-stai-ots-ip-ats?

The Third Person Possessive.

Whenever the third person possessive is used either as subject or as object to a verb, a change takes place in the termination of the verb.

1. In the intransitive verb, by substituting -in-ai for the final letter in the 1st conjugation, and by adding it in the other conjugations; as—

He loves, ŭk-o-me'-tŭk-ki-u. His son loves, ok-ku'-iŭk-o-me'-tŭk-ki-in-ai. He sleeps, ai'-ok-au. His daughter sleeps, o-tŭn'-naiai'-ok-ai-in-ai.

2. In the transitive verb, inanimate form, by substituting in-a-ai the final -ai-e of the third person; as—

He loves it, ŭk-o-me'-tsĭm-ai-e. His son loves it, ok-ku'-iŭk-o-me'-tsĭm-in-a-ai.

- 3. In the transitive verb, animate form, by affixing in-ai to the termination in the first and second persons; as—
 - (a) I love him, nit-ŭk-o-mĭm-mau.

 I love his —, nit-ŭk-o-mĭm-mai-in-ai.

 You love his —, kit-ŭk-o-mĭm-mai-in-ai.

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(b) He loves me, nit-ŭk-o-mĭm-mok.

His —— loves me, nit-ŭk-o-mĭm-mok-in-ai.

In the third person of the animate form no change is apparent, except when the 3rd person possessive is the subject, then u-ai-e becomes -in-ai; as—

He loves him, ŭk-o-mĭm'-mi-u-ai-e. His —— loves him, ŭk-o-mĭm-mi'-ĭn-ai.

"He sees him," and "He sees his," take the same form.

Various uses to which certain particles are put, in connection with the verb.

Mat-

1. Negative; as—

Ni-mat'-ak-it-tăp-po-(p)ats, I will not go there. Mat'-ŏkh-si-u-ats, it is not good.

2. Repetition; as--

Mat'-an-it, say it again. Mat'-si-puk-si-put, come here again. 3. Signifies "go," before an imperative; as—
Mat-an-ĭs-tsis', go and tell him.

Kŭt-ta, kŭt-ta:—

1. Interrogative; as-

Ki-kŭt'-ta-an-ĭs-tau-ats? did you tell him?

2. Negative; as-

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Kŭt-tai'-pu-yi-u, he does not speak.

I. THE IMPERSONAL VERB.

The impersonal verb has only the third person singular, and takes "it" as in English. The following examples illustrate it, as used in all the tenses.

Indicative Mood.

PRESENT TENSE.

Ai'-so-tau, it rains. Awkh'-pu-tau, it snows.

PERFECT TENSE.

Ŭk'-ai-so-tau, it has rained. Ŭk'-awk-pu-tau, it has snowed.

FUTURE TENSE.

Ai'-ak-so-tau, it will rain. Ai'-ak-o-pu-tau, it will snow.

Imperative Mood.

PRESENT TENSE.

Ŭn-an-ĭst'-so-ta-si, let it rain. Ŭn-an-ĭst'-o-pu-tau-si, let it snow.

Potential Mood.

PRESENT TENSE.

I-kot'-so-tau, it is able to rain. I-kot'-o-pu-tau, it is able to snow. FUTURE TENSE.

Ak'-o-kot-so-tau, it will be able to rain. Ak'-o-kot-o-pu-tau, it will be able to snow.

PLUPERFECT TENSE.

Ŏk'-stait-so-tau-opi, it might have rained. Ŏk'-stait-o-pu-tau-opi, it might have snowed.

Subjunctive Mood.

PRESENT TENSE.

Mŏk'-it-so-ta-si, (that) it may rain. Mŏk'-o-pu-tau-si, (that) it may snow.

Conditional Mood.

PRESENT TENSE.

Ai'-so-tŭs-si, when, or if, it rains. Awkh'-pu-tŭs-si, when, or if, it snows.

PAST TENSE.

Ai'-so-tau-o-pi, if it rained. Awkh'-pu-tau-o-pi, if it snowed.

Dubitative Mood.

PRESENT TENSE.

Ŏks'-ka-kŭm-so-tau, perhaps it rains? Ŏks'-ka-kŭm-o-pu-tau, perhaps it snows?

CONDITIONAL TENSE.

I-kum'-so-tus-si, if so be that it rains? I-'kum'-o-pu-tus-si, if so be that it snows?

FUTURE CONDITIONAL TENSE.

Maks-i-kŭm-so-tŭs-si, if so be that it will rain? Maks-i-kŭm-o-pu-tŭs-si, if so be that it will snow?

II. THE INTRANSITIVE VERB.

The intransitive verb has six conjugations, each known by the ending of the third person, singular. The following Table will show all the prefixes and endings of each of the conjugations in each mood.

,	PREFIX.	1. Cons.	2. Conj.	3. Conj.	4. Conj.	5. Conj.	6. Cons.
Indicative and Potential Moods.							
1. Sing.	nit-		-3	0-	nd-		-B
	kit-		-8	0-	nd-	7	-3
		-iu	-au	0~	nd-	-im	-ŭm
Poss.		-i-in-ai	-ai-in-ai	-0-in-ai	-pu-in-ai	-i-in-ai	-ŭm'-ĭn-ai
Plu. (excl.)	nit-	-i-pin-an	-a-pin-an	-o-pin-an	-pu-pin-an	-i-pin-an	-a-pin-an
1 (incl.)		-i-ob	do-na-	-au-op	-ban-ob	do-i-	-au-op
	kit-	-i-pu-au	-a-bn-an	ne-nd-o-	-bn-hd-nd-	-i-pu-au	-a bn-an
: :		-i-au	-ai-i-au	-0-j-au	-pu-i-au	-im-i-au	-um-i-au
Imperative Mood.							
2. Sing.		-it	-at	5-ot	-but	-it	-at
	50	0.00	8	917	50.55	2	20
1. Plu. (excl.)	nok'-ok-ŭn-an-ists-		-a-pin-an	-0-pin-an	-pus-pin-an	-i-pfn an	-a-pin-an
, (incl.)	ŏk-ún-	-i-op	-an-op	-anb	dng-gd-	-i-op	do-ne-
		-ik	-ak	-0-ak	-puk	-ik	-ak
	ŭn-an-ĭsts-	-is-au	-as-au	-os-au	-pus-au	-is-au	-as-au
Subjunctive Mond.				***************************************			
1. Sing.	nŏk-	-si	-a-8i	-0-si	-pu-si	-si	-3-81
) =	kök-	<u>.</u> <u>.</u> .	-a-si	-0-Si	-pu-si	.2.	-8-8i
	mčk-	. <u>s</u> .	-8-81	-0-Si	-bu-si	·8:	- B - B -
Po-8.	mok-	-381-0	8-188-B-	Q:(88-0)	-Din-8.91 e	-sai-A	-a-Sai-e

		В		·	RAM	MAR	•	
CONJ. 6.	-a-sin-an -a-au-si -a-su-au -a-sau		-tim-e-ni-ki -as-si -as-sai-e -tim-in-an-i-ki -tim-i-ok-i -tim-e-no-ai-ni-ki	-as-sau	-a-o-pi	-au-o-pi -a-pin-an-o-pi	-a-pu-au-o-pi -a-pu-au-o-pi-au	-ŭm-e-ni-ki
5. Conj.	-sin-an -i-os-i -i-i-su-ai -i-is-au		-im-e-ni-ki -is-si -is-sai-e -im-in-an-i-ki -im-i-ok-i -im-i-ok-i -im-i-e-no-al-ni-ki	-is-2911	-i-0-pi -i-0-pi	-im-o-pi-in-ai -i-pin-an-o-pi	-i-pu-au-o-pi -i-o-pi-au	-im-e-ni-ki
4. CONJ.	-pu-sin-an -pau'-o-si -pu-su-au -pus-au		ki e n-i-ki i -ai-ni-ki	-pus-sau	-pu-o-pi -pu-o-pi	-pu-o-pi-in-ai -pu-pin-an-o-pi	-pu-pu-au-o-pi -up-o-pi-au	-pu-e-ni-ki
3. Conj.	-0-sin-an -a-au-si -0s-u-au -0s-au		o-e-ni-ki -os-si -os-sai'-e o-e-no-ai-ni-ki -au-ok-i -o-no-ai-ni-ki	1178-so-	-0-0-pi -0-0-pi	-0-0-pi-in-ai -0-pin-an-0-pi	-o-pu-au-o-pi -o-o-pi-au	-o-e-ni-ki
2. Conj.	-a-sĭn-ani -au-si -a-su-ai -as-au		-ai-ni-ki -a-si -a-sai-e -#/-nan-i-ki -au-ok-i -a-san	nas-a-	-a-o-pi -a-o-pi -au-o-pi	-au-o-pi-in-ai -a-pin-an-o-pi -a-to-pi	-a-pu-au-o-pi -au-o-pi-au	-ai-ni-ki
1. CoxJ.	-sin-an -i-os-i -su-au -i-sau		-i-e-ni-ki -is-si -is-sai-e -i-in-an-i-ki -i-ok-i -i-ok-i -i-e-no-ai-ni-ki	nps-21-	-it-o-pi -it-o-pi -i-u-o-pi	-i-u-o-pi-in-ai -i-pin-an-o-pi -i-o-to-pi	-i-pu-au -pi -i-o-pi-au	-i-e-ni-ki
Prefix.	nök- ök- kök- mök-				nit- kit-	nit-	kit-	mak-
	1. Plu. (excl.) 1. " (incl.) 2. " 3. "	Conditional Mood. INDEFINITE TRNSE.	1. and 2. Sing. 3. Sing. Poss. 1. Plu. (excl.) 1. " (incl.) 2. "	FAST TENSE.	1. Sing. 2. ".	1. Plu. (excl.) 1. n. (incl.)	3.5	1. Sing.

The other endings same as the indefinite tense of this mood. The prefix mak- is retained in all the persons.

6. Conj.

5. Conj.

4. Cons.

3. Conj.

2. Conj.

1. CONJ.

PREFIX.

Potential Mood.

Potential Mood.	Prefix.	1. Cons.	2. Cons.	3. Cons.	4. Conj.	5. Conj.	6. Conj.
1. Sing. 2. "	nŏk-sta:>- kŏk-stait-		-a- >-pi -a-o-pi	-0-0-pi -0-0-pi	-pu-o-pi	-i-o-pi	-a-o-pi
-2 /	ŏk-stait- ŏk-stait-		-au-o-pi -au-o-pi-in-ai	-0-0-pi -0-pi-in-ai	-pu-o-pi -pu-o-pi-in-ai	-im-o-pi -im-o-pi-in-ai	-au-o-pi -au-o-pi-in-ai
1. Flu. (excl.) 1. ,, (incl.)	nok-stait- ŏk-stait-	_	-a-pin-an-o-pi -a-to-pi	-0-pin-an-0-pi -0-0-pi	-pu-pin-an-o-pi -pu-o-pi	-i-pĭn-au-o-pi -i-o-pi	-a-pin-an-o-pi -au-o-pi
; ;	Kok-stait- ŏk-stait-	-i-pu-au-o-pi -i-u-o-pi-au	-a-pu-au-o-pi -au-o-pi-au	-0-pu-au-0-pi -0-0-pi-au	-pu-pu-au-o-pi -pu-o-pi-au	-i-pu-au-o-pi -i-o-pi-au	-a-pu-au-o-pi -au-o-pi-au
Dubitative Mood.							
PRESENT TENSE.							
1. Sing.	noks'-ka-kum-	w-1	ę	0	nd-	~	#
: :	koks'-ka-kum- ŏks'-ka-kum-		-a -au	۹ ۹	nd-	Ţ.Ę	7'7
., Poss.	ŏks'-ka-kūm-	-i-in-ai	-ai-in-ai	-o-in-ai	-pu-in-ai	-im-in-ai	-ŭm-in-ai
1. Plu. (excl.)	noks'-ka-kum-	-i-pin-an	-a-pin-an	-o-pin-an	-pu-hin-an	-f-pin-an	-a-pin-an
1. " (incl.)	öks'-ka-küm-	do-i-	-au-op	-au-op	-pau-op	-i-op	-au-op
. : N 00	koks'-ka-kum- ŏks'-ka-kum-	-i-pu-au -i-an	-a-pu-au	-o-pu-au	-pu-pu-au	-i-pu-au	-a-pu-au
CONDITIONAL TENSE.							
1. Sing.	i-kŭm-	-i-e-ni-ki	-ai-ni-ki	-o-e-ni-ki	-pu-e-ni-ki	Im-e-ni-ki	-ŭm-e-ni-ki

The other endings are same as indefinite tense of the conditional mood, with the prefix i-kum throughout all the persons.

FUTURE CON- DITIONAL TENSE.							
1. Sing.	mak-i-kūm-	-i-e-ni-ki	-ai-ni-ki	-o-e-ni-ki	-pu-e-ni-ki	-fm-e-ni-ki	-čm-e-ni-ki
		The note to the preceding	the prece	ding tense	applies to thi	ž	

Conjugation I.

Third Sing. Ŭk-o-me'-tŭk-ki-u, he loves; Imperat. Ŭk-o-me'-tŭk-kit, love.

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Indicative Mood.

PRESENT TENSE.

Positive.

1. Singular	Nit-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki, I love.
2. ,,	Kit-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki, thou lovest.
3. ,,	Ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-u, he loves
,, Poss.	Ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-in-ai, his him loves.
1. Plural (excl.)	Nit-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-pĭn-an, we love.
1. ,, (incl.)	Ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-op, we love.
2. ,,	Kit-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-pu-au, you love,
3. ,,	Ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-au, they love.

Negative.

1.	Singular	Ni-mat-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-pa.
2.	,,	Ki-mat-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-pa.
3.	,,	Mat-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-u-ats.
	" Poss.	Mat-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-u-ats-in-ai.
1.	Plural (excl.)	Ni-mat-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-pĭn-an-a.
1.	,, (incl.)	Mat-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-op-a.
2.	"	Ki-mat-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-pu-au-a.
3.	**	Mat-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-au-ats.

PAST TENSE.

$1. \ \ Singular$	Nit-sit'-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki, <i>I did love.</i>
2. ,,	Kit-sit'-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki, you did love.
3. ,,	It-sit'-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-u, he did love.
,, Poss.	It-sit'-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-in-ai, his — $didlove$.
1. Plural (excl.)	Nit-sĭt'-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-pĭn-an, we did love.
1. ,, (incl.)	It-sĭt'-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-op, we did love.
2. ,,	Kit-sĭt'-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-pu-au, ye did love.
3. ",	It-sĭt'-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-au, they did love.

1. Si	ngu lar	Ni-mat-sĭt-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-pa,
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2. " Ki-mat-sĭt-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-pa,

3. " Mat-sĭt-ŭk-o-me-tuk-ki-u-ats.

,, Poss. Mat-sĭt-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-u-ats-in-ai.

1. Plural (excl.) Ni-mat-sĭt-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-pĭn-an-a.

1. " (incl.) Mat-sĭt-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-op-a.

2. " Ki-mat-sĭt-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-pu-au-a.

3. " Mat-sĭt-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-au-ats.

PERFECT TENSE.

Positive.

1. Singular Ni-kawk'-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki, I have loved.

2. ,, Ki-kawk'-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki, you have loved.

3. ,, Awk'-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-u, he has loved.

, Poss. Awk'-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-in-ai, his — has loved.

1. Plural (excl.) Ni-kawk'-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-pĭn-an, we have loved.

1. ,, (incl.) Awk'-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-op, we have loved.

2. " Ki-kawk'-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-pu-au, ye have loved.

3. ,, Awk'-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-au, they have loved.

Negative.

1. Singular Ni-mat-si-kawk-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-pa.

2. "Ki-mat-si-kawk-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-pa.

3. ,, Mat-si-kawk-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-u-ats

. Poss. Mat-si-kawk-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-u-ats-in-ai.

1. Plural (excl.) Ni-mat-si-kawk-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-pĭn-an-a.

1. , (incl.) Mat-si-kawk-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-op-a.

2. Ki-mat-si-kawk-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-pu-au-a.

3. " Mat-si-kawk-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-au-ats.

Sometimes, in the Perfect tense, when spoken, a contraction takes place by the elision of the final k of the distinguishing particle and the initial letter of the root. $Ni-kawk'-\check{u}k-o-me-t\check{u}k-ki$ then becomes $Ni-kaw'k-o-me-t\check{u}k-ki$.

FUTURE TENSE.

Positive.

- 1. Singular Nit-ak'-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki, I will love.
- 2. " Kit-ak'-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki, you will love.
- 3. ,, Ak'-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-u, he will love.
 - Poss. Ak'-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-in-ai, his will love.

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- 1. Plural (excl.) Nit-ak'-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-pin-an, we will love.
- 1. , (incl.) Ak'-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-op, we will love.
- 2. " Kit-ak'-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-pu-au, ye will love.
- 3. ,, Ak'-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-au, they will love.

Negative.

- 1. Singular Ni-mat'-ak-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-pa.
- 2. Ki-mat'-ak-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-pa.
- 3. " Mat'-ak-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-u-ats.
 - .. Poss. Mat'-ak-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-u-ats-in-ai.
- 1. Plural (excl.) Ni-mat'-ak-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-pin-an-a.
- 1. ,, (incl.) Mat'-ak-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-op-a.
- 2. , Ki-mat'-ak-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-pu-au-a.
- 3. Mat'-ak-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-au-ats.

Imperative Mood.

PRESENT TENSE.

- 2. Singular Uk-o-me'-tŭk-kĭt, love thou,
- 3. " Ŭn-an-ĭst-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-kis, let him love.
- 1. Plural (excl.) Nŏk-ok-ŭn-an-ĭsts-ŭk-o-me'-tŭk-ki-pin-an, let us love.
- 1. ,, (incl.) Ŏk-ŭn-ŭk-o-me'-tŭk-ki-op, let us love.
- 2. , Ŭk-o-me'-tŭk-kik, love ye.
- 3. " Ün-an-ïsts-ŭk-o-me'-tŭk-kïs-au, let them love.

- 2. Singular Pin-ŭk-o-me'-tŭk-kĭt.
- 3. Pin-ŭk-o-me'-tŭk-kĭs.
- 1. Plural (excl.) Nök-stai-ŭk-o-me'-tŭk-ki-pĭn-an.
- 1. , (incl.) Ŏk-stai-ŭk-o-me'-tŭk-ki-op.
- 2. .. Pin-ŭk-o-me'-tŭk-kik.

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3. .. Pin-ŭk-o-me'-tŭk-kĭs-au.

Potential Mood.

PRESENT TENSE (1ST FORM).

Positive.

- 1. Singular Nit-o-kot'-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki, I am able to love.
- 2. ,, Kit-o-kot'-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki, you are able to love.
- 3. ,, I-kot'-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-u, he is able to love.
- ,, Poss. I-kot'-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-in-ai, his is able to love.
- 1. Plural (excl.) Nit-o-kot'-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-pin-an, we are able to love.
- 1. ,, (incl.) I-kot'-ŭk-o-me-tuk-ki-op, we are able to love.
- 2. " Kit-o-kot'-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-pu-au, ye are able to love.
- 3. " I-kot'-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-au, they are able to love.

Negative.

- 1. Singular Ni-mat-o-kot-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-pa.
- 2. " Ki-mat-o-kot-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-pa.
- 3. ,, Mat-o-kot-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-u-ats.
- " Poss. Mat-o-kot-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-u-ats-in-ai.
- 1. Plural (excl.) Ni-mat-o-kot-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-pĭn-an-a.
- 1. " (incl.) Mat-o-kot-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-op-a.
- 2. " Ki-mat-o-kot-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-pu-au-a.
- 3. ,, Mat-o-kot-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-au-ats.

PRESENT TENESE (2ND FORM).

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Positive.

- 1. Singular Nit-ŭs-kak-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki, I can love.
- 2. ,, Kit-ŭs-kak-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki, you can love.
- 3. " Üs-kak-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-u, he can love. " Poss. Üs-kak-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-in-ai, his — can love.
- 1. Plural (excl.) Nit-ŭs-kak-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-pĭn-an, we can love.
- 1. ,, (incl.) Ŭs-kak-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-op, we can love.
- 2. " Kit-ús-kak-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-pu-au, ye can love.
- 3. ,, is-kak-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-au, they can love.

Negative.

- 1. Singular Ni-mat-ŭs-kak-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-pa.
- 2. " Ki-mat-ŭs-kak-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-pa.
- 3. ,, Mat-ŭs-kak-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-u-ats-
 - ,, Poss. Mat-ŭs-kak-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-u-ats-in-ai.
- 1. Plural (excl.) Ni-mat-ŭs-kak-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-pin-an-a.
- 1. " (incl.) Mat-ŭs-kak-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-op-a
- 2. " Ki-mat-ŭs-kak-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-pu-au-a.
- 3. " Mat-ŭs-kak-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-au-ats.

PLUPERFECT TENSE.

- 1. Singular Nŏk'-stait-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-to-pi, I would have loved.
- 2. " Kŏk'-stait-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-to-pi, you would have loved.
- 3. ,, Ŏk'-stait-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-o-pi, he would have loved.
 - ,, Poss. Ŏk'-stait-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-o-pi-in-ai, his — would have loved.

1. Plural (excl.)	Nŏk'-stait-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-pĭn-an-o-pi, we
	would have loved.

- 1. " (incl.) Ŏk-stait-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-o-to-pi, we would have loved.
- 2. " Kŏk-stait-ùk-o-me-tŭk-ki-pu-au-o-pi, ye would have loved.
- 3. ,, Ŏk-stait-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-u-o-pi-au, they would have loved.

1. Singular Nŏk'-stai-sau-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-to-pi.

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- 2. ,, Kŏk'-stai-sau-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-to-pi.
- 3. " Ŏk'-stai-sau-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-o-pi.
- " Poss. Ŏk'-stai-sau-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-o-pi-in-ai.
- 1. Plural (excl.) Nŏk'-stai-sau-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-pin-an-o-pi.
- 1. , (incl.) Ŏk'-stai-sau-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-o-to-pi.
- 2. " Kŏk'-stai-sau-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-pu-au-o-pi.
- 3. " Ök'-stai-sau-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-u-o-pi-au.

Another form of this tense in use substitutes for $n \delta k'$ -stait-, $k \delta k'$ -stait, and $\delta k'$ -stait-, the prefixes $n \delta k'$ -ta-, $k \delta k'$ -ta-, and $\delta k'$ -ta-.

FUTURE TENSE.

Positive.

1. Singular Nit-ak-o-kot-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki, I shall be able to love.

Negative.

1. Singular Ni-mat-ak-o-kot-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki.

Continue as present indicative, always inserting ak-o-kotbefore the root.

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Subjunctive Mood.

PRESENT TENSE.

Positive.

1.	Singular	Nŏk'-ŭk-o-me-	tŭk-si,	that I	may	love.
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- 2. " Kŏk'-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-si, that you may love.
- 3. " Mŏk'-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-si, that he may love.
 - ,, Poss. Mŏk'-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-sai-e, that his may love.
- 1. Plural (excl.) Nŏk'-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-sĭn-an, that we may love.
- 1. ,, (incl.) Ŏk'-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-i-o-si, that we may love.
- 2. ,, Kŏk'-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-su-au, that ye may love.
- 3. ,, Mŏk'-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ĭs-au, that they may love.

Negative.

- 1. Singular Nŏk-stai'-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-si.
- 2. Kŏk-stai'-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-si.
- 3. " Mŏk-stai'-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-si.
 - .. Poss. Mŏk-stai'-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-sai-e.
- 1. Plural. (excl.) Nök-stai'-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-sĭn-an.
- 1. , (incl.) Ŏk-stai'-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-i-o-si.
- 2. Kŏk-stai'-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-su-ai.
- 3. " Mŏk-stai'-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-is-au.

The above form appears to be used also for the imperfect, "I might love," etc.

Conditional Mood.

INDEFINITE TENSE.

- 1. Singular Ŭk-o-me'-tŭk-ki-e-ni-ki, if, or when, I love.
- 2. "

 Ŭk-o-me'-tŭk-ki-e-ni-ki, if, or when, you love,
- 3. ,, Uk-o-me'-tŭk-ki-si, if, or when, he loves.
 - " Poss. Ük-o-me'-tŭk-ki-sai-e, if, or when, his loves.

- 1. Plural (excl.) Ŭk-o-me'-tŭk-ki-ĭn-an-i-ki, if, or when, we love.
- 1. ,, (incl.) Ŭk-o-me'-tŭk-ki-ok-i, if, or when, we love.
- 2. "

 Ŭk-o-me'-tŭk-ki-e-no-ai-ni-ki, if, or when,
 ye love
- 3. ,, Ük-o-me'-tŭk-ki-sau, if, or when, they love.

- 1. Singular Sau-ŭk-o-me'-tŭk-ki-e-ni-ki.
- 2. Sau-ŭk-o-me'-tŭk-ki-e-ni-ki.
- 3. . Sau-ŭk-o-me'-tŭk-ki-si.

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- .. Poss. Sau-ŭk-o-me'-tŭk-ki-sai-e.
- 1. Plural (excl.) Sau-ŭk-o-me'-tŭk-ki-ĭn-an-i-ki.
- 1. " (incl.) Sau-ŭk-o-me'-tŭk-ki-ok-i.
- 2. .. Sau-ŭk-o-me'-tŭk-ki-e-no-ai-ni-ki.
- 3. ,, Sau-ŭk-o-me'-tŭk-ki-sau.

PAST TENSE.

Positive.

- 1. Singular Nit-ŭk-o-me'-tŭk-ki-to-pi, if I loved.
- 2. " Kit-ŭk-o-me'-tŭk-ki-to-pi, if you loved.
- 3. , Ük-o-me'-tŭk-ki-u-o-pi, if he loved.
 - " Poss. Ük-o-me'-tŭk-ki-u-o-pi-in-ai, if his loved.
- 1. Plural (excl.) Nit-ŭk-o-me'-tŭk-ki-pin-an-o-pi, if we loved.
- 1. ,, (incl.) Ŭk-o-me'-tŭk-ki-o-to-pi, if we loved.
- 2. " Kit-ŭk-o-me'-tŭk-ki-pu-au-o-pi, if ye loved.
- 3. ,, Ük-o-me'-tŭk-ki-o-pi-au, if they loved.

Negative.

- 1. Singular Ni-kŭt'-ta-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-to-pi.
- 2. Ki-kŭt'-ta-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-to-pi.
- 3. , Kŭt'-ta-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-u-o-pi.
 - ,, Poss. Kŭt'-ta-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-u-o-pi-in-ai.

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- 1. Plural (excl.) Ni-kŭt'-ta-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-pin-an-o-pi.
- 1. , (incl.) Kŭt'-ta-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-o-to-pi.
- 2. " Ki-kŭt'-ta-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-pu-au-o-pi.
- 3. " Kŭt'-ta-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-o-pi-au.

FUTURE TENSE.

Positive.

1. Singular Mak'-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-e-ni-ki, if I shall love.

Negative.

1. Singular Sau-ak'-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-e-ni-ki.

The rest of this tense is conjugated like the present of this mood, mak- being always prefixed to the positive form, and sau-ak- to the negative.

Dubitative Mood.

PRESENT TENSE.

- 1. Singular Nŏks'-ka-kŭm-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki, perhaps I love?
- 2. "Köks'-ka-kŭm-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki, perhaps you love?
- 3. "

 Ŏks'-ka-kŭm-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki, perhaps he loves?
 - ,, Poss. Ŏks'-ka-kŭm-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-in-ai, perhaps his — loves?
- 1. Plural (excl.) Nŏks'-ka-kŭm-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-pin-an, perhaps we love?
- 1. ,, (incl.) Čks'-ka-kŭm-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-op, perhaps we love?
- 2. " Kŏks'-ka-kŭm-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-pu-au, perhaps ye love?
- 3. "

 Ŏks'-ka-kŭm-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-au, perhaps

 they love?

1. Singular	Nŏks'-ka-kŭm-sau-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki.
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- 2. " Köks'-ka-kŭm-sau-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki.
- 3. ,, Öks'-ka-kŭm-sau-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki.
- ", Poss. Öks'-ka-kŭm-sau-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-in-ai.
- 1. Plural (excl.) Nöks'-ka-kŭm-sau-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-pin-an.
- 1. ,, (incl.) Ŏks'-ka-kŭm-sau-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-op.
- 2. " Kŏks'-ka-kŭm-sau-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-pu-au.
- 3. ,, Öks'-ka-kŭm-sau-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-au.

PRESENT CONDITIONAL TENSE.

Positive.

1. Singular I-kŭm'-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-e-ni-ki, if so be that
I love?

Negative.

1. Singular I-kŭm'-sau-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-e-ni-ki.

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This tense is conjugated the same as the present tense of the conditional mood, always prefixing $i-k\check{u}m$ - to the positive form, and $i-k\check{u}m$ -sau- to the negative.

FUTURE CONDITIONAL TENSE.

Positive.

1. Singular Maks-i-kŭm-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-e-ni-ki, if so be that I shall love?

Negative.

1. Singular Maks-i-kŭm-sau-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-e-ni-ki.

Rule given for present tense applies to this, always prefixing maks-i-kum- to positive form and maks-i-kum-sau-to the negative.

CONJUGATION II.

Third Sing. Ai'-ok-au, he sleeps; Imperative, o-kat', sleep.

Indicative Mood.

PRESENT TENSE.

Positive.

1.	Singular	Nit-ai'-ok-a, I sleep.
2.	,,	Kit-ai'-ok-a, thou sleepest.
3.	,,	Ai'-ok-au, he sleeps.
	,, P_{vss} .	Ai'-ok-ai-in-ai, his him sleeps.
1.	Plural (excl.)	Nit-ai'-ok-a-pin-an, we sleep.
1.	,, (incl.)	Ai'-ok-au-op, we sleep.

2. Kit-ai'-ok-a-pu-au, you sleep.

3. Ai'-ok-ai-i-au, they sleep.

Negative.

- 1. Singular Ni-mat-ai-ok-a-pa. 2.Ki-mat-ai-ok-a-pa. 3. Mat-ai-ok-au-ats. Poss. Mat-ai-ok-au-ats-in-ai. 1. Plural (excl.) Ni-mat-ai-ok-a-pin-an-a.
- 1. (incl.) Mat-ai-ok-au-op-a.
- 2. Ki-mat-ai-ok-a-pu-au-a.
- 3. Mat-ai-ok-au-ax-au.

PAST TENSE.

- 1. Singular Nit-sits'-ok-a, I slept. 2.Kit-sits'-ok-a, you slept.
- 3. Its'-ok-au, he slept. Its'-ok-ai'-in-ai, his — slept. Poss.

BLA	Kroof Grammar.
1. Plural (excl.)	Nit-sits'-ok-a-pin-an, we slept.
1. ,, (incl.)	Its'-ok-au-op, we slept.
2. ,,	Kit-sits'-ok-a-pu-au, ye slept.
3. "	Its'-ok-ai-i-au, they slept.
	Negative.
1. Eingular	Ni-mat'-sĭts-ok-a-pa.
2. ,,	Ki-mat'-sĭts-ok-a-pa.
3. ,	Mat-sĭts-ok-au'-ats.
,, $Poss.$	Mat-sĭts-ok-au'-ats-in-ai.
1. Plural (excl.)	Ni-mat-sits-ok-a'-pin-an-a.
1. ,, (incl.)	Mat-sits-ok-au'-op-a.
2. ,,	Ki-mat-sits-ok-a'-pu-au-a.
3. "	Mat-sits-ok-au-ax-au.
	PERFECT TENSE.
	Positive.
1. Singular	Ni-kai'-ok-a, I have slept.
2. "	Ki-kai'-ok-a, you have slept.
3. ,,	Ŭk-ai'-ok-au, he has slept.
,, $Poss.$	Ŭk-ai'-ok-ai-in-ai, his — has slept.
1. Plural (excl.)	Ni-kai'-ok-a-pin-an, we have slept.
$1. \qquad ,, \qquad (incl.)$	Ük-ai'-ok-au-op, we have slept.
2. ,,	Ki-kai'-ok-a-pu-au, ye have slept.
3. "	Uk-ai'-ok-ai-i-au, they have slept.
	Negative.
1. Singular	Ni-mats-ik-ai-ok-a-pa.
2. ,,	Ki-mats-ik-ai-ok-a-pa.
3. ,,	Mats-ik-ai-ok-au-ats.
" Poss.	Mats-ik-ai-ok-au-ats-in-ai.
1. Plural (excl.)	Ni-mats-ik-ai-ok-a-pin-an-a.
1. " (incl.)	Mats-ik-ai-ok-au-op-a.
2. "	Ki-mats-ik-ai-ok-a-pu-au-a.
3. "	Mats-ik-ai-ok-au-ax-au.

FUTURE TENSE.

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Positive.

- 1. Singular Nit-aks'-ok-a, I shall sleep.
- 2. ,, Kit-aks'-ok-a, you shall sleep.
- 3. ,, Aks'-ok-au, he shall sleep.
 - " Poss. Aks'-ok-ai-in-ai, his shall sleep.
- 1. Plural (excl.) Nit-aks'-ok-a-pin-an, we shall sleep.
- 1. , (incl.) Aks'-ok-au-op, we shall sleep.
- 2. " Kit-aks'-ok-a-pu-au, ye shall sleep.
- 3. ,, Aks'-ok-ai-i-au, they shall sleep.

Negative.

- 1. Singular Ni-mat-aks-ok-a-pa.
- 2. Ki-mat-aks-ok-a-pa.
- 3. ,, Mat-aks-ok-au-ats.
- ,, Poss. Mat-aks-ok-au-ats-in-ai. 1. Plural (excl.) Ni-mat-aks-ok-a-pin-an-a.
- Plural (excl.) Ni-mat-aks-ok-a-pin-an-a.
 , (incl.) Mat-aks-ok-au-op-a.
- 2. Ki-mat-aks-ok-a-pu-au-a.
- 3. .. Mat-aks-ok-au-ax-au.

Imperative Mood.

PRESENT TENSE.

Positive.

- 2. Singular O-kat', sleep thou.
- 3. ,, Un-an-ĭsts-ok'-as, let him sleep.
- 1. Plural (excl.) Nök-ok-ŭn-an-ists-ok'-a-pin-an, let us sleep.
- 1. ,, (incl.) Ŏk'-ŭn-ok-au-op, let us sleep.
- 2. ,, O-kak', sleep ye.
- 3. " Un-an-ists-ok'-as-au, let them sleep.

Negative.

- 2. Singular Pin-o'-kat.
- 3. " Pin-o'-kas.

- 1. Plural (excl.) Nök'-stai-ok-a-pin-an.
- 1. ,, (incl.) Ŏk-stai-ŏk-au-op.
- 2. Pin-o'-kak.
- 3. Pin-o'-kas-au.

Potential Mood.

PRESENT TENSE.

Positive.

- 1. Singular Nit-o-kots'-ok-a, I am able to sleep.
- 2. ,, Kit-o-kots'-ok-a, you are able to sleep.
- 3. , I-kots'-ok-au, he is able to sleep.
 - .. Poss. I-kots'-ok-au-in-ai, his is able to sleep.
- 1. Plural (excl.) Nit-o-kots'-ok-a-pin-an, we are able to sleep.
- 1. . (incl.) I-kots'-ok-au-op, we are able to sleep.
- 2. ,, Kit-o-kots'-ok-a-pu-au, ye are able to sleep.
- 3. ,, I-kots'-ok-ai-i-au, they are able to sleep.

Negative.

- 1. Singular Ni-mat-o-kots-ok-a-pa.
- 2. Ki-mat-o-kots-ok-a-pa.
- 3. " Mat-o-kots-ok-au-ats.
 - " Poss. Mat-o-kots-ok-au-ats-in-ai.
- 1. Plural (excl.) Ni-mat-o-kots-ok-a-pin-an-a.
- 1. " (incl.) Mat-o-kots-ok-au-op-a.
- 2. ,, Ki-mat-o-kots-ok-a-pu-au-a.
- 3. Mat-o-kots-ok-au-ax-au.

PRESENT TENSE.

- 1. Singular Nit-ŭs'-kaks-ok-a, I can sleep.
- 2. , Kit-ŭs'-kaks-ok-a, you can sleep.
- 3. .. Üs'-kaks-ok-au, he can sleep.
 - , Poss. Us'-kaks-ok-ai-in-ai, his can sleep.

- 1. Plural (excl.) Nit-ŭs'-kaks-ok-a-pin-an, we can sleep.
- 1. , (incl.) Ŭs'-kaks-ok-au-op, we can sleep.
- 2. ,, Kit-ŭs'-kaks-ok-a-pu-au, ye can sleep.
- 3. " Üs'-kaks-ok-ai-i-au, they can sleep.

- 1. Singular Ni-mat-ŭs-kaks-ok-a-pa.
- 2. " Ki-mat-ŭs-kaks-ok-a-pa.
- 3. ,, Mat-ŭs-kaks-ok-au-ats.
- ,, Poss. Mat-ŭs-kaks-ok-au-ats-in-ai.
- 1. Plaral (excl.) Ni-mat-ŭs-kaks-ok-a-pin-an-a.
- 1. ,, (incl.) Mat-ŭs-kaks-ok-au-o-pa.
- 2. ,, Ki-mat-ŭs-kaks-ok-a-pu-au-a.
- 3. , Mat-ŭs-kaks-ok-au-ax-au.

PLUPERFECT TENSE.

Positive.

- 1. Singular Nök'-staits-ok-a-o-pi, I would have slept,
- 2 ,, Kök'-staits-ok-a-o-pi, you would have slept.
- 3. " Ök'-staits-ok-au-o-pi, he would have slept.
 - ,, Poss. Ŏk'-staits-ok-a-o-pi-in-ai, his would have slept.

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- 1. Plural (excl.) Nök'-staits-ok-a-pin-an-o-pi, we would have slept.
- 1. ,, (incl.) Ŏk'-staits-ok-a-to-pi, we would have slept.
- 2. " Kŏk'-staits-ok-a-pu-au-o-pi, ye would have slept.
- 3. " Ŏk'-staits-ok-au-o-pi-au, they would have slept.

Negative.

- 1. Singular Nŏk'-stai-sau-ok-a-o-pi.
- 2. ,, Kŏk'-stai-sau-ok-a-o-pi.
- 3. ,, Ŏk'-stai-sau-ok-au-o-pi.
 - " Poss. Čk'-stai-sau-ok-au-o-pi-in-ai.

- 1. Plural (excl.) Nök'-stai-sau-ok-a-pin-an-o-pi.
- 1. , (incl.) Ŏk'-stai-sau-ok-a-to-pi.
- 2. Kŏk'-stai-sau-ok-a-pu-au-o-pi.
- 3. ,, Ŏk'-stai-sau-ok-au-o-pi-au.

Subjunctive Mood.

PRESENT TENSE.

(Used also as Imperfect.)

Positive.

- 1. Singular Nŏks'-ok-a-si, that I may sleep.
- 2. , Köks'-ok-a-si that you may sleep.
- 3. " Mŏks'-ok-a-si, that he may sleep.
- ,, Poss. Möks'-ok-a-sai-e, that his may sleep.
- 1. Plural (excl.) Nöks'-ok-a-sin-an, that we may sleep.
- 1. , (incl.) Ŏks'-ok-au-si, that we may sleep.
- 2. , Köks'-ok-a-su-ai, that ye may sleep.
- 3. , Möks'-ok-a-sau, that they may sleep.

Negative.

1. Singular Nŏk'-stai-ok-a-si.

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- 2. Kök'-stai-ok-a-si.
- 3. " Mŏk'-stai-ok-a-si.
 - ,, Poss. Mök'-stai-ok-a-sai-e.
- 1. Plural (excl.) Nök-stai-ok-a-sin-an.
- 1. " (incl.) Ŏk-stai-ok-au-si.
- 2. "Kŏk-stai-ok-a-su-ai.
- 3. " Mŏk-stai-ok-a-sau.

Conditional Mood.

INDEFINITE TENSE.

- 1. Singular Ok-ai'-ni-ki, if, or when, I sleep.
- 2. ,, Ok-ai'-ni-ki, if, or when, you sleep.
- 3. ,, Ok-a'-si, if, or when, he sleeps.
 - ,, Poss. Ok-a'-sai-e, if, or when, his sleeps.

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ACKFOOT GRAMMAR.
Ok-ai'-nan-i-ki, if, or when, we sleep.
Ok-au'-ok-i, if, or when, we sleep.
Ok-a'-no-ai-ni-ki, if, or when, ye sleep.
Ok-a'-sau, if, or when, they sleep.
Negative.
Sau-ok-ai'-ni-ki.
Sau-ok-ai'-ni-ki.
Sau-ok-a'-si.
Sau-ok-a'-sai-e.
Sau-ok-ai-nan-i-ki.
Sau-ok-au'-ok-i.
Sau-ok-a'-no-ai-ni-ki.
Sau-ok-a'-sau.
PAST TENSE.
PAST TENSE. Positive.
Positive.
Positive. Nits-ok-a-o-pi, if I slept.
Positive.
Positive. Nits-ok-a-o-pi, if I slept. Kits-ok-a-o-pi, if you slept.
Positive. Nits-ok-a-o-pi, if I slept. Kits-ok-a-o-pi, if you slept. Ok-au-o-pi, if he slept.
Positive. Nits-ok-a-o-pi, if I slept. Kits-ok-a-o-pi, if you slept. Ok-au-o-pi, if he slept. Ok-au-o-pi-in-ai, if his — slept.
Positive. Nits-ok-a-o-pi, if I slept. Kits-ok-a-o-pi, if you slept. Ok-au-o-pi, if he slept. Ok-au-o-pi-in-ai, if his — slept. Nits-ok-a-pin-an-o-pi, if we slept.
Positive. Nits-ok-a-o-pi, if I slept. Kits-ok-a-o-pi, if you slept. Ok-au-o-pi, if he slept. Ok-au-o-pi-in-ai, if his — slept. Nits-ok-a-pin-an-o-pi, if we slept. Ok-a'-to-pi, if we slept.
Positive. Nits-ok-a-o-pi, if I slept. Kits-ok-a-o-pi, if you slept. Ok-au-o-pi, if he slept. Ok-au-o-pi-in-ai, if his — slept. Nits-ok-a-pin-an-o-pi, if we slept. Ok-a'-to-pi, if we slept. Kits-ok-a-pu-au-o-pi, if ye slept.
Positive. Nits-ok-a-o-pi, if I slept. Kits-ok-a-o-pi, if you slept. Ok-au-o-pi, if he slept. Ok-au-o-pi-in-ai, if his — slept. Nits-ok-a-pin-an-o-pi, if we slept. Ok-a'-to-pi, if we slept. Kits-ok-a-pu-au-o-pi, if ye slept. Ok-au-o-pi-au, if they slept. Negative.
Positive. Nits-ok-a-o-pi, if I slept. Kits-ok-a-o-pi, if you slept. Ok-au-o-pi, if he slept. Ok-au-o-pi-in-ai, if his — slept. Nits-ok-a-pin-an-o-pi, if we slept. Ok-a'-to-pi, if we slept. Kits-ok-a-pu-au-o-pi, if ye slept. Ok-au-o-pi-au, if they slept.
Positive. Nits-ok-a-o-pi, if I slept. Kits-ok-a-o-pi, if you slept. Ok-au-o-pi, if he slept. Ok-au-o-pi-in-ai, if his — slept. Nits-ok-a-pin-an-o-pi, if we slept. Ok-a'-to-pi, if we slept. Kits-ok-a-pu-au-o-pi, if ye slept. Ok-au-o-pi-au, if they slept. Negative. Ni-kŭt'-ta-ok-a-o-pi.
Positive. Nits-ok-a-o-pi, if I slept. Kits-ok-a-o-pi, if you slept. Ok-au-o-pi, if he slept. Ok-au-o-pi-in-ai, if his — slept. Nits-ok-a-pin-an-o-pi, if we slept. Ok-a'-to-pi, if we slept. Kits-ok-a-pu-au-o-pi, if ye slept. Ok-au-o-pi-au, if they slept. Negative. Ni-kŭt'-ta-ok-a-o-pi. Ki-kŭt'-ta-ok-a-o-pi.
Positive. Nits-ok-a-o-pi, if I slept. Kits-ok-a-o-pi, if you slept. Ok-au-o-pi, if he slept. Ok-au-o-pi-in-ai, if his — slept. Nits-ok-a-pin-an-o-pi, if we slept. Ok-a'-to-pi, if we slept. Kits-ok-a-pu-au-o-pi, if ye slept. Ok-au-o-pi-au, if they slept. Negative. Ni-kŭt'-ta-ok-a-o-pi. Ki-kŭt'-ta-ok-a-o-pi. Kŭt'-ta-ok-au-o-pi.
Positive. Nits-ok-a-o-pi, if I slept. Kits-ok-a-o-pi, if you slept. Ok-au-o-pi, if he slept. Ok-au-o-pi-in-ai, if his — slept. Nits-ok-a-pin-an-o-pi, if we slept. Ok-a'-to-pi, if we slept. Kits-ok-a-pu-au-o-pi, if ye slept. Ok-au-o-pi-au, if they slept. Negative. Ni-kŭt'-ta-ok-a-o-pi. Ki-kŭt'-ta-ok-a-o-pi. Kŭt'-ta-ok-au-o-pi-in-ai.
Positive. Nits-ok-a-o-pi, if I slept. Kits-ok-a-o-pi, if you slept. Ok-au-o-pi, if he slept. Ok-au-o-pi-in-ai, if his — slept. Nits-ok-a-pin-an-o-pi, if we slept. Ok-a'-to-pi, if we slept. Kits-ok-a-pu-au-o-pi, if ye slept. Ok-au-o-pi-au, if they slept. Negative. Ni-kŭt'-ta-ok-a-o-pi. Kŭt'-ta-ok-au-o-pi. Kŭt'-ta-ok-au-o-pi. Kŭt'-ta-ok-au-o-pi-in-ai. Ni-kŭt'-ta-ok-au-o-pi-in-ai.

FUTURE TENSE.

Positive.

1. Singular Mak'-ok-ai-ni-ki, if, or when, I shall sleep.

Negative.

1. Singular Sau-ak'-ok-ai-ni-ki.

This tense is conjugated like the present of this mood, always prefixing mak- for the positive form, and sau-ak-for the negative.

Dubitative Mood.

PRESENT TENSE.

Positive.

1.	Singul	ar	Nŏks'-ka-kŭm-ok-a, perhaps I may sleep?
2.	,,		Köks'-ka-küm-ok-a, perhaps you may sleep?
3.	,,		Ŏks'-ka-kŭm-ok-au, perhaps he may sleep?
	,,	Poss.	Öks'-ka-kŭm-ok-ai-in-ai, perhaps his — may sleep?
1.	Plural	(excl.)	Nŏks'-ka-kŭm-ok-a-pin-an, perhaps we may sleep?
1.	,,	(incl.)	• . • _
2.	,,		Kŏks'-ka-kŭm-ok-a-pu-au, perhaps ye may
3.	,,		sleep? Ŏks'-ka-kŭm-ok-ai-i-au, perhaps they may sleep?

Negative.

1.	Singular	•	Nŏks'-ka-kŭm-sau-ok-a.
2.	,,		Kŏks'-ka-kŭm-sau-ok-a.
3.	,,		Ŏks'-ka-kŭm-sau-ok-au.
	,,	Poss.	Ŏks'-ka-kŭm-sau-ok-ai-in-ai

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- 1. Plural (excl.) Nöks'-ka-küm-sau-ok-a-pin-an.
- 1. , (incl.) Öks'-ka-kŭm-sau-ok-au-op.
- 2. " Köks'-ka-kŭm-sau-ok-a-pu-au.
- 3. " Öks'-ka-kŭm-sau-ok-ai-i-au.

PRESENT CONDITIONAL TENSE.

Positive.

1. Singular I-kŭm'-i-ok-ai-ni-ki, if so be that I sleep?

Negative.

1. Singular I-küm'-sau-ok-ai-ni-ki.

This tense is conjugated like the present tense of the conditional mood, always prefixing $i-k\check{u}m'-i$ - to the positive form, and $i-k\check{u}m-sau$ - to the negative.

FUTURE CONDITIONAL TENSE.

Positive.

1. Singular Maks-i-kŭm-i-ok-ai-ni-ki, if so be that I shall sleep ?

Negative.

1. Singular Maks'-i-kŭm-sau-ok-ai-ni-ki.

This tense is conjugated like the previous one, maks-i-kům-i-being always prefixed to the positive form, and maks'-i-kům-sau- to the negative.

III. THE TRANSITIVE VERB.

The transitive verb has two distinct forms for expressing action, according as the object is of the animate or inanimate gender. Thus, for example, "I love it," "it" referring to an inanimate noun, is nit-ŭk'-o-me-tsip; but "I love him," is nit-ŭk'-o-mim-mau.

The inanimate form being the least complicated of the two, will be given first.

A. INANIMATE FORM.

There are three conjugations of the inanimate form of the transitive verb, known either by the ending of the third person singular, or by the second person singular of the imperative.

The third person singular endings are-

1st Conj. -tsim-ai-e, as, ŭk-o-me'-tsim-ai-e, he loves it.

2nd " -im-ai-e, " stun'-im-ai-e, he fears it.

3rd ,, -tom-ai-e, ,, au'-at-tom-ai-e, he eats it.

The endings of the imperative, second person singular are—

1st Conj. -tsit, as, ŭk-o-me'-tsit, love thou it.

2nd " -it, " stun'-it, fear thou it.

3rd ,, -toat, ,, au'-at-toat, eat thou it.

Table showing the prefixes and affixes throughout the verb in each conjugation.

	PREFIXES COMMON TO ALL CONJUGATIONS.	Terminations of 1st Conj.	TERMINATIONS OF 2ND CONJ.	Terminations of 3rd Conj.
Indicative Mood.				
PRESENT TENSE.				
Singular	nit-	-tsip	-ip	-top
33	kit-	-tsip	-ij	-top
33		-tsim-ai-e	-im-ai-e	-tom-ai-e
" Poss.		-tsim-in-a-ai	-im-in-a-ai	-tom-in-a-ai
Plural (excl.)	nit-	-tsip-in-an	-ip-in-an	-top-in-an
", (incl.)		-tsip	qi-	-top
33	kit-	-tsip-u-an	-ip-u-au	-top-u-au
99		-tsim-i-au	-im-i-au	-tom-i-au

declare the tense, between the pronominal prefix and the root. These are sit- for the past terminations as the present. The only alteration being the insertion of the particles, which The past, perfect, and future tenses of the indicative mood all have the same prefixes and tense, kawk or kai for the perfect tense, and ak or aks for the future.

Imperative Mood				
2. Singular		-tsit	-it	-toat
	ŭn-an-ĭsts-	-tsis	-ĭs	-tos
:el.)	nŏk-ok-ŭn-an-ĭsts-	-tsip-in-an	-ip-in-an	-top-in-an
el.)	ŏk-ŭn-an-ĭst-	-tsip	-ip	-top
2. ,,		-tsik	·ik	-tok
	ŭn-an-ĭsts-	-tsis-an	-is-au	-tos-an

Potentia i Mood.		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
IT TENSE.				
1. Singular	nit-o-kot-	-tsip	di-	-top
	kit-o-kot-	-tsip	qi-	-top
	i-kot-	-tsim-ai-e	-im-ai-e	-tom-ai-e
Poss.	i-kot-	-tsim-in-a-ai	-im-ĭn-a-ai	-tom-ĭn-a-ai
1. Plura! (excl.)	nit-o-kot-	-tsip-in-an	-ip-in-an	-top-in-an
nci.)	i-kot-	-tsip	di-	-top
	kit-o-kot-	-tsip-u-an	-ip-n-an	-top-u-au
	i-kot-	-tsim-i-au	-im-i-au	-tom-i-au
PRESENT TENSE (2ND FORM).				
	nit-ŭs-kak-	-tsip	di-	-top

ŭn-an-ĭsts-

33

Continue as present indicative, inserting ŭs-kak- throughout.

	-to-to-bi	-to-to bi	-tom-o-pi	-tom-o-pi-in-a-ai	-top-in-an-o-pi	-to-to-bi	-to-bn-an-o-bi	-tom-o-pi-au-ai-e		-top	
	-i-to-bi	-i-to-pi	-im-o-pi	-im-o-pi-in-a-ai	-ip-in-an-o-pi	-i-to-pi	-i-pu-au-o-pi	-im-o-pi-au-ai-e		di-	insorting al-o-kot-
	-tsi-to-pi	-tsi-to-pi	-tsim-o-pi	-tsim-o-pi-in-a-ai	-tsip-in-an-o-pi	-tsi-to-pi	-tsi-pu-au-o-pi	-tsim-o-pi-au-ai-e		-tsip	Charten of managed indication of more insorting of a Lot
	nŏk-stait-	kök-stait-	ŏk-stait-	ŏk-stait-	nŏk-stait-	ŏk-stait-	kok-stait-	ŏk-stait-		nit-ak-o-kot-	+ 000000000000000000000000000000000000
PLUPERFECT TENSE.	1. Singular		್ಯ	Poss.	1. Plural (excl.)	1 (incl.)	2		FUTURE TENSE (1ST FORM).	1. Singular	2

Continue as present indicative, always inserting ak-o-kot-.

	PREFIXES COMMON TO ALL CONJUGATIONS.	TERMINATIONS OF 1ST CONJ.	Terminations of 2nd Conj.	TERMINATIONS OF 3RD CONJ.
FUTURE TENSE (2ND FORM). 1. Singular	nit-ak-'skak-	-tsip	di-	top-
ontinue as presen	nt indicative, alway	s inserting ak-'skak	-, which is contrac	ontinue as present indicative, always inserting ak-'skak-, which is contracted from ak-ŭskak
Subjunctive Mood.				
PRESENT TENSE.				
1. Singular	nŏk-	-tsis-si	-is-si	-tos-ai-e
i:	kŏk-	-tsis-si	-is-si	-tos-ai-e
ಜ	mŏk-	-tsis-si	-18-81	-tos-ai-e
Poss.	mŏk-	-tsis-sa-ai-i	-ĭs-sa-ai-i	-tos-sa-ai-i
1. Plural (excl.)	nŏk-	-tsis-in-an	-ĭs-in-an	-tos-in-an
1. " (incl.)	ŏk-	-tsis-si	-IS-Si	-tos-ai-e
	kŏk-	-tsīs-su-ai	-is-su-ai	-tos-su-ai
, ,	mŏk-	-tsis-sau-ai-e	-ĭs-sau-ai-e	-tos-sau-ai-e
Conditional Mood.				
INDEFINITE TENSE.				
1. Singular		-tsim-in-i-ki	-im-in-i-ki	-tom-in-i-ki
2. "		-tsim-in-i-ki	-im-in-i-ki	-tom-in-i-ki
33		-tsis-si	-is-si	-tos-sai-e
" Loss.		-tsis-sa-al-1	-is-sa-ai-i	-tos-sa-ai-i

1. Plural (excl.)
1. (incl.)

-tom-in-an-i-ki

-im-in-an-i-ki

-tsim-in-an-i-ki -tsi-ki

-tom-in-an-i-ki -to-ki -tom-c-no-ai-ni-ki -tos-au-ai-e	-to-to-pi -to-to-pi -tom-o-pi	-tom-o-pi-in-a-ai -top-in-an-o-pi -to-to-pi	-tom-o-pi-au-ai-e -tom-in-i-ki
-im-in-an-i-ki -i-ki -im-e-nc-ai-ni-ki -is-au-ai-e	-i-i-to-pi -i-i-to-pi -im-o-pi	-im-o-pi-in-a-ai -ip-in-an-o-pi -i-to-pi -i-nu-an-o-ni	-im-o-pi-au-ai-e -im-in-i-ki
-tsim-in-an-i-ki -tsi-ki -tsim-e-no-ai-ni-ki -tsis-au-ai-e	-tsi-i-to-pi -tsi-i-to-pi -tsim-o-pi	-tsip-in-an-o- -tsip-in-an-o- -tsi-to-pi -tsi-nn-an-o-ni	tsim-in-i-ki
	nit- kit-	nit-	mak-
1. Plural (excl.) 2. " 3. " FAST TENSE.	 Singular " " 	P_{OSS} . Poss. 1. Plural (excl.) 1. , (incl.)	5. " FUTURE TENSE. 1. Singular

This tense is conjugated like the present conditional, mak- is always to be prefixed to the root.

		-top	-top	-tom-ai-e	-tom-in-a-ai	-top-in-an	dot-	ne-n-doj-	-141111-1-1111-0-140
Agricultural sections		di-	di-	-im-ai-e	-im-in-a-ai	-ip-in-an	qi-	-ip-n-an	2000
		-tsip	-tsip	-tsim-ai-e	-tsim-in-a-ai	-tsip-in-an	-tsip	-tsip-u-au	Action of the contract
		nŏks'-ka-kŭm-	koks'-ka-kūm-	oks'-ka-kum-	oks'-ka-kūm-	nŏks-ka-kūm-	ŏks-ka-kūm-	koks-ka-kum-	oles by brings
Dubitative Mood.	PRESENT TENSE.	1. Singular	.5	. ;	Poss.	₹ 1. Plural (exel.)	1. " (incl.)	oi e	

	Prefixes common to all Conjugations.	Terminations of 1st Conj.	Terminations of 2nd Conj.	Terminations of 3rd Conj.
PRESENT CONDITIONAL TENSE.				
1. Singular	i-kum-	-tsim-in-i-ki	-im-in-i-ki	-tom-in-i-ki
FUTURE CONDITIONAL				
TENSE.				
1. Singular	mak-i-küm-	-tsim-in-i-ki	-im-in-i ki	-tom-in-i-ki

These last two tenses are conjugated like the indefinite tense of the conditional mood, i-kum- being always prefixed for the present, and mak-i-kum- for the future tense.

1. 2. 3.

1. 1. 2. 3.

1. 2. 3.

1. 1. 2. 3.

1. 2. 3.

Conjugation I.

Ŭk-o-me-tsim-ai-e, he loves it; Imperat. Third Sing. Ŭk-o-me'-tsit, love it.

Indicative Mood.

PRESENT TENSE.

	Positive.
1. Singular	Nit-ŭk'-o-me-tsip, I love it.
2. ,,	Kit-ŭk'-o-me-tsip, thou lovest it.
3. ,,	Ŭk'-o-me-tsĭm-ai-e, he loves it.
., Poss.	Ŭk'-o-me-tsĭm-in-a-ai, his him loves it.
1. Plural (excl.)	Nit-ŭk'-o-me-tsip-in-an, we love it.
1. ,, (incl.)	Ŭk'-o-me-tsip, we love it.
2. "	Kit-ŭk-o-me'-tsip-u-au, ye love it.
3. ",	Ŭk'-o-me-tsim-i-au, they lore it.
	Negative.
1. Singular	Ni-mat'-ŭk-o-me-tsip-a.
9	Vi mat' il a ma tain a

1.	Singular	Ni-mat'-ŭk-o-me-tsip-a.
2.	,,	Ki-mat'-ŭk-o-me-tsip-a.
3.	,,	Mat'-ŭk-o-me-tsim-ats.
	,, Poss.	Mat'-ŭk-o-me-tsĭm-ats-in-a-ai
1.	Plural (excl.)	Ni-mat'-ŭk-o-me-tsip-in-an-a.
1.	,, (incl.)	Mat'-ŭk-o-me-tsip-a.
2.	,,	Ki-mat'-ŭk-o-me-tsip-u-au-a.
3.	,,	Mat'-ŭk-o-me-tsim-ax-au.

PAST TENSE.

1.	Singular	Nit-sit'-ŭk-o-me-tsip, I loved it.
2.	,,	Kit-sit'-ŭk-o-me-tsip, you loved it.
3.	,,	It'-ŭk-o-me-t-im-ai-e, he loved it.
		Poss. It'-ŭk-o-me-tsim-in-a-ai, his him loved

1. 1. 2. 3.

1. 2. 3.

1. 1. 2. 3.

1. 2. 3.

1. 1. 2. 3.

2. 3.

1. Plural (excl.) Nit-sit'-ŭk-o-me-tsip-in-an, we loved it. 1. ,, (incl.) It-ŭk'-o-me-tsip, we loved it. 2. ,, Kit-sit'-ŭk-o-me-tsip-u-au, ye loved it. 3. ,, It'-ŭk-o-me-tsim-i-au-ai-e, they loved it.
Negative.
1. Singular Ni-mat'-sit-ŭk-o-me-tsip-a.
2. ,, Ki-mat'-sit-ŭk-o-me-tsip-a.
3. " Mat'-sit-ŭk-o-me-tsim-ats-ai-e.
,, Poss. Mat'-sit-ŭk-o-me-tsim-in-a-ai.
1. Plural (excl.) Ni-mat'-sit-ŭk-o-me-tsip-in-an-a.
1. ,, (incl.) Mat'-sit-ŭk-o-me-tsip-ats.
2. " Ki-mat'-sit-ŭk-o-me-tsip-u-au-ats.
3. " Mat'-sit-ŭk-o-me-tsim-ax-au.
PERFECT TENSE. Positive.
1. Singular Ni-kawk'-ŭk-o-me-tsip, I have loved it.
1. Singular Ni-kawk'-ŭk-o-me-tsip, I have loved it. 2. ,, Ki-kawk'-ŭk-o-me-tsip, you have loved it.
1. Singular Ni-kawk'-ŭk-o-me-tsip, I have loved it. 2. ,, Ki-kawk'-ŭk-o-me-tsip, you have loved it. 3. ,, Kawk'-ŭk-o-me-tsim-ai-e, he has loved it.
1. Singular Ni-kawk'-ŭk-o-me-tsip, I have loved it. 2. ,, Ki-kawk'-ŭk-o-me-tsip, you have loved it. 3. ,, Kawk'-ŭk-o-me-tsim-ai-e, he has loved it. ,, Poss. Kawk'-ŭk-o-me-tsim-in-a-ai, his — has
1. Singular Ni-kawk'-ŭk-o-me-tsip, I have loved it. 2. ,, Ki-kawk'-ŭk-o-me-tsip, you have loved it. 3. ,, Kawk'-ŭk-o-me-tsim-ai-e, he has loved it.
 Singular Ni-kawk'-ŭk-o-me-tsip, I have loved it. ,, Ki-kawk'-ŭk-o-me-tsip, you have loved it. ,, Kawk'-ŭk-o-me-tsim-ai-e, he has loved it. ,, Poss. Kawk'-ŭk-o-me-tsim-in-a-ai, his — has loved it. Plural (excl.) Ni-kawk'-ŭk-o-me-tsip-in-an, we have loved
1. Singular Ni-kawk'-ŭk-o-me-tsip, I have loved it. 2. " Ki-kawk'-ŭk-o-me-tsip, you have loved it. 3. " Kawk'-ŭk-o-me-tsim-ai-e, he has loved it. " Poss. Kawk'-ŭk-o-me-tsim-in-a-ai, his — has loved it. 1. Plural (excl.) Ni-kawk'-ŭk-o-me-tsip-in-an, we have loved it. 1. (ivel.) Kawk'-ŭk-o-me-tsip-are have loved it.
1. Singular Ni-kawk'-ŭk-o-me-tsip, I have loved it. 2. " Ki-kawk'-ŭk-o-me-tsip, you have loved it. 3. " Kawk'-ŭk-o-me-tsim-ai-e, he has loved it. " Poss. Kawk'-ŭk-o-me-tsim-in-a-ai, his — has loved it. 1. Plural (excl.) Ni-kawk'-ŭk-o-me-tsip-in-an, we have loved it. 1. " (incl.) Kawk'-ŭk-o-me-tsip, we have loved it. 2. " Ni-kawk'-ŭk-o-me-tsip-u-au, ye have loved
1. Singular Ni-kawk'-ŭk-o-me-tsip, I have loved it. 2. " Ki-kawk'-ŭk-o-me-tsip, you have loved it. 3. " Kawk'-ŭk-o-me-tsim-ai-e, he has loved it. " Poss. Kawk'-ŭk-o-me-tsim-in-a-ai, his — has loved it. 1. Plural (excl.) Ni-kawk'-ŭk-o-me-tsip-in-an, we have loved it. 1. " (incl.) Kawk'-ŭk-o-me-tsip, we have loved it. 2. " Ni-kawk'-ŭk-o-me-tsip-u-au, ye have loved it. Ni-kawk'-ŭk-o-me-tsip-u-au, ye have loved it.
1. Singular Ni-kawk'-ŭk-o-me-tsip, I have loved it. 2. ,, Ki-kawk'-ŭk-o-me-tsip, you have loved it. 3. ,, Kawk'-ŭk-o-me-tsim-ai-e, he has loved it. ,, Poss. Kawk'-ŭk-o-me-tsim-in-a-ai, his — has loved it. 1. Plural (excl.) Ni-kawk'-ŭk-o-me-tsip-in-an, we have loved it. 1. , (incl.) Kawk'-ŭk-o-me-tsip, we have loved it. 2. ,, Ni-kawk'-ŭk-o-me-tsip-u-au, ye have loved it. 3. ,, Kawk'-ŭk-o-me-tsim-i-au, they have loved it.
1. Singular Ni-kawk'-ŭk-o-me-tsip, I have loved it. 2. ,, Ki-kawk'-ŭk-o-me-tsip, you have loved it. 3. ,, Kawk'-ŭk-o-me-tsim-ai-e, he has loved it. ,, Poss. Kawk'-ŭk-o-me-tsim-in-a-ai, his — has loved it. 1. Plural (excl.) Ni-kawk'-ŭk-o-me-tsip-in-an, we have loved it. 1. , (incl.) Kawk'-ŭk-o-me-tsip, we have loved it. 2. ,, Ni-kawk'-ŭk-o-me-tsip-u-au, ye have loved it. 3. ,, Kawk'-ŭk-o-me-tsim-i-au, they have loved it. Negative.
1. Singular Ni-kawk'-ŭk-o-me-tsip, I have loved it. 2. ,, Ki-kawk'-ŭk-o-me-tsip, you have loved it. 3. ,, Kawk'-ŭk-o-me-tsim-ai-e, he has loved it. ,, Poss. Kawk'-ŭk-o-me-tsim-in-a-ai, his — has loved it. 1. Plural (excl.) Ni-kawk'-ŭk-o-me-tsip-in-an, we have loved it. 1. ,, (incl.) Kawk'-ŭk-o-me-tsip, we have loved it. 2. ,, Ni-kawk'-ŭk-o-me-tsip-u-au, ye have loved it. 3. ,, Kawk'-ŭk-o-me-tsim-i-au, they have loved it. Negative. 1. Singular Ni-mat-si-kaw'k-o-me-tsip-a.
1. Singular Ni-kawk'-ŭk-o-me-tsip, I have loved it. 2. ,, Ki-kawk'-ŭk-o-me-tsip, you have loved it. 3. ,, Kawk'-ŭk-o-me-tsim-ai-e, he has loved it. ,, Poss. Kawk'-ŭk-o-me-tsim-in-a-ai, his — has loved it. 1. Plural (excl.) Ni-kawk'-ŭk-o-me-tsip-in-an, we have loved it. 1. ,, (incl.) Kawk'-ŭk-o-me-tsip, we have loved it. 2. ,, Ni-kawk'-ŭk-o-me-tsip-u-au, ye have loved it. 3. ,, Kawk'-ŭk-o-me-tsip-u-au, they have loved it. 3. ,, Negative. 1. Singular Ni-mat-si-kaw'k-o-me-tsip-a. 2. ,, Ki-mat-si-kaw'k-o-me-tsip-a.
1. Singular Ni-kawk'-ŭk-o-me-tsip, I have loved it. Ki-kawk'-ŭk-o-me-tsip, you have loved it. Kawk'-ŭk-o-me-tsim-ai-e, he has loved it. "Poss. Kawk'-ŭk-o-me-tsim-in-a-ai, his — has loved it. 1. Plural (excl.) Ni-kawk'-ŭk-o-me-tsip-in-an, we have loved it. 1. "(incl.) Kawk'-ŭk-o-me-tsip, we have loved it. Ni-kawk'-ŭk-o-me-tsip-u-au, ye have loved it. Ni-kawk'-ŭk-o-me-tsip-u-au, they have loved it. Negative. Negative. Negative. Ni-mat-si-kaw'k-o-me-tsip-a. Ki-mat-si-kaw'k-o-me-tsip-a.

- 1. Plural (excl.) Ni-mat-si-kaw'k-o-me-tsip-in-an-a.
- 1. ,, (incl.) Mat-si-kaw'k-o-me-tsip-a.
- 2. Ki-mat-si-kaw'k-o-me-tsip-u-au-a.
- 3. " Mat-si-kaw'k-o-me-tsim-ax-au.

FUTURE TENSE.

Positive.

- 1. Singular Nit-ak'-ŭk-o-me-tsip, I will love it.
- 2. ,, Kit-ak'-ŭk-o-me-tsip, you will love it.
- 3. , Ak'-ŭk-o-me-tsim-ai-e, he will love it.
 - ,, Poss. Ak'-ŭk-o-me-tsim-in-a-ai, his will love it.
- 1. Plural (excl.) Nit-ak'-ŭk-o-me-tsip-in-an, we will love it.
- 1. , (incl.) Ak'-ŭk-o-me-tsip, we will love it.
- 2. " Kit-ak'-ŭk-o-me-tsip-u-au, ye will love it.
- 3. ,, Ak'-ŭk-o-me-tsim-i-au, they will love it.

Negative.

1. Singular Ni-mat'-ak-ŭk-o-me-tsip-a.

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- 2. " Ki-mat'-ak-ŭk-o-me-tsip-a.
- 3. " Mat'-ak-ŭk-o-me-tsim-ats-ai-e.
- ,, Poss. Mat'-ak-ŭk-o-me-tsĭm-ats-in-a-ai.
- 1. Plural (excl.) Ni-mat'-ak-ŭk-o-me-tsip-in-an-a.
- 1. " (incl.) Mat'-ak-ŭk-o-me-tsip-a.
- 2. " Ki-mat'-ak-ŭk-o-me-tsip-u-au-a.
- 3. Mat'-ak-ŭk-o-me-tsim-ax-au.

Imperative Mood.

PRESENT TENSE.

- 2. Singular Ŭk-o-me'-tsit, love thou it.
- 3. Ŭn-an-ist-ŭk-o-me'-tsis, let him love it.

1. Plural (excl.) Nŏk-ok-ŭn-an-ĭst-ŭk-o-me'-tsip-in-an, let us love it.

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- 1. , (incl.) Ŏk'-ŭa-an-ĭst-ŭk-o-me-tsip, let us love it.
- 2. ,, Ŭk-o-me'-tsĭk, love ye it.
- 3. ,, Ŭn-an-ĭst-ŭk-o-me'-tsĭs-au, let them love it.

Negative.

- 2. Singular Pin-ŭk-o-me'-tsit.
- 3. ,, Pin-ŭk-o-me'-tsis.
- 1. Plural (excl.) Nŏk'-stan-ist-ŭk-o-me-tsip-in-an.
- 1. ,, (incl.) Ŏk'-stan-ist-ŭk-o-me-tsip.
- 2. Pin-ŭk-o-me'-tsĭk.
- 3. Pin-ŭk-o-me'-tsis-au.

Potential Mood.

PRESENT TENSE.

Positive.

- 1. Singular Nit-o-kot'-ŭk-o-me-tsip, I can love it.
- 2. ,, Kit-o-kot'-ŭk-o-me-tsip, you can love it.
- 3. ,, I-kot'-ŭk-o-me-tsim-ai-e, he can love it.
- ,, Poss. I-kot'-ŭk-o-me-tsĭm-in-a-ai, his can love it.
- 1. Plural (excl.) Nit-o-kot'-ŭk-o-me-tsip-in-an, we can love it.
- 1. , (incl.) I-kot'-ŭk-o-me-tsip, we can love it.
- 2. ,, Kit-o-kot'-ŭk-o-me-tsip-u-au, ye can love it.
- 3. ,, I-kot'-ŭk-o-me-tsim-i-au, they can love it.

Negative.

- 1. Singular Ni-mat-o-kot'-ok-o-me-tsip-a.
- 2. ,, Ki-mat-o-kot'-ŭk-o-me-tsip-a.
- 3. ,, Mat-o-kot'-ŭk-o-me-tsim-ats.
 - , Poss. Mat-o-kot'-ŭk-o-me-tsim-ats-in-a-ai.

- 1. Plural (excl.) Ni-mat-o-kot'-ŭk-o-me-tsip-in-an-a.
- 1. ,, (incl.) Mat-o-kot'-ŭk-o-me-tsip-a.
- 2. " Ki-mat-o-kot'-ŭk-o-me-tsip-u-au-a.
- 3. ,, Mat-o-kot'-ŭk-o-me-tsĭm-ax-au.

PRESENT TENSE (2ND FORM).

Positive.

- 1. Singular Nit-ŭs-kaķ'-ŭk-o-me-tsip, I can love it.
- 2. ,, Kit-ŭs-kak'-ŭk-o-me-tsip, you can love it.
- 3. ,, Üs-kak'-ŭk-o-me-tsim-ai-e, he can love it.
 - ,, Poss. Ŭs-kak'-ŭk-o-me-tsim-in-a-ai, his can love it.
- 1. Plural (excl.) Nit-ŭs-kak'-ŭk-o-me-tsip-in-an, we can love it.
- 1. ,, (incl.) Us-kak'-ŭk-o-me-tsip, we can love it.
- 2. ,, Kit-ŭs-kak'-ŭk-o-me-tsip-u-au, ye can love it.
- 3. ,, Üs-kak'-ŭk-o-me-tsim-i-au, they can love it.

Negative.

1. Singular Ni-mat-ŭs-kak'-ŭk-o-me-tsip-a.

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e it.

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eit.

- 2. ,, Ki-mat-ŭs-kak'-ŭk-o-me-tsip-a.
- 3. Mat-ŭs-kak'-ŭk-o-me-tsim-ats.
- " Poss. Mat-ŭs-kak'-ŭk-o-me-tsim-ats-in-a-ai.
- 1. Plural (excl.) Ni-mat-ŭs-kak'-ŭk-o-me-tsip-in-an-a.
- 1. , (incl.) Mat-ŭs-kak'-ŭk-o-me-tsip-a.
- 2. ,, Ki-mat-ŭs-kak'-ŭk-o-me-tsip-u-au-a.
- 3. " Mat-ŭs-kak'-ŭk-o-me-tsim-ax-au.

PLUPERFECT TENSE.

Positive.

1.

1.

2.

3.

1.

1.

2.

3.

1. Singular	Nŏk-stait-ŭk-o-me-tsi-to-pi, I	would have
	loved it.	
O .		

- 2. "Kŏk'-stait-ŭk-o-me-tsi-to-pi, you would have loved it.
- K'-stait-ŭk-o-me-tsim-o-pi-ai-e, he would have loved it.
 - " Poss. Ŏk'-stait-ŭk-o-me-tism-o-pi-in-a-ai, his would have loved it.
- 1. Plural (excl.) Nŏk-stait-ŭk-o-me-tsip-in-an-opi, we would have loved it.
- 1. ,, (incl.) Ŏk-stait-ŭk-o-me-tsi-to-pi, we would have loved it.
- 2. ,, Kŏk'-stait-ŭk-o-me-tsip-u-au-o-pi, ye would have loved it.
- 3. ,, Ŏk-stait-ŭk-o-me-tsĭm-o-pi-au-ai-e, they would have loved it.

Negative.

- 1. Singular Nŏk-stait-sau-ŭk-o-me-tsi-to-pi.
- 2. ,, Kök-stait-sau-ŭk-o-me-tsi-to-pi.
- 3. ,, Ök-stait-sau-ŭk-o-me-tsĭm-o-pi-ai-e.
- ., Poss. Ok-stait-sau-ŭk-o-me-tsĭm-o-pi-in-a-ai. 1. Plural (excl.) Nŏk-stait-sau-ŭk-o-me-tsip-in-an-o-pi.
- 1. , (incl.) Ök-stait-sau-ŭk-o-me-tsi-to-pi.
- 2. "Kŏk-stait-sau-ŭk-o-me-tsip-u-au-o-pi.
- 3. " Ök-stait-sau-ŭk-o-me-tsĭm-o-pi-au-ai-e.

FUTURE TENSE.

Positive.

1. Singular Nit-ak-o-kot-ŭk-o-me-tsip, I shall be able to love it.

1. Singular Ni-mat-ak-o-kot-ŭk-o-me-tsip-a.

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to

Continue as the present indicative, always inserting ak-o-kot before the root.

Subjunctive Mood.

PRESENT TENSE.

Positive.

1.	Singular	Nŏk-ŭk-o-me-tsĭs-si, that I may love it.
2.	,,	Kŏk-ŭk-o-me-tsĭs-si, that you may love it.
3.	,,	Mök-ŭk-o-me-tsĭs-si, that he may love it.
	,, $Poss.$	Mŏk-ŭk-o-me-tsĭs-sa-ai-i, that his — may
		love it.
1.	Plural (excl.)	Nŏk-ŭk-o-me-tsĭs-in-an, that we may love
		it.
1.	,, (incl.)	Ŏk-ŭk-o-me-tsĭs-si, that we may love it.
2.	,,	Kŏk-ŭk-o-me-tsĭs-su-ai, that ye may
		love it.
3.	,,	Mök-ŭk-o-me-tsis-sau-ai-e, that they may
		love it.

Negative.

1. Singular	Nŏk-stai-ŭk-o-me-tsĭs-si.
2. ,,	Kŏk-stai-ŭk-o-me-tsĭs-si.
3. ,,	Mŏk-stai-ŭk-o-me-tsĭs-si.
,, $Poss.$	Mŏk-stai-ŭk-o-me-tsĭs-sa-ai-i.
1. Plural (excl.)	Nŏk-stai-ŭk-o-me-tsĭs-ĭn-an.
1. , (incl.)	Ŏk-stai-ŭk-o-me-tsis-si.
2.	Kŏk-stai-ŭk-o-me-tsis-su-ai.
3. ,,	Mŏk-stai-ŭk-o-me-tsĭs-sau-ai-e.

Conditional Mood.

INDEFINITE TENSE.

1.

1. 2.

3.

1.

2. 3.

1. 1. 2.

3.

1.

1

Positive.

1.	Singular	Ŭk-o-me'-tsĭm-in-i-ki,		or	when,	I
		like it.	-			

2. ,,	Ŭk-o-me'-tsĭm-in-i-ki,	if,	or	when,	you
	like it.	•			

1.	7 7	(incl.)	Uk-o-me'-tsi-ki, if, or when, we li	ke it.
2.	,,		Ŭk-o-me'-tsĭm-e-no-ai-ni-ki, if.	, or
			when we like it	

3.	,,	Ŭk-o-me'-tsĭs-sau-ai-e, if, or when, they
		$like \ it.$

Negative.

		_
1.	Singular	Sau-ŭk-o-me'-tsim-in-i-ki.

2.	22	Sau-ŭk-o-me'-tsim-in-i-ki.

3.	,,		Sau-ŭk-o-n	ne'-tsĭs-si.	
		7)	0 21	1	

, Poss. Sau-ŭk-o-me'-tsĭs-sa-ai-i.

l.	Plural	(excl.)	Sau-ŭk-o-me'-tsĭm-in-an-i-ki.

1. ,, (incl.) Sau-ŭk-o-me'-ts	si-ki.
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PAST TENSE.

1.	Singular	Nit-ŭk-o-me'-tsi-i-to-pi	i, <i>if I</i>	loved	it.	
_		TT 1		_	-	

2.	,,	Kit-ŭk-o-me'-tsi-i-topi, a	$if\ you$	ι loved it.
3		Ilk a ma' teim a ni	ifha	loved it

 7 7		en o me torm o pr, y ne totett	001
	Poss.	Ŭk-o-me'-tsĭm-o-pi-in-a-ai, if	hie
33	1. 000.	ok-o-mo-usim-o-pi-m-a-ai, y	1110
		loved it	

^{3. ,,} Sau-ŭk-o-me'-tsĭs-sau-ai-e.

1. Plural (excl.)	Nit-ŭk-o-me'-tsip-in-an-opi,	if	we	loved
	it.			

_			
7	(in al)	Tille a an al A 2 da and 20 and 1 and 10	
	,, (incl.)	Ŭk-o-me'-tsi-to-pi, if we loved it	
	,, (CIL O IIIO USI LO DI, I, ICC LOCCULUL	

2.	,,	Kit-ŭk-o-me'-tsip-u-au-o-pi,	if	ye	loved
		it			

3.	,,	Ŭk-o-me'-tsĭm-o-pi-au-ai-e,	if	they
		$loved\ it.$		

1 62	N: 1-×4/4- ×1 / 4.2 4
1. Singular	Ni-kŭt'-ta-ŭk-o-me'-tsi-to-pi.

,, Poss. Kŭt'-ta-ŭk-o-me-tsĭm-o-pi-in-a-ai.

3. " Kŭt-ta-ŭk-o-me'-tsĭm-o-pi-au-ai-e.

FUTURE TENSE.

Positive.

1. Singular Mak'-ŭk-o-me-tsĭm-in-i-ki, if, or when, I shall love it.

Negative.

1. Singular Sau-ak'-ŭk-o-me-tsĭm-in-i-ki.

Continue as in present tense, conditional mood, always prefixing mak'-, to the positive, and sau'-ak'-, to the negative form.

Dubitative Mood.

PRESENT TENSE.

Positive.

1. Singular	Nŏks'-ka-kŭm-ŭk-o-me-tsip, perhaps I love
•	it ?
2. "	Kŏks'-ka-kŭm-ŭk-o-me-tsip, perhaps you love it?
3. ,,	Ŏks'-ka-kŭm-ŭk-o-me-tsĭm-ai-e, perhaps he loves it?
"	Poss. Ŏks'-ka-kŭm-ŭk-o-me-tsim-in-a-ai, per- haps his — loves it?
1. Plural (es	vcl.) Nŏks'-ka-kŭm-ŭk-o-me-tsip-in-an, perhaps we love it?
1. ,, (in	ncl.) Ŏks'-ka-kŭm-ŭk-o-me-tsip, perhaps we love it?
2. ,,	Kŏks'-ka-kŭm-ŭk-o-me-tsip-u-au, perhaps ye love it?
3. ,,	Ŏks'-ka-kŭm-ŭk-o-me-tsĭm-i-au-ai-e, per- haps they love it?

Ma

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Negative.

1.	Singular	Nŏks'-ka-kŭm-sau-ŭk-o-me-tsip.
2.	,,	Kŏks'-ka-kŭm-sau-ŭk-o-me-tsip.
3.	7.7	Ŏks'-ka-kŭm-sau-ŭk-o-me-tsim-ai-e.
	,, $oldsymbol{P}os$	88. Öks'-ka-kĭm-sau-ŭk-o-me-tsĭm-ĭn-a-ai.
1.	Plural (excl.) Nŏks'-ka-kŭm-sau-ŭk-o-me-tsip-ĭn-an.
1.	,, (incl.) Čks'-ka-kŭm-sau-ŭk-o-me-tsip.
2.	,,	Kŏks'-ka-kŭm-sau-ŭk-o-me-tsip-u-au.
3.	,,	Ŏks'-ka-kŭm-sau-ŭk-o-me-tsĭm-i-au-ai-e

CONDITIONAL TENSE.

Positive.

I-kŭm'-ŭk-o-me-tsĭm-in-i-ki, if so be that I love it?

Negative.

I-kŭm'-sau-ŭk-o-me-tsĭm-in-i-ki.

FUTURE CONDITIONAL TENSE.

Positive.

 ${\bf Maks\text{-}i\text{-}k\check{u}m\text{-}\check{u}k\text{-}o\text{-}me\text{-}tsim\text{-}in\text{-}i\text{-}k\dot{i}, \textit{if so be that I shall love it ?}}$

Negative.

Maks-i-kum-sau-ŭk-o-me-tsim-in-i-ki.

To be conjugated like the present tense of the conditional mood, with the prefixes as here given.

(B.) THE ANIMATE FORM.

There are three conjugations of the animate form of the transitive verb, ending in the third person singular, direct; in—

Conj. 1. in -i-u-ai-e. Conj. 2. in -tsi-u-ai-e. Conj. 6. in -yi-u-ai-e.

In the following pages a verb of conjugation 1 is given in full.

Conjugation 2 will be found to differ in general construction from conjugation 1, in the inverse form of the indicative mood, when a contraction takes place; thus, we have—

Conj. 1, Direct
Conj. 1, Inverse
Conj. 2, Direct
Conj. 2, Inverse
Conj. 2, Inverse

I love you, kit-ŭk-o-mĭm-mo.
You love me, kit-uk-o-mĭm-mok.
I give gou, kit-o-ko-to.
You give me, kit-o-kok

Here the plan of conjugation 1 is to affix k. The plan of conjugation 2 is to omit the last syllable, and affix k to the last syllable but one.

Conjugation 3 will always have the 2nd singular of the imperative mood end in os.

With these two things borne in mind, the following table will be found to be a good guide to the various prefixes and endings throughout all three conjugations.

ISITIVE, ANIMATE FORM.

е

	U's (incl.)	You	Them	
In				
Pot I Thor		kit—o-pu-au	nit—ai-au kit —ai-au	
He	k-i-u	kit—ko-au	-i-u-ax	
ll'e		ki t—pin- an-i-au	nit—ŭn-an-i-au	
You They	k-i-au	kit—k-o-ai-au	kit—au-ax-au —i-au-ax	
Im _l — th			—is-au	
Let 1 Let 1			ŭn-an-ist—ŏs-ax ŭn-na-nŏk-ok-ŭn-ist—ŭn-an- i-an	
$\frac{y_0}{Let}$			—ok-au ŭn-an-ist—ŏs-au-ax	
Pol PLUI			1	
Iwo		kŏk-stait—pu-au-o-pi	nő) stait sza-o-pi-au	
Thou He w-Si	tait—k-i-op-au	kŏk-stait—k-o-au-o-pi	k*katau-o-pi-au st-iti-u-o-pi-ax	
We 1 You	•	kŏk-stait—pin-an-o-pi	nok fastŭn-an-o-pi-au kŏk-, aitau-o-pi-au	
Theyst	ait—k-i-op-i-at	kŏk-stait—k-o-au-o-pi-au	≓k-sthit—i-u-o-pi-au-ax	
Sul_2				
-		kŏk—os-u-ai	nŏk—os-au	
That That	ŏk-tsĭn-an		nŏk—os-au kŏk—os-au	
Tha t Tha t Tha t	ŏk—tsĭn-an	kŏk—os-u-ai kŏk—ĭs-u-ai kŏk—os-in-an	kŏk—os-au mŏk—i-ĭs-ax, or,—ŏs-a:	
That That	ŏk—tsĭn-an	kŏk—ĭs-u-ai	kŏk—os-au mŏk—i-ĭs-ax, or,—ŏs-ar nŏk—os-in-an-ax kŏk—os-au	
That That That That	ŏk—tsĭn-an ok—ts-au	kŏk—ĭs-u-ai	kŏk—os-au mŏk—i-ĭs-ax, or,—ŏs-ax uŏk—os-in-an-ax	
That That That That That That Con		kŏk—ĭs-u-ai kŏk—os-in-an	kŏk—os-au mŏk—i-īs-ax, or,—ŏs-ax nŏk—os-in-an-ax kŏk—os-au { mŏk—i-īs-ax	
That That That That That That Con INDI		kŏk—ĭs-u-ai kŏk—os-in-an	kŏk—os-au mŏk—i-īs-ax, or,—ŏs-ar nŏk—os-in-an-ax kŏk—os-au { mŏk—i-īs-ax —ŏs-au-ax	
That That That That That That Con INDI If, o If, o If, o		kŏk—ĭs-u-ai kŏk—os-in-an kŏk—ĭs-u-ai-ax —ai-no-ai-ni-ki —ts-e-no-ai-ni-ki	kŏk—os-au mŏk—i-ĭs-ax, or,—ŏs-ax uŏk—os-in-an-ax kŏk—os-au mŏk—i-is-ax —ŏs-au-ax	
That That That That That That Con INDI If, o If, o If, o If, o		kŏk—ĭs-u-ai kŏk—os-in-an kŏk—ĭs-u-ai-ax —ai-no-ai-ni-ki	kŏk—os-au mŏk—i-īs-ax, or,—ŏs-ax nŏk—os-in-an-ax kŏk—os-au { mŏk—i-īs-ax —ŏs-au-ax -ai-ni-ki-au —ai-ni-ki-au —üs-ax —ŭn-an-i-ki-au	
That That That That That That Con INDI If, o If, o If, o If, o If, o If, o		kŏk—ĭs-u-ai kŏk—os-in-an kŏk—ĭs-u-ai-ax —ai-no-ai-ni-ki —ts-e-no-ai-ni-ki	kŏk—os-au mŏk—i-īs-ax, or,—ŏs-ax nŏk—os-in-an-ax kŏk—os-au { mŏk—i-īs-ax —ŏs-au-ax —ai-ni-ki-au —ai-ni-ki-au —ŭs-ax	
That That That That That That Con INDI If, o If, o If, o If, o		kŏk—ĭs-u-ai kŏk—os-in-an kŏk—ĭs-u-ai-ax —ai-no-ai-ni-ki —ts-e-no-ai-ni-ki —ai-no-ai-ni-ki	kŏk—os-au mŏk—i-īs-ax, or,—ŏs-ax nŏk—os-in-an-ax kŏk—os-au { mŏk—i-īs-ax —ŏs-au-ax —ai-ni-ki-au —ai-ni-ki-au —ūs-ax —ŭn-an-i-ki-au —ai-no-e-ni-ki-au —üs-ax	
That That That That That That That Con INDI If, o If, o If, o If, o If, f If, o		kŏk—ĭs-u-ai kŏk—os-in-an kŏk—ĭs-u-ai-ax —ai-no-ai-ni-ki —ts-e-no-ai-ni-ki —ai-no-ai-ni-ki —ts-e-ni-ki-au	kŏk—os-au mŏk—i-īs-ax, or,—ŏs-ax nŏk—os-in-an-ax kŏk—os-au { mŏk—i-īs-ax —ŏs-au-ax —ai-ni-ki-au —ai-ni-ki-au —is-ax —ŭn-an-i-ki-au —ai-no-e-ni-ki-au —tis-ax —ŭs-ax —is-au-ax nit—au-o-pi-au kit—au-o-pi-au { ot—k-o-pi-ax	
That That That That That That That Con INDI If, o If, o If, o If, t If I If th		kŏk—ĭs-u-ai kŏk—os-in-an kŏk—ĭs-u-ai-ax —ai-no-ai-ni-ki —ts-e-no-ai-ni-ki —ai-no-ai-ni-ki —ts-e-ni-ki-au kit—pu-au-o-pi	kŏk—os-au mŏk—i-īs-ax, or,—ŏs-ax nŏk—os-in-an-ax kŏk—os-au { mŏk—i-īs-ax —ŏs-au-ax -ai-ni-ki-au —ai-ni-ki-au —i-ni-ki-au —is-ax —ŭn-an-i-ki-au —ai-no-e-ni-ki-au { -ūs-ax —ŭs-au-ax nit—au-o-pi-au kit—au-o-pi-au { ot-k-o-pi-ax —i-u-o-pi-ax —i-u-o-pi-ax	
That That That That That That That That		kŏk—ĭs-u-ai kŏk—os-in-an kŏk—ĭs-u-ai-ax —ai-no-ai-ni-ki —ts-e-no-ai-ni-ki —ai-no-ai-ni-ki —ts-e-ni-ki-au kit—pu-au-o-pi kit—k-o-au-o-pi	kŏk—os-au mŏk—i-īs-ax, or,—ŏs-a: nŏk—os-in-an-ax kŏk—os-au { mŏk—i-īs-ax —ŏs-au-ax —ai-ni-ki-au —ai-ni-ki-au —is-ax —ŭn-an-i-ki-au —ai-no-e-ni-ki-au —is-ax —ŭs-ax —ŭs-ax —is-au-ax nit—au-o-pi-au kit—au-o-pi-au { ot—k-o-pi-ax	

e of $\it{nit}, \it{kit}, \it{ete}.$ Conditional and future conditional ten

		ABLE SHOWING III	E TREFIXES AND IZAD	INGS OF THE PRINCIPAL
	Me	Thee	Him	His
Indicative and Potential Moods.				
I Thou	ki t —ki	kit – o	nit—au kit—au f ot—k-ai-e	nit—ai-in-ai kit—ai-in-ai (ot—k-ai-e
He We	nit—k	kit—k kit—o-pin-an	i-u-ai-e nit—ŭn-an	{ ot—k-ai-e —i-u-ai-e nit—ŭn-an-in-ai
You They	kit.—k-i-pu-au nit—k-i-au	kit—k-i-au	kit—au-au —i-au-ai-e	—i-au-ai-e
Imperative Mood thou	—kit	!	—Is*	
Let him Let us	ŭn-an-ist—kit		: un-an-ist—ŏs-ai-e ŭn'-na-nŏk-ok-ŭn-ist— ŭn-an	,
_ ye Let them	—kik		—ok ŭn-an-ist—ŏs-au-ai-e	1
Potential Mood. PLUPERFECT TENSE.				
I would have Thou wouldst have He would have	kŏk-stait—k-i-u-o-pi	kŏk-stait—to-pi	nŏk-stait—au-o-pi kŏk-stait—au-o-pi	nŏk-stait—au-o-pi-in-ai kŏk-stait—au-o-pi-in-ai
We would have You would have	nŏk-stait—k-o-pi kŏk-stait—k-i-pu-au-opi	kŏk-stait—k-o-pi kŏk-stait—pin-an-o-pi	ŏk-stait—i-u-o-pi-ai-e nŏk-stait—йn-an-o-pi kŏk-stait—au-au-o-pi	ök-stait—au-o-pl-in-ai nök-stait—ün-an-o-pl-in-ai kök-stait—au-au-o-pi-in-ai
They would have	nŏk-stait—k-o-pi-au	kŏk-stait—k'-o-pi-au	mŏk-stait—k-o-pi-au-ai-e ŏk-stait—i-u-o-pi-au-ai-e	{ ŏk-stait—k-o-pi-au-in-ai ŏk-stait—i-u-o-pi-au-in-ai
Subjunctive Mood. That I may That thou mayst That he may That we may	kŏk—ok-si nŏk—is	kŏk—o-si kŏk—ís kŏk—os-in-an	nŏk—os-i kŏk—os-i mŏk—l-ĭs, or, —ŏs-i nŏk—os-in-an	nŏk—os-ai-e kŏk—os-ai-e mŏk—is-ai-e nŏk—os-in-an-i
That ye may That they may	kŏk—k-su-au nŏk—ĭs-ax	kŏk—-ĭs-ax	kŏk—os-au { mŏk—i-ĭs-ax —ŏs-au-ai-e	kŏk—os-ai-ai-i mŏk—os-au-ai
Conditional Mood.			- 05-au au 0	
INDEFINITE TENSE.				
If, or when, I If, or when, thou If, or when, he If, or when, we If, or when, you	—ki-e-ni-ki —ts-e-ni-ki —ki-e-no-ai-ni-ki	—e-ni-ki —ts-e-ni-ki —o-pin-an-i-ki	—ai-ni-ki —ai-ni-ki —ŭs-ai-e —ŭn-an-i-ki —ai-no-e-ni-ki	—ai-ni-ki-ai-e —ai-ni-ki-ai-e —ŭs-sa-ai-i —ŭn-an-i-ki-ai-e —ai-no-e-ni-ki-ai-e
If, or when, they	— ts-e-ni-ki-au	—ts-e-ni-ki-au	—ŭs-au-ai-e	—ar-no-e-m-kr-ar-e —ŭs-au-a-ai
If I If thou	kit—k-i-to-pi	kit—o-to-pi	nitau-o-pi kitau-o-pi	
If he	nit—k-o-pi	kit—k-c-pi	{ ot—k-o-pi-ai-e —i-u-o-pi-ai-e	
If we If you	kit—k-i-pu-au-o-pi	kit—pin-an-o-pi	nit—ŭn-an-o-pi kit—an-an-o-pi	!
If they	nit—k-o-pi-au	kit—k-o-pi-au	{ —i-u-o-pi-ax —i-u-o-pi-au-aie	

^{*} The Imperative 2 Sing., Conj. 2, ends in tsis. The Imper

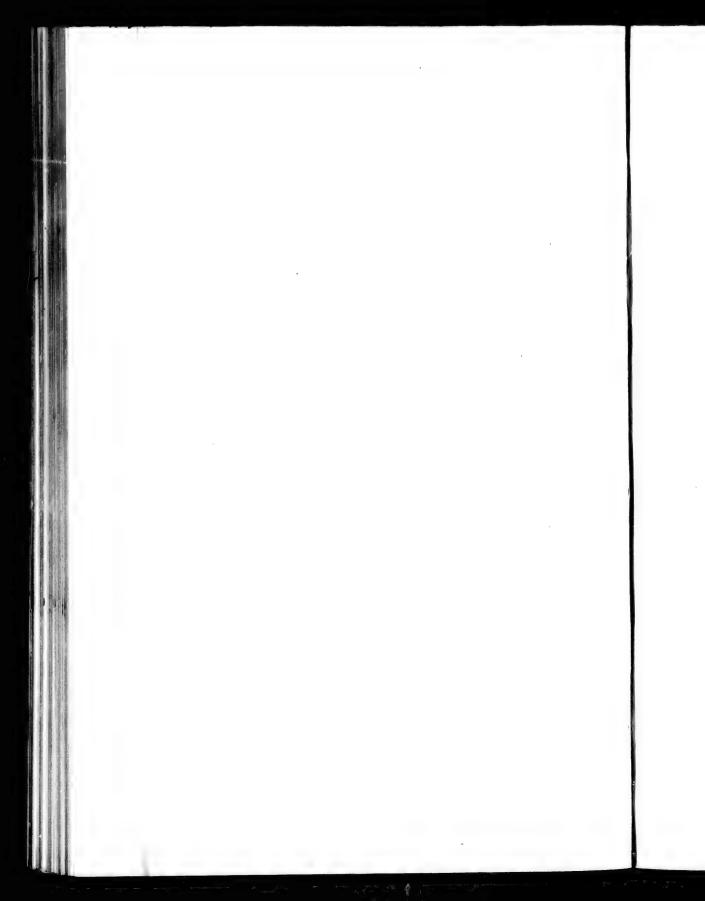
Dabitative mood, present tense, follows the indicative mood, present tense, noks, ka, kam tenses follow conditional mood, present tense, with prefixes as in verb.

IS OF THE PRINCIPAL TENSES OF VERBS TRANSITIVE, ANIMATE FORM.

His	Us (exel.)	Us (incl.)	You	Them
nit—ai-in-ai kit—ai-in-ai	kit—k-i-pin-an		kit—o-pu-au	nit—ai-au kit—ai-au
{ ot-k-ai-e -i-u-ai-e	nit—k-in-an		kit-ko-au	—i-u-ax
nit—ŭn-an-in-ai			kit—pin-an-i-au	ni t —ŭn-an-i-au
-i-au-ai-e	kit—k-i-pin-an nit—k-in-an-i-au	k-i-;(⊓	kit—k-o-ai-au	kit—au-ax-au —i-au-ax
	k-in-an		i	—is-au
	-k-in-an			ŭn-an-istös-ax ŭn-ma-nŏk-ok-ŭn-istŭn-ar i-an ok-an ŭn-an-istös-an-ax
-stait—au-o-pi-in-ai -stait—au-o-pi-in-ai -stait—au-o-pi-in-ai	kŏk-stait—k-i-pin-an-o-pi nŏk-stait—k-in-an-o-pi	ŏk'-stait—k-i-op-au	kŏk-stait—pu-au-o-pi k×k-stait—k-o-au-o-pi	nŏk-stait—au-o-pi-au kŏk-stait—au-o-pi-au ŏk-stait—i-u-o-pi-ax
-stait—ŭn-an-o-pi-in-ai -stait—au-au-o-pi-in-ai -stait—k-o-pi-au-in-ai	kŏk-stait—k-i-pin-an-o-pi		kŏk-stait—pin-an-o-pi	nŏk-stait—ŭn-an-o-pi-au kŏk-stait—au-o-pi-au
k-stait—i-u-o-pi-au-in-ai	nŏk-stait—k-in-an-o-pi-au	ŏk-stait—k-i-op-i-au	kŏk-stait—k-o-au-o-pi-au	ŏk-stait—i-u-o-pi-au-ax
nŏk—os-ai-e kŏk—os-ai-e mŏk—īs-ai-e nŏk—os-in-an-i	kŏk—k-sin-an nŏk—Ĭs-in-an	ŏk—tsin-an	kŏk—os-u-ai kŏk—ĭs-u-ai kŏk—os-in-an	nŏk—os-au kŏk—os-au mŏk—i-is-ax, or,—ŏs-a nŏk—os-in-an-ax
kŏk—os-ai-ai-i mŏk—os-au-ai	kŏk—k-sin-au nŏk—ĭs-in-an-ax	ok—ts-au	kŏk—ĭs-u-ai-ax	kŏk—os-au { mŏk—i-Is-ax
				–ŏs-au-ax
ai-ni-ki-ai-e ai-ni-ki-ai-e	—k-in-an-i-ki	:	—ai-no-ai-ni-ki	—ai-ni-ki-au —ai-ni-ki-au
ŭs-sa-ai-i ŭn-an-i-ki-ai-e	—ts-in-an-i-ki —ki-e-no-ai-ni-ki		—ts-e-no-ai-ni-ki —ai-no-ai-ni-ki	— ŭs-a x — ŭn-an-i-ki-au
—ai-no-e-ni-ki-ai-e — ŭs-au-a-ai			←ts-e-ni-ki-au	—ai-no-e-ni-ki-au — üs-ax — üs-au-ax
	kit—k-i-pin-an-o-pi		kit—pu-au-o-pi	nit—au-o-pi-au
	nit—k-in-an-o-pi		kit—k-o-au-o-pi	kit—au-o-pi-au f ot—k-o-pi-ax
	kitk-i-pin-an-o-pi	:	kit—pin-an-o-pi-au	\ —i-u-o-pi-ax nit—ŭn-an-o-pi au
	nit—k-in-an-o-pi-au		kit—k-o-au-opi-au	• kit—au-au-o-pi-au —i-u-o-pi-au-ax

nj. 2, ends in tsis. The Imperative 2 Sing., Conj. 3, ends in os.

t tense, noks, ka, kum, etc., taking the place of nit, kit, etc. Conditional and future conditional



Conjugation I.

Ŭk-o-mĭm'-mi-u-ai-e, he loves him.

Indicative Mood.

PRESENT TENSE-DIRECT.

Positive.

Nit-ŭk'-o-mim-mau, I love him.

Kit-uk'-o-mim-mau, thou lovest him.

Uk'-o-mĭm-mi-u-ai-e, he loves him.

Nit-ŭk'-o-mim-mun-an, we love him.

Kit-ŭk'-c-mĭm-mau-au, ye love him.

Ŭk'-o-mim-mi-au-ai-e, they love him.

Negative.

Ni-mat'-ŭk-o-mim-mau-ats.

Ki-mat'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mau-ats.

Mat'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mi-au-ats-ai-e.

Ni-mat'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mŭn-an-ats.

Ki-mat'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mau-au-ats.

Mat'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mi-au-ax-au-ai-e.

Or, Mat'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mi-au'-ats-ai-e.*

Positive.

Nit-ŭk'-o-mĭm-mai-au, I love them.

Kit-ŭk'-o-mĭm-mai-au, thou lovest them.

Ŭk'-o-mĭm-mi-u-ax, he loves them.

Nit-ŭk'-o-mim-mun-an-i-au, we love them.

Kit-ŭk'-o-mĭm-mau-ax-au, ye love them.

Ŭk'-o-mim-mi-au-ax, they love them.

Negative.

Ni-mat'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mau-ax-au.

Ki-mat'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mau-ax-au.

Mat'-ŭk-o-mim-mi-u-ax-au-ai-e.

Ni-mat'-ŭk-o mĭm-mŭn-an-ax-au. Ki-mat'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mau-au-ax-au. Mat'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mi-u-ax-au-ax. Or, Mat'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mi-u'-ats-ax.*

INVERSE.

Positive.

Nit'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mok, he loves me.
Kit'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mok, he loves you.
Ot'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mok-ai-e, } he loves him.

Nit'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mok-in-an, he loves us.
Kit'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mok-o-au, he loves you.
Ot'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mok-o-ai-au-ai-e, } he loves them.

Negative.

Ni-mat'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mok-ats. Ki-mat'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mok-ats. Mat'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mi-u-ats-ai-e. Ni-mat'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mok-in-an-ats. Ki-mat'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mok-o-au-ats. Mat-ŭk-o-mĭm-mi-u-ats-ax.

Positive.

Nit'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mok-i-au, they love me.
Kit'-ŭk-i-mĭm-mok-i-au, they love you.
Ŭk-o-mĭm'-mi-au-ai-e, they love him.
Nit'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mok-in-an-i-au, they love us.
Kit'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mok-o-ai-au, they love you.
Ŭk-o-mĭm'-mi-au-ax, they love them.

The two endings ats-ai-e and ax-au-ai-e, and their plurals, are interchangeable throughout.

Ni-mat'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mok-ax-au. Ki-mat'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mok-ax-au. Mat'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mi-u-ax-au-ai-e. Ni-mat'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mok-in-an-ats. Ki-mat'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mok-o-au-ats. Mat'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mi-u-ax-au-ax.

FIRST AND SECOND PERSONS-DIRECT.

Positive.

Kit-ŭk'-o-mĭm-mo, I love you. Kit-ŭk'-o-mĭm-mo-pu-au, I love you (plu.). Kit-ŭk'-o-mĭm-mo-pin-an, we love you (sing. and plu.).

Negative.

Ki-mat'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mo-pa. Ki-mat'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mo-pu-au-a. Ki-mat'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mo-pĭn-an-a.

INVERSE.

Positive.

Kit'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mok-i, you love me. Kit'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mok-i-pu-au, you (plu.) love me. Kit'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mok-i-pin-an, you (sing. and plu.) love us.

Negative.

Ki-mat'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mok-i-pa. Ki-mat'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mok-i-pu-au-a. Ki-mat'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mok-i-pĭn-an-a.

PERFECT TENSE-DIRECT.

Positive.

Ni-kawk'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mau, I have loved him.
Ki-kawk'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mau, thou hast loved him.
I-kawk'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mi-u-ai-e, he has loved him.
Ni-kawk'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mau-ŭn-an, we have loved him.
Ki-kawk'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mau-au, ye have loved him.
I-kawk'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mi-au-ai-e, they have loved him.

Negative.

Ni-mat'-si-kawk-ŭk-o-mĭm-mau-ats.
Ki-mat'-si-kawk-ŭk-o-mĭm-mau-ats.
Mat'-si-kawk-ŭk-o-mĭm-mi-u-ats-ai-e.
Ni-mat'-si-kawk-ŭk-o-mĭm-mūn-an-ats.
Ki-mat'-si-kawk-ŭk-o-mĭm-mau-au-ats.
Mat'-si-kawk-ŭk-o-mĭm-mi-au-ax-au-ai-e.

Positive.

Ni-kawk'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mai-au, I have loved them. Ki-kawk'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mai-au, thou hast loved them. I-kawk'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mi-u-ax, he has loved them. Ni-kawk'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mŭn-an-i-au, we have loved them. Ki-kawk'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mau-ax-au, ye have loved them. I-kawk'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mi-au-ax, they have loved them.

Negative.

Ni-mat'-si-kawk-ŭk-o-mĭm-mau-ax-au.

Ki-mat'-si-kawk-ŭk-o-mĭm-mau-ax-au.

Mat'-si kawk-ŭk-o-mĭm-mi-u-ax-au-ai-e.

Ni-mat'-si-kawk-ŭk-o-mĭm-mŭn-an-ax-au.

Ki-mat'-si-kawk-ŭk-o-mĭm-mau-au-ax-au.

Mat'-si-kawk-ŭk-o-mĭm-mi-u-ax-au-ax.

INVERSE.

Positive.

Ni-kawk'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mok, he has loved me.
Ki-kawk'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mok, he has loved you.
O-kawk'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mok-ai-e, } he has loved him.
I-kawk'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mi-u-ai-e, } he has loved us.
Ki-kawk'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mok-o-au, he has loved you.
O-kawk'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mok-o-ai-au-ai-e, } he has loved them.
I-kawk'-ŭk-o-mĭm'-mi-u-ax.

Negative.

Ni-mat'-si-kawk-ŭk-o-mĭm-mok-ats.
Ki-mat'-si-kawk-ŭk-o-mĭm-mok-ats.
O-mat'-si-kawk-ŭk-o-mĭm-mok-ats-ai-e, }
Mat'-si-kawk-ŭk-o-mĭm-mi-u-ats-ai-e, }
Ni-mat'-si-kawk-ŭk-o-mĭm-mok-in-an-ats.
Ki-mat'-si-kawk-ŭk-o-mĭm-mok-o-au-ats.
O-mat'-si-kawk-ŭk-o-mĭm-mok-o-au-ax-au-ai-e, }
Mat'-si-kawk-ŭk-o-mĭm-mi-u-ats-ax.

Positive.

Ni-kawk'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mok-i-au, they have loved me. Ki-kawk'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mok-i-au, they have loved you. I-kawk'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mi-au-ai-e, they have loved him. Ni-kawk'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mok-in-au-i-au, they have loved us. Ki-kawk'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mok-o-ai-au, they have loved you. I-kawk'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mi-au-ax, they have loved them.

Negative.

Ni-mat'-si-kawk-ŭk-o-mĭm-mok-ax-au. Ki-mat'-si-kawk-ŭk-o-mĭm-mok-ax-au. Mat'-si-kawk-ŭk-o-mĭm-mi-u-ax-au-ai-e. Ni-mat'-si-kawk-ŭk-o-mĭm-mok-in-an-ats. Ki-mat'-si-kawk-ŭk-o-mĭm-mok-o-au-ats. Mat'-si-kawk-ŭk-o-mĭm-mi-u-ax-au-ax.

FIRST AND SECOND PERSONS-DIRECT.

Positive.

Ki-kawk'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mo, I have loved you. Ki-kawk'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mo-pu-au, I have loved you (plu.). Ki-kawk'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mo-pĭn-an, we have loved you (sing. and plu.).

Negative.

Ki-mat'-si-kawk-ŭk-o-mĭm-mo-pa. Ki-mat'-si-kawk-ŭk-o-mĭm-mo-pu-au-a. Ki-mat'-si-kawk-ŭk-o-mĭm-mo-pĭn-an-a.

INVERSE.

Positive.

Ki-kawk'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mok-i, you have loved me.
Ki-kawk'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mok-i-pu-au, you (plu.) have loved me.
Ki-kawk'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mok-i-pin-an, you (sing. and plu.) have loved us.

Negative.

Ki-mat'-si-kawk-ŭk-o-mĭm-mok-i-pa. Ki-mat'-si-kawk-ŭk-o-mĭm-mok-i-pu-au-a. Ki-mat'-si-kawk-ŭk-o-mĭm-mok-i-pĭn-an-a.

FUTURE TENSE-DIRECT.

Positive.

Nit-ak'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mau, I will love him.
Kit-ak'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mau, thou wilt love him.
Ak'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mi-u-ai-e, he will love him.
Nit-ak'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mŭn-an, we will love him.
Ak'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mau-au, ye will love him.
Ak'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mi-au-ai-e, they will love him.

Ni-mat'-ak-ŭk-o-mĭm-mau-ats.
Ki-mat'-ak-ŭk-o-mĭm-mau-ats.
Mat'-ak-ŭk-o-mĭm-mi-u-ats-ai-e.
Ni-mat'-ak-ŭk-o-mĭm-mŭn-an-ats.
Ki-mat'-ak-ŭk-o-mĭm-mau-au-ats.
Mat'-ak-ŭk-o-mĭm-mi-au-ax-au-ai-e.

nd

ave

Positive.

Nit-ak'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mai-au, I will love them.
Kit-ak'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mai-au, thou wilt love them.
Ak'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mi-u-ax, he will love them.
Nit-ak'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mŭn-an-i-au, we will love them.
Kit-ak'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mau-ax-au, ye will love them.
Ak'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mi-au-ax, they will love them.

Negative.

Ni-mat'-ak-ŭk-o-mĭm-mau-ax-au. Ki-mat'-ak-ŭk-o-mĭm-mau-ax-au. Mat'-ak-ŭk-o-mĭm-mi-u-ax-au-aî-e. Ni-mat'-ak-ŭk-o-mĭm-mŭn-an-ax-au. Ki-mat'-ak-ŭk-o-mĭm-mau-au-ax-au. Mat'-ak-ŭk-o-mĭm-mi-u-ax-au-ax.

INVERSE.

Positive.

Nit-ak'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mok, he will love m
Kit-ak'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mok, he will love nou.
Ot-ak'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mok-ai-e,
Ak'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mi-u-ai-e,
Nit-ak'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mok-in-an, he will love us.
Kit-ak'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mok-o-au, he will love you.
Ot-ak'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mok-o-ai-au-ai-e,
Ak'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mi-u-ax.

Ni-mat'-ak-ŭk-o-mĭm-mok-ats.
Ki-mat'-ak-ŭk-o-mĭm-mok-ats.
O-mat'-ak-ŭk-o-mĭm-mok-ats-ai-e,
Mat'-ak-ŭk-o-mĭm-mi-u-ats-ai-e,
Ni-mat'-ak-ŭk-o-mĭm-mok-in-an-ats.
Ki-mat'-ak-ŭk-o-mĭm-mok-o-au-ats.
Mat'-ak-ŭk-o-mĭm-mi-u-ats-ax.

Positive.

Nit-ak'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mok-i-au, they will love me.
Kit-ak'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mok-i-au, they will love you.
Ak'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mi-au-ai-e, they will love him.
Nit-ak'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mok-in-an-i-au, they will love us.
Kit-ak'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mok-o-ai-au, they will love you.
Ak'-ŭk-o-mĭm'-mi-au-ax, they will love them.

Negative.

Ni-mat'-ak-ŭk-o-mĭm-mok-ax-au. Ki-mat'-ak-ŭk-o-mĭm-mok ax-au. Mat'-ak-ŭk-o-mĭm-mi-u-ax-au-ai-e. Ni-mat'-ak-ŭk-o-mim-mok-in-an-ats. Ki-mat'-ak-ŭk-o-mĭm-mok-o-au-ats. Mat'-ak-ŭk-o-mĭm-mi-u-ax-au-ax.

FIRST AND SECOND PERSONS-DIRECT.

Positive.

Kit-ak'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mo, I will love you. Kit-ak'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mo-pu-au, I will love you (plu.), Kit-ak'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mo-pin-an, we will love you (sing. and plu.),

Negative.

Ki-mat'-ak-ŭk-o-mĭm-mo-pa. Ki mat'-ak-ŭk-o-mĭm-mo-pu-au-a. Ki-mat'-ak-ŭk-o-mĭm-mo-pĭn-an-a.

INVERSE.

Positive.

Kit-ak'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mok-i, you will love me. Kit-ak'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mok-i-pu-au, you (plu.) will love me. Kit-ak'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mok-i-pin-an, you (sing. and plu.) will love us.

Negative.

Ki-mat'-ak-ŭk-o-mĭm-mok-i-pa. Ki-mat'-ak-ŭk-o-mĭm-mok-i-pu-au-a. Ki-mat'-ak-ŭk-o-mĭm-mok-i-pin-an-a.

Imperative Mood.

PRESENT TENSE.

Positive.

Ŭk-o-mĭm'-mĭs, love thou him. Ŭn-an-ĭst-ŭk-o-mĭm'-mŏs-ai-e, let him love him. Ŭn'-na-nŏk-ok-ŭn-ist'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mŭn-an, let us love him. Ŭk-o-mĭm'-mok, love ye him. Ŭn-an-ĭst-ŭk-o-mĭm'-mŏs-au-ai-e, let them love him.

Negative.

Pin-ŭk-o-mĭm'-mis.
Pin-ŭk-o-mĭm'-mŏs aʿi-e.
Nok'-stau-ŭk-o-mĭm-mŭn-an.
Pin-ŭk-o-mĭm'-mok.
Pin-ŭk-o-mĭm'-mŏs-au-aʿi-e.

Positive.

(u.).

Ŭk-o-mĭm'-mĭs-au, love thou them. Ŭn-an-ist-ŭk-o-mĭm'-mŏs-ax, let him love them. Ŭn'-na-nŏk-ok-ŭn-ist-ŭk-o-mĭm-mŭn-an-i-au, let us love them. Ŭk-o-mĭm'-mok-au, love ye them. Ŭn-an-ĭst-ŭk-o-mĭm'-mŏs-au-ax, let them love them.

Pin-ŭk'-o-mĭm-mĭs-au. Pin-ŭk-o-mĭm'-mŏs-ax. Nŏk'-stau-ŭk-o-mĭm-mŭn-an-i-au. Pin-ŭk-o-mĭm'-mok-au. Pin-ŭk-o-mĭm'-mŏs-au-ax.

FIRST AND SECOND PERSONS.

Positive.

Ŭk-o-mĭm'-mok-it, love thou me. Ŭk-o-mĭm'-mok-ĭn-an, love thou us. Ŭk-o-mĭm'-mok-ik, love ye me. Ŭk-o-mĭm'-mok-ĭn-an, love ye us.

Negative.

Pin-ŭk-o-mĭm'-mok-it, Pin-ŭk-o-mĭm'-mok-ĭn-an, Pin-ŭk-o-mĭm'-mok-ik, Pin-ŭk-o-mĭm'-mok-in-an,

Potential Mood.

PRESENT TENSE-DIRECT.

Positive.

Nit'-o-kot-ŭk-o-mĭm-mau, I can love him.
Kit'-o-kot-ŭk-o-mĭm-mau, you can love him.
I-kot'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mi-u-ai-e, he can love him.
Nit'-o-kot-ŭk-o-mĭm-mŭn-an, we can love him.
Kit'-o-kot-ŭk-o-mĭm-mau-au, ye can love him.
I-kot'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mi-au-ai-e, they can love him.

Ni-mat-o-kot'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mau-ats.
Ki-mat-o-kot'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mau-ats.
Mat-o-kot'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mi-u-ats-ai-e.
Ni-mat-o-kot'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mŭn-an-ats.
Ki-mat-o-kot'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mau-au-ats.
Mat-o-kot'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mi-au-ax-au-ai-e.

ANOTHER FORM OF PRESENT TENSE.

Positive.

Nit-ŭs'-kak-ŭk-o-mĭm-mau, I can love him. Kit-ŭs'-kak-ŭk-o-mĭm-mau, you can love him. Ŭs'-kak-ŭk-o-mĭm-mi-u-ai-e, he can love him. Nit-ŭs'-kak-ŭk-o-mĭm-mŭn-an, we can love him. Kit-ŭs'-kak-ŭk-o-mĭm-mau-au, ye can love him. Ŭs'-kak-ŭk-o-mĭm-mi-au-ai-e, they can love him.

Negative.

Ni-mat-ŭs-kak'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mau-ats.
Ki-mat-ŭs-kak'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mau-ats.
Mat-ŭs-kak'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mi-u-ats-ai-e.
Ni-mat-ŭs-kak'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mŭn-an-ats.
Ki-mat-ŭs-kak'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mau-au-ats.
Mat-ŭs-kak'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mi-u-ax-au-ai-e.

FUTURE TENSE.

Positive,

Nit-ak'-o-kot-ŭk-o-mĭm-mau, I shall be able to love him. Nit-ak'-ŭs-kak-ŭk-o-mĭm-mau, I shall be able to love him.

Negative.

 $\label{eq:ni-mat-ak-o-kot'-uk-o-mim-mau-ats} Ni-mat-ak-us-kak'-uk-o-mim-mau-ats.$

The foregoing tenses of the potential mood are all conjugated with prefixes and affixes exactly like the present indicative. Care must be taken always to insert the distinguishing particles before the root of the verb.

PLUPERFECT TENSE-DIRECT.

Positive.

Nŏk'-stait-ŭk-o-mĭm-mau-o-pi, I would have loved him.
Kŏk'-stait-ŭk-o-mĭm-mau-o-pi, you would have loved him.
Ŏk'-stait-ŭk-o-mĭm-mi-u-o-pi-ai-e, he would have loved him.
Nŏk'-stait-ŭk-o-mĭm-mŭn-an-o-pi, we would have loved him.
Kŏk'-stait-ŭk-o-mĭm-mau-au-o-pi, ye would have loved him.
Ŏk'-stait-ŭk-o-mĭm-mi-u-o-pi-au-ai-e, they would have loved him.

Negative.

Nŏk'-stait-sau-ŭk-o-mĭm-mau-o-pi.
Kŏk'-stait-sau-ŭk-o-mĭm-mau-o-pi.
Ŏk'-stait-sau-ŭk-o-mĭm-mi-u-o-pi-ai-e.
Nŏk'-stait-sau-ŭk-o-mĭm-mŭn-an-o-pi.
Kŏk'-stait-sau-ŭk-o-mĭm-mau-au-o-pi.
Ŏk'-stait-sau-ŭk-o-mĭm-mi-u-o-pi-au-ai-e.

Positive.

Nŏk'-stait-ŭk-o-mĭm-mau-o-pi-au, I would have loved them.

Kŏk'-stait-ŭk-o-mĭm-mau-o-pi-au, you would have loved them.

Ŏk'-stait-ŭk-o-mĭm-mi-u-o-pi-ax, he would have loved them.

Nŏk'-stait-ŭk-o-mĭm-mŭn-an-o-pi-au, we would have loved them.

Kŏk'-stait-ŭk-o-mĭm-mau-au-o-pi-au, ye would have loved them.

Ŏk'-stait-ŭk-o-mim-mi-u-o-pi-au-ax, they would have loved them.

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Nŏk'-stait-sau-ŭk-o-mĭm-mau-o-pi-au. Kŏk'-stait-sau-ŭk-o-mĭm-mau-o-pi-au. Ŏk'-stait-sau-ŭk-o-mĭm-mi-u-o-pi-ax. Nŏk'-stait-sau-ŭk-o-mĭm-min-an-o-pi-au. Kŏk'-stait-sau-ŭk-o-mĭm-mau-au-o-pi-au. Ŏk'-stait-sau-ŭk-o-mĭm-mi-u-o-pi-au-ax.

INVERSE.

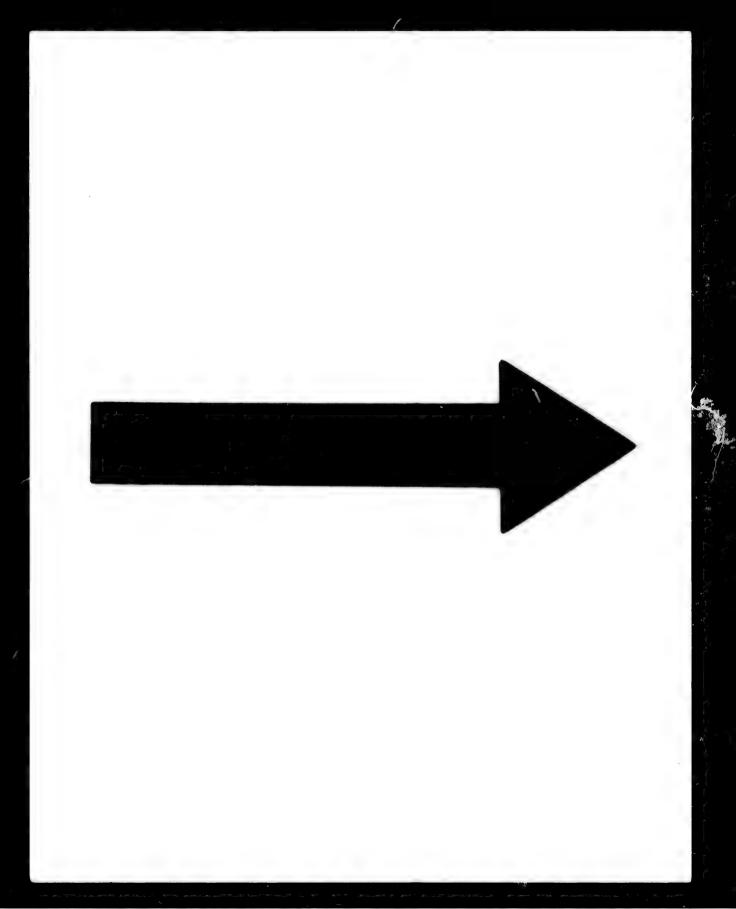
Positive.

Nŏk'-stait-ŭk-o-mĭm-mok-o-pi, he would have loved me.
Kŏk'-stait-ŭk-o-mĭm-mok-o-pi, he would have loved you.
Mŏk'-stait-ŭk-o-mĭm-mok-o-pi-ai-e, \(\rangle\) he would have loved
Ŏk'-stait-ŭk-o-mĭm-mi-u-o-pi-ai-e, \(\rangle\) him.
Nŏk'-stait-ŭk-o-mĭm-mok-in-an-o-pi, he would have loved us.
Kŏk'-stait-ŭk-o-mĭm-mok-o-au-o-pi, he would have loved you.
Ŏk'-stait-ŭk-o-mĭm-mi-u-o-pi-ax, he would have loved them.

Negative.

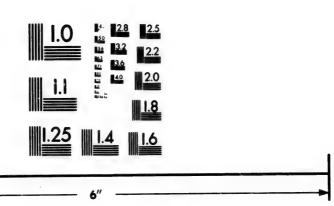
Nŏk'-stait-sau-ŭk-o-mĭm-mok-o-pi.
Kŏk'-stait-sau-ŭk-o-mĭm-mok-o-pi.
Mŏk'-stait-sau-ŭk-o-mĭm-mok-o-pi-ai-e, \
Ŏk'-stait-sau-ŭk-o-mĭm-mi-u-o-pi-ai-e, \
Nŏk'-stait-sau-ŭk-o-mĭm-mok-in-an-o-pi.
Kŏk'-stait-sau-ŭk-o-mĭm-mok-o-au-o-pi.
Ŏk'-stait-sau-ŭk-o-mĭm-mi-u-o-pi-ax.

Positive.



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IMAGE EVALUATION TEST TARGET (MT-3)

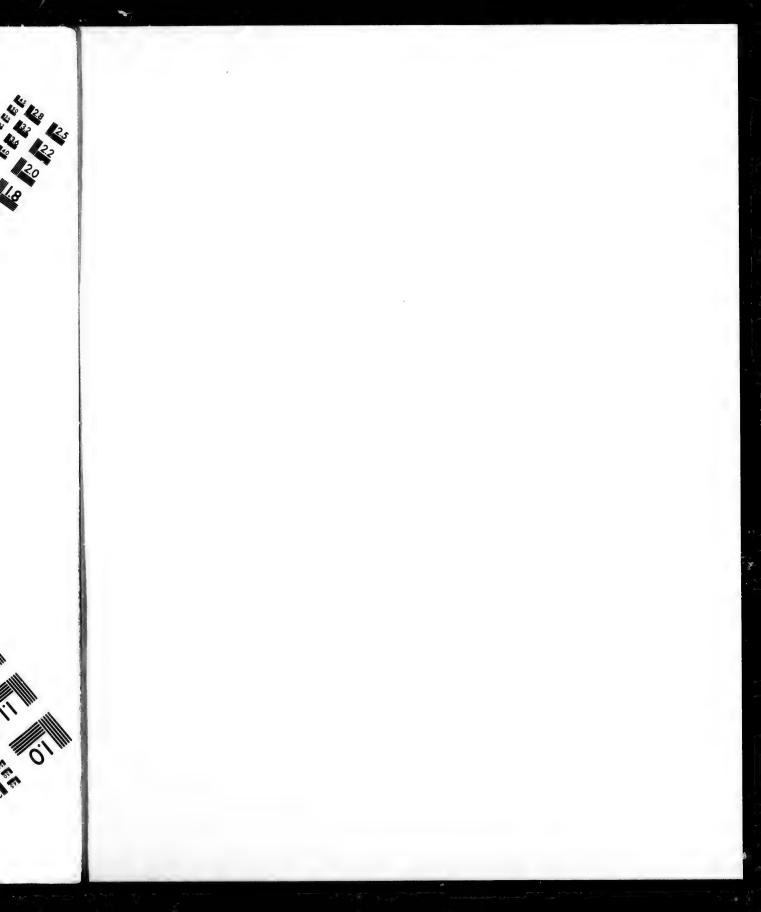


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Nŏk'-stait-ŭk-o-mĭm-mok-in-an-o-pi-au, they would have loved us.

Kŏk'-stait-ŭk-o-mĭm-mok-o-au-o-pi-au, they would have loved you.

Ŏk'-stait-ŭk-o-mĭm-mi-u-o-pi-au-ax, they would have loved them.

Negative.

Nŏk'-stait-sau-ŭk-o-mĭm-mok-o-pi-au.
Kŏk'-stait-sau-ŭk-o-mĭm-mok-o-pi-au.
Mŏk'-stait-sau-ŭk-o-mĭm-mok-o-pi-au-ai-e,)
Ŏk'-stait-sau-ŭk-o-mĭm-mi-u-o-pi-au-ai-e,)
Nŏk'-stait-sau-ŭk-o-mĭm-mok-in-an-o-pi-au.
Kŏk'-stait-sau-ŭk-o-mĭm-mok-o-au-o-pi-au.
Ŏk'-stait-sau-ŭk-o-mĭm-mi-u-o-pi-au-ax.

FIRST AND SECOND PERSONS-DIRECT.

Positive.

Kŏk'-stait-ŭk-o-mĭm-mo-to-pi, *I would have loved you*. Kŏk'-stait-ŭk-o-mĭm-mo-pu-au-o-pi, *I would have loved you* (plu.).

Kŏk'-stait-ŭk-o-mĭm-mo-pĭn-an-o-pi, we would have loved you (sing. and plu.).

Negative.

Kŏk'-stait-sau-ŭk-o-mĭm-mo-to-pi. Kŏk'-stait-sau-ŭk-o-mĭm-mo-pu-au-o-pi. Kŏk'-stait-sau-ŭk-o-mĭm-mo-pĭn-an-o-pi.

INVERSE.

Positive.

Kŏk'-stait-ŭk-o-mĭm-mok-i-u-o-pi, you woul l have loved mc. Kŏk'-stait-ŭk-o-mĭm-mok-i-pu-au-o-pi, you (plu.) would have loved me.

Kŏk'-stait-ŭk-o-mĭm-mok-i-pin-an-o-pi, you (sing. and plu.) would have loved us.

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Negative.

Kŏk'-stait-sau-ŭk-o-mĭm-mok-i-u-o-pi. Kŏk'-stait-sau-ŭk-o-mĭm-mok-i-pu-au-o-pi. Kŏk'-stait-sau-ŭk-o-mĭm-mok-i-pin-an-o-pi.

Another form of this tense is in use, in which nis'-ta-, kis'-ta-, is'-ta- take the place of nok'-stait-, kok'-stait-, ok'-stait-.

Subjunctive Mood.

PRESENT AND PAST TENSE-DIRECT.

Positive.

Nŏk'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mŏs-i, that I may, or might, love him. Kŏk'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mŏs-i, that you may, or might, love him. Mŏk'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mŏs-i, that he may, or might, love him. Nŏk'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mŏs-in-an, that we may, or might, love him. Kŏk'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mŏs-au, that ye may, or might, love him. Mŏk'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mŏs-au-ai-e, that they may, or might, love him.

Negative,

Nŏk-stai'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mŏs-i. Kŏk-stai'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mŏs-i. Mŏk-stai'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mŏs-in-an. Nŏk-stai'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mŏs-au. Mŏk-stai'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mŏs-au.

Positive.

Nŏk'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mŏs-au, that I may, or might, love them.

Kŏk'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mŏs-au, that you may, or might, love them.

Mŏk'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mŏs-ax, that he may, or might, love them.

Nŏk'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mŏs-ĭn-an-ax, that we may, or might, love them.

Kŏk'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mŏs-au, that ye may, or might, love them. Mŏk'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mŏs-au-ax,that they may, or might, love them.

Nŏk-stai'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mŏs-au. Kŏk-stai'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mŏs-au. Mŏk-stai'-ŭk-o-mim-mŏs-ax. Nŏk-stai'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mŏs-in-an-ax. Kŏk-stai'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mŏs-au. Mŏk-stai'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mŏs-au-ax.

INVERSE.

Positive.

Nŏk'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mi-ĭs, that he may, or might, love me. Kŏk'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mi-ĭs, that he may, or might, love you. Mŏk'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mi-ĭs, that he may, or might, love him. Nŏk'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mi-ĭs-in-an, that he may, or might, love us. Kŏk'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mi-ĭs-u-ai, that he may, or might, love you. Mŏk'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mi-ĭs-ax, that he may, or might, love them.

Negative.

Nŏk-stai'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mi-ĭs. Kŏk-stai'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mi-ĭs. Mŏk-stai'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mi-ĭs. Nŏk-stai'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mi-ĭs-in-an. Kŏk-stai'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mi-ĭs-u-ai. Mŏk-stai'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mi-ĭs-ax.

Positive.

Nŏk'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mi-ĭs-ax, that they may, or might, love me. Kŏk'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mi-ĭs-ax, that they may, or might, love you. Mŏk'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mi-ĭs-ax, that they may, or might, love him. Nŏk'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mi-ĭs-ĭn-an-ax, that they may, or might, love us. Kŏk'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mi-ĭs-u-ai-ax, that they may, or might, love you. Mŏk'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mi-ĭs-ax, that they may, or might, love them.

Nŏk-stai'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mi-ĭs-ax. Kŏk-stai'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mi-ĭs-ax. Mŏk-stai'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mi-ĭs-ax. Nŏk-stai'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mi-ĭs-ĭn-an-ax. Kŏk-stai'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mi-ĭs-u-ai-ax. Mŏk-stai'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mi-ĭs-ax.

FIRST AND SECOND PERSONS-DIRECT.

Positive.

Kök'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mo-si, that I may, or might, love you. Kŏk'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mos-u-ai, that I may, or might, love you (plu.). Kŏk'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mos-in-an, that we may, or might, love you (sing. and plu.).

Negative.

Kŏk-stai'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mo-si. Kŏk-stai'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mos-o-ai. Kŏk-stai'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mos-in-an.

INVERSE.

Positive.

Kŏk'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mok-si, that you may, or might, love me. Kŏk'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mok-su-ai, that you (plu) may, or might, love me.

Kŏk'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mok-sin-an, that you (sing. and plu.) may, or might, love us.

Negative.

Kŏk-stai'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mok-si. Kŏk-stai'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mok-su-ai. Kŏk-stai'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mok-sin-an.

Conditional Mood.

INDEFINITE TENSE-DIRECT.

Positive.

Ŭk-o-mĭm'-mai-ni-ki, if I, or you, love him. Ŭk-o-mĭm'-mŭs-ai-e, if he loves him. Ŭk-o-mĭm'-mŭn-an-i-ki, if we love him. Ŭk-o-mĭm'-mai-no-e-ni-ki, if ye love him. Ŭk-o-mĭm'-mŭs-au-ai-e, if they love him.

Negative.

Sau-ŭk-o-mĭm'-mai-ni-ki. Sau-ŭk-o-mĭm'-mŭs-ai-e. Sau-ŭk-o-mĭm'-mŭn-an-i-ki. Sau-ŭk-o-mĭm'-mai-no-e-ni-ki. Sau-ŭk-o-mĭm'-mŭs-au-ai-e.

Positive.

Ŭk-o-mĭm'-mai-ni-ki-au, if I, or you, love them. Ŭk-o-mĭm'-mŭs-ax, if he loves them. Ŭk-o-mĭm'-mŭn-an-i-ki-au, if we love them. Ŭk-o-mĭm'-mai-no-e-ni-ki-au, if ye love them. Ŭk-o-mĭm'-mŭs-au-ax, if they love them.

Negative.

Sau-ŭk-o-mĭm'-mai-ni-ki-au. Sau-ŭk-o-mĭm'-mŭs-ax. Sau-ŭk-o-mĭm'-mŭn-an-i-ki-au. Sau-ŭk-o-mĭm'-mai-no-e-ni-ki-au. Sau-ŭk-o-mĭm'-mŭs-au-ax.

INVERSE.

Positive.

Ŭk-o-mĭm'-mots-e-ni-ki, if he loves me, or you. Ŭk-o-mĭm'-mŭs-ai-e, if he loves him. Ŭk-o-mĭm'-mots-in-an-i-ki, if he loves us. Ŭk-o-mĭm'-mots-e-no-ai-ni-ki, if he loves you (plu.). Ŭk-o-mĭm'-mŭs-ax, if he loves them.

Negative.

Sau-ŭk-o-mĭm'-mots-e-ni-ki. Sau-ŭk-o-mĭm'-mŭɛ-ai-e. Sau-ŭk-o-mĭm'-mots-ĭn-an-i-ki. Sau-ŭk-o-mĭm'-mots-e-no-ai-ni-ki. Sau-ŭk-o-mĭm'-mŭs-ax.

Positive.

Ŭk-o-mĭm'-mots-e-ni-ki-au, if they love me, or you. Ŭk-o-mĭm'-mŭs-au-ai-e, if they love him. Ŭk-o-mĭm'-mok-ĭs-si, if they love us. Ŭk-o-mĭm'-mots-e-ni-ki-au, if they love you (plu.). Ŭk-o-mĭm'-mŭs-au-ax, if they love them.

Negative.

Sau-ŭk-o-mĭm'-mots-e-ni-ki-au. Sau-ŭk-o-mĭm'-mŭs-au-ai-e. Sau-ŭk-o-mim'-mok-ĭs-si. Sau-ŭk-o-mĭm'-mots-e-ni-ki-au. Sau-ŭk-o-mĭm'-mŭs-ax.

FIRST AND SECOND PERSONS-DIRECT.

Positive.

Ŭk-o-mĭm'-mo-e-ni-ki, if I love you. Ŭk-o-mĭm'-mo-ai-no-ai-ni-ki, if I love you (plu.). Ŭk-o-mĭm'-mo-pĭn-an-i-ki, if we love you. Ŭk-o-mĭm'-mo-ai-no-ai-ni-ki, if we love you (plu.).

Sau-ŭk-o-mĭm'-mo-e-ni-ki. Sau-ŭk-o-mĭm'-mo-ai-no-ai-ni-ki. Sau-ŭk-o-mĭm'-mo-pĭn-an-i-ki. Sau-ŭk-o-mĭm'-mo-ai-no-ai-ni-ki.

INVERSE.

Positive.

Ŭk-o-mĭm'-mok-i-e-ni-ki, if thou lovest me. Ŭk-o-mĭm'-mok-i-e-no-ai-ni-ki, if ye love me. Ŭk-o-mĭm'-mok-ĭn-an-i-ki, if thou lovest us. Ŭk-o-mĭm'-mok-i-e-no-ai-ni-ki, if ye love us.

Negative.

Sau-ŭk-o-mĭm'-mok-i-e-ni-ki. Sau-ŭk-o-mĭm'-mok-i-e-no-ai-ni-ki. Sau-ŭk-o-mĭm'-mok-i-e-no-ai-ni-ki. Sau-ŭk-o-mĭm'-mok-i-e-no-ai-ni-ki.

PAST TENSE-DIRECT.

Positive.

Nit-ŭk'-o-mĭm-mau-o-pi, if I loved him.
Kit-ŭk'-o-mĭm-mau-o-pi, if you loved him.
Ŭk-o-mĭm'-mi-u-o-pi-ai-e, if he loved him.
Nit-ŭk'-o-mĭm-mŭn-an-o-pi, if we loved him.
Kit-ŭk'-o-mĭm-mau-au-o-pi, if ye loved him.
Ŭk-o-mĭm'-mi-u-o-pi-au-ai-e, if they loved him.

Negative.

Ni-kŭt'-ta-ŭk-o-mĭm-mau-o-pi. Ki-kŭt'-ta-ŭk-o-mĭm-mau-o-pi. Kŭt-ta-ŭk-o-mĭm'-mi-u-o-pi-ai-e. Ni-kŭt'-ta-ŭk-o-mĭm-mŭn-an-o-pi. Ki-kŭt'-ta-ŭk-o-mĭm-mau-au-o-pi. Kŭt-ta-ŭk-o-mim'-mi-u-o-pi-au-ai-e.

Positive.

Nit-ŭk'-o-mĭm-mau-o-pi-a 1, if I loved them.

Kit-ŭk'-o-mĭm-mau-o-pi-au, if you loved them.

Ŭk-o-mĭm'-mi-u-o-pi-ax, if he loved them.

Nit-ŭk'-o-mĭm-mŭn-an-o-pi-au, if we loved them.

Kit-ŭk'-o-mĭm-mau-au-o-pi-au, if ye loved them.

Ŭk-o-mĭm'-mi-u-o-pi-au-ax, if they loved them.

Negative.

Ni-kŭt'-ta-ŭk-o-mĭm-mau-o-pi-au.
Ki-kŭt'-ta-ŭk-o-mĭm-mau-o-pi-au.
Kŭt-ta-ŭk-o-mĭm'-mi-u-o-pi-ax.
Ni-kŭt'-ta-ŭk-o-mĭm-mŭn-an-o-pi-au.
Ki-kŭt'-ta-ŭk-o-mĭm-mau-au-o-pi-au.
Kŭt-ta-ŭk-o-mĭm'-mi-u-o-pi-au-ax.

INVERSE.

Positive.

Nit-ŭk'-o-mĭm-mok-o-pi, if he loved me.
Kit-ŭk'-o-mĭm-mok-o-pi, if he loved you.
Ŭk-o-mĭm'-mi-u-o-pi-ai-e, if he loved him.
Nit-ŭk'-o-mĭm-mok-in-an-o-pi, if he loved us.
Kit-ŭk'-o-mĭm-mok-o-au-o-pi, if he loved you.
Ŭk-o-mĭm'-mi-u-o-pi-ax, if he loved them.

Negative.

Ni-kŭt'-ta-ŭk-o-mĭm-mok-o-pi. Ki-kŭt'-ta-ŭk-o-mĭm-mok-o-pi. Kŭt-ta-ŭk-o-mĭm-mi-u-o-pi-ai-e. Ni-kŭt'-ta-ŭk-o-mĭm-mok-in-an-o-pi. Ki-kŭt'-ta-ŭk-o-mĭm-mok-o-au-o-pi. Kŭt-ta-ŭk-o-mĭm'-mi-u-o-pi-ax.

Positive.

Nit-ŭk'-o-mĭm-mok-o-pi-au, if they loved me.
Kit-ŭk'-o-mĭm-mok-o-pi-au, if they loved you.

Ŭk-o-mĭm'-mi-u-o-pi-ax, if they loved him.
Nit-ŭk'-o-mĭm-mok-ĭn-an-o-pi-au, if they loved us.
Kit-ŭk'-o-mĭm-mok-o-au-o-pi-au, if they loved you.

Ŭk-o-mĭm'-mi-u-o-pi-au-ax, if they loved them.

Negative.

Ni-kŭt'-ta-ŭk-o-mĭm-mok-o-pi-au. Ki-kŭt'-ta-ŭk-o-mĭm-mok-o-pi-au. Kŭt-ta-ŭk-o-mĭm'-mi-u-o-pi-ax. Ni-kŭt'-ta-ŭk-o-mĭm-mok-ĭn-an-o-pi-au. Ki-kŭt'-ta-uk-o-mĭm-mok-o-au-o-pi-au. Kut-ta-ŭk-o-mĭm'-mi-u-o-pi-au-ax.

FIRST AND SECOND PERSONS-DIRECT.

Positive.

Kit-ŭk'-o-mĭm-mo-to-pi, if I loved you. Kit-ŭk'-o-mĭm-mo-pu-au-o-pi, if I loved you (plu.). Kit-ŭk'-o-mĭm-mo-pĭn-an-o-pi, if we loved you (sing. and plu.).

Negative.

Ki-kŭt'-ta-ŭk-o-mĭm-mo-to-pi. Ki-kŭt'-ta-ŭk-o-mĭm-mo-pu-au-o-pi. Ki-kŭt'-ta-ŭk-o-mĭm-mo-pĭn-an-o-pi.

INVERSE.

Positive.

Kit-ŭk'-o-mĭm'-mok-i-to-pi, if you loved me. Kit-ŭk'-o-mĭm'-mok-i-pu-au-o-pi, if you (plu.) loved me. Kit-ŭk'-o-mĭm'-mok-i-pĭn-an-o-pi, if you (sing. and plu.) loved us.

Ki-kŭt'-ta-ŭk-o-mĭm-mok-i-to-pi. Ki-kŭt'-ta-uk-o-mĭm-mok-i-pu-au-o-pi. Ki-kŭt'-ta-ŭk-o-mĭm-mok-i-pin-an-o-pi.

FUTURE TENSE.

Positive.

Mak-ŭk-o-mĭm'-mai-ni-ki, if I shall love him.

Negative.

Sau-ak'-ŭk-o-mim-mai-ni-ki.

This tense is conjugated the same as the present tense of this mood, mak- always being prefixed to the positive, and sau-ak- to the negative.

Dubititive Mood.

PRESENT TENSE.

Positive.

Nŏks'-ka-kŭm-ŭk-o-mĭm-mau, it may be that I love him? Kŏks'-ka-kŭm-ŭk-o-mĭm-mau, it may be that you love him? Ŏks'-ka-kŭm-ŭk-o-mĭm-mi-u-ai-e, it may be that he loves him?

Nŏks'-ka-kŭm-ŭk-o-mĭm-mun-an, it may be that we love him? Kŏks'-ka-kŭm-ŭk-o-mĭm-mau-au, it may be that ye love him? Ŏks'-ka-kŭm-ŭk-o-mĭm-mi-au-ai-e, it may be that they love him?

Negative.

Nŏks'-ka-kŭm-sau-ŭk-o-mĭm-mau.
Kŏks'-ka-kŭm-sau-ŭk-o-mĭm-mau.
Ŏks'-ka-kŭm-sau-ŭk-o-mĭm-mi-u-ai-e.
Nŏks'-ka-kŭm-sau-ŭk-o-mĭm-mŭn-an.
Kŏks'-ka-kŭm-sau-ŭk-o-mĭm-mau-au.
Ŏks'-ka-kŭm-sau-ŭk-o-mĭm-mi-au-ai-e.

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lu.

To conjugate the whole of this tense follow the present indicative positive, and prefix nöks-ka-kům-, köks-ka-kům-, and öks-ka-kům-, to the root in place of the pronouns nit- and kit- for the positive, and insert sau as above for the negative form.

CONDITIONAL TENSE.

Positive.

I-kum-uk-o-mum-mai-ni-ki, if I love him?

Negative.

I-kŭm'-sau-ŭk-o-mĭm-mai-ni-ki.

FUTURE CONDITIONAL TENSE.

Positive.

Maks-i-kum-uk-o-mim-mai-ni-ki, if I shall love him?

Negative.

Maks-i-kŭm-sau-ŭk-o-mĭm-mai-ni-ki.

These two tenses are conjugated exactly the same as the indefinite, conditional, care being taken to prefix the distinguishing particles as given here.

PASSIVE VOICE.

The 1st singular, present tense, of the passive voice is formed from the inverse form of the transitive verb, animate form, by adding o to the "he—me" form; thus—

Nit-six-i-pok, he bit me; nit-six-i-pok-o, I am bitten.

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Indicative Mood.

PRESENT TENSE.

Positive.

1.	Singula	r		Nit-six-i-pok-o, I am bitten.
2.	"			Kit-six-i-pok-o, you are bitten.
3.	,,	an.		Six-i-pau, he is bitten.
	,,	inan.		Six-tsip, it is bitten.
	,,	Poss.	an.	Six-i-pai-in-a-ai, his, him is bitten.
	29	,,	inan.	Six-tsip-ai-e, his, it is bitten.
1.	Plural	(exel.)		Nit-six-i-puts-pin-an, we are bitten.
1.	27	(incl.)		Six-i-puts-pa, we are bitten.
2.	"			Kit-six-i-pok-o-au, ye are bitten.
3.	"	an.		Six-i-pai-au, they are bitten.
	,,	inan.		Six-tsip-i-au, they are bitten.

Negative.

1.	Singule	ar		Ni-mat-six-i-pok-o'-a.
2.	,,			Ki-mat-six-i-pok-o'-a.
3.	,,	an.		Mat-six-i-pau'-a.
	,,	inan.		Mat-six-tsip'-ats.
	"	$Poss_{ullet}$	an.	Mat-six-i-pau'-ats-in-a-ai.
	9.9		inan.	Mat-six-tsip'-ats-ai-e.
1.	Plural	(excl.)		Ni-mat-six-i-puts-pin-an-a.
2.	"	(incl.)		Mat-six-i-puts-pa.
3.	,,			Ki-mat-six-i-pok-o-au-a.
3.	>>	an.		Mat-six-i-pau'-ax-au.
	"	inan.		Mat-six-tsip'-ĕsts.

PERFECT TENSE.

Positive.

1.	Singula	ir	Ni-kai'-six-i-pok-o, I have been bitte	on
2.	"	•	Ki-kai'-six-i-pok-o, you have be	en.
			bitten.	010
3.	29	an.	Ek-ai-six-i-pau, he has been bitten	<i>t</i> .
	,,	inan.	Ek-ai-six-tsip, it has been bitten.	
	77	Poss.		as
			$been\ bitten.$	
	,,	"	inan. Ek-ai-six-tsip-ai-e, his, it has be	en
			bitten.	
1.	Plural	(excl.)	* *	we
			been bitten.	
1.	,,	(incl.)	Ek-ai-six-i-puts-pi, we have be	en
			bitten.	
2.	7 7		Ki-kai'-six-i-pok-o-au, ye have be	en
			bitten.	
3,	**	an.	Ek-ai-six-ai-pai-au, they have be	en
			bitten.	
	12	inan.	Ek-ai-six-tsip-i-au, they have be	en
			bitten.	

Negative.

1.	Singule	r	Ni-mats-ek-ai-sĭx-i-pok-o-a.
2.	,,		Ki-mats-ek-ai-six-i-pok-o-a.
	"	an.	Mats-ek-ai-six-i-pau-a.
	• • •	in an.	Mats-ek-ai-six-tsip-ats.
	,,	Poss.	
	,,	,,	inan. Mats-ek-ai-six-tsip'-ats-ai-e.
1.	Plural	(excl.)	Ni-mats-ek-ai-six-i-puts-pin-an-a.
1.	,,	(incl.)	Mats-ek-ai-six-i-puts-pa.
2.	,,		Ki-mats-ek-ai-six-i-pok-o-au-a.
3.	37	an.	Mats-ek-ai-six-i-pau-ax-au,
	"	inan.	Mats-ek-ai-six-tsip'-ĕsts.

FUTURE TENSE.

Positive.

1. Singular Nit-ai-ak-six-i-pok-o, I shall be bitten.

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Negative.

Ni-mat-ak-six-i-pok-o-a.

Conditional Mood.

PRESENT TENSE.

				Positive.
1.	Singul	ar	\mathbf{N}	it-six-i-pok-o-o-pi, if I am bitten.
2.	,,		\mathbf{K}	it-six-i-pok-o-o-pi, if you are bitten.
3.	"	an.		Six-i-pau'-o-pi, if he is bitten.
	"	inan.		Six-tsi'-to-pi, if it is bitten.
	"	Poss.	an.	Six-i-pau'-op-in-a-ai, if his, him are bitten.
	"	,,	inan.	Six-tsi'-to-pi-ai-e, if his, it are bitten.
1.	Plural	(excl.)	N	Tit-six-i-puts-pin-an-o-pi, if we are bitten.
1.	,,	(incl.)		Six-i-puts'-to-pi, if we are bitten.
2.	,,	` ′	K	kit-six-i-pok-au-o-pi, if ye are bitten.
3.	"	an.		Six-i-pau'-o-pi-au, if they are bitten.
	,,	inan.		Six-tsi'-to-pi-au, if they are bitten.
				Negative.
1.	Singular		Ni	-kŭt'-tai-six-i-pok-o-o-pi.
2.	,,		Ki	-kŭt'-tai-six-i-pok-o-o-pi.
3.	,,	an.		Kŭt'-tai-six-i-pau'-o-pi.
	,,	inan.		Kŭt-tai-six-tsi-to-pi.

Kŭt-tai-six-i-pau-op-in-a-ai.

inan. Kŭt-tai-six-tsi-to-pi-ai-e.

Poss. an.

- 1. Plural (excl.) Ni-kŭt-tai-six-i-puts-pin-an-o-pi.
- 1. ,, (incl.) Kŭt'-tai-six-i-puts'-to-pi.
- 2. " Ki-kŭt-tai-six-i-pok-au-o-pi.
- 3. ,, an. Kut-tai-six-i-pau-o-pi-au. , inan. Kut-tai-six-tsi-to-pi-au.

FUTURE TENSE.

Positive.

1. Singular Nit-ai-ak-six-i-pok-o-o-pi, if I shall be bitten.

Negative.

Ni-kŭt'-tai-ak-six-i-pok-o-o-pi.

All the other tenses can be easily formed, by prefixing the distinguishing particles to the root.

REFLECTIVE FORM.

The reflective form of the verb follows the first conjugation of the intransitive verb. The third person singular always ends in *si-u*.

Indicative Mood.

PRESENT TENSE.

Positive.

- 1. Singular Nit-ŭk-o-mim-mo-si, I love myself.
- 2. ,, Kit-jik-o-mim-mo-si, you love yourself.
- 3. " Ük-o-mĭm-mo-si-u, he loves himself.
 - ,, Poss. Ŭk-o-mĭm-mo-si-in-ai, his, him loves himself.
- 1. Plural (excl.) Nit-ŭk-o-mĭm-mos-pin-an, we love ourselves.
- 1. ,, (incl.) Ŭk-o-mĭm-mos-op, we love ourselves.
- 2. ,, Kit-ŭk-o-mĭm-mos-pu-au, ye love yourselves.
- 3. ,, Ŭk-o-mĭm-mos-i-au, they love them-selves.

Negative.

1. 7	Singular	Ni-mat-ŭk-o-mĭm-mos-pa.
2.	,,	Ki-mat-ŭk-o-mĭm-mos-pa.
3.	"	Mat-ŭk-o-mĭm-mos-i-u-ats.
	,, $Poss.$	Mat-ŭk-o-mĭm-mos-i-u-ats-in-ai.
1. <i>I</i>	Plural (excl.)	Ni-mat-ŭk-o-mĭm-mos-pin-an-a.
1.	,, (incl.)	Mat-ŭk-o-mĭm-mos-op-a.
2.	"	Ki-mat-ŭk-o-mĭm-mos-pu-au-a.
3.	,,	Mat-ŭk-o-mĭm-mos-i-au-ax-au.

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The other tenses are conjugated in the same way. The tense particles must be inserted before the root of the verb, as in the first conjugation of the intransitive verb.

Imperative Mood.

Positive.

	Positive.
2. Singular	Ŭk-o-mĭm'-mos-it, leve yourself.
3. "	Ŭn-an-ist-ŭk-o-mĭm'-mos-i, let him love
	himself.
1. Plural $(\epsilon xcl.)$	Ŭn-ni-nŏk'-ŭn-an-ist-ŭk-o-mĭm-mos-pin-
	an, let us love ourselves.
1. " (incl.)	Un-ni-nök-ŭn-an-ist-ŭk-o-mim-mos-op,
	let us love ourselves.
2. ,,	Ŭk-o-mĭm'-mos-ik, love ye yourselves.
3. ,,	Un-an-ist-ŭk-o-mĭm'-mos-au, let them
	love themselves.

Negative.

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2.	Singular	Pin-ŭk-o-mĭm'-mos-it.
3.	,,	Pin-ŭk-o-mĭm'-mos-i.
	$Plural\ (excl.)$	Nök-stau-ŭk-o-mĭm-mos-pĭn-an.
1.	,, (incl.)	Ŏk-stau-ŭk-o-mĭm-mos-op.
2.	"	Pin-ŭk-o-mĭm-mos-ik.
3.	,,	Pin-ŭk-o-mĭm-mos-au.

Subjunctive Mood.

PRESENT AND PAST TENSE.

Positive.

1. Singular	Nök-ük-o-mim-mos-i, that I may, or might,
	love myself.

- 2. ,, Kök-ŭk-o-mĭm-mos-i, that you may, or might, love yourself.
- 3. ,, Mök-ŭk-o-mĭm-mos-ai-e, that he may, or might, love himself.
 - ,, Poss. Mök-ŭk-o-mĭm-mos-i-in-ai, that he may, or might, love himself.
- 1. Plural (excl.) Nök-ŭk-o-mĭm-mos-pĭn-an, that we may, or might, love ourselves.
- 1. ,, (incl.) Ŏk-ŭk-o-mĭm-mos-o-ĭs-si, that we may, or might, love ourselves.
- 2. ,, Kök-ŭk-o-mĭm-mos-pu-au, that ye may, or might, love yourselves.
- 3. " Mŏk-ŭk-o-mĭm-mos-au, that they may, or might, love themselves.

Negative.

- 1. Singular. Nŏk'-stai-ŭk-o-mĭm-mos-i.
- 2. Kŏk-stai-ŭk-o-mĭm-mos-i.
- 3. " Mŏk-stai-ŭk-o-mĭm-mos-ai-e.
- ,, Poss. Mŏk-stai-ŭk-o-mĭm-mos-i-in-ia.
- 1. Plural (excl.) Nŏk-stai-ŭk-o-mĭm-mos-pin-an.
- 1. " (incl.) Ŏk-stai-ŭk-o-mĭm-mos-o-ĭs-si.
- 2. "Kŏk-stai-ŭk-o-mĭm-mos-pu-au.
- 3. " Mŏk-stai-ŭk-o-mĭm-mos-au.

Potential Mood.

PRESENT TENSE.

Positive.

Nit-o-kot-ŭk-o-mĭm-mos-i, I can love myself.

Negative.

Ni-mat-o-kot-ŭk-o-mĭm-mos-pa.

ANOTHER FORM.

Positive.

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Nit-ŭs-kak-ŭk-o-mĭm-mos-i, I can love myself.

'Negative.

Ni-mat-ŭs-kak-ŭk-o-mĭm-mos-pa.

FUTURE TENSE.

Positive.

Nit-ak-a-kot-ŭk-o-mĭm-mos-i, I shall be able to love myself.

Negative.

Ni-mat-ak-o-kot-ŭk-o-mim-mos-pa.

PLUPERFECT TENSE.

Positive.

Nok-stait-uk-o-mim-mos-to-pi, I would have loved myself.

Negative.

Nŏk-stait-sau-ŭk-o-mĭm-mos-to-pi.

These tenses follow the corresponding ones in the 1st conjugation of the intransitive verb.

Conditional Mood.

INDEFINITE TENSE.

Positive.

Ŭk-o-mim-mos-e-ni-ki, if, or when, I love myself.

Negative.

Sau-ŭk-o-mĭm-mos-e-ni-ki.

PAST TENSE.

Positive.

Nit-ŭk'-o-mim-mos-to-pi, if I loved myself.

Negative.

Ni-kŭt'-ta-ŭk-o-mĭm-mos-to-pi.

FUTURE TENSE.

Positive.

Mak-ŭk-o-mĭm-mos-e-ni-ki, if I shall love myself.

Negative.

Sau-ak'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mos-e-ni-ki.

The above tenses follow the corresponding ones in the conditional mood of the intransitive verb.

Dubitative Mood.

PRESENT TENSE.

Positive.

Nöks-ka-küm-ük-o-mim-mos-i, it may be I love myself?

Negative.

Nŏks-ka-kŭm-sau-ŭk-o-mĭm-mos-i.

CONDITIONAL TENSE.

Positive.

I-kŭm-ŭk-o-mĭm-mos-e-ni-ki, if I love myself?

Negative.

I-kŭm-sau-ŭk-o-mĭm-mos-e-ni-ki.

FUTURE CONDITIONAL TENSE.

Positive.

Maks-i-kum uk-o-mim-mos-e-ni-ki, if I shall love myself.

Negative.

Maks-i-kŭm-sau-ŭk-o-mĭm-mos-e-ni-ki.

RECIPROCAL FORM.

Indicative Mood.

PRESENT TENSE.

Positive.

- 1. Plural (excl.) Nit-ŭk-o-mĭm-mo-tse-i-pĭn-an, we love one another.
- 1. ,, (incl.) Ŭk-o-mĭm-mo-tse-i-op, we love one another.
- 2. " Kit-ŭk-o-mĭm-mo-tse-i-pu-au, ye love one another.
- 3. ,, Ŭk-o-mĭm-mo-tse-i-au, they love one another.

Negative.

- 1. Plural (excl.) Ni-mat-ŭk-o-mim-mo-tse-i-pin-an-a.
- 1. ,, (incl.) Mat-ŭk-o-mĭm-mo-tse-i-op-a.

the

- 2. " Ki-mat-ŭk-o-mĭm-mo-tse-i-pu-au-a.
- 3. ,, Mat-ŭk-o-mĭm-mo-tse-i-au-ax-au.

Imperative Mood.

- 1. Plural (excl.) Ŭn-ni-nŏk'-un-an-ist-ŭk-o-mĭm-mo-tse-ipĭn-an, let us love one another.
- 1. ,, (incl.) Ŏk-ŭn-ŭk-o-mšm-mo-tse-i-op, let us love one another.
- 2. " Ük-o-mim'-mo-tse-ik, love ye one another.
- 3. " Un-an-ĭst-ŭk-o-mĭm-mo-tse-ĭs-au, let them love one another.

Negative.

- 1. Plural (excl.) Nök-stai'-ŭk-o-mim-mo-tse-i-pin-an-a.
- 1. .. (incl.) Ŏk-stai'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mo-tse-i-op.
- 2. Pin-ŭk-o-mĭm-mo-tse-ik.
- 3. ,, Pin-ŭk-o-mĭm'-mo-tse-ĭs-au.

Potential Mood.

PRESENT TENSE.

Positive.

Nit-o-kot-ŭk-o-mim-mo-tse-i-pin-an, we can love one another.

Negative.

Ni-mat-o-kot-ŭk-o-mĭm-mo-tse-i-pĭn-an-a.

ANOTHER FORM.

Positive.

Nit-ŭs-kak-ŭk-o-mĭm-mo-tse-i-pĭn-an, we can love one another.

Negative.

Ni-mat-ŭs-kak-ŭk-o-mim-mo-tse-i-pin-an-a.

FUTURE TENSE.

Positive.

Nit-ak-o-kot-ŭk-o-mĭm-mo-tse-i-pĭn-an, we shall be able to love one another.

Negative.

Ni-mat-ak-o-kot-ŭk-o-mĭm-mo-tse-i-pĭn-an-a.

PLUPERFECT TENSE.

Positive.

Nŏk-stait-ŭk-o-mĭm-mo-tse-i-pĭn-an-o-pi, we would have loved one another.

Negative.

Nŏk-stait-sau-ŭk-o-mĭm-mo-tse-i-pĭn-an-o-pi.

Subjunctive Mood.

Positive.

Nök-ŭk-o-mĭm-mo-tse-i-pĭn-an, that we may, or might, love one another.

Negative.

 $\textbf{N} \breve{\textbf{o}} \textbf{k-stai-} \breve{\textbf{u}} \textbf{k-o-} \\ \textbf{m} \breve{\textbf{i}} \textbf{m-} \textbf{mo-} \\ \textbf{tse-} \ddot{\textbf{i}} - \breve{\textbf{p}} \breve{\textbf{i}} \textbf{n-} \\ \textbf{an-} \\ \textbf{a}.$

Conditional Mood.

PRESENT TENSE.

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Positive.

- 1. Plural (excl.) Ŭk-o-mĭm'-mo-tse-in-an-i-ki, if we love one another.
- 1. " (incl.) Ŭk-o-mĭm'-mo-tse-i-ok-i, if we love one another.

Negative.

Sau-ŭk-o-mĭm'-mo-tse-ĭn-an-i-ki. Sau-ŭk-o-mĭm'-mo-tse-i-ok-i.

PAST TENSE.

Positive.

Nit-ŭk-o-mĭm-mo-tse-i-pĭn-an-o-pi, if we loved one another.

Negative.

Ni-kŭt'-ta-ŭk-o-mĭm-mo-tse-i-pĭn-an-o-pi.

FUTURE TENSE.

Positive.

Mak-ŭk-o-mĭm-mo-tse-in-an-i-ki, if we shall love one another.

Negative.

Sau-ak-ŭk-o-mĭm-mo-tse-in-an-i-ki.

Dubitative Mood.

PRESENT TENSE.

Positive.

Nŏks'-ka-kŭm-ŭk-o-mĭm-mo-tse-i-pĭn-an, it may be, we love one another?

Negative.

Nŏks'-ka-kŭm-sau-ŭk-o-mĭm-mo-tse-i-pin-an.

CONDITIONAL TENSE.

Positive.

I-kum'-uk-o-mim-mo-tse-in-an-i-ki, if we love one another?

Negative.

I-kŭm'-sau-ŭk-o-mĭm-mo-tse-in-an-i-ki.

FUTURE CONDITIONAL TENSE.

Positive.

Maks-i-kŭm'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mo-tse-in-an-i-ki, if we shall love one another?

Negative.

Maks-i-kŭm-sau-ŭk-o-mĭm-mo-tse-in-an-i-ki.

All the above tenses, in their prefixes and affixes, follow the corresponding tenses in the first conjugation of the intransitive verb.

CAUSATIVE FORM.

The causative form of the verb corresponds with the first conjugation of the verb, transitive animate. It has a distinguishing particle, ats; as—

I cause you to be angry, kit-ŭs'-tse-tŭk-ki-ats-o.

ACCOMMODATIVE FORM.

This form of the verb follows the third conjugation of the verb, transitive animate. Its distinguishing particle is mo; as—

Write for me, sĭn'-am-mo-kit.

ADVERB.

Adverbs are of two kinds, those which exist separate from the verb, and those which are but particles prefixed to the verb. The latter kind will be recognized in the following list by the hyphen attached.

I. ADVERBS OF INTERROGATION.

Tsan-ĭs-tsi', when was it?
Tsan-ĭs-tsĭs', when will it be?
Ŭn'-ats, where is he, or it?
Ki-mok-ks, why?
Tse'-ma, where?
Tsa'-a, how?
Tsan-ets-ĭm'-ats, tsan-ets-o'-ats, how many? how much?

II. ADVERBS OF TIME.

An-nok', ŭn-stok', now.
An-nok'-ksĭs-tsi-ku-i, to-day.
Ai-sŭm-mo-yi, a long time ago.
Ma-to'-mots, formerly.
Ŭk'-ai-, already.
Sa-ko'-okhts, afterwards.
Mat-tŭn'-ni, yesterday.
Mat-tŭn'-nis, ap-i-nŏk'-wĭs, to-morrow.
Kap-, often.
Kĭp'-pi-, shortly, soon, in a short time.
Ŭsk'-sai-, Ŭsks-, always.
Tŭm-, then.
An-ĭs'-tsi-ksĭs-tsi-ku-ĭsts, everyday, daily.
Sa-ki-, yet, still.

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III. ADVERBS OF PLACE.

An-nom', here. Om-im', there. As-tots'-im ne.

As-tots'-im, near.

Pakh-ksis-tots'-im, sideways.

An-o'-to-tots-im, on this side.

O-mi'-ta-pots-im, on that side.

Ap,'-ŭm-ots-im, ap-ŭm-, across the river.

Sui-, under the water.

Mot-, mot-ai-, an-is'-to-muk-, everywhere, all over.

Spots'-im, spi-, above.

Kse-u-ots'-im, below.

Stakhts'-im, beneath.

Ke-tots'-im, on the hill.

Ŭn-ĭs-tŭp-, on one side.

Si-sup-pok-, through.

Kai-ĭst, abreast.

IV. ADVERBS OF QUANTITY.

Un'-na-to-si, few.

A-kau-o', much.

Ai-i-tsĭn'-i-ka, kŏn-, entirely, altogether.

Ŭn', it is enough.

V. ADVERBS OF QUALITY AND MANNER.

Ne-to'-yi, alike.

No-ke'-tsim, differently.

Mo-kŏm'-ots, mo-kŏm'-, in a straight line.

Mat-, a'-at-, again.

Eks'-ka-, very.

I-kĭn'-, slowly, gently, softly.

Kĭp-, quickly.

Ksis-tots', gratuitously, without cause or design.

Sim-mi-, secretly.

Nit-, alone.

Pats-, wrong. Ksĭs'-tap-i, to no purpose. Ap-, about.

VI. ADVERBS OF AFFIRMATION.

A, yes. E'-mŭn-i, truly.

VII. ADVERBS OF NEGATION.

Sa, no.

Mat-a, mat-ats, mat-ats-ax, mat-ax-au, not (used in indicative and potential moods of the verb).

Pin-, pini-, min-, mini-, not (used with imperatives).

-Stai-, not (used in subjunctive mood and in the negative interrogative form of the verb).

Sau-, not (used in the pluperfect, potential, and in the conditional and dubititive moods.

Kŭt'-tai-, not (used in past tense of the conditional mood.

VIII. ADVERBS OF DOUBT.

Tsök'tau, tsim-ök'-tau, perhaps.

Öks'-ka-kum-, perhaps; it may be (used in the dubitative mood, present tense, of the verb).

Examples of the use of adverbial particles.

Ŭk-ai-tăp-po, he has already gone.

Ai-kap'-i-au-yi-u, he eats often.

Nit-ak-kip-pi-tap-po, I will go there for a short time.

Kit-ŭsk'-sai-puk-si-pu, you always come here.

Kit-ak-o-tum'-an-is-to, I will then tell you.

Sa-ki-ai'-ok-au, he is still sleeping.

Nīt-ap'-ŭm-auts, I swim across the water.

Sui-a'-pĭx-it, throw it into the water.

Mot-ai'-i-to-pi-u, he is everywhere.

An-ĭs-to-mŭk-ap-au-au-ŏk-au, he walks about everywhere.

Ŭn-ĭs-tŭp'-i-pĭx-it, throw it on one side.

Si-sŭp-pok'-so-tau, it rains through.

I-kŏn-ots'-ĭm-ai-e, he took it entirely.

Mat'-an-ĭs-tsĭs, tell him again.

Nit-a'-at-an-ĭs-tau, I told him again.

Eks'-ka-ŏkh-si-u, it is very good.

I-kĭn'-au-au-ŏk-at, walk gently.

Nit-ak'-kĭp-i-tap-po, I will go there quickly.

Sĭm-mi-ai'-ko-tsi-u-ai-e, he gave it to him secretly.

Pats'-ĭs-tuts-ĭm-ai-e, he did it wrong.

Ksĭs-tap-i-e-pu-yi-u, he speaks to no purpose.

Pok-au'-yi-mi-u-ai-e, he eats with him.

CONJUNCTION.

Ki, and, but, etc. Tŭk'-ka, because.

PREPOSITION.

Pis-tots'-im, within.
So-auts'-im, outside.
O'-tŭk-ots-im, around.
As-tots'-im, close to.
I-tŭt'-si-kats-im, in the middle, or centre.
Is-sc-ots', is'-sots-im, before, ahead of.
A-pŭt'-tos-ots, behind, at the back of.
Kse-u-ots'-im, below.
Stakhts'-im, beneath, under.

PREPOSITIONAL PARTICLES.

I-tokh-, upon. Is-tsĭps'-ts-, within. Sŭp-, into. Sai-, outside. Ksis-tŭk-, over. Mut-, from. Mut-, with (instrumental). Pok-, with, together with.

Examples of prepositional particles prefixed to the verb.

Nit-si-tau-pi-u, he stays alone.

Mĭstsĭs i-tokh'-i-tau-pi-u, he sits upon the wood.

A-pĭs' nap'-i-o-yĭs ĭs-tsĭps'-ts-a-pĭx-it, throw the rope inside the house.

Is-tsi-an'-a-kŏs it-sŭp'-o-pi-u, he got into the train.

Sai'-pix-it, throw it outside.

Ksis-tük'-a-pix-it nap'-i-o-yis, throw it over the house.

Mo-kins'-tsis ni-mut'-o-to, I have come from the Elbow River.

Mis-tsis ni-mut'-au-ai-ak-i-au, I hit him with a stick.

INTERJECTION.

The following are in constant use—

Ki'-ka, wait!
Sat-sit, look!
Ni-u'-akh, look out!
Kŭk-ku', go!
Ok'-i, now!
Ma, here!
Mĭs'-ta-put, begone!

n n a in p p p p p p so p in e c a

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PRONUNCIATION.

a as a in father.

e ,, a ,, hate.

i ,, i ,, pique.

o ,, o ,, note.

u ,, u ,, rule.

ai as i in pike.

au ,, ou ,, bough.

aw ,, aw ,, law.

The accent (') requires the syllable preceding it to be emphasized.

ABBREVIATIONS.

n., noun.
n. an., noun animate.
n. ina., noun inanimate.
an., animate.
ina., inanimate.
pro. pers., personal pronoun.
pro. poss., possessive pronoun.
pro. dem., demonstrative pronoun.
pro. indef., indefinite pronoun.
pro. rel., relative pronoun.
sing., singular.
pl., plural.
incl., inclusive.
excl., exclusive.
adj., adjective.

num. adj, numeral adjective.
partic. adj., adjective particle.
v., verb.
v. impers., verb impersonal.
v. recipr., verb reciprocal.
v. reflect., verb reflective.
v. int., verb intransitive.
v. t. ina., verb transitive, inanimate.
v. t. an., verb transitive, animate.
v. pass., verb passive.
adv., adverb.
adv. partic., adverb particle.
conj., conjunction.
prep., preposition.

prep. partic., preposition particle interj. interjection.

The numbers after v. int., v. t. an., and v. t. ina., refer to the conjugations.

${f A}$

Abide, v. int. 1. Abide thou, staupit; I abide, nitsitau'pi; he abides, itau'piu.

v. t. an. 1. Abide with me, pokau'pimokit; abide with him, pokau'pimis; I abide with you, kitopokau'pimo; he abides with him, ipokau'pimiuaie.

Abiding, n. abstr., staupi'sĭnni; abiding with, pokau'pimsĭnni.

Able, kots-, sign of the present tense, potential mood.

Abode, n. ina. My abode, no ko'ai; your abode, koko'ai; his abode, o ko'ai.

About, adv. partic., ap-, in composition only; as, he walks about, ap'auauŏkau.

Above, adv. and prep., spots'im.

Abscess, n. ina., ikikan'. I have an abscess, nitsikikan.

Abreast, adv. partic., kaišst-, in composition only; as, they stand abreast, kaišst'tuipuyiau; they come in abreast, kaišst'totaipiiau

Absent, v. int. 5. He is absent (not present), matsinakuaiim'ats. See "Present."

v. int. 1 (long). Be thou long absent, ai'sŭmsit; I am long absent, nitai'sŭmsi; he is long absent, ai'sŭmsiu.

Accept. See "Take."

Accidentally, adv. partic., pats-; he did it accidentally, pats'istuts im ai e.

Accompany, v.t. an. 1. Accompany me, pokom'okit; accompany him, pokom's; I accompany you, kitopokom'o; he accompanieshim, ipokom'iuaie. (N.B. Instead of accompany me, pokom'okit, let us go together, ŏkunopokau'op, is generally used.)

Ache, v. impers. It aches, ŭs'tsiu; I have headache, nitŭs'tsis pi.

Across, adv. Across land, is ki tauotsi; across water, ap'ŭmotsim; he crosses water, i pŭmots'imaie; it is placed across (at right angles), au'wiitsiu, (not at right angles), a'tsīs tuitsiu.

Active, v. int. 1. Be thou active, ksissup'itsissit; I amactive, nit siksissup'itsissi; he is active, ksissup'itsissiu.

Activity, n. abstr., ksissup'itsissin-

Adze, n. an., apŭx'ĭstoxokaxakin. Afar, adv., pie'tsi, pio'. It is afar, pie'tsiu.

Affirm. See "Say."

Afore, prep., ma to' mots. Aforetime, adv., ai sum' mo vi.

Afraid. Be afraid, koput'; I am afraid, nitai'kopu; he is afraid, ai'kopum.

Afraid, being, n. abstr. (fear), kopu'sĭn ni.

After, prep. partic., aiksistse'i- or aiksist'-, used in composition only; as, aiksist'oyeniki, after I cat.

Afterwards, adv., sako'okhts.

Again, adv. partic., mat-, matsis-, used only in composition; as, come here again, mat si puk' si put; sing again, mat' sistaini kit.

Age, n. ina. What is your age? (literally, How many are your winters?) Tsan'e sima kit'stuyimists?

Aim, v. int. 1. Aim thou, makh'ŭkumit; I aim, nitai'akhŭkumi; he aims, ai'akhŭkumiu; aiming, makh'ŭkum sĭnni.

Aim at, v. t. an. 2. Aim at me, makh'ŭkumŭkkit; aim at him, makh'ŭkumŭttsis; I aim at you, kitai'akhŭkumŭtto; he aims at him, ai'akhŭkumŭttsiuaie.

Alcohol, n. ina., nap' iokh ke.

Alive. See "Live still."

All, adj. partic., konai'-, konau'-, used in composition only; as, all the people, konai'tappix; all the days, konai'ksis tsi kuists.

All over, v, int. 1 (every where). It is all over, motu'yiu; mot- in composition; as, moto muk si kĭmmi, the sea.

right right ctive, e, nit

e, nit ctive,

ĭssĭn-

akin. afar,

I am fraid,

), koe'i- or

sition after

atsis-, ; as, si put;

age? your it'stu-

ch'ŭkcumi; aim-

at me, t him, at you, ims as e.

on au'-,
as, all
c; all
uists.
re). It
aut- in
si kĭm-

Alone, adv. partic., nit-, used in composition; I am living alone, ni nit' saki ai tappi.

Alone, v. int. 1. Be alone, nitsitai' tappiit; I am alone, ninit'sitappi; he is alone, nit'sitappiu.

Alone, being, n. abstr., nit si tap' pii sĭn ni.

Aloud, adv partic., soks-, used in composition only; as, he speaks aloud, aisokse'puyiu.

Also. See "Again."

Alum, n. ina., sakuk'ku tuinat si; ksixinat'si-saam'.

Always, adv partic., usk sai-, usk-sau-, in composition only; as, you are always begging, kit ŭsk' sau-kŏmŏni.

Amaze, v. int. 1. Be amazed, skai'etŭkkit; I am amazed, nit'skaietŭkki; he is amazed, skaie'tŭkkiu.

Amazed at, v. t. an. 1. Be amazed at me, skaiĭm'mokit; be amazed at him, skaiĭm'mĭs; I am amazed at you, kitŭs'skaiīmmo; he is amazed at him, skaiĭm'miuaie.

Amazement, n. abstr., skai e' tŭk sĭnni.

American, n. an., omŭx'ĭstoapie-kuŭn.

And, conj. ki.

Auger, n. abstr., is tse'tük sin ni; müx in a' sin ni.

Angry, v. int. 1. Be angry, istse'tük kit; I am angry, nits is' tsetük ki; he is angry, is' tsetükki u.

v. int. 6. Be angry, muxinat'; I am angry, nituxin'a; he is angry, aux'inau, or muxinum'.

Angry with, v. t. an. 1. Be angry with me, is tsim' mokit; be angry with him, is tsim' mis; I am angry with you, kit us' tsim mo; he is angry with him, us' tsim miu ai e.

Angry, make, v. t. an. 1. Make me angry, istse'tūk kiatsokit; make him angry, istse'tūk kiats'is; I make you angry, kitūs'tsetūk kiatso; he made him angry, istse'tūk kiatsiuaie.

Ankle-bone, n. ina. My ankle-bone, ni ko' ksi kĭn ŭk ke pi.

Another (in addition), stsik'i.

Another (different), noke'tsim; it is another, noke'tsiu.

Ant, n. an, is ksĭn'au; pl., is ksĭn'ax.

Antelope, n. an., $au'a k \ddot{o}s$; pl., au'- $a k \ddot{o}s i x$.

Apple, n. an., a' pūs tām ĭn ūm; pl., a' pūs tam ĭn ūm ix.

Apple (dried), n. ina., okh'tokinatsi; pl., okh'tokinatsists.

Apron, n. ina., otsīs'tatsīs; pl., otsīs' tatsists.

Arise, v. int. 2. Arise thou, nipuat'; I arise, nitsipuau'; he arises, aipuau.

Arising, n. abstr., ni puau'sĭnni.
Arm, n. ina., motsĭm'in; pl., motsĭm'ists; he has long arms, ino'tsiminiu; he has short arms, sakhs t-ĭm'iniu; he has bare arms, its kĭstsĭm'ĭniu.

Arm-pit, n. ina., moksĭs'si; my arm-pit, noksĭs'si.

Around, prep., otŭkots'i.

adv. partic., otăk-, in composition; as, he jumped around, otăk'opai pi u.

Arrest. See "Hold."

Arrival, n. abstr., o to' sin ni.

Arrive, v. int. 3. Arrive thou, otoat; I arrive, nitoto; he arrives, ito'to, or ito; has he not arrived? kŭt'tauomotoats? when will he arrive? Tsanistsïs akit otoats? he will arrive to-morrow, appinŏk'wis aiakoto.

Arrow, n. ina., nop'psiu; pl., nop'psiists.

Artery, n. an, o'tumustsi; pl., o'tumustsix.

Ascend, v. int. 3. Ascend thou, a-misso'at; I ascend, nita'misso; he ascends, a'misso.

Ascending n, abstr., a mis so's in ni.

Ashamed, v. int. 1. Be thou ashamed, isstu'yĭsit; I am ashamed, nitŭs'stuyis; he is ashamed, isstu'yĭsiu.

Ashamed of, v. t. an. 2. Be thou ashamed of me, isstuyĭs'sŭk kit; be thou ashamed of him, isstuyĭs'satsĭs; I am ashamed of you, kitŭs'stuyĭs satto; he is ashamed of him, isstuyĭs'sattsi uaie.

Ashe, n. ina., maix'skětsi; pl., maix'skětsists.

Ask. See " Enquire, Tell."

Ass, n. an., mŭk kau' mŭk sto ki; pl., mŭk kau' mŭk sto kix.

Astonish. See "Amaze."

Auger, n. an., itau aw'kŭn ix ak i opi; pl., -pix.

Aunt.

Autumn, adv., moku'. It is autumn, au'oku; in the autumn, mokus'si.

Await for, v. t. an. 3. Await thou for me, okh'kokit; await thou for him, okh'kos; I await for you, kitai'okhko; he awaits for him, ai'okhkoyi u ai e.

Awaiting for, n. abstr., okh' koksin ni.

Awake. See "Wake."

Awl, n. an., moksis'; pl., moksix'.

Axe, n. an., kaxa'kin; pl., -kix.

Axe helve, n. ina., sa pi'kum an ; pl., an ists.

В.

Babe, n. an., is sit's im an.

Bachelor, n. an., man'i köppi; I am a bachelor, nitan'i köppi; he is a bachelor, man'i köppiu.

Back, n. ina. (of body), mokŏkĭn'.

prep. (of a tent or house), okĭt'si katsim.

Back, go. See "Return."

Backbite, v. t. an. 1. Backbite thou me, ai'sĭm ĭm mo kit; backbite thou him, ai'sĭm ĭm mis; I backbite you, kitai'sĭm ĭm mo; he backbites him, ai'sĭm ĭm mi uaie.

Backbiter, n. an., ai'sĭmĭmmŭki-

Backbiting, n. abstr., simim'mŭksin ni. Backbone, n. ina., makŭkke'kĭn. Backwards, adv., apŭt'to sots.

Backwards, go, v. int. 3. Go thou backwards, a pǔt'to soat; I go backwards, nitau'a pǔt to so; he goes backwards, au'a pǔt to so.

Backwards, going, n. obstr., a puttososin ni.

Bacon, n. ina., ak sĭn no' sŭk.

Bad, n. ina. (dirty, putrid), maka'pi; it is bad, maka'piu.
v. int. 6. He is bad (wicked),

mŭx ĭn ŭm'.

Badger, n. an., mi'sĭn skio.

Bag, $n.\ ina.$, skinne'tsiman; pl.,
-manists; skinets'aksin; pl.,
-aksists.

Baggage, n. ina., nimiap'ists; my baggage, nitsimiap'sem ists.

Bail, v. t. ina. 2 (as water out of a boat). Bail thou it, ai's a su yĭnit; I bail it, nitai's a su yĭnip; he bails it, ai's a su yĭnim ai e.

Bailing, n. abstr., sa'su yĭn ŭksinni. Bake, v. int. 2. Bake thou, ke tat'; I bake, nitai'ke ta; he bakes, ai'ket au.

Bake, for, v. t. an. 3. Bake thou for me, ke'tokit; bake thou for him, ke'tos; I bake for you, kitai'keto; he bakes for him, ai'ketu yi uai e.

Bake it, v. t. ina. 3. Bake thou it, ketatoat; I bake it, nitai'ketatop; he bakes it, ai'ketatomaie.

Baking, n. abstr., ke' tan i.

Bald, v. int. 1. He is bald, is tsik'-ikiniu.

Bald-headed man, n. an., is tsĭk' i-kĭn i ua.

Bale (of clothing), n. ina., pe kan'o-mo pis tuk sin.

Ball (to play with), n. an., pokun'; pl., poku'yix.

Ball, shot, n. an., auŏx'opŭn; pl., auŏx'opax.

Bank (cut), n. ina., ax'iksakku.

Bank (money), n. ina., itai'sŭpopum mats o pi.

Bank the house, ksök' kui sau o' tăppi tots ists stük it'.

Banquet, n. abstr., o ye' tan i.

thou
I go
; he
so.

a pŭtnaka'-

cked),

; pl., pl.,

s.
t of a
suyinyinip;
e.

sinni. retat'; es, ai'-

e thou ou for u, kitai'ke-

nou it, 'ke tamaie.

s tsĭk'tsĭk' i-

kan'o-

okun' ; n ; *pl.*,

ku. 'sŭpo-

o'tŭp-

Barber, n. an. (shaver), ai pok i stuyiak i ua; (hair-cu-ter), ai'amikin e tük ki ua.

Bare arm, v. int. 1. He has bare arms, etsksikins'tsakiu.

Bare foot, v. int. 1. He is barefooted, aps'tsĭt si kĭni u.

Bark, n. ina. (of a tree), otuksksi'-

Bark, v. int. 1 (as a dog). Bark thou, auk'kit; nitauk'ki; he barks, auk'kiu.

Bark at, v. t. an. 2. Bark thou at me, au'kŏk kit; bark at him, au'kŏttsĭs; I bark at you, kitau'kŏtto; he barks at him, au'kŏttsiuaie.

Barking, n. abstr., auk' ki sin ni.

Barrel, n. ina., assuyĭn'; pl., yĭn'-ists; big barrel, omŭk'suyĭn.

Bashful. See "Ashamed."

Basin, n. ina. (to hold tea, etc.), kos'; pl., kos'ists; itai'sĭmiopi; pl., -pists.

n. an. (washing), itai'sŭpsĭski osopi; pl., -opix.

Bastard, n. an., ksina'aipoka; pl.,
-pokax; nam'ake-okos; pl.,-kosix.

Bathe, v. int. 5. Bathe thou, atsit'; I bathe, nitauts'; he bathes, auts'ĭm; let us bathe, ŏk un o tau'ats op.

Bathing, n. abstr., atssin'ni.

Battle, n. abstr., aua kawd'tse isinni.

Bay, n. ina. (in the river), pistskia'tau; pl., -taiests.

Bayonet, n. an., sa pŭp' is tat tsis; pl., -tsix.

Bead, n. ina., ksistsim'man, pl.,
-manists; white bead, ksix'kui;
black bead, six'kui; yellow bead,
otokui'nokui; green bead, ots'kuinokui; red bead, mawk'sinokui.

Beadwork, v. int. 1. Do thou beadwork, is ksists'akit; I do beadwork, nitai'is ksistsaki; he does beadwork, ai is ksists'akiu.

n. ina., isksists'aksin; okŏt'ŭksĭn. Beak, n. ina., moksĭsĭs'; pl., -ists. Bean, n. ina., au'toxinatsi; pl., -sists.

Bear, n. an., kiai'yo; pl., -yoix; black bear, sīk'okiaiyo.

Bear. See "Carry."

Bear with, v. t. an. 2. Bear with me, mitsi'tŭkkit; bear with him, mitsi'tŭttsĭs; I bear with you, kitai'itsitŭtto; he bears with him, ai'itsitŭttsiuaje.

Bearing, n. abstr., (- with) mitsi'tüksinni; (- up) mitsi'tasinni.
Bear up, v. int. 2. Bear thou up,

mitsi'tat; I bear up, nitai'itsita; he bears up, ai'itsitau.

Beard, n. ina., mĭs'stoan; pl., -anists; he has a beard, iĭs'stoiu.

Beasts, n. collective, opik'sisinna; (N.B. applied also to all the animal world, including fowl, etc.).

Beat, v. int. 1 (knock about). Beat thou, istok'iakit; I beat, nits's'-tokiaki; he beats, istok'iakiu.

v. t. ina. 2. Beat thou it, istok'it; I beat it, nitsĭs'tokip; he beats it, istok'imai e.

v. t. an. 1. Beat thou me, istok'io kit; beat thou him, istok'is; I beat you, kitŭs'tokio; he beats him, ŭstok'iuaie.

v. t. an. 1 (in a race). Beat thou me, mots'okit; beat thou him, mots'is; I beat you, kitau'-motso; he beats him, au'motsiuaie. See "Win."

v. t. an. 1 (as a carpet). Beat thou me, pakh pu'okit; beat thou him, pakh pu'is; I beat you, kitai' pakh puo; he beats him, ai pakh pu'iuaie.

v. t. an. 3. Beat thou it for me, pakh pu'imo kit; beat thou it for him, pakh pu'imos; I beat it for you, kitai pakh pu'imo; he beats it for him, ai pakh pu'imo-yiuaie.

Beating, n. abstr. (knocking), istok'iaksinni; (in a race) mots'aksinni; (as a carpet), pakh pa'aksinni.

Beautiful, v. int. 1. It is beautiful, (ina.) sok sĭnat'si u.

v. int. 6. He is beautiful, (an.) sok sĭn ŭm'.

Beauty, n. abstr., sok sĭn a' sin ni.

Beautify, v. t. an. 1. Beautify thou him, soksinais; beautify thou me, soksino'kit; I beautify you, kit'soksino; he beautifies him, soksinai'uaie.

Beautify it, v. t. ina. Beautify thou it, soksina'atout; I beautify it, nitai'soksinaatop; he beautifies it, ai'soksinaatomaie.

Beautiful, making, n. abstr., soksĭna'tŭk sinni.

Beaver, n. an., ksist'stŭki; pl., -ix. Beaver cutting, n. ina., ksist'stŭki-kakstŭksĭn; pl., -sists.

Beaver dam, n. ina., ksiststŭki-o'-kiaksĭn; pl., -sists.

Beckon, v. int. 3. Beckon, apstoat; I beckon, nitap' ŭsto; he beckons, ap' ŭsto.

v. t. an. 3. Beckon thou to me, apsto'kit; beckon to him, apstos'; I beckon to you, kitap' üsto; he beckons to him, ap' üstoyiuaie. See "Signal."

Beckoning, n. abstr., apsto'sin ni.
Bed, n. ina., ŭk-sin'; pl., -sists.
Bedroom, n. ina., I tai'ok au o pi.
Bedding, n. ina., se kan'ists.
Bedstead. Same as "Bed."
Bee, n. an., namo'; pl., -moix.
Beef, n. ina., ix'isako; pl., -ko-

Bee-hive, n. ina., na mo'oyis; pl.,
-yists.

Beer, n. ina., ai'sa ku tsi.

Beet, n. ina., mawks' in sim man.

Before, prep., is sots im.

Before, go, v. int. 3. Go before, mato'mot; I go before, nitse' to mo; he goes before, ito mo'.

Beg, v. int. 1. Beg thou, aukŏmŏn it; I beg, nitau'kŏmŏni; he begs, au'kŏmŏniu.

Beg it, v. t. ina. 3. Beg thou it, aukom' ŏn istoat; I beg it, nitau'-kŏm ŏn istop; he begs it, au' kŏm-ŏn istom ai e.

Beg from, v. t. an. 2. Beg thou from me, au kŏm'ŏn i kit; beg thou from him, au kŏm'ŏn istsīs; I beg from you, kitau'kŏmŏn isto; he begs from him, au'kŏmŏn-ĭstsiu ai e.

Beg for, v. t. an. 3. Beg it for me, mo kŏm'ŏn is to mo kit; beg it for him, mo kŏm'ŏn is to mos; I beg it for you, kitau' kŏmŏn is to mo; he begs it for him, au kŏm'ŏn is tomo yiu aie.

Beggar, n. an., mo köm ön i e pit si.
Begging, n. abstr. mo köm ön is sin-

Begin, adv. partic., aumitup-, in composition; as, he is beginning to eat, aumitup'io yiu.

v. impers. It is beginning, aumūt ŭp'a pi u; in the beginning, ots ĭs' tsi tsi itai tsĭssi.

Begone, interj., mis' taput; pl., mis'-tapuk.

Begrudge, v. int. 1. Begrudge thou, sikim me'tükkit; I begrudge, nit sikim me tükki; he begrudges, ai'sikim me tükki u.

Begrudge it, v. t. ina. 1. Begrudge thou it, sik im me'tsit; I begrudge it, nit sik im me tsip; he begrudges it, ai'sik im me tsim ai e.

Begrudge, v. t. an. 1. Begrudge thou me, sikimmim'mokit; begrudge thou him, sikimmim'mis; I begrudge you, kitsikimmim mo; he begrudges him, sikimmim' miuaie.

Begrudge for, v. t. an. 3. Begrudge thou for me, sĭkimme' tomokit; Begrudge thou for him, sĭkĭmme' tomos; I begrudge for you, kitsĭkimme tomo; he begrudges for him, sĭkĭmme' tomo yiuaie.

Begrudging, n. abstr., sik im me' tŭksin ni.

Behave, v. int. 1. Behave thou, mau'pit; I behave, nitau'maupi; he behave, aumau'piu.

Behave towards, v. t. an. 2. Behave towards me, mau'pŭkkit; behave towards him, mau'pattsĭs; I behave towards you, kit-

thou beg stsis; on ism on-

r me, it for beg omo; ĭsto-

tsi. íssínp-, in

nning ming, pegin-

, mĭs'-

rudge
I bei; he
kiu.
rudge
rudge
benaie.

rudge t; bemĭm'sĭkĭmn, sĭk-

grudge nokit; sĭkĭmr you, rudges uaie. ne'tŭk-

thou, a' mau-

ŭkkit; uu'patou, kitau'mau pat to; he behaves towards him, au mau' pat tsi u ai e.

Behaviour, n. abstr., mau' pĭs sĭn ni. Behead, v. int. 1. Behead thou, kawko'ki tŭk kit; I behead, nitai'kawko ki tŭk ki; he beheads, ai kawko ki tuk ki u.

v. t. an. 2. Behead thou me, kawko'kikit; behead thou him, kawko'kittsis; I behead you, kitai'kawkokitto; he beheads him, ai'kawkokittsiuaie.

Behead for, v. t. an. 3. Behead thou for me, kawko'kitomokit; behead thou for him, kawko'kitomos; I behead for you, kit ai'kawkokitomo; he beheads for him, ai'kawkokitomoyiuaie.

Beheading, n. abstr., kaw ko' ki tŭksĭn ni.

Behind, prep., a patokhts' im. He stands behind him, a patokhts' imitai'pu i im i u ai e, or, ita' pătai pui im i u ai' e

Behold! interj., sat'sit; pl., sat'sik. Behold. See "See."

Belief, n. abstr., aumai'tŭk sin ni.

Believe, v, int. 1. Believe thou, au mai'tūkkit; I believe, nitau'-mai tukki; he believes, au'mai-tūkkiu.

v. t. an. 3. Believe thou me, au mai'tokit; believe thou him, au mai'tos; I believe you, kitau'mai to; he believes him, au mai'toyiu ai e.

Believe it, v. t. ina. 1. Believe thou it, aumai'tsit; I believe it, nitau'maitsip; he believes it, aumaitsĭmaie.

Believer, n. an., au'maitŭkiua; pl., tŭkix.

Bell, n. an., saiet'sikkitan; pl., tan ix.

Bellow (as a bull), v. int. 1. He bellows, awk'kumiu.

Bellows (for fire), n. ina., itawkpŭk ku ye sŭki o pi.

Belly, n. ina., mo'koanni; pl., -koests. Big belly, sokit'si; he has a big belly, ai'sokitsiu.

Below, prep. and adv., saien'issots-

im; (at the bottom), kseuots'im; (underneath), stakhts'im.

Belt, n. ina. ip'satsis; pl., -sists.
Bench, n. ina. (carpenter's), itai'-satsakiopi.

n. ina. (school), in nu'i so pat-

Bend, v. int. 1 (head or body).

Bend thou, atosokia'kit; I
bend, nitau'atosokiaki; he
bends, au'atosokiakiu.

v. int. 1 (stand with body bent). Bend thou, a tose pu yit; I bend, nitau' a tose pu yi; he bends, au' atose pu yiu.

v. int. 1 (with the foot). Bend thou, om'okawkikŏkit; I bend, nitaiom'okawkikŏki; le bends, aiom'okawkikŏkiu.

v. t. ina. 2 (with the hand). om'o kĭnit; I bend it, nitom'o-kĭnip; he bends it, iom'o kĭnim aie.

v. t. ina. 2. Bend thou it, om'o kawki kit; I bend it, nitai omo kawki kip; he bends it, ai'o mo kawki kimai e.

Bending, n. abstr. (the head), a tosoki ak' sin ni; standing (with bended body), a tose pu' yi sĭn ni.

Beneath, prep. and adv., stakhts'im.

Berry, n. ina., min'; pl., min'-ĭsts; (gooseberry) pŭx'inisiman; pl., -manists; (whiteberry) ap'inikīm; pl.,-kĭmix; (bullberry) mik sĭnĭt'sim; pl., -sĭmix; (strawberry) otsĭstsĭn'; pl., -tsĭn'ists; (raspberry) o'totoxĭn; pl., -in'ĭsts; (sarvisse berry) okh'-kun okĭn; pl., -okists; (cherry) pūk'kip: pl., -kipists.

Bet, v. int. 2. Bet thou, apskat'; I bet, nitaps'ka; he bets, aps'-

Bet with, v. t. an. 2. Bet thou with me, apskůk' kit; bet thou with him, apskůt' tsĭs; I bet with you, kitaps' kǔt to; he bets with him, aps' kǔt tsi u ai e.

v. recipr. They are betting, aps' kuttseiau.

Beyond, prep., mis' ta putsim.

Bible, n. ina., na to' i sin ak sin; pl., -sists.

Bid, v. t. an. 1 (invite). Bid me, ŭm'mokit; bid him, ŭmmĭs'; I bid you, kitŭm'mo; he bids him, ŭm'mi uai e.

Bid, v. int. 2. A tsīm mat'; I bid, nitatsima; he bids, a' tsĭmau.

Bidding, n. abstr., a tsĭm man'i.

Big. It is big (inan.), omŭk'o;
he is big (man), omŭk'sim; (horse
or other animal), c mŭk'imi u.

adj. partic., omŭk-, omŭx-, in composition; as, a big river, omŭk'atai; a big chief, omŭx'-ina.

Bind it, v. t. ina. 2. Bind thou it, aiipīt'; I bind it, nitau'aiipip; he binds it, au'aiipimaie.

Binding, n. abstr., aii pis' tük sinni.

Birch, n. ina., sekoke'ni; pl., -nists; (black birch), siksekokeni.

Bird, n. an. (small), sĭstsi'; (big), piksi'; it is a bird, sĭstsi'in a.

Birth, n. abstr., po kai isin ni.
Biscuit, n. ina., mĭx'kŏpaiĕn; pl.,
-ĕn ists; (hard tack), stumix c' ĭxkŏpaiĕn; (sweet biscuit), matse i po ko' i ĭx kŏpaiĕn.

Bishop, n. an., omŭk'a toiapie kuŭn.

Bit, n. an. (horse's), is' kui pĭs tat sis.

Bitch, n. an., skim' i o mi ta; pl.,

-tax.

Bite, v. int. 1. Bite thou, sĭxtŭkkit'; I bite, nitai'sĭxtŭkki; he bites, ai'sĭxtŭkkiu.

v. t. an. 1. Bite me, sĭxipokit; bite him, sĭxipĭs'; I bite you, kitai'sĭxipo; he bites him, ai'sĭxipiuaie.

v. t. ina. 1. Bite thou it, sixtsĭt'; I bite it, nitai'sĭxtsip; he bites it, ai'sĭxtsĭmaie.

Biting, n. abstr., six tŭk' sinni.

Bite off, v. t. ina. 1. Bite it off, kaxtsĭt'; I bite it off, nitsikaxtsip; he bites it off, kaiax'tsĭm aie.

Biting off, n. abstr., kaxtůk'sĭnni.

Bite through, v. t. ina. 1. Bite through t, aunitsit'; I bite

through it, nit'aunitsip; he bites through it, au'nitsimaie.

Biting through, n. abstr., aunitŭk'-sinni.

Bitter, adj., istsi poko'.

Black, v. int. 1. It is black (ina.), sixinatsiu.

v. int. 6. Be thou black, sixinat'; I am black, nit'sĭxina; he is black, sixĭn ŭm.

Blackbird, n. an., kseeni'u; pl., -nix'.

Blacken, v. int. 1. Blacken, sĭk ŭnĭs'tsit; I blacken, nitai'sīk ŭn ĭstsi; he blackens, ai'sik ŭn istsi u.

v. t. ina. 2. Blacken it, sĭkŭnĭs'tutsit; I blacken it, nĭtai'sĭkŭnĭstutsip; he blackens it, ai'sĭkŭnĭstutsimaie.

v. t. an. 3. Blacken thou me, sīk ŭn ĭs' tuto kit; blacken thou him, sĭk ŭn ĭs' tutos; I blacken you, kitai' sĭk ŭn ĭs tutto; he blackens him, ai' sĭk ŭn ĭs tuttu yiuaie.

Blackening, n. abstr., sik ŭn ĭs' tutuk sin ni; sĭk ŭn ĭs' tsi sĭn ni.

Blackfoot Índian, n. an., sixikai'kuŭn; he is a Blackfoot, sixi kai'kuŭninaie; is he a Blackfoot? sixikaikuŭn'ats? are you a Blackfoot? kitsixikaikuŭn'ipa?

Blackfoot tribe, n. an., sixikau'a. Blackish, v. impers. It is blackish, sik'imiu.

Blackness, n. abstr., sĭxĭna'sinni. Bladder, n., auaw'pŭkĭs.

Blade, n. ina. (of grass), mattu-

n. an. (of knife), isto'an.

Blade bone, n. ina., motsikis'; pl., -ists'.

Blame, v. t. an. 1. Blame me, mattu'imokit; blame him, mattu'imis; I blame you, kitau'tuimo; he blames him, au'tuimiuaie.

n. an. One who blames, mattu'imŭkiepitsiuă. inni.
Bite
bite
; he
aie.
itŭk'-

(ina.),

; sixxina;

; pl.,

ikŭn
kŭnĭs
stsiu.

t, sĭk
nĭtai'-

ns it,

acken he ttu yi-

nĭs'tu.:
ikai't, sixi
Blacke you
uŭn'i-

au'a. ackish,

inni. mattu-

. s'; pl.,

e, matattu'icuimo; naie. s, matBlaming, n. abstr., mattu'i mŭksinni.

Blanket, n. ina., nai'pĭstsi; aau'a; my blanket, naau'a; your blanket, kaau'a; his blanket, maau'a; white blanket, ap'aipĭstsi; black blanket, sikapai'pĭstsi; red blanket, mawk'aipĭstsi; yellow blanket, otokai'pĭstsi; yellow blanket, akasĭstai'pĭstsi; green blanket, ots'kaipĭstsi; blanket of several colours, amanĭstai'pĭstsi; striped blanket, ikikĭn'aipĭstsi; grey blanket, ikikĭn'aipĭstsi; warm blanket, ikikĭn'aipĭstsi; blanket coat, nai'pĭstsisokŏs.

Blast of wind, n. ina., po ka'a ke u. Blaze, v. int. 1. It blazes up, ŭs' pistok ĭn' e tsi u.

v. t. ina. 2. Make it blaze, ispistokin'sit; I make it blaze, nitŭs'pistokinsip; he makes it blaze, ŭspis'tokinsimaie.

v. t. ina. 1. Cause it to blaze, pŭk'ku ye tsit; I cause it to blaze, nitai' pŭk ku ye tsip; he causes it to blaze, awk' pŭk ku ye tsimai e.

v. int. 1. It blazes up, Ipŭk'-kuyetsiu.

Bleat, v. int. 1. Breat thou, awk'-kumit; I bleat, nitawk'kumi; he bleats, awk'kumiu.

Bleating, n. abstr., kum'i šīn ni.
Bleed, v. t. an. 3 (by incision).
Bleed me, pūk šīn ŭm'mo kit;
bleed him, pūk šīn ŭm'mos; I
bleed you, kitai' pūk šīn ŭm mo;
he bleeds him, ai' pūk šīn ŭm mo yiaie.

Bleed one's self, v. int. 2. Bleed thyself, puksĭnĭm'mat; I bleed myself, nitai'pūksĭnimma; he bleeds himself, ai'pūksĭmĭmmau.

Bleeding, n. abstr., pŭksĭnĭt'tŭksĭnni.

v. int. 1. His nose is bleeding, ai'tsimski u.

Blind, adj., naps'tsi.
v. int. 1. Be blind, naps'tsiit;
I am blind, nitaps'tsi; he is blind,

naps' tsi u.

Blindness, n. abstr., naps' tsi isin ni.

Blister, n. ina., ikköt'si manĭssi. pl., -siĭsts.

v. int. 1. I have a blister, nits-Ik' köt si man ĭs si.

Blood, n. ina. aa' pănni.

Blood Indian, n. an., kai'naikuun.

Blood tribe, n. an., kai'nau.

Bloom, v. int. 1. It blooms, a pistsis'skitsi u.

Blow, v. int. 1 (the fire). Blow thou, pŭk'kuyesŭkkĭt; nitawkpŭk'kuyesŭkki; he blows, awkpuk'kuyesŭkkiu.

v. t. an. 1. Blow me, pŭkkuyesokit; blow him, pŭk'kuyesis; I blow you, kitawk pŭk'kuyeso; he blows him, awk pŭk'kuyesi uaie.

Blow for, v. t. an. 3. Blow for me, pŭkkuyesummokit; blow for him, pŭk'kuyesummos; I blow for you, kitawkpŭk'kuyesummo; he blows for him, awkpŭk'kuyesummoyiuaie.

Blow out, v. t. ina. 2 (a light).
Blow it out, aktsi'ıt; I blow it
out, nitak'tsip; he blows it out,
ak'tsımaie.

Blowing out, n. abstr., ak tsiak'sĭnni.

Blows, v. impers. (the wind). It blows; so pu'.

Blue, adj., ku' mun i natsi. v. int. 1. It is blue; ku' mun-

atsiu.

Blue, n. ina. (for washing), itauŭts'-

kus sists stŭki op i. Bluff, n. ina., ax' i ksok kui.

Blunt, v. int. 5. It is blunt, istai'-ekĭm.

v. t. an. 1. Blunt thou him, istai'ĭnnĭs; I blunt him, nitŭs'-taiĭnnau; he blunts him, ĭstai'-ĭnniuaie.

Blunting, n. abstr., istai' ĭn nŭksin ni. Blush, v. int. 1. He blushes, ai'sat ŭssi u.

Boar, n. an., ak'sĭn ni ua-na pim.

Board, n. ina., au pŭx'istoxix; pl., -ixists.

Boat, n. ina., akh'iosatsis; pl., -sists.

Bcdy, n. ina., mostăm; pl., mostăm'ists; my body, nostăm'; your body, kostăm'; his body, ostămaie.

Boil, n. ina., ikikan'; I have a boil, nitsīk'ika; he has a boil, ikikau'.

Boil, v. int. 1. Boil thou, au'a kusu'yit; I boil, nitau'a kusuyi; he, or it boils, au'a kusuyi u.

v. int. 1. It boils over, ai'sakusu yiu; meat is boiling, in ni tan, au'akutsiu.

Boiling, n. abstr., akusu'yisinni.

Bone, n. ina, okh kĭn'; pl., -ki ists.
Bonnet, n. ina., ak ĭs' tsŭm mo kŏn;
pl., -kŏn ĭsts.

Book, n. ina., spik'sinaksin; pl., sists.

Boot, n. ina., istsi kĭt'si kin; μl., -kists.

Booth, n. ina., a pik' kanokoa; pl., -koĕsts; omux'i ksikokoa; pl., koĕsts; (of branches), a pi'i man; pl., -ists.

I vrder, adv. (on the outside), sauu'tŭkkots; (edge), mi'nokots.

Bore, v. int. 1. Bore thou, akūn'ixakit; I bore, nitakūnixaki; He bores, a'kūn'xaki u.

v. t. ina. 2. Bore it, akŭnĭx'iit: I bore it, nitakŭnixip; he bores it, akŭnĭxĭm'aie.

v. t an. 1. Bore it, akun'i-ksis; I bore him, nitau'akuni-ksau; he bores it, auakun'iksiu-aie.

v. t. an. 3. Bore it for me, akŭnĭx'o mokit; bore it for him, akŭnixo' mos; I bore it for you, kitakŭnixomo; he bores it for him, akŭnĭxo' moyiuaie.

Boring, n. abstr., a kůn ĭx'ak sĭn ni. Born, v. int. 1. He is born, ai' pokaii u.

Borrow, v. t. ina. 3. Borrow thou it, ŏkkuma'tat; I borrow it, nit'-ŏkkuma tattop; he borrows it, ok'kuma tattom aie.

v. t. an. 2. Borrow thou him or it, ŏkkuma'tuttsĭs; I borrow him, nitŏkkumatuttau; he borrows him, ŏk'kumatŭttsiuaie.

Borrowing, n. abstr., ŏkku ma' tani. Bosom, n. ina., mau' kaiĭs; pl., -ists.

Bottle, n. ina., sakuk'kutusko; pl., -koists.

Bottom, at the, adv. (underneath), stakhts'im; (the foot of), kseu-ots'im.

Bounce, v. int. 1. Bounce thou, spopi'it; I bounces, nit'spopi; he or it bounce, Isspopi'u.

v. t. an. 1. Bounce him, spo'pi'ım mis; I bounce him, nitus'spopiım mau; he bounces him, us'spopiım miuaie.

Bow, n. an., na'ma; pl., -max; its-ksi'nama.

Bow (salute), v. t. an. 1. Bow to me, ksimattsim'mokit, bow to him, ksimattsim'mis; I bow to you, kitai'ksimattsimmo; he bows to him, ai'ksimattsimmiu aie.

Bow River, n. ina., ksĭssŏk'kuyietŭktai.

Bowels, n. ina., motsi'ists.

Bowl, n. ina., kos; pl., -kos'ists; o mŭk'o kos.

Box, n. ina., atxax'in; pl., -ists. Boy, n. an., $s\check{o}k'kumapi$; pl., -pix. Boy, little, n. an., $t\check{s}ik'i$ (no pl.).

Bracelet, n. an., oun; pl., pun'ix; I have bracelet, ... opun; she has bracelet, i pun'iu.

Bracelet, put on, v int. 1, makh' opunit; I put on bracelet, nitai'akhopun; she puts on bracelet, ai'akhopuniu.

Braces, n. ina., atsīs to' kīn sists; itau a' tsīs to kīn io pi.

v. int. 1. I have braces, nita'-tsistokĭni; he has braces, a'tsĭstokĭniu.

Bradawl, n. an., itauaw'kŭniakiopi; pl., -pix; moksĭs'; pl., -ksix.

Brain, n. ina., o'pi; pl., -pists, Bramble, n. an., mo kŏt' tu yĭs: n

Bramble, n. an., mokŏt'tuyĭs; pl.,
-yiix.

Brand, n. an., it ŭs'tsakiopi; pl., opix.

Brand, v. t. an. 1. Brand thou him,

 $rac{ ani.}{pl.,}$

ńsko; eath),

kse u-

thou, popi;

, spo'nitŭs'him,

c; its-

Sow to bow to bow to be; he immiu

'kuyi-

os' ists ;

-ists. l., -pix. pl.). oun'ix; she has

makh' , nitai'racelet,

ists; it-

s, nita's, a' tsïs-

iniakis'; *pl.*,

sts, yĭs; *pl.*,

pi; *pl.*,

ou him,

istsis'; brand me, istso'kit; I brand, kit ŭs'tso; he brands him, ŭs'tsi u ai e.

v. t. ina. 1. Brand it, istsit' I brand it, nitŭs'tsip; he brands

it, ŭstsĭmai'e.

v. int. 1. Brand thou, ists ŭk'-kit; I brand, nit ŭsts' ŭk ki; he brands, ŭsts' ŭk iu; is he branded? istsai' ina; he is branded, istsau'; what is he branded? tsau etstsau' ats?

Branding, n. abstr., ists ŭk' sĭn ni. Brass, n. an., mi kut'ai kĭm; pl., kĭm ix.

Brave, v. int. 1. Be brave, milkit'tappiit; I am brave, nitseikit'tappi; heis brave, milkit'tappiiu.

Bravery, n. abstr., miškšť tappiisini.

Brave, n. an., miĭkĭt' tappiua. adj., miĭkĭt' tappi.

Bread, n. ina., ke' tan; spĭk' i ke tan; napai ĕn.

Break, v. t. ina. 2 (with foot). Break it, iskit'; I break it, nit'skip; he breaks it, iskimai'e; it is broken, iskau'.

v. t. an. 3. Break it for me, iskūmmo'kit; break it for him, Iskūmmos'; I break it for you, kitūs'kūmmo; he breaks it for him, ŭs'kūmmoyiuaie.

v. t. ina. 2 (with hand). Break it, issĭn'it; I break it, nĭt'sĭnip; he breaks it, ĭssĭn'imaie; it is broken (ina.), ĭssĭn'ip.

v. t. an. 3. Break it for me, is sĭn'nomo kit; break it for him, is sĭn'nomo; I break it for you, kit ŭs'sĭn nomo; he breaks it for him, ŭs'sĭn nomo yi uaie.

v. t. ina. 2 (a dish, etc.). Break it, pon'it; I break it, nitopon'ip; he breaks it, ipon'imaie; it is broken (an.), ipon'ikaw.

v. t. ina. 3. Break it, pon'istoat; I break it, nitse' pon istop; he breaks it, ipon'istomaie.

v. t. an. 1. He breaks his nose, ipox ksĭs'i uaie.

v. reflect., he breaks his own nose, i pox'ksĭsĭsiu.

Break off, v. t. ina. 2 (coal, stone, etc.). Break it off, amin'nit; I break it off, nitau'minip; he breaks it off, aumin'Imaie; it is broken (an.), amin'ikau.

v. t. an. 1. Break him off, amīn'īs; I break him off, nitau'mīniau; he breaks him off,

au'mininaie.

v. t. ina. 1 (with hand). Break it off, a mĭn no'tsit; I break it off, nitau'mĭn notsip; he breaks it off, au'mĭn notsimaie.

Break open, v. t. ina. 1. Break it open, kauopūttsit; I break it open, nitaikauopūttsip; he breaks it open, ai'kauopūttsimaie.

v. t. an. 3. Break it open for me, kauopūt'tsomokit; break it open for him, kauopūt'tsomos; I break it open for you, kitai'kauopūttsomo; he breaks it open for him, ai kauopūttso' mi uaie.

Break up, v. t. ina. 2. Break it up, pin'it; I break it up, nitai' pinip; he breaks it up, ai'pinimaie, or paiin'Imaie; it is broken up (an.), paii'nikaw.

v. t. an. 3. Break it up for me, pi'numokit; break it up for him, pi'numos; I break it up for you, kitai'pinumo; he breaks it up for him, ai'pinumoyiuaie.

Breaking, n. abstr. (with foot), iskök'sinni; (with hand), is sĭn'ŭksĭnni; (— off), amĭn'aksinni; (— open), kau o pŭt' tsaksinni; (— up), pin'i tŭksĭnni.

Breakfast, n. ina., ksiskuno'ossinni.

Breast, n. ina., mau'kaiĭs; pl.,
-ists; my breast, nomau'kaiĭs.
n. ina. (female), un'nikis; pl.,
-kists.

Breastbone, n. ina., moke' kĭn; pl., -kists.

Breath, n. abstr., se tum' sin.

Breathing, n. abstr., se tum' sin ni.

Breathe, v. int. 1. Breathe thou,

setŭm'it; I breathe, nitai'setŭmi; he breathes, ai'setŭmiu; he breathes quickly, eĭk'setŭmiu.

Bride, n. an., ai'akomiua.

Bridegroom, n. an., ai'ak o kemiua.

Bridge, n. ina., a pus'tan; pl., -tanists.

Bridle, n. an., is' kui pĭstatsĭs.
Bright, v. int. 1. It is bright, i kŭn'-

natsiu; ikŭn'na suyiu.

v. int. 6 (an.), itŭk' kŭnŭm.

Brighten (polish), v. t. an. 3.

Brighten him, kutski an' istutos;

I brighten him, nitai' kutski anistutau; he brightens him, ai kutski an' istutoyi uai e.

v. t. ina. 2. Brighten it, kutskian'istutsit; I brighten it, nitai'kutskian'istutsip; he brightens it, ai'kutskian'istutsimai e.

Brightening, n. abstr., kutskian' istutūk sin ni.

Bring, v. t. an. 1. Bring him, puksipřp' pis; I bring him, nitsi puksipřp' piau; he brings him, puksipřp' piuaie.

v. t. ina. 3. Bring thou it, puk si pĭpo toat; I bring it, nitaipuk si pĭpo top; he brings it here, ai' puk si pĭp po tomai e.

v. t. an. 3. Bring to me, puksi přip potokit; bring to him, puk'si přip potos; I bring to you, kitai' puk si přip poto; he brings to him, i' puk si přip potoyi u aie.

v. t. an. 3. Bring it for me, pupsipif po to mokit; bring it for him, puksipif po to mos; I bring it for you, kitai puksipif po tomo; he brings it for him, ai puksipif po to mo yiu aie.

v. t. an. 1. Bring him, otsĭp'is; bring me, otsĭp'iokit; I bring you, kito'tsĭpio; he brings him, itsĭp'iuaie.

v. t. ina. 3. Bring it, otsip'otoat; I bring it, nito'tsipotop; he brings it, itsip'otomaie.

v. t. an. 3. Bring to me, otsip'otokit; bring to him, otsip'otos;
I bring it to you, kito'tsipoto;

he brings it to him, itsip' o to yi uaie.

Bringing, n. abstr., otsĭp'itŭksĭnni; puksipĭp'pitŭksĭnni.

Brittle, v. int. 1. It is brittle (an.), sawk psi'u; (ina.), sawk pi'u.

Broad a int 1. It is broad a puk'-

Broad, v. int. 1. It is broad, a puk'-ke u.

adj., a pŭk-, in composition; as, a broad road, a pŭk' ok so kui.

Brook, n. ina., ase' tŭk tai.

Broom, n. ina., nomawk'i matsïs.

Broth, n. ina., a ko' pis.

Broth, make, v. int. 2. Make broth, a kop'skat; I make broth, nit au'-kopska; she makes broth, au'-kopskau.

Broth, making, n. abstr., a kop'-ska ni.

Brother, n. an. (my elder), ni'is; (my younger brother), nëskun'; woman speaking says, nisis'.

Brother-in-law, n. an. (my), nĭs tŭmmu'; woman speaking says, nĭs'sa.

Brow, n. ina. (of eye), momiap'inan, pl., -ists; my eyebrows, nomiap'inanists.

Bruise, v. impers. It is a bruise, itŭkke'u; he has a bruised hand, itŭk'sikinotsiu.

Brush, n. ina., i tai' soĭs tsĭn os o pi; sos tsĭn' aki at sis.

v. int. 1. Brush thou, sostsĭn'-akit; I brush, nitai' sostsĭnaki; he brushes, ai' sostsĭnakiu.

v. t. an. 1. Brush me, sostsĭn'-okit; brush him, sostsĭn'ĭs; I brush you, kitai'sostsĭno; he brushes him, aisostsĭn'iuaie.

v. t. ina. 2. Brush it, sostsĭn'it; I brush it, nitai'sostsĭnip; he brushes it, aisostsĭn'imaie.

v. t. an. 3. Brush for me, sostsin'o mokit; brush for him, sostsin'o mos; I brush for you, kitai'sostsinomo; he brushes for him, aisostsin'no moyi u aie.

Brush one's self, v. reflect. Brush one's self, sostsino'sit; I brush myself, nitai'sostsinosi; he brushes himself, ai'sostsinosi u.

sĭn-

yi u-

an.), . ouk'-

; as,

ĭs.

roth, tau'au'-

kop'-

hi' ĭs ; kŭn' ; '.

tŭm-, nĭs'-

iap'is, no-

ruise, ruised

sopi; stsĭn'-

naki;
stsĭn''ĭs; I
o; he

ie. stsĭn'sĭnip;

aie. e, sosn, sosu, kit-

es for e. Brush brush

brush brush he osiu. Brushing, n. abstr., sostšin'akšinni; (one's self), sostšino'šinni.

Buck, v. int. 1 (horse). Buck thou, okh' ko kŏk kĭna' pixit; I buck, nit okh' ko kŏk kĭn a' pix i; he bucks, ŏkh' ko kŏk kĭna' pix i u.

Buck, n. an. (deer), po no kai'stămik; (moose), sikitsĭssu'istămik; pl., -ikix.

Buckboard, n. an., ixtan'akŏs; pl., -kŏsix.

Bucket, n. an., itai'sŭmmosopi; pl., -pix; Is'ki; pl., -kix.

Buck-skin, n. ina., au'a kös.

Bud, v. int. 1. It buds, ai'saisuiopokasiu.

v. int. 4. Ai'saisniopoksku. **Buffalo**, n. an., einiu', or einew'; (lots of buffalo), einiu'a.

Buffalo robe, n. an., immuyan'; pl., -yan'ix; it is a buffalo robe, immuyan'inaie; they are buffalo robes, immuyan'iau.

Bull, n. an., aisaiok'kumi; pl.,

Bullet, n. an., au ŏx'o pŭn; pl., -paix.

Burial, n. abstr., makh'itsi tksin. Bury, v. t. an. 1. Bury thou me, makhitsio'kit; bury him, makhitsis'; I bury you, kitai'akhitso; he buries him, ai'akhitsi uaic.

(N.B.—The idea conveyed in above word is that of wrapping the body in blankets, etc., and carrying it off to its resting place on a hill or in a tree.)

Bury. See "Cover."

Burn, v. t. ina. 2. Burn it, istsit'; I burn it, nit ŭs'tsip; he burns it, ŭs'tsĭmaie.

v. t. an. 1. Burn him, sakhsis'; burn me, sakhso'kit; I burn you, kitai'sakhso; he burns him, ai'sakhsi u ai e.

v. reflect. He burns himself, saiakh' so si u.

Burning, n. abstr., istsŭk'sĭnni; sakhso'ŏssĭnni; itsĭn'sŭksinni.

Burn up, v. t. ina. 2. Burn it up, itsin'sit; I burn it up, nitai'-

tsınsip; he burns it up, ai'tsınsimaie.

v. t. an. 1. Burn me up, itsĭn'siokit; burn him up, itsĭn'sĭs; I burn you up, kitai'tsĭnso; he burns him up, ai'tsĭnsiuaie; it is burned up, itsĭni'tsiu.

Burst, v. t. ina. 2. Burst thou it, pŭk ki'it; I burst it, niai' pŭkikip; he bursts it, ai pŭki kimaie. v. pass. It is burst, pai ŭk' kikau.

v. int. 1. Burst thou, păttsĭt'; I burst, nitai'pŭttsi; he bursts, ai'pŭttsiu, or paiŭt'tsiu.

Bursting, n. abstr., pŭkikan'i, or pŭtsĭn'ni.

Bush, n. ina., atso'ŏs ko; pl., -kui.
Butcher, v. int. 2. Butcher thou, inno'tat; I butcher, nitŭn'nota; he butchers, in'notau.

v. t. ina. 3. Butcher it, in no'-tatot; I butcher it, nit ŭn'no tatop; he butchers it, in no' ta tomai e.

v. t. an. 2. Butcher him, inno'tatsis; butcher me, in no'takkit; I butcher you, kit in' notato; he butchers him, in no'tatsi uaie.

Butchering, n. abstr., in no'tan i.
Butte, n. ina., ni tum' mo; pl.,
-mosts.

Butter, n. ina., un'ni ki o po mis; a pŏt'ski na-po mis; it ŭstsi kawk'im au pi.

Butterfly, n. an., a păn' ni; pl., -nix. Button, n. an., sa pi' kĭn a mat sis; pl., six.

Button, v. t. ina. 2. Button thou it, maksŭpikin'it; I button it, nitai'aksŭpikinip; he buttons it, aiaksŭpikinimaie.

v. int. 2. Button thou, sapi'-kınamat; I button, nitaisapi-kınama; he buttons, aisapikınamau.

Button, v. t. an. Button for me, sapi'kĭnamokit; button for him, sapikĭnamos; I button for you, kitai'sapikĭnamo; he buttons for him, sapi'kĭnamoyi uaie.

Buttoning, n. abstr., sa pi' kĭn ak sinni.

Buy, v. int. 2. Buy thou, pum'-mat; I buy, nit'o puma; he buys, i pum'au.

v. t. ina. 3. Buy thou it, pum'attoat; I buy it, nitopum'attop; he buys it, ipum'attomaie.

v. t. an. 3. Buy thou for me, pum'mokit; buy thou for him, pum'mos; I buy for you, kitokh'-pum mo; he buys for him, okh'-pum muyi uaie.

Buying, n. abstr., pum'mani.

Buy on credit, v. int. 2. Buy thou on credit, sinak'iopummat; I buy on credit, nitsĭnak'iopuma; he buys on credit, sinak'iopumau.

Buying on credit, n. abstr., sinak'i o pum man i.

Buy on security, v. int. 2 (pawn). Buy thou, isks kum'mat; I buy, nitai'isks kuma; he buys, iskskum'au.

C.

Cabbage, n. an, itau' kops kau pi; pl., -pix.

Calf, n. an., un nĭs takhs'; pl., -takhsix.

Calf of leg, v. an., mokinan'; pl.,

Calico, n. ina., istokhai' pistsi.

Call (by name), v. t. an. 2. Call thou me, ninikŭk'kit; call thou him, ninikŏt'tsĭs; I call you, kitai'nikŏtto; he calls him, ai'nikŏttsiuaie.

Calling, n. abstr., nini kŏt'tsimani. Camp, old, n. ina., mŭm' mapĭs; pl., -nists.

Camp, v. int. 2. Camp thou, a kek'at; I camp, nitau' keka; he camps, au' kekau.

Camping, a kek'an i.

Can, n. an., mokum' mi pokos; pl., -kosix.

Candle, n. ina., anak'i matsis; pl., sists.

Candy, n. ina., pis' satsapin ni wan; pl., -wanists; long candy, inan'-in ni wan.

Canned goods, n. an., ixipo'kos; pl., -kosix.

Cannon, n. an., soku' yi na ma; pl., -max.

Canoe. See "Boat."

Cap, n. ina., istsum' mo kon.

Cap of gun, n. an., ksĭssai'kitan; pl., -tanix.

Carcase, n. an., mŭk'sĭnni; pl., -nix.

Card (playing), n. ina., kaāts at'sis; pl., -sists.

Carrenter, n. an., ai' satsakiua.

Carrot, n. an., nĭstsikŏp' pas; pl., -pasix.

Carry, v. int. 1. Carry thou, pa'tŭkkit; I carry, nitopa' tŭkki; he carries, i pa' tŭkki u.

v. t. ina. 3. Carry thou it, pa'toat; I carry it, nitopa'top; he carries it, i pa'tom ai e.

v. t. an. 2. Carry me, pa'akit; carry him, pa'aksis; I carry you, kit o pa'a to; he carries him, i pa'aksi uaie.

v. t. an. 3. Carry it for me, pa'atomokit; carry it for him, pa'atomos; I carry i' for you, kitopa'atomo; he carries it for him, i pa'atomoyiuaie.

Carrying, n. abstr., pa'atŭk sĭnni. Cart, n. an., an'akŏs; pl., -kŏsix.

Cart, Red River, n. an., iskit'sesanakös.

Cartridge, n. an., a kai'sax kau ŏx opun; pl., -pax.

Case, n. ina. (box), asso'kaiĭs; pl., -ists; atŭxak'sĭn; pl., -sists.

Cash, n. an., mix'kim; pl., -ix; i-tawk'pumaupi; pl., -pix.

Cask, n. ina., assuyĭn'; pl., -yĭn'ists.

Castor oil, n. ina., pomi'-sa am.

Castrate, v. t. an. 2. Castrate him, au wailt'tsis; I castrate him, nitau' wailtau; he castrates him, i wailt'tsi u ai e.

v. pass. He is castrated, auwaiit'au. Cat, n. an., pus'; pl., -pus ix.

Cat (wild), n. an., natai'yo; pl.,
-voix.

Catch, v. int. 1 (with the hand). Catch thou, kŏn no' tŭk kit; I catch, nitai' kŏn no tŭk ki; he catches, ai' kŏn no tŭk ki u.

v. t. ina. 1. Catch thou it, kŏnno'tsit; I catch it, nitai'kŏnnotsip; he catches it, ai'kŏnno-

tsimaie.

van:

an'-

kos;

pl.,

tan;

pl.,

sis;

pl.,

pa'-

kki;

pa'-

; he

a kit :

you,

i pa'-

me,

him,

you, t for

ıni.

ix.

'ses-

OXO-

; pl.,

x; i-

·yĭn'-

him.

him,

him,

, au-

v. t. an. 3. Catch thou me, kŏn no' to kit; catch him, kŏn no'-tos; I catch you, kit si kŏn no' to; he catches him, ai' kŏn no to yi uaie.

v. t. an. 3. Catch it for me, konno' to mo kit; eatch it for him, kŏnno' to mos; I eatch it for you, kitai kŏnno' to mo; he catches it for him, ai kŏnno' to mo yi uaie.

v. t. ina. 1 (with hand, and above the head). Catch thou it, ke tse' kŏn notsit; I catch it, nitsike' tse kŏn notsip; he catches it, itsike' tse kŏn notsimaie.

v. t. an. 3. Catch thou him, ke tse' kŏn no tos; I catch him, nitsike' tse kŏn no toau; he catches him, ke tse' kŏn no to yi uaie.

Catching, n. abstr., kön no' tŭk sin ni.
Cattle, n. an., ap' otskin ai; pl., -ai ix.

n. collective, ot'apotskin ai esin na.

Cave, n. ina., auŏt' si man; pl.,-manists.

Cease, v. int. 3. Cease thou, ksiuo'at; I cease, nitai'ksiuo; he ceases, aiksiuo'.

Cellar, n. ina., atun'aksin.

Centre, n., itŭt'sikatsim.

adv. partic. In the centre, itŭt'siki; as, he stands in centre, itŭt'sikiaipuyiu.

Chaff, n. ina., ksu istsi pik' iak sin. Chain, n. an., so kop isatsis; pl., -sisix.

Chair, n. ina., asso' potsis; pl., -sists.
Change (replace), v. t. ina. 2.
Change it, atsuai' pixit; I change
it, nitatsuai' pixip; he changes
it, atsuai' piximaie,

v. t. an. 2. Change him, atsuai'piksistsis; I change him, nitatsuai'piksistau; he changes him, at'suaipiksistsiuaie.

Changing, n. abstr., atsuai' pi ksĭstŭk sin ni.

Change the mind, v. int. 2. Change thou, atsuai'tsitat; I change, nitatsuai'tsita; he changes, atsuai'tsitau.

Changing the mind, n. abstr., atsuai'tsitaui.

Chase, v. int. 2. Chase thou, aua'-kimat; I chase, nitaua'kima; he chases, aua'kimau.

v. t. an. 2. Chase him, au a'-kimatsis: I chase you, kitau'a-kimatto; he chases him, au'a kimattsi uai e.

v. t. an. 3. Chase me, aua'-kokit; chase him, aua'kos; I chase you, kitau'ako; he chases him, au'akoyiuaie.

Chasing, n. abstr., au a' ki man i; au a' kŏk sĭn ni.

Chatter, v. int. 1. Chatter thou, sĭnnatse' pu yit; I chatter, nit sinnatse' pu yi; he chatters, sĭnnatse' pu yi u.

v. int. 2. The teeth chatter, ai po pŏx'e kĭi au.

Chattering, n. abstr., sin natse' puawsin ni.

Cheap, v. impers. It is cheap (ina.), un nat' to top; un nats' top; (an.), un nats' tsau.

Cheat, v. int. 1. Cheat thou, a tsis'totŭkkit; I cheat, nitatsïs totŭkki; he cheats, a tsïs' totŭkki u.

v. t. an. 3. Cheat me, a tsis' toto kit; cheat him, a tsis' to tos; I cheat you, kita' tsis to to; he cheats him, a' tsis to to yi u ai e.

Cheating, n. abstr., a tsis to tak sinni.

Cheek, the, n. ina., motstsip'pina; pl., -asts.

Cheer, v. t. an. 2 (make cheerful). Cheer me, kiawk'piksäkkit; cheer him, kiawk'piksatsis; I cheer you, kitsikiawk'piksatto; he cheers him, kiawk' pik sattsiuaie.

Cheerful, v. int. 1. Be thou cheerful, kiawk' piksit; I am cheerful, nitai' kiawk piksi; he is cheerful, ai kiawk' piksi u.

Cheerfulness, n. abstr., ki awk pĭksin ni.

Chest, n. ina. (box), asso'kaiĭs; (of the body), mau'kaiĭs. See "Breast."

Chew, v. int. 2. Chew thou, oks'-tsim mat; I chew, nitai' okstsimma; he chews, ai' okstsim mau.

v. t. ina. 3. Chew thou it, oks'tsïmattoat; I chew it, nitoks'tsimattop; he chews it, okstsïmattomai e.

v. t. an. 2. Chew thou it, oks tsīmattsīs; I chew it, nitai'okstsīmattau; he chews it, ai'okstsīmattsiuaie.

Chewing, n. abstr., oks' tsımman i. Chicken, n. an. (prairie), ke' tük ki; pl., -kix.

Chief, a, n. an., nin'au; is he a chief? ninau'ats? he is a chief, ninai'inai. Our chief (incl.), kitsĭn'aiminun; (excl.), nitsĭn'aiminan.

Chief, v. int. 1. Be thou chief, nin ai it'; I am chief, nit sin ai i'.
v.t. an. 1. Make thou me chief, nin ai 'attackiit, make him chief.

ninai'attsokit; make him chief, ninaiat'tsïs; I make you chief, kitaiïnaiatso; he makes him chief, ninai'attsiuaie.

Chiefdom, n. abstr., nin'ai i sin ni. Chief, mountain, n. ina., nĭn'ai stŭkkui.

Child, n. an., pokau'; pl., -kax.Chilly, v. int. 1. It is chilly, stuye'u.

Chimney, n. an., potat'sĭs; pl., -six; saise'tuiatsĭs; pl., -six; saie po'tatsis; pl., -six.

Chin, n. ina., mopskin'na; pl.,
-nasts; my chin, nopskin'au.

Chip, n. ina. (of wood), pixak'sin; pl., -sists, or pi'ĭxka ists.

Chirp, v. int. 1. He chirps, awk'-kumiu.

Chisel, n. an., Itain'staiĭxakiopi; pl., -pix.

Choke, v. int. 2. Choke thou, putskat'; I choke, nitai' putska; he chokes, pai ut' skau.

v. t. an. 1. Choke me, putsĭnno'kit; choke him, putsĭnnĭs'; I choke you, kitai' pŭtsĭnno; he chokes him, ai' pŭtsĭnniuaie.

Choking, n. abstr., putskan'i.
Chop, v. int. 1 (in the bush). Chop
thou, kakiak'it; I chop, nitai'kakiaki; he chops, aika'kiakiu.

v. t. ina. 2. Chop it, kak kit'; I chop it, nitai'kak kip; he chops it. ai kak'Imaie.

v. t. an. 3. Chop it for me, kako mo'kit; chop it for him, kako mos'; I chop it for you, kitaikako mo; he chops it for him, aikak' o mo yiu aie.

Chop wood, v. int. 2. Chop thou, kotat'; I chop wood, nitau' kota; he chops wood, au kotau'.

v. t. an. 3. Chop wood for mekoto'kit; chop wood for him, kotos'; I chop wood for you, kitau'koto; he chops wood for him, au'kotoyiuaie.

Chopping wood, n. abstr., kotan'i; kakiak'sĭnni.

Chop, v. int. 1 (into small pieces).
Chop thou, pin'akit; I chop, nitai'pinaki; he chops, aipin'akiu.

v. t. an. 3. Chop it for me, pin' ŭm mo kit; chop it for him, pin' ŭm mos; I chop it for you, kitai' pin ŭm mo; he chops it for him, ai' pin ŭm mo yi u si e.

v. int. 1 (into fine pieces). Chop thou, pikiak'it; I chop, nitai'pikiaki; he chops, pikiakiu.

v. t. ina. 2. Chop it, pikit'; I chop it, nitai'pikip; he chops it, ai'pikimaie.

Chopping, n. abstr. (into small pieces), pinak'sinni; pikiak'-sinni.

Church, n. ina., nato'iapioyis; pl., -vists.

opi;
put; he

tsĭnnĭs'; ; he

Chop itai'a' ki-

it'; I chops

me, him, , kithim,

thou, kota;

r me. him, , kithim,

an'i ; eces).

eces). o, nitn'ak-

him, you, it for

Chop nitai'i u. nik it';

chops small

ciak'-

; pl.,

Cigar, n. ina., au'tsïsattopi; pl., -pists.

Cinder, n. ina., mak'skitsi; pl., -sists.

Circle, v. impers. It is a circle, o-tuke'u.

adv. In a circle, otŭkots'im. v. int. 3. Go round in a circle, autŭkko'at; I go round in a circle, nitau'tŭkko; he goes round in a circle, autŭkko'.

City, n. ina., a kap'i o yis; a kai' tap-

piskui.

Clap hands, v. reflect. Clap thou, Istsikııns'tsiosit; I clap, nitai'tsikıınstsiosi; he claps, ai'tsikıınstsiosiu.

Clapping hands, n. abstr., ai tsi kĭns'-tsi o sin ni.

Claw, n. an., mo kĭt'sis; pl., -six. Clay, n. ina., ŭxpikĭm'iku; pl., -kuists.

Clean, v. t. ina. 2. Clean thou it, ksixĭstuts'it; I clean it, nitai'ksixĭstutsip; he cleans it, ai'ksixĭstutsimaie.

v. int. 1. It is clean, ksikap'-iu.

v. t. ina. 1. Keep it clean, ksike'tsit; I keep it clean, nitai'ksiketsip; he keeps it clean, ai'ksiketsimaie.

v. t. an. 1. Keep him clean, ai'ksik im mis; I keep him clean, nitai ksik im mau; he keeps him clean, ai'ksik im mi uaie.

Cleaning, n. abstr. (making clean), ksix is tut' tuk sin ni.

Clear, n. ina. (clear water), so poŏt' si kĭm mi (glass, etc.).

v. int. 1. It is clear (ina.), ai'un at si u.

v. int. 6 (an.), ai'ŭnŭm; (the air), mĭnat'siu.

Clear night, v. impers., namotŭxe'u.

Clear sky, n., ai'its ksi po kau, am'i po kau.

Cleave, v. t. ina. 2. Cleave it, statux e'it; I cleave it, nitai'statux eip; he cleaves it, ai'statux-e'm ai e.

Cleaving, n. abstr., statŭxak' sĭn ni. Clergyman, n. an, na to' iap i e ku ŭn; pl., -ku ax.

Clerk, n. an., ai'sĭnakiua.

Climb, v. t. an. 2. Climb thou it, amissa'tsis; I climb it, nitau'amissatau; he climbs it, au'amissatsiuaie.

Climbing, n. abstr., a misso' sin ni. Cling, v. int. 1. Cling thou is tau

Cling, v. int. 1. Cling thou, is tau'atsĭnŭkit; I eling, nitsitau'atsĭnŭki; he elings, itau'atsĭnŭkiu.

Clip, v. t. ina. 2 (cloth, etc.). Clip it, pinit'; I clip it, nitai'pinip; he clips it, aipinĭmaie.

v. t. ina. 2 (as hair). Clip it, poxĭnĭt'; I clip it, nitai'poxĭnip; he clips it, ai'poxĭnĭmaie.

Clipping, n. abstr. (cloth, etc.), pinitŭk'sĭnni; (hair), poxĭn'itŭksĭnni.

Clock, n. an., I tai'ksĭs tsi kum i o pi; pl., -pix.

Close, v. t. an. 3. Come close to me, otsat'tokokit; come close to him, otsat'tokos; I come close to you, kitot'sattoko; he comes close to him, otsat'tokoyiuaie.

v. int. 1. It is close, otsăts'-tsi u.

Close, coming, n. abstr., ot săt' tokök sĭn ni.

Close up, v. t. an. 3. Close up to me, ksisko'kit; close up to him, ksis'kos; I close up to you, kitsiksis'ko.

v. recipr. Close up together, ksĭskotse'ĭk; they close up together, kaiĭs' kotseiau.

Closing up together, n. abstr., ksĭs'-kotseisinni.

Cloth, n. ina., nai'pistsi; (white), ksik'aipĭstsi; (black), sĭk'aipĭstsi.

Clothe, v. t. an. 1. Clothe me, apaisūts'okit; clothe him, apaisūts'is; I clothe you, kitapaisūts'o; he clothes him, ap'aisūtsiuaie.

v. reflect. Clothe thyself, istotos' it; I clothe myself, nits is' to-

Clothing, n. abstr., a pai's at ak sin-

Clothing, v. reflect. Put or clothing, makh'sŭm i tsiosit; I put on clothing, nitai'akh sŭmitsiosi; he puts on clothing, aiakh' sum itsiosiu.

Clothing, n. ina., isto to' sists.

Cloud, n. ina., assoksĭs' tsikui; pl., -kuists.

Coal, n. ina., sik o' ko to ki; pl., -kists. Coaloil, n. ina., an a' ki mat si o po mïs.

Coat, n. ina., sau'otūtsisokosīm; spix'isokosim; he has a coat, sau'o tūt si so kös im i u.

v. int. 1. Put on a coat, makh'supskausit; he puts on a coat, ai'akh sups kau si u.

Cock, n. an. (of a gun), aikokia pittattaua; pl., -taix.

v. t. an. 2. Cock it, aikekia'pĭttăttsĭs; I cock it, nitai kokia pit tat tau; he cocks it, ai'kokia pit tat tsi u ai e.

Cocking a gun, n. abstr., kokia' pittan i.

Coffee, n. ina., ai'sĭxikĭmmi; okotox'isĭxikĭmmi.

Cold, v. impers. It is cold (ina.), sto'siu; sto'ko; (an.), sto'sĭm; (liquid), sto' kĭmiu; (meat), stu'itsiu; (weather), stuvi'u.

Cold wind, n. ina., sto' so pu.

Cold, v. int. 1. Feel cold, e ne'pitsĭt; I feel cold, nitse'niepĭtsi; he feels cold, ene'pĭtsiu.

Cold, feeling, n. abstr., e ne' pit sin ni. Colic, n. abstr., us tsi so' koan sĭn ni; I have colic, nitsĭs'tsisokoan; he has colic, is tsi so' koan ni.

Colour, v. int. 1. It has colour, nitsĭnat'tsiu; what colour is it? tsanĭstsinatsiu'ats? It is such a colour, un'nistsinatsiu.

Colour, white, v. int. 6. It is white (an.), ksix ĭn ŭm'; v. int. 1 (ina.), ksix ĭn atsi u.

Colour, black, v. int. 6. It is black, (an.), six ĭn ŭm'; v. int. 1 (ina), six in at' si u.

tosi; he clothes himself, is to tos'- | Colour, red, v. int. 6. It is red (an.), mawx' ĭn ŭm; v. int. 1(ina.), mawx'inatsiu.

Colour, green, v. int. 6. It is green (an.), ots' kui năm; v. int. 1 (ina.), ots' kui nat sī u.

Colour, yellow, v. int. 6. It is yellow (an.), o to kui' nŭm; v. int. 1 (ina), o to kui' nat si u.

Colt, n. an., o'kosi poka; pl., -kax. Comb, n. ina., mak'ikĭniosatsĭs; pl., -sists.

Comb the hair, v. int. 1. Comb thou, mak'ikĭniit; I comb, nitai'akikīni; he combs, ai'ak ikīniu.

v. t. an. 1. Comb hair for me, makikininokit; comb hair for him, makikininis; I comb hair for you, kitai'akikĭnĭno; he combs hair for him, ai'akikininiuaie.

Combing the hair, n. abstr., makikĭn ĭn ŭk sĭn ni.

Come down. See "Descend."

Come here, v. int. 4. Come thou, puksiput; I come here, nitaipuksipu; he comes here, ai'puksipu.

v. t. an. 2. Come to me, puksipa'akit; come to him, puksipa'atsĭs; I come to you, kitai'puksipaato; he comes to him, ai puksi pa'a tsi uai e.

Come in. See "Enter."

Come towards, v. t. an. 2. Come towards me, nokotoa'kit; come towards him, nokotoat'sis; I come towards you, kit'otoatto; he comes towards him, ito'a tsi uaie.

Coming here, n. abstr., putsipu'sĭn-

Coming towards, n. abstr., to o' sin ni. Come with. See "Accompany."

Comforter, n. an., kĭn' sto kĭp sat sis; pl., -six; itai'kĭnstokipsopi; pl., pix.

Companion, n. an. (in a dwelling), pokau' pimau; pl., -pimax.

n. an. (of same age), otŭk' kau; my companion, nitŭk'ka; pl., -kaax.

is red (ina.),

green (ina.),

yellow (ina),

, -kax. satsīs;

b thou, tai'akiiu. for me, air for

air for ib hair o; he kĭnĭni-

maki-

e thou, e, nitre, ai'-

e, pukpuksikitai'to him,

Come; come
'sĭs; I
toatto;
o'atsiu-

ipu'sĭn-

o'sinni. my." psatsis; ppi; pl.,

velling), ax. ŭk'kau; ka; pl., Complete, v. int. 3. It is complete, ai'sŭpanĭstsio.

v. t. ina. 2. Complete it, ksistĭstuts'it; I complete it, nitai'ksist ĭstutsip; he completes it, ai'ksist ĭstutsimai e.

Completing, n. abstr., săpanĭs' tsio-; sĭnni; ksistĭs tu tŭk sĭnni.

Conceive, v. int. 1. Conceive thou, ipităp'piĭt; I conceive, nito'pităp pi; she conceives, ipităp'piiu.

Conception, n. abstr., i pi tap pi' i sĭnni.

Conjure, v. int. 1. Conjure thou, ai'pĭs sats ka sit; I conjure, nitai'pĭs sats ka si; he conjures, ai'pĭs sats ka si u.

v. int. 1 (in doctoring). Conjure thou, makh ŭn istsi'it; I conjure, nitai akh ŭn istsi; he conjures, ai'akh ŭn istsi u.

Conjuring, n. abstr., pis sats' ka sinni; (doctoring), makh' ŭn is tsisin ni.

Conquer, v. int. 1 (in wrestling). Conquer thou, atsak'it; I conquer, nita'tsaki; he conquers, a'-tsakiu.

v. t. an. 1. Conquer thou him, a tsi' is; I conquer you, kita' tso; he conquers him, a' tsi u ai e.

v. t. an. 1. Conquer thou him, istsı̃mı́s; I conquer you, kı̃tsı̃s′-tsı̃mo; he conquers him, istsı̃m′-iuaie.

Conquering, $n.\ abstr.$, a tsak'sın ni. Cook, $n.\ an.$, au'yosi u a pl., -six.

v. int. 1. Cook thou, auyo'-sit; I cook, nitau'yosi; he cooks, au'yosi u.

v. t. ina. 3. Cook it, auyos'attoat; I cook it, nitau' yosattop; he cooks it, auyosattomaie.

v. t. an. 1. Cook for me, auyo' kit; cook for him, auyis'; I cook for you, kitau'iyo; he cooks for him, au'yiuaie.

v. int. 1. Cook thou, isŭkkit'; I cook, nitai'sŭkki; he cooks, ai'sŭkkiu.

v. t. ina. 2. Cook thou it, isit';

I cook it, nitai'sip; he cooks it, ai'sim aie.

v. t. an. 3. Cook for me, isŭmmo'kit; cook it for him, isŭmmos'; I cook it for you, kitai'sŭm mo; he cooks it for him, aisŭm mo'yiuaie.

Cooking, n. abstr., au yo'sĭn ni; is šūk'sĭn ni.

Copper, n. an. (metal), mawx'ĭx-kĭm.

Cord, n. an., nai' pĭstsio pĭs; pl., -pix. Corn, n. ina. (wheat), napaien'ĭnsĭm man; pl., -manists; (sweet), awk' pe kinatsi; (on frot), itsuau' ŭn nots; I have a corn, nitse'suiau ŭn' noko.

Corner, n. ina., kokitsi'i; koki'i; pl., -iists.

Corpse, n. an., e ni u'a, or ini'stum; pl., ai ni'ix.

Corpulent, v. int. 1. He is corpulent, so kĭt'si u.

Cottage, n. ina., nap'ioyis; pl., -yists.

Cotton, n. ina., a' pĭs; pl., -pists. Cotton sheeting, n. ina., ksikai' pĭstsi; pl., tsists.

Cotton wood tree, n. an., asse'tsĭxĭm; pl., -imix.

Couch, n. ina., iksin'; pl., -si' ists. Cough, n. ina., siksinani; pl., -anists.

Cough, v. int. 2. Cough thou, sŭskinat'; I cough, nitai'sŭskina; he coughs, ai'sŭskinau.

Could, potential partic., expressed by kots-; as, he could do it, ikots' is tuts imaie.

Coulee, n. ina., kauŏkku'i (called by Peigan Indians, sau'okhtai). Long coulee, piame'kauŏkkui; pl., -kuists.

Council. They will hold a council, ak'o kŏk i tsĭmaiau.

Count, v. int. 1. Count thou, ŭkstŭkkit'; I count, nit ŭks' tŭkki; he counts, ŭks tŭk' ki u.

v. t. i.a. 3. Count thou it, ŭkstoat'; I count it, nit ŭks' top; he counts it, ŭkstomai'e.

v. t. an. 3. Count it for me,

ŭkstomo'kit; count it for him, ŭkstomos'; I count it for you, kit'ŭkstomo; he countsit for him, ŭks'tomoyiuaie.

Counting, n. abstr., ŭkstŭk'slani. Country, n. ina., ksök'kum; auŏssĭn'ni; pl., -siists.

Course, n. ina., moksoku'i. Cover, n. an., itai'sikiakiopi.

Cover, v. t. ina. 2. Cover thou it, sikit'; I cover it, nitai'sikip; he covers it, aisik'imaie.

v. t. an. 1. Cover me, sikio'-kit; cover him, sikis'; I cover you, kitai'sikio; he covers him, ai'sikiuaie.

v. t. an. 3. Cover for me, sikŭm'mokit; cover for him, sikŭm'mos; I cover for you, kitai'sik ŭm mo; he covers for him, ai'sik ŭm mu yi uaie.

Covering, n. abstr., sikiak' sĭnni. Cow, n. an., ap'otskĭna; ski'niuapotskina.

Cow buffalo, n. an., ski'niua.

Crack, n. ina. (in wood), satsix'kai; pl., -kaists.

Crack, v. int. 1 (wood). Crack thou it, is ta'tox akit; I crack it, nitaista tox aki; he cracks it, ai'statox akiu.

v. t. ina. 1. Crack thou it, ista'toxotsit; I crack it, nitaiïstatoxotsip; he cracks it, ai'ĭstatoxotsĭmaie.

v. t. ina. 2 (of ware). Crack it, isks ksĭn'it; I crack it, nitai'usks ksĭnip; he crack it, aiŭsks'-ksĭnimaie.

v. t. an. 2 (an.). Crack it, isksksĭn'itsĭs; I crack it, nitŭsks'ksĭnitau; he cracks it, ŭsks' ksĭnitsiuaie.

Cracked, v. pass. It is cracked (of wood), ŭk'ŭsks ksix kau; saiŭt'-ksix kau; (of iron, etc.), isks-ksĭn'i kau.

Crackle, v. int. 1. It crackles, aiputtsiu; crackle it, or cause it to crackle (as wood in a fire), aiputtsit'.

Cradle, n. ina. (baby's), pokau' ŭk-

sĭn; itauau'awpĭnnĭsopi; pl., -pists; Indian cradle, auapĭs'-tan; pl., -tanix.

Cramp, 'v. int. 3, amuso'sinni; I have cramp, nitai'amuso; he has cramp, aiamuso.

Crane, n. an., se' kum. Crave. See "Beg."

Crawl, v. int. 1. Crawl thou, auwai'skŏpit; I crawl, nitau'waiskŏpiu; he crawls, auwai'skŏpiu.

Crawling, n. abstr., au wai' sköp sinni.

Crazy, v. int. 1. Be thou crazy, mat'tsapsit; I am crazy, nitŭt'tsapsi; he is crazy, mat'tsapsiu.
Creak, v. int. 2. Creak thou, or cause to creak, ai'pux ksīs kat:

cause to creak, ai'pux ksĭs kat; I creak, nitai'pux ksĭs ka; he creaks, ai'pux ksĭs kau.

Cream, $n.\ ina.$, im mis tsi'; pl., -tsi'-ists.

Creator, the, n. an., Ap'istotokiua. Cree Indian, n. an., saie'kuŭn; assinai'kuŭn; he is a Cree, saiiu'; assinai'kuŭnina.

Creek, $n.\ ina.$, ase' tŭkh tai; pl., -taiĭsts.

Crime, n. abstr., sauum'itsitappiisinni; sau am'itska sinni.

Crimson, v. int. 6. It is crimson (an.), mawk' sin um.

v. int. 1 (ina.), mawk'sĭnat-

Cripple, n. an., na'awksi; crippled hand, a mut'okitsi; crippled foot, aio'moksikaw; a mut'tsinikau.

Crook, a, n. ina. (cut from the tree), a'ksĭxiu; (made by hand), a'kiu; akskio'tŭksĭn.

Crooked, v. int. 1. It is crooked (of a stick), io moksiy iu; is tse' pomoksix iu; (of a road), is tse' pomokitsiu.

Cross, n. ina., auai'staksin; pl., -ists; cross roads, at'skotaiitsi.

Cross, v. int. 1. Be thou cross, minĭx'it; I am cross, nitai'nĭxi; he is cross, ai'nĭxiu, or minĭxiu.

Cross, being, n. abstr., minix'sinni.

р pl., 1 pĭs'-

ni; I ; he

ı, auı' waiskŏp-

ipsin-

crazy, nitŭt'ipsiu. ou, or iskat; ; he

, -tsi'-

kiua. n; as-, saii-

l., -tai-

ap pi irimson

HIII

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rippled rippled it' tsĭn-

e tree),), a' ki-

ked (of tse' potse' po-

n; pl.,
niitsi.
oss, miixi; he
xiu.
x'sĭnni.

Cross the river, v. int. 3. Cross thou, a păm' moat; I cross, nita'-pum mo; he crosses, a'pum mo; I am going across river, nitaka păm mo.

v. t. ina. 3. Cross it, a pum ma'toat; I cross it, nitau' pum matop; he crosses it, au pum' matom aie.

v. t. an. 2. Cross ahead of me, isso pŭm'ma'a kit; he crosses ahead of him, is so pŭm ma'a tsi u aie.

Crossing the river, n. abstr., a pummo' sin ni.

Crow, n. an., masto'; pl., -ix.

Crow Indian, n.an., is sap po'e ku ŭn. Crow tribe, n.an., is sap po'.

Crush, v. t. ina. 3. Crush it, a pon'istoat; I crush it, nitau' pon'istop; he crushes it, au pon'istomaie.

v. t. an. 3. Crush me, sau o' pĭssotokit; crush him, sau o' pĭs sotos; I crush you, kit sau o' pĭs soto; he crushes him, sau o' pĭs sotu yi u ai e.

v. pass. He was crushed, it-sau' pisau.

Crushing, n. abstr., a pon' ĭs tŭk sĭnni; sau o' pĭs so tŭk sĭn ni.

Crust, n. ina. (snow), mekun'sko; (bread), mix'kauanitsii.

Crutch, n. ina., o' to at sis. Cry, v. int. 1. Cry thou.

Cry, v. int. 1. Cry thou, a sain'it; I cry, nitau'a saini; he cries, au'a sainiu.

v. t. an. 3. Cry for me, aisŭpasainskotokit; cry for him, aisŭpasainskotos; I cry for you, kitaisŭpasainskoto; he cries for him, aisŭpasainskotoyi u ai e.

Cry for the dead, v. int. 1. Cry thou, asŭn'it; I cry, nitau'asŭni; he cries, auasŭn'iu.

Crying, n. abstr., a sain' sĭn ni; (for the dead), a sŭn' sĭn ni.

Cup, n. an., kos.

Curb, v. t. an. 1. Curb thou me, so ku kĭn'no kit; curb him, so ku-kĭn nĭs'; I curb you, kit so ku'-kĭn no; he curbs him, ai so ku kĭn-ni u ai e.

Curbing, n. abstr., sokukinnük'sinni.

Cut, v. t. ina. 2. Cut thou it, kŏkapĭt'sit; I cut if, nitai'kŏkapĭtsip; he cuts it, ai'kŏkapitsĭmaie.

v. t. ina. 2. Cut it, is ts init; I cut it, nits is ts inip; he cuts it, ai is ts in in ai e.

v. t. an. 2. Cut it, istsĭnĭt′-tsĭs; I cut it, nitsĭstsĭn′ittau; he cuts it, istsĭnĭt′tsiuaie.

Cut, v. reflect. Cut yourself, patunĭs'it; I cut myself, nitsi' patunĭsi; he cuts himself, pa'tun īsi u. Cut hair. See "Clip."

Cut the throat, v. reflect. Cut your throat, kawko'kĭsit; he cuts his throat, kawk'okĭsiu.

v. t. an. 1. He cuts his throat, kawk'o kitsiuaie.

v. pass. His throat is cut, kawk' o kitau.

Cut off the ear, v. t. an. 1. He cuts off his ear, kawk'stokitsiuaie.

Cut off the nose, v. t. an. 1. He cuts off his nose, kawk'anitsiuaie.

Criting, n. abstr., köka pit' tükinni. Cypress Hill, n. ina., ai i kim' i kui.

D.

Dagger, n. an., sim ŭk'kin; pl., -kix. Dairy, n. ina., un'ni ki o yis. Dam, n. an., skim'; pl., skim'ix.

Damsel, n. an., ake' kuŭn.
Dance, n. ina., pŭs' kan; pl., -kanists; I am going to the dance,
nitak' o tui pŭs ka.

Dance, v. int. 1. Dance thou, ipiit'; I dance, nitai'ipii; he dances,

ai'i pi i u. v. t. a

v. t. an. 1. Dance with me, pokipiim'mokit; dance with him, pokipiim'mis; I dance with you, kitau'pokipiimmo; he dances with him, ai'pokipiimmiuaie; let us dance together, ak'opokipiiop.

Dancing, n. abstr., pi'isĭnni; pi'u- Descend, v. int. 3. Descend thou, ŏs sĭn ni.

Dangerous, v. int. 1. I am dangerous, nitstu'nitaps; he is dangerous, stu'nitapsiu; he is a dangerous person, stu'nitapitappiu.

Dark, v. int. 1. It is dark, ski'nat-

Darkness, n. abstr., ski' natsĭn ni.

Daughter, n. an. My daughter, nitŭn'na; your daughter, ki tŭn'na; his daughter, otun'ni.

Daughter-in-law, n. an. My daughter-in-law, ni ĭm' sa; our daughterin-law, niĭm'sinan; his daughter-in-law, oom'si.

Dawn, n. ina., ksis kun na' tun ni; appinŏk'kuyi.

Day, n. ina., ksĭs tsi ku'i; pl., -ists. Daylight, v. int. 1. It is daylight, ai'ksĭkiu.

Dead, n. an. The dead, e nix'; he is dead, eniu'.

Deaf, n. an., kŭt'tai okh tsim mi; pl., -mix; he is deaf, mataiokhtsĭm i u'ats.

Dear, v. impers. It is dear, a kawk'top; it is very dear, eĭkŭk'awk-

Death, n. abstr., eĭnsĭn'ni; itawk'kui pi op.

Deceive, v. t. an. 3. Deceive thou me, pistsiksis totokit; deceive him, pĭstsiksĭs'totos; I deceive you, kit si' pĭstsi ksĭstoto; he deceives him, itsipis'tsiksistotoviuaie.

Deception, n. abstr., pistsiksis'totŭksĭnni.

Deep, v. int. 1. It is deep, im mi'u. Deer, n. an., au'atuyi; black tail deer, is'sikotuyi.

Deerskin, n. an., au' a tu yi o to kis.

Defeat, v. t. an. 1. Defeat thou me, skĭtsĭm mo' kit; defeat skitsimmis'; I defeat you, kit'skitsim mo; he defeats him, skitsĭm'miuaie.

v. pass. an. He was defeated, skits ĭm' mau.

Defeating, n. abstr., skit' stan i.

inĭssau'ot; I descend, nitsĭn'ĭssauo; he descends, in'issauo.

v. t. an. 3. Descend for me, innïssat' to mokit: descend for him, in nĭs sat' to mos; he descends for him, in nĭssat' to mo yi uai e.

Descending, n. abstr., in is sau o' sin-

Desert-land, n. ina., ksĭs' tape ksŏkkum.

Devil, the, n. an. (lit. stoker), au'tŭtsokiua; (evil spirit), sau um'itsi-staaw; (evil person), sauum'it si tap pi u a.

Devote, v. t. ina. 3. Devote thou it (as to the sun), ikĭt'stoat; I devote it, nitsĭk'kitstop; he devotes it, ikit stomaie.

v. t. an. 1. Devote me, ikitstsio'kit; devote him, ikĭtstsĭs'; I devote you, kitaikitstsio; he devotes him, ikits' tsiuaie.

v. t. an. 3. Devote it for me, ikits' to mokit; devote it for him, ikits' tomos; I devote it for you, kitai'kits to mo; be devotes it for him, i kits' tomo yi uai e.

Devoting, n. abstr., i kĭt' stŭk sĭn ni. Dial. See "Clock."

Die, v. int. 1. Die thou, init'; I die, nitai'eni; he dies, eniu'.

Different, ina. It is different, noke'tsiu; (an.), he is different, no ke' tsĭm.

Difficult, v. impers. It is difficult, miĭku'; it is very difficult, eks'kai i ĭk u.

Dig, v. int. 1. Dig thou, atŭn'iakit; I dig, nitau'atuniaki; he digs, au'atŭniakiu.

v. t. ina. 2. Dig thou it, a tun'it; I dig it, nitauatŭn'ip; he digs it, auatun'imaie.

v. t. an. 3. Dig it for me, atun'ammokit; dig for him, atŭn'am mos; I dig for you, kitauatun'ammo; he digs for him, auatŭn'am moyinaie.

Digging, n. abstr., a tun' ak sin ni. Dim light, v. impers. It is a dim light, ai pĭs tsĭk' ŭn nat si u.

thou, in'iso.

r me, l for cends i e.

oʻsinksŏk-

, au'-1 um'-8au-

thou at; I e de-

ikitsstsĭs'; o; he

or me,
r him,
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n'iaki; he atŭn'-

p; he

im, akitaur him,

nni. a dim Dinner, n. ina., itūt'sikioŏssīn.

Dip, v. t. ina. 2. Dip thou it, is tapı́nit; I dip it, nit ŭs'tapı́nip; he dips it, is'tapı́nı́maie.

v. t. an. 1. Dip me, ista'pĭn-okit; dip him, ista'pĭnis; I dip you, kit ŭs'ta pĭno; he dips him,

ista' pĭniuai e.

v. reflect. Dip yourself, ista'-pĭnosit; I dip myself, nitsĭs'ta-pĭnosi; he dips himself, is'ta-pĭnosiu.

v. recipr. Dip one another, ista'pın otseik; they dip one another, ista'pın otseiau.

Dipper, n. an., ista' pĭn ŭki u a. Dipping, n. abstr., ista' pĭn ŭksĭn ni.

Dirt, n. ina., nimiap'ists; maka'-pi.

Dish, n. ina., setsiokh' kos.

Displeased. He is displeased, matŏkh si tŭk ki u'ats (see pleased).

Distance, adv. At a distance, oto'-okhts.

Dive, v. int. 1. Dive thou, is tai it'; I dive, nĭts ïs' tai i; he dives, istai'i u.

v. t. ina. 2. Dive for it, istai'-iskĭtsit; I dive for it, nitŭs'tai-iskĭtsip; he dives for it, ŭs'tai-iskĭtsĭmaie.

v. t. an. 3. Dive for me, istaiiskotomo kit; dive for him, istai'iskotomos; I dive for you, kit ŭs'taiiskotomo; he dives for him, ŭs'taiiskotomo yiuaie.

Divide, v. t. ina. 2. Divide thou it, ai'a ke tai pĭxit: I divide it, nitai'a ke tai pĭxip; he divides it, ai'a ke tai pĭx imaie.

Diving, n. abstr., is tai's ĭn ni.

Division, n. abstr., ai akets' tŭk sĭnni.

Doctor, n. an., as so'ki năk ki; pl., -kix; he is a doctor, as' so ki năkki u.

v. t. an. 1. Doctor thou me, asso'kĭnokit; doctor him, asso'kĭnis; I doctor you, kitŭs'sokĭno; he doctors him, ŭs'sokĭniuaie.

v. t. an. 3 (by applying medi-

cine). Doctor thou me, nokopi'nomokit; doctor him, nokopi'nomos; I doctor you, kitopi'nomo; he doctors him, ipi'nomoyiuaie.

Doctoring, n. abstr., pi'no muk sin-

Dog, n. an., i mita'; pl., -tax; young dog, sisum'.

Dog-louse, n. an., imitaw' kum; pl., -kum ix.

Doll, n. an., atŭn'skan; pl., -skanïx.
Dollar, n. an., sopok'si; one dollar, nit'sopoksi.

Door, n. ina., okh'si pistan.

Doorway, n. ina., kitsim'.
Down, prep. and adv., saiin'is sau-

otsim; in issots' im.

Down the river, adv., pin a' potsim.

Down the river, go, v. int. 3. Go down the river, ina' poat; I go down the river, nitsin'a po; he goes down the river, in'a po.

Doze, v. int. 1. Doze thou, oka' nopit; I doze, nitai' oka no pi; he dozes, aioka no' pi u.

Dozing, n. abstr., ok a' no pi sĭn ni.

Draw water, v. int. 1. Draw water thou, akis'it; I draw water, nitau'akisi; he draws water, au'akisiu.

Dream, v. int. 2. Dream thou, papau'kat; I dream, nitai'pa pauka; he dreams, ai'pa paukau.

Dream about, v. t. an. 2. Dream about me, pa pau'kōkkit; dream about him, pa pau'kōttsĭs; I dream about you, kitai'pa paukōtto; he dreams about him, ai'pa paukōttsiuaie.

Dream, see in a, v. i. an. 3. See me in a dream, pŏpai'nokit; see him in a dream, popai'nos; I see you in a dream, kitaipŏpai'no; he sees him in a dream, pŏpai'noviuaie.

Dream, speak to in a, v. t. an. 2. Speak to me in a dream, noksipopai'sītsīpsūkkit; speak to him in a dream, noksipopai'sītsīpsattsīs; I speak to you in a dream, kitsipopai'sītsīpsatto;

he speaks to him in a dream, aipŏpai'sıtsĭpsăttsiuaie.

Dreaming, n. abstr., pa pau' kan i. Dress, n. an. (woman's), a ke' so kŏsim.

Dribble, v. int. 1. It dribbles (falls in drops), ŭsts'sa ku yi u.

v. int. 2. He dribbles (allows spittle to fall), aiso pu yio' i kau: istsakoo'i kau.

Dried meat, n. ina., kai'iĭs; pl.,
-ĭsts.

Drift, n. ina. (snow), ake'kuŭnsko; ake'kuŭnopoopokai.

v. int. 1. It drifts, am' o popokaii u.

Drink, v. int. 1. Drink thou, simit'; I drink, nitai'simi; he drinks, ai'simiu.

v. t. ina. 3. Drink thou it, sı̃mattoat'; I drink it, nitai'sı̃mattop; he drinks it, ai'sı̃mattomaie.

v. pass. It is all drunk up, itsĭni'sĭmattop.

Drinking, n. abstr., sĭm' sĭn ni.

Drive, v. t. an. 2. Drive thou me, ku'mŭk kĭt; drive him, ku'mŭttsĭs; I drive you, kitok' kumŭtto; he drives him, ok' kumŭt tsiuaie.

Driving, n. abstr., ku mūt ūk'sin ni. Drizzle, v. impers. It drizzles, ai'pĭs tsĭkai so tau; ai'su ĭs tsi tūm ekau.

Drop, v. int. 1. Drop thou, inno'-piĭt; I drop, nitsĭn'nopi; he drops, inno'piu.

v. t. an. 2. Drop me, in a' pixĭkkĭt; drop him, in a' pix ĭs ts ĭs; I drop you, kits in a' pix ĭs to; he drops him, in a' pix ĭs ts i u ai e.

drops him, in a pix is tsi u ai e.
v. t. ina. 2. Drop it, in a pix it; I drop it, nitsin a pix ip; he drops it, in a pix im ai e.

Drown, v. int. 1. Drown thou, ene'tsit; I drown, or am drowning, nits'enetsi; he is drowning, ene'tsiu.

v. t. an. 1. Drown thou me, ene'tsı̆m mokit; drown thou him, ene'tsı̆m mis; I drown you, kits-

e ne'tsĭm mo; he drowns him, e-ne'tsĭm miu ai e.

v. reflect. Drown yourself, e-ne'ts\u00e4mmosit; I drown myself, nits e ne ts\u00e4mmosi; he drowns himself, e ne'ts\u00e4mmosi u.

Drug, n. ina., sa am'; pl., -am'ists.
Drum, n. ina., is tok' i matsis; pl.,
-sists.

v. int. 1. Drum thou, istok'iakit; I drum, nitŭs'tokiaki; he drums, istok'iakiu.

v. t. ina. 2. Drum thou it, istok'it; I drum it, nitŭs'tokip; he drums it, istok'imaie.

Dry, v. t. ina. 2. Dry thou it, ikhsit; I dry it, nitaikh'sĭp; he dries it, ikh'sĭmaie.

v. t. an. 1. Dry thou me, ikh-so'kit; dry him, ikhsis'; I dry you, kitaikh'so; he dries him, ikh'si uai e.

v. int. 1. He is dry, ikh su'yiu; it is dry, ikh it si'u.

Drying, n. abstr., ikh sŭk' sĭn ni. Duck, n. an., sa au'; pl., -aix.

n. collective, ot sa' ai sĭuna. **Dumb**, n. an., kŭttai e' pu yi u; pl.

Dumb, n. an., kŭttaie' puyiu; pl.,
-yix.

Dung, n. ina., misissau'; pl., -sists.
During, prep. partic., saki, in composition; as, during his stay here, ot sa' ki ai tau pi pi.
Dust prince into heav', ichestly'ku

Dust, n. ina., ists skau'; isksŏk'ku. Dwell. See "Abide."

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Each other. See reciprocal form of the verb.

Eagle, n. an., pi' tau; pl., -tax; white headed eagle, ksĭki kĭn'i.

Ear, n. ina., mokh to' kĭs; pl., -kĭsts. Early, adv., ksĭskŭnna' tūn nĭs; he gets up early, ksĭskŭni' pu au.

Earnest, v. int. 2. Be thou earnest, eka'kimat; I am earnest, nitai'-kakima; he is earnest, e'kakimau.

Earnestness, n. abstr., e ka' ki mani. Ear-ring, n. ina., mokh to' ki pĭs; pl., -pists. Earth, n. an., ksök' kum.

East, adv., umut'aut ŭm is köpi pi; pina' potsim. (The latter word, meaning "Down the river," is more usual.)

Easy, v. impers. It is easy, ksists-

pa' pi u.

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Eat, v. int. 1. Eat thou, oyit', or, au'yit; I eat, nitau'yi; he eats, au'yiu.

v. t. ina. 3. Eat thou it, au'attoat; I eat it, nitau'attop; he

eats it, au'at tomaie.

v. t. an. 2. Eat thou me, auŭk'kĭt; eat him, auăt'tsĭs; I eat you, kitau'ătto; he eats him, au'ăttsiuaie.

Eating, n. abstr., o yi sĭn' ni.

Edge, n. ina., sauo'tsi.

Egg, n. ina., uau'; pl., -au'ests; is it an egg? uau'ats? it is an egg, uau'aie, or, uai'e.

Eight, num. adj., nan'isso; (an.), nan'isso yim; eight horses, nan'isso yimi po no kom'itax; eight eggs, nan'isso yi-oau ests'.

Eighteen, num. adj., nan' isse ko putto; eighteen horses, nan' isse koput tse i-po no kŏm' i tax; eighteen books, nan' isse ko po tu yi-spik'sinak sists.

Eight hundred, num. adj., nan is-

se' ke pip po. **Eighty**, num. adj., nan'issip po.

Elbow, n. ina., mokins'tsis; pl., -tsists.

Eleven, num. adj., ni tsi ko' put to. Elk, n. an., po nokh ka'; pl., -kax.

Embowel, v. t. an. 1. Embowel thou him, akŭtsĭn'nĭs; I embowel him, nitakŭtsĭn nau; he embowels him, a'kŭtsĭn niuaie.

Embrace, v. t. an. 3. Embrace thou me, atŭtto' to kit; embrace thou him, atŭtto' tos; I embrace you, kita' tŭttoto; he embraces him, a' tŭttoto yi u ai e.

Emetic, n. ina., itau'kĭtskauopi;

pl., -pists.

Empty, v. impers. It is empty, lit., there is nothing in it, matsits-suppitsi pats.

Encamp. See "Camp."

Enceinte, v. int. 1. She is enceinte, i pi tăp pi'iu.

Encircle, Enclose, Encompass, at it is encircle me (sitting), otüko'-paakit; encircle him, otüko'-paatsis; they encircle him, itüko' paatsi iauaie.

v. t. an. 1 (standing). Eneircle me, otůk' si pu y m mo kit; eneircle him, otůk' si pu y m mis; they eneircle him, i tůk' si pu y m mi-

auaie.

Encourage, v. t. an. 1. Encourage thou me, kitsim'mokit; encourage thou him, kitsim'mis'; I encourage you, kitai'kitsimmo; he encourages him, ai'kitsimiuaie.

Encouragement, n. abstr., ki tsĭm'-Encouraging, n. abstr., ki tsĭm'-

End, n. ina. (extremity), mi'no kots; umu'kitsipi.

Ended, v. int. 2. It is ended (used up), aiitsin'i kau.

v. int. 3 (stopped), ai'ksi u o.

Endure, v. int. 2. Endure thou,
mitsi'tat; I endure, nitai'itsita;

he endures, mitsi'tau.

Enduring, n. abstr., mitsi'tani.

Enemy, n. an., kakhtum'o; my enemy, ni kakhtum'o; his enemy, okakhtum'o; the enemy, okakhtum'i.

Engine, n. an., istsi-an'a kös; pl., -kös ix.

England, n. ina., nitap'iapiekuau ŏs sĭn; nin'ake-ĭstau'ŏs sĭn.

English, n. an., nitap'iapieku-ax.

Englishman, n. an., nitap'iapie-kuŭn.

English woman, n. an., nitap'iap-iake.

Enlarge, v. t. ina. 2. Enlarge thou it, omŭk'apĭstutsit; I enlarge it, nitomŭk'apĭstutsip; he enlarges it, omŭk'apĭstutsĭmaie.

Enough, adv. It is enough, kiŭn'-naie; sŭp'an istsiu; ŭn'.

Enquire, v. int. 1. Enquire thou, suppo' ot tse sit; I enquire, nit sup-

po'ŏttsesi; he enquires, sŭppo'ŏttsesiu.

v. t. ina. 3. Enquire about it, suppo'ottsesattoat; I enquire about it, nitsuppoottsesattop; he enquires about it, suppo'outsesattomai e.

v. t. an. 2. Enquire of, or about me, săp po' ot tse săk kǐt; enquire of, or about him, săp po' ot tse satsis; I enquire of, or about you, kitsăp po' ot tse satto; he enquires of, or about him, săp po' ottse săt tsi u ai e.

v. recipr. Enquire of one another, săp po' ŏt tse săt tse ĭk; they enquire of one another, ai săp po- ŏt tse săt tse i au.

Enter, v. int. 5. Enter thou, pit'; I enter, nitsi pi'; he enters, ai' pim, or, pai yim'.

v. t. an. 3. Enter to me, pĭs-koto'kit; enter to him, pĭs' kotos; I enter to you, kitsipĭs'-koto; he enters to him, paiĭs' kotoyiuaie.

Entering, n. abstr., pĭs'sĭn ni. Entrails, n. ina., ops' to kĭsts.

Equal. They are equal, ne to' yiau. Escape, v. int. 2. Escape thou, at sim' mutat; I escape, nitsit'sim muta; he escapes, it sim' mutau.

v. t. an. 1. Escape thou from me, atsimmuta'mokit; escape thou from him, atsimmuta'mis; I escape from you, kitsit'simmutamo; he escapes from him, itsim'mutami uaie.

Evening, n., au'tŭkku; in the evening, au tŭkkus'si.

adv., last evening, au tŭk'-

ku yi.

Ever, adv., asks-, in composition; as, he is ever eating, usks' au yi u.

Everybody, n. an., kon ai' tap pix.

Evildoer, n. an., sau um' itsi tap piua; pl., -pix.

Evil-doing, n. abstr., sau um' it si tap-

piisĭnni.

Evil person, n. an. See "Evildoer."

v. int. 1. Be thou an evil person, sauum'itsitappiit; I am an evil person, nitsauum'itsitappi; he is an evil person, sauum'itsitappiu.

Exactly, adv. partic., mokum', in composition; as, it is exactly there,

mokum'its tsi u.

Extinguish, v. t. ina. 2. Extinguish thou it, akhtsi'it; I extinguish it, nitau'akhtsip; he extinguishes it, auakh'tsimaie.

Eye, n. an., moŏps'pi; pl., -pix; he has an eye, iwŏps'piu; bad eyes, iku'mopĭnni; black eyes, sikopĭn'ni; blue eyes, otskapĭn'ni; he has bad eyes, ŭx papiniu.

Eyebrow, n. ina., miap'inan; pl.,

-an ists.

Eyelash, n. inu., mo'tokiapinan; pl., -anists.

Eyelid, n. ina., naps'tsiaksin; pl., -sists; a miap' inaksin; pl., -sists.
Eye-sight, n. abstr., itai' miap inapixopi; pl., -pists; sup'sinni.

F.

Face, n. ina., mostoksis'; pl., -ksists.
Fade, v. impers. It fades (as a leaf),
ap'i pitsku; (as a cloth), a' puiokitsi u.

Faint, v. int. 1. Faint thou, Ikūmen'it; I faint, nitai'ikūmen'i; he faints, ikūmen'iu.

Fainting, n. abstr., i kŭm en' sĭn ni. Faith, n. abstr., au mai' tŭk sĭn ni. See "Believe."

Fall, v. int. 3. Fall thou, inis'soat; I fall, nitsin'isso; he falls, in'issiu.

Fall backward, v. int. 1. Fall backward thou, ak'ikawpeit; I fall backward, nitakikawpei; he falls backward, ak'ikawpeiu.

Fall down, v. int. i. Fill down thou, is to kope'it; I fall down, nĭts is' to kope; he falls down, is to kope'i u.

Fall forward, v. int. 1. Fall forward thou, su'yiopeit; I fall

evil m'itrson,

ı', in here,

guish guish extin-

k; he eyes, sikoín' ni ;

; pl., inan;

i; pl.,-sists. pinani.

ksists. , leaf), a' pui-

Ikŭmmeni;

ın ni. csĭn ni.

, in ĭs'e falls,

1 back-I fall i: he eiu. l down down, down,

all for-I fall forward, ni'suyiopei; he falls forward, su'yiopeiu.

Fall into, v. int. 1. Fall thou into, issup' po peit; I fall into, nitsis'săp po pe; he falls into, is săp' popeiu.

Falling, n. abstr., in is so' sin ni; (backward), akikaw pe'isĭnni; (down), istokope'isĭnni; (forward), su yio pe' i sĭn ni; (into), issŭp po pe' i sĭn ni.

Fan, n. ina., pokai' i matsis; pl., -sists.

Fan, v. int. 2. Fan thou, pokai'imat; I fan, nitopokaiima; he fans, ai po kai' i mau.

v. t. an. 3. Fin thou me, pokai'imokit; fan thou him, pokai'i mos; I fan you, kitopokai'imo; he fans him, pokai'i moyiuaie.

Fanning, n. abstr., po kai' i man i. **Far**, adv., pie'tsi; pio'; how far is it? tsane'tsipioats? it is far,

pi e' tsi u. Farm, n. ina., in sim' man.

Farm, v. int. 2, in sim' mat; I farm, nitai'ĭnsĭmma; he farms, ai'ĭnsĭm mau.

Farming, n. abstr., in sĭm' man i. Fast, v, int. 1. It is fast (strong), mi'u.

Fast, adv. partic., ikum, in composition; as, run fast, ikum'aumŏk kat.

Fast, make, v. t. ina. 2. Make fast (strong), mi ĭs' tutsit; I make it fast, nitaiiĭstutsip; he makes it fast, mi is tutsimaie.

v. t. ina. 2 (of a rope). Make it fast, miĭs'ksipĭt; I make it fast, nitsi' ĭsksipip; he makes it fast, miĭs' ksi pi ĭm ai e.

Fat, n. ina. (grease or oil), pomis'; (suet), issis'; (skimmings), immĭstsi'.

Fat, v. int. 1. Be thou fat, aua'pusit; I am fat, nitaua' pusi; he is fat, au a' pusi u.

Fatness, n. abstr., and pu'sĭn ni.

Father, n. an. My father, nĭn'a; your father, kin'a; his father, un'ni; our father (incl.), kin'un, (excl.), nĭn'an; he is fatherless, matuniu'ats.

Fatigue, n. abstr., sĭstsi ko'sin ni. Fatigued, v. int. 4. Be thou fatigued, sistsikut'; I am fatigued,

nitai'sĭstsiku; he is fatigued, ai sīs tsi ku.

Fear, v. int. Fear thou, keput';

I fear, nitai' kopu; he fears, aikopum. v. t. an. 3. Fear me, stun'no-

kit; fear him, stŭn'nos; I fear you, kĭt'stŭnno; he fears him, stŭn'no yi u ai e.

v. t. ina. 2. Fear it, stun'it; I fear it, nitstunip; he fears it, stŭn'imaie.

Feast, n. abstr., oyi'tani. Feast, v. int. 2. Make a feast, oyi'tat; I make a feast, nit'oyita; he makes a feast, oyi' tau. Feather, n. an., mam min'; pl.,

-mĭn'ix.

Feed, v. t. an. 3. Feed me, is so' kit; feed him, is sos'; I feed you, kitai'ĭsso; he feeds him, ai'ĭssoyiuaie.

Feeding, n. abstr., is' sŭk sĭn ni.

Feel (touch), v. t. ina. 2. Feel thou it, is'sotsit; I feel it, nit us'sotsip; he feels it, is sots maie.

v. t. an. 3. Feel me, is so' tokit; feel him, isso'tos; I feel you, kitŭs'so to; he feels him, is so' to yi u ai e.

Feeling (by touching), n. abstr., isso'tŭksĭnni.

Fell, v. t. an. 2. Fell him, kopă'tsĭs; I fell him, nitai'kopăttau; he fells him, kaiopăt'tsiuaie.

Female, n. an., a ke'; pl., a kex'. Female beast, n. an., skim'; pl., skim'ix.

Fence, n. ina., nis tse' pis kun; (wood), mistse'piskun; (wire), mĭx'kĭm ĭs tse pĭs kŭn; pl.,-kŭn-

v. t. ina. 3. Fence it, nĭstse'přskatoat; I fence it, Litai' istsepiskatop; he fences it, ai'istsepĭska tomaie.

Fer_ /-boat, setse-akh' i os at sis. Fever, n. abstr., ksĭsto'sĭnni; I

have fever, nitseks' kaiksĭstosi; he has fever, eks' kaiksĭs tosi u.

Few, adj., un' na to si; they are few, un'na tosiau; few people, un na'tsi tăp pi i.

Fiddle, n. ina., i tai nikiopi; ninik'iatsis. (Same words are applied to all kinds of instrumental music.)

Fierce, v. int. 1. Be fierce, minix'it; I am fierce, nitai'nĭxi; he is fierce, minĭx'iu.

Fifteen, adj., nĭsĭtsi'koputto.

Fifty, adj., nisitsip' po.

Fight, v. n. 2. Fight thou, aitskat'; I fight, nitait'ska; he fights, ait'skau.

v. t. an. 1. Fight me, aitska'mokit; fight him, aitska'mĭs; I fight you, kitait'skamo; he fights him, aitska' miuaie.

Fighting, n. abstr., ait'ska ni. Fighter, n. an., aitska' pitsiua.

File, n. an., se se' ni tau; pl., -tax. Fill, v. t. ina. 3. Fill it, oto' kĭmstoat; I fill it, nĭt'otokĭm stop; he fills it, o'to kim stomaie.

v. t. an. 1. Fill him, o to'kĭmĭs; I fill him, nĭtotokim mau; he fills him, i to' kimiuaie.

Filth, n. abstr., makap'sĭnni; sĭkap'sĭnni.

Filthy, adj., maka'pi; it is filthy (ina.), ma ka' pi u; (an.), ma ka' psiu. Fin, n. ina., omins' tse kin; pl., -kists.

Finally, adv., sako' okhts.

Find, v. t. ina. 2. Find it, kon'it: I find it, nitokon'ip; he finds it, ikon'imaie; it was found, ikon'ip.

 $v. \ t. \ an. \ 3. \ \ Find me, ko'no$ kit; find him, ko'nos; I find you, kitoko'no; he finds him, iko'-

no yi u ai e.

v. t. an. Find for me, ko'nomokit; find for him, ko'nomos; I find for you, kitoko'nomo; he finds for him, iko'nomoyinaie.

v. pass. He was found, iko'noau.

Finding, n. abstr., ko'niman i

Fine day, etam'eksistsikui; matse i ksĭstsi kui.

Finger, n. an., mokit'sis; pl., -six. Finger-nail, n. an., autotan'okitsis; ρl ., -six.

Finger-ring, n. an., sape'kĭtsosat-

sis; pl., -six.

Finish, v. int. 3. Finish thou (stop, make an end), ksiuot; I finish, nitai'ksiuo; he finishes, ai'ksi-

v. t. ina, 3. Finish it, ksiu'attoat; I finish it, nitai'ksuattop; he finishes it, ai'ksu at tomai e.

v. t. an. 2. Finish with him (have no more to do with), ksi u'attsis; I finish with you, kitaiksuatto; he finishes with him, ai ksu' at tsi u ai e.

Finish, adv. partic, aiksist, in composition; as, when I have finished

eating, ai ksist'o ye ni ki.

v. t. ina. 2. Finish it, ksist'ĭstutsit; I finish it, nitai ksist istutsip; he finishes it, aiksist' istuts ĭm ai e.

Fir, n. ina., pakhtok'sko; lot of fir, pakh tok' skui.

Fir-tree, n. an., pakh tok' i; pl., -ix. Fire, n. ina., is'tsi; pl., -tsiĭsts; prairie-fire, pai i tsi'; pl., tsi'ĭsts.

Fire the prairie, v. int. 1. Fire thou, pain suk'kit; I fire prairie, nitsi'painsuk; he fires prairie, pain sŭk' ki u.

v. t. ina. 2. Fire it, pai in sit; I fire it, nitai' pai insip; he fires

prairie, ai' pai în sim ai e.

Firing the prairie, n. abstr., painsăk'sĭnni.

First born, n. an., matom'i po kau; pl., -pokax.

Fish, n. an., măm mi'; pl., -mix. v. int. 2. Fish thou, o mik'at; I fish, nito'mika; he fishes, o'mikau.

Fish-hook, n, an, omik' at sis; pl. -six.

Five, adj. (ina.), nïs it to'; (an.), nĭsitsi'.

Five hundred, adj., nisit tu'i ke pip-

Flag, n. an., auŭs' tam; pl., -tam-ix. Flail, n. ina., i tai so is tsi pik' i akiopi; pl., -pists.

Flame. See "Blaze."

Flat, v. impers. It is flat, a pux' ixtokiu.

Flay, v. int. 2. Flay thou, in no tat; I flay, nitŭn'nota; he flays, inno'tau.

v. t. ina. 3. Flay it, in no tatot; I flay it, nit ŭn no tatop; he flays it, in no tatomai e.

v. t. an. 2. Flay him, in no' tatsĭs; I flay him, nit ŭn' no ta tau; he flays him, in no' ta tsi u ai e. See "Butcher."

v. t. an. 3. Flay for me, in no'-to mokit; flay for him, in no' to-mos; I flay for you, kitŭn' no to-mo; he flays for him, in no' to mo-yiuaie.

Flaying, n. abstr., in no tan'i.

Flee. See "Escape."

Fleece, v. t. an. 2. Fleece him (a sheep), aipox is'tsĭm ittsis; I fleece him, nitaipox is'tsĭm ittau; he fleeces him, aipox is'tsĭm ittsiuaie; he is fleeced, aipox is'tsĭm ittau.

Flesh, n. ina., ixisa'ko; pl., -ko-

Float, v. impers., (on water). It floats, sui ai'tsi u; it sau't ŭts ai Istsi u; kai ets' au a si u.

Flood, n., o kŏk' ku ye ii.

v. int. 1. It floods (overflows), i kök' ku ye u.

Floor, n. ina., ka pox e' nŭk sĭn; pl.,

Flour, n, ina., năpaičn'; tăpaičn'.
Flow, v. t. ina. 3. Cause it to flow
(water), auaku'ĭstoat; I cause
it to flow, nitauaku'ĭstop; he
causes it to flow, auaku'ĭstomaie.

Flower, n. ina., anŭt' sui o poki; pl., -ists.

Flows, v. int. 1. It flows, au'a kuyi u.

Fly, v. int. 1. Fly thou, au un'-

it; I fly, nit'auŭni; he flies, au'ŭniu.

v. int. 2. Fly thou (rise up from ground), po'tat; I fly, nitai' pota; he flies, ai' potau, or pai u'tau.

Fly, n. an. (mosquito), sosksĭs'-si; (blue), atsĭm moi'sosksĭssi; (sand), kŏpskia'ki; (bull-dog, or horse-fly), omŭk'sosksīssi.

Flying, n. abstr., au ŭn' sĭnni; potan'i,

Foal, n. an, o'kosipokau; pl., -kax.

Foam, n., pĭstsitsa'ku yi.

v. int. 1. It foams, pistsitsa'-kuyiu.

Fog, n. ina., setse'; pl., -tsists.

Foggy. v. impers. It is foggy, setse' natsi u.

Follow, v. int. 3. Follow thou, pokio'ot; I follow, nitai'pokio; he follows, pokio'.

v. t. an. 2. Follow me, pokioa'kit; follow him, pokioat'tsis;
I follow you, kitopokio'atto;
he follows him, pŏkio'attsiuaie.
Following, n. abstr., pokio'ŏssĭn ni.
Food, n. ina. oan'ŏssĭn: nl. sists

Food, n. ina. oau'ŏs sĭn; pl., -sists. Fool, n. an., mat'tsaps.

v. int. 1. Be thou a fool, mat'tsapsit; I am a fool, nitŭt'tsaps; he is a fool, mat'tsapsiu.

v. reflect. Make a fool of yourself, au ŭt' tsapsīstotosit; I make a fool of myself, nitau ŭt' tsapsīstotosi; he makes a fool of himself, au ŭt' tsapsīstotosiu.

Fcot, n. ina., mokŏt'sĭs; pl., -sists. Foot-print, ot sĭt'tŭmiaiipi.

Foot-rest, n. ina., itaisoks'ikakiopi.

Ford, n. an., itau păm au' o pi; itaisu a o o pi; pl., -pix.

Forefathers, n. an., ŭk'unix; ŭk'-aitappix.

Forefinger, n. an., itaua'yopi; pl., -pix.

Fore-foot, n. ina., is so kötsi; pl.,
-sists.

Forehead, n. ina., moni'is; pl., ists.

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; pl.,

(an.),

Forest, n. ina., atsu'ŏskui.

Fork, n. an., itaiksīs' takiopi; it-

au' yo pi; pl., -pix.

Former, adj. partic., matom, in composition; as, former people, matom'itappix.

Formerly, adv., matom'ots; aisum'-

Fort, n. ina., iĕn'nikiapioyĭs; pl., -yists.

Forty, adj., nissip'pi.

Four, adj. (an.), nis so yim'; (ina.), nis so'o yi.

Four hundred, adj., nisse ke přppo.

Fourteen, adj. (an.), nĭs se' ko put si; (ina.), nĭs se' ko put to.

Fowl, n. an., nipuau'; pl., -ax.

Fox, n. an., ota'tuyi; pl., yix; kitfox, sinopa'; pl., -paix.

Fraeze, v. int. 1. Freeze thou, in epitsit; I freeze, nitse'nie pitsi; he freezes, ine'pitsiu.

v. impers. (river). It freezes, kakuto'.

Fresh, v. int. 1. It is fresh (an.), man si'u; (ina.), man i'u.

Friend! interj., napi'a!; napi'uŭk!
Friend, n. an. My friend (companion of same age), nitŭk'ka;
pl., -kaax; a company of friends,
i kon' ŭk ka atsix.

Frighten, v. t. an. 1. Frighten thou me, skets'okit; frighten him, skets'is; I frighten you, kit'sketso; he frightens him, ŭs'sketsiuaie.

v. t. an. 2. Frighten thou me, isŭmĭk'kit; frighten him, isŭmĭs'tsĭs; I frighten you, kitse'sŭnĭsto; he frightens him, ai'sŭnĭstsi u ai e.

Fringe, n. ina., suyiĭnĭm'man; fringe to leggings, ku'muutan; wide fringe to leggings, apŭx'ĭstoxipokaiista; fringe to a dress, suyiĭnĭm'aisokŏs.

Frog, n. an., mats e' kŏp pĭs; pl., -pisax.

Frost, n., is si'm moku: is si'nat si.
v. impers. It is frosty, is si'natsiu.

Fry. See "Bake."

Fry-pan, n. an., sĭk' o kos; pl., -kos-ix.

Full, v. int. 1. It is full (an.), itu'itsiu; (ina.), ito' kĭmiu.

Fur, n. ina., mo to kĭs'; mo ku' yĭs; pl., -yists.

G.

Gamble, v. int. 1. Gamble thou, katsit'; I gamble, kitai'katsi; he gambles, ai'katsi u.

Gambling, n. abstr., katso'sĭnni. Gape, v. int. 3. Gape thou, apūs'oat; I gape, nitau'pūso; he gapes, au'pūso.

Gaping, n. abstr., a pus' o sin ni.

Garden, n. ina., insim'man; pl., -man ists.

Garment, n. ina., as so' kŏsĭm; pl., -ists.

Gate, n. ina., nĭstse' pĭs kŭn-okh'si pĭstan; pl., tan ĭsts.

Gather together, v. int. 1. Gather thou together, omoi'pitŭk kĭt; I gather together, nitomoi'pitŭk ki; he gathers together, omoi'pitŭk ki u.

v. t. ina. 3. Gather it together, omoi' po tot; I gather it together, nitomoi' po top; he gathers it together, omoi' po tomaie; we are gathered together, au moi' piotsop, or nitau' mi pi ots pĭn an.

Gathering together, n. abstr., o moi'pitŭk sin ni.

Gauze, n. ina., itai'sutskiosopi.
Gentle, v. int. 1. Be thou gentle, ikĭnaps'it; I am gentle, nitsikĭn'apsi; he is gentle, ikĭn'apsiu; he is a gentle person, ikĭnap'itappiiu.

Gentleness, n. abstr., ikinap'sinni. Get down. See "Descend."

Ghost, n. an., sta'aw; pl., -awix; the company of ghosts, otsista'-awsinna.

Gimlet, n. an., itauaw'kŭnĭxakiopi; pl., -pix.

Girdle, n. ina., ip'satsïs; pl., -sists,

Girl, n. an., a ke' ku ŭn; pl., -kuax; young girl, ko' ko na; pl., -ko ax.

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Give, v. int. 1. Give thou, ko'tŭk-kit; I give, nitoko'tŭkki; he gives, ko'tŭkkiu.

v. t. ina. 1. Give it, ko'tsĭt; I give it, nitoko'tsip; he gives it, iko'tsĭmaie.

v. t. an. 2. Give thou to me, ko'kit; give to him, ko'tsĭs; I give to you, kitoko'to; he gives to him, iko'tsiuaie.

v. recipr. They give to one another, i ko' tse i au.

Give, v. int. 1. Give thou, apikotukkit; I give, nitap'ikotŭkki; he gives, ap'ikotŭkkiu.

v. t. ina. 3. Give thou it, ap'ikŏt toat; I give it, nitap'ikŏttop; he gives it, ap'ikŏt tomaie.

v. t. an. 1. Give to him, apikais'; I give to him, nitap'i kau; he gives to him, ap'i kai uaie.

v. int. 1 (in trade). Give thou, a mǔts' ko tǔk kit; I give, nit o-n. ǔts' ko tǔk ki; he gives, a mǔts'-ko tǔk ki u.

v. t. ina. 3. Give thou it, emuts'kotoat; I give it, nite'muts'ko'top; he gives it, emuts'kotomaie.

v. t. an. 1. Give it to him, emŭts'kais; I give to you, nitse'mŭtskau; he gives to him, emŭts'kaiuaie.

Giving, n. abstr., kotŭk'sĭnni; apikotŭksĭnni; (trading), emŭts'kotŭksĭnni.

Glad, v. int. 1. Be thou glad, etam'etŭkkit; I am glad, nitse'tametŭkki; he is glad, etam'etŭkkiu. See "Pleased."

Gladness, n. abstr., etam'etaksinni.

Glass, n. ina., sakuk'utŭsko; pl.,
-koĭsts; (window, or lookingglass), as sa'piatsĭs; pl., -sists.

Glitter, v. impers.. It glitters, ŭk'ŭnatsi u.

Glove, n. an., a'tsetsi; pl., -tsix.

Gnaw. See "Bite."

Go ashore, v. int. 3. Go thou ashore,

a pĭts'ĭs soot; I go ashore, nits e'pĭts'īs soo; he goes ashore, e pĭts'ĭssoo.

Go away, v. int. 4. Go thou away, mis'taput; I go away, nitai'istapu; he goes away, ai'istapu.

v. t. an. 2. Go away from me, mistapa'akit; go away from him, mistapa'atsis; I go away from you, kitsistapa'ato; he goes away from him, istapa'atsiuaie.

v. int. 3. Go thou away (remove a short distance), mistapa'ot; I go away, nitai istapao; he goes away, ai'istapao.

Going away, n. abstr., ista po'sin ni.
Go before, v. int. 3. Go thou before, mato'mot; I go before, nitse'to mo; he goes before, mato'mo.

v. t. an. 2. Go before me, mato'-maakit; go before him, mato'-maatsis; I go before you, kitse'-tomaato; he goes before him, etoma'a tsi u ai e.

Go down. See "Descend."

Go home, v. int. 1. Go thou home, a kaiĭt'; I go home, nit'aikaii; he goes home, a'kaiiu.

Go out, v. int. 1. Go thou out, sŭksit'; I go out, nit'sŭx; he goes out, sŭx'iu.

Go straight, v. int. 3. Go thou straight, mokŏm'o toat; I go straight, nitse' kŏmo to; he goes straight, e kŏmo to'.

Go up. See "Ascend."

Go with. See "Accompany."

Go for horses, v. int. 2. Go thou for horses, a to'o kat; I go for horses, nits e' to oka; he goes for horses, e to'o kau.

Go to bed, v. int. 1. Go thou to bed, makhitsit'; I go to bed, nitai'akhits; he goes to bed, ai'akhitsiu.

Go to war, v. int. 3. Go thou to war, soot; I go to war, nit'soo; he goes to war, soo'.

Going, n. abstr. (go to war), soo'sinni; (to bed), nakhitsis'sinni;

(out of doors), sŭk'sĭnni; (for horses), a to o' kan i.

Goat, n. an., apomŭk'i kina; pl.,

God, n. an. (the Creator), Ap'ïs totokiua; (our Father), Kĭn'un.

Gold, n. an., otokui'ix kim-itawk'pumaupi.

Good, v. int. 1. It is good, ŏkh'siu. aāj., ŏkh'si-.

Good work, v. impers. It is good work, so ka' pi u.

Goods, n. ina. (dry goods), pekhan'ists.

Goose, n. an., ap' spĭn ni; pl., -nix. Gooseberry, n. ina., pŭk' sĭn ĭs ĭm an; pl., an ists.

Grandchild, n. an. My grandchild, nis'o kos; pl., -kosix.

Granddaughter, n. an. My grand-daughter, nis'etŭnna; pl., -nax.

Grandson, n. an. My grandsen, nis' ok ku' yi; pl., -yix.

Grand-parent, n. an. My grandparent, naai'; naox; his grandparent, maox'.

Grass, n. ina., mattuyis; pl., -yists; lots of grass, mattu'yi ku i.

Grasshopper, n. an., tsik' ŭttsi; pl., -tsex; lots of grasshoppers, otatsik ŭttse' i sĭn na.

Gray (colour). It is gray, i ki kĭn'i natsi u; gray blanket, i kĭn'apai pĭstsi.

Gray-headed, v. int. 1. He is gray-headed, ap'opiu.

Grease. See "Fat." Great. See "Big."

Green, v. int. 6. It is green (an.), ots' ku in um.

v. int. 1. (ina.), ots'kuĭnatsiu. Greet, n. an. Greet me, kse măttsĭm'mokit; greet him, kse mattsĭm'mĭs; I greet you, kitksemattsĭm'mo; he greets him, aikse măttsĭm'miuaie.

Greeting, n. abstr., kse mat tsím'mök sín ni.

Groan (with pain), v. int. 1. Groan thou, ai'a min it; I groan, nitai'a min i; he groans, ai'a min i u.

Groaning, n. abstr., ai'a min sin ni.
Grope (in dark), v. int. 3. Grope
thou, ksistapo'at; I grope in

dark, nitai'ksĭstapo; he gropes in dark, ai'ksĭstapo.

Ground, n. an. (soil), ksök'kum.
Grow, v. int. 1. Grow thou, istauas'it; I grow, nitai'istauasi; he grows, ai'istauasiu.

Growing, n. abstr., istauas'sĭnni.
Growl, v. int. 2. Growl thou, atskĭnat'; I growl, nitatskĭna; he growls, atskĭnau.

Grub, n. an., is ksi'nau; pl., -nax. Grunt, v. int. 1. Grunt thou, awk'umit; I grunt, nitawk'umi; he grunts, awk'umiu.

Gull, n. an., ai'isipĭsau; pl., -ax. Gum, n. an. (of tree), ŭx pauŭx'is; (chewing), auŭx'is; (mucilage), itaux'pŭnŭkiopi.

Gun, n. an., na'ma; heavy gun, sok'kui-nama.

Gun-cap, n. an., mĭx kĭm i kĭs' sai ketan; pl., -tan ix.

Gun-case, n. ina., asso'tse na mau; pl., -ma ists.

Gun-powder, n. ina., sat so' pŏt sĭs; pl., -sists.

Gut, v. t. an. 1. Gut him, akŭtsĭn'nĭs; I gut him, nitakŭts'ĭnnau; he guts him, a'kŭtsĭn ni uai e.

Gutting, n. abstr., a kŭtsĭnnŭk'sĭnni.

H.

Hail, n., kĭsse' kĭnau.

v. impers., saku', or ai'saku. Hair, n. ina. (of the head), oku' yikĭn sists; otok' kui kĭn sĭn ni; (of animals), oku' yĭs.

Hairy, v. int. 1. It is hairy (ina.), immuyis'siu.

Half, adj. and adv., anaukh'ots; anaukh-.

Half-breed man, n. an. (Cree), saiap'ie kuŭn; (Blackfoot), an auk'ĭtap pie kuŭn.

Half-breed woman, n. an. (Cree),

mi. rope e in ropes

stauiasi;

ni. u, ata; he

nax. awk'i; he

-ax. ix'ĭs; lage),

gun, ai ke-

mau;

čtsĭs;

ı kŭtsts'Inn ni u-

k'sĭn-

ıku. κu′ yini; (of

(ina.),

h'ots;

), sairauk'-

Cree),

saiap'piake; (Blackfoot), anauk' ĭt tăp pi a ke.

Half-way, ai'a ke tots.

Halter, n. ina., as suts' ki mat sĭs; pl., -sists.

Ham, n. ina., ak'sīnowopīssuk; pl., -sŭk ĭsts.

Hammer, n. an., itai'pĭxopi; pl.,

Hammer, v. int. 1. Hammer thou, ai'pĭxĭt; I hammer, nitai'pĭxi; he hammers, ai'pĭx i u. 4

Hand, n. ina., motsis'; pl., -tsi'ists. Handle, n. an. (of a door), itai'okiak iopi.

Hang, v. reflect. Hang yourself, auŭts'estupsit; he hangs himself, au ŭts'est ŭpsi u.

Happiness, n. abstr., etam' etak sin-

Happy, v. int. 1. Be thou happy, etam' etak kit; I am happy, nitse'tametŭkki; heishappy, etam'etŭkkiu.

Hard, v. impers. It is hard, mi'u. **Hardly,** adv. partic., pa'tsĭk, in composition; as, it is hardly burning, pa'tsĭk-auk pŭk' ku ye tsi u.

Harlot, n. an., mats'ake; pl., akex; she is a harlot, mats'a ke u.

Harm, v. t. an. 3. Harm thou me, kĭmatsĭs'totokĭt; harm him, kimateis' to tos; I harm you, kitai'kimatsistoto; he harms him, ai' kĭm a tsĭs to to yi u ai e.

Harmless. See "Gentle." **Harness**, n. ina., kin'statsis.

Harrow, n. an., itai'kĭnikĭmi takiopi; pl, -pix.

 $v. \ t. \ ina. \ 2.$ Harrow thou, ikĭn'ikĭmĭxiit; I harrow it, nitaikinikimixiip; he harrows it, ai i kĭn i kĭm ix i ĭm ai e.

Harvest, n. abstr., pokiak'sĭnni. Haste, v. int. 1. Haste thou, an e'tŭkkĭt; I haste, nitse'ne tŭkki; he hastes, an e' tük ki u.

v. int. 1. Haste thou, kĭpanĭstsit; I haste, nitai' kĭpan istsi; he hastes, kaiīp'ānīstsiu.

Hasting, n. abstr., an e' tük sĭn ni. Hat, n. ina., is tsum mokon; (with brim turned up), immiksis' tsummo kon; (fur), im mo yis' tsum mo-

Hat, put on a, v. int. 1. Put a hat on, istsum' mokit; I put hat on, nitsis' tsum moki; he puts hat on, istsum' mokiu.

Hate, v. t. an. 1. Hate thou me, istsīmīm'mokīt; hate him, istsimim'mis; I hate you, kitsistsĭm mo; he hates him, is tsĭm ĭm'miuaie.

v. t. an. 1. Hate thou me, au'kĭmmokĭt; hate him, au'kĭmmĭs; I hate you, kitau'kĭmmo; he hates him, au'kĭm mi uai e.

Have for one's own, v. t. ina. 3. Have thou it, minan'attoat; I have it, nitsinan' attop; he has it, minan'at tomaie.

v. t. an. 2. Have thou him, minan'atsis; I have him, nitai'nanattau: he has him, minan'attsiuaie.

Hay, n. ina., mattu yĭs'; pox e'nĭnniman; pokiak'sin.

v. int. 1. Cut hay, pokiak'it; I cut hay, nitaipokiaki; he cuts hay, pokiak'iu.

He, pers. pron., osto'i; joined with verbs, o-, ot-.

Head, n. ina., mo to kŏn'; pl., -kŏn-

Heal, v. int. 1. Heal thou, kut'totŭkkit; I heal, nitokut' totŭkki; he heals, ikut'totŭkkiu.

v. t. ina. 2. Heal thou it, kut'tutsĭt; I heal it, nitokut' tutsip; he heals it, ikut'tutsimaie.

v. t. an. 3. Heal thou me, kut'totokit; heal him, kut'totos; I heal you, kitokut' to to; he heals him, ikut'totoyiuaie.

Healing, n. abstr., kut' to tük sin ni. Hear, v. int. 1. Hear thou, okhtsĭmit; I hear, nitai'okhtsīmi; he hears, ai'okh tsĭm i u.

v. t. ina. 2. Hear thou it, okh'tsit; I hear it, nitai'okh tsip; he hears it, ai'okh tsimaie.

v. t. an. 3. Hear thou me, okhto'kit; hear him, okh tos'; I hear you, kitai'okhto; he hears him, ai'okhtoyiuaie.

Hearing, n. abstr., okh tsim'sin ni.
Heart, n. an., mo'skët tsi poppi; pl.,
-pi ists; my heart, nis'skët tsipoppi; your heart, kis'skët tsipoppi; his heart, o'skët tsi poppi.

Hearth, n., potat'skan.

Heat, n. abstr., ksistutsis'sinni.

v. t. ina. 2. Heat thou it, ksistuts'ĭstutsit; I heat it, nitaiksĭstutsĭstutsip; he heats it, ai'kkĭstutsĭstutsĭmaie.

Heaven, n., spots'im; **Ap**is to tok i uot si tau' pi pi.

Heavy, v. It is heavy (an.), is soksim'; (ina.), is soko'.

adj., is sok-, in composition; as, is sok ui au otan, heavy shield.

Heel, n. ina., mototŭn'; pl.-tu'ists.
Helm n. an., itau'kŏmotopŭtsak'-iopi.

Help, v. int. 1. Help thou, spum'mŭkkit; I help, nitŭs'spummŭki; he helps, spum'mŭkiu.

v. t. an. 3. Help thou me, spum'mokit; help him, spum'mos; I help you, kit'spum mo; he helps him, spum'mo yi u ai e.

v. recipr. Help one another, spum' motseik; they help one another, spum' motseiau.

Help, n. abstr., spum'mŭksĭnni; mutual help, spum'motseisĭnni. Helve, n. ina., sapi'kumatsĭs; pl.,

·-sists.

Hen, n. an., nipuau'; pl., -a'ax; nitau'ake, pl. -kex.

Her, pers. pron. Same as "Him."
Here, adv., an nom'; interj., here it is! ma; here he is! an'auk; here it is (ina.), a moi'iaukaie; (an.), a moi'iaukiuai.

It is here, amom'auk; he is here, oma'auk.

Here and there. See "About."

Hew. See "Fell."

Hiccough, v. int. 1. Hiccough thou, paiis ksīstūn'īsit; I hiccough, nitawk' paiis ksīstūnīs; he hiccoughs, awk paiīs ksīstūnīsi u.

Hide, n. an. (green), otokis'; pl., -kix; (dry), asikin'; pl., -kix.

Hide, v. int. 1. Hide thou, ksas'it; I hide, nitai'ksasi; he hides, ai'ksasiu.

v. t. ina. 3. Hide thou it, ksĭs′attoat; I hide it, nitai′ksĭsattop; he hides it, ai′ksĭsattomaic.

v. t. an. 2. Hide thou me, ksĭs-ŭk'kit; hide him, ksĭsŭt'tsĭs; I hide you, kitai'ksĭsatto; he hides him, ksĭsat'tsiuaie.

Hiding, n. abstr., ksas' sĭn ni.

High, v. impers. It is high, spi'u.

High river, n., spitse'.

High water, v. impers. It is high water, i kök ku' ye u.

Hill, n. ina., netum'mo; pl., -moists; ridge of a hill, pauŏkkhu'i; slope of hill, saiĕu'issots; circular or horse-shoe shaped ridge, akhakhu'i; edge of hill, issokh'itots.

Himself, pers. pron., auŭt'-, self joined with the verb; as, he told him himself, auŭt'anĭstsiuaie.

When reflective form of verb is used, this pronoun is not used; as,he hurts himself, a'kŏn nos i u.

Hinder. See "Stop." Hinge, n. an., a' wa ki u a. Hip, n. ina., mo op' i suk.

His, pers. pron., otsinan'. Hit, v. int. 1. Hit thou, a

Hit, v. int. 1. Hit thou, auaick'iit; I hit, nit'auaiaki; he hits, au'aiakiu.

v. t. ina. 2. Hit it, auak'iĭt; I hit it, nitau'akip; he hits it, auak'ĭmaie.

v. t. an. 1. Hit thou me, auaiak'iokit; hit him, auaiak'iĭs; I hit you, kitauaiakio; he hits him, auaiak'iuaie.

Hitting, n. abstr., auaiak'iak sin ui. Hoary head, n. an., ap'opi; pl., -pix.

Hoe, n. an., itai†sikŭn'akiopi; pl., -pix.

Hog, n. an., ak' sĭn ni; pl., -nix.

Hoist, v. int. 2 (as a flag). Hoist thou, saiak'i mat; I hoist, nitai'-

; pl., ix. as' it; s, ai'-

ksĭs'sĭsatt tom-

ksĭssĭs; I ; he

spi' u.

high

, -moauŏkiĕn'Isshaped of hill,

-, self ne told uaie. verb is used; nosiu.

aick'ine hits, ak'iĭt :

hits it,

ak'iĭs; he hits

k sĭn ni. pi; pl.,

pi ; *pl.*,

nix. Hoist :, nitai'- saiakima; he hoists, ai'saiakimau.

v. t. ina. 3. Hoist thou it, saiak'i mattoat; I hoist it, nitsaiak'i mattop; he hoists it, sai ak'i mattomaie.

v. t. an. 2. Hoist thou me, saiak'imŭkkĭt; hoist him, saiak'imŭttsĭs; I hoist you, kitsaiak'imat to; he hoists him, saiak'imattsiuaie.

v. t. ina. 3 (pull up). Hoist it, ispsköp'attoat; I hoist it, nitŭsps'köpattop; he hoists it, ispsköp'at tomai e.

v. t. an. 2. Hoist thou me, ispsköp' ŭk kĭt; hoist him, ispsköp' attsĭs; I hoist you, kit ŭspsköp atto; he hoists him, ispsköp'-attsiuaie.

Hold, v. int. 1. Hold thou, eĕn'nŭk kit; I hold, nits'ĕn nŭk ki; he holds, eĕn nŭk ki u.

v. t. ina. 2. Hold thou it, een'it; I hold it, n''enip; he holds it, een'imaie.

v t. an. 1. Hold thou me, een'okit; hold him, een'is; I hold you, kits'eno; he holds him, een'iuaie, or, ai'inniuaie.

See "Have."
olding, n. abstr., een'nŭksinni.

Holding, n. abstr., een'nŭksinni.

Hole, n. ina., auŏt'siman; pl.,
-manĭsts. It has a hole in it,
au'nikau; buffalo hole, inew'ŏtsiman; hole dug out, atŭn'aksĭn.

Hollow, v. impers. It is hollow, stsik i'u.

Hollow place in earth, n., stsik'ŭk-ku.

Holy, v. impers. It is holy, nato-ye'u.

adj., na to' yi-, atsĭm-, in composition.

Home, n. ina. Our home, ko kun'un.

Honey, n. ina., na mo' ŏs sĭn.

Hood, n. ina., sa pĭm'man. **Hoof,** n. an., okh sĭstsĭn'; pl., -tsix'.

Hook, n. an. (fish), a mik'atsis; pl.,
-six; (kettle), so kopisat'sis; pl.,
-six.

Hoop, n., itsi'uŭssi.

Hop, v. int. 1. Hop thou, ităm'ikawpaipiit; I hop, nitai'tămikawpaipi; he hops, ai'tămikawpaipiu.

Hopping, n. abstr., itum'ikaw pai-

pi sĭn ni.

Hopple, v. t. an. 2. Hopple him, omoköp ĭs'tsĭs; I hopple him, nitomoköp ĭs'tau; he hopples him, omoköp' ĭstsiuaie; he is hoppled, omoköp' ĭstau.

Hoppling, n. abstr., omokopistuk'-

sĭn ni.

Horn, n. an., otskin' au · pl., -ax.

Horse, n. an., ponokom'ita; pl., -tax; white horse, api'u; black horse, sĭk'ĭmi; grey horse, sĭkapi'u; bay horse, assokh'kuyi; dark bay horse, sĭka'sokhkuyi; light bay horse, apuia'sokhkuyi; pinto horse, kittsĭp'ĭmi; cream horse, otoka'piu; buckskin horse, otoku'imiu; light buck-skin horse, ksikotoku'imiu; dark buck-skin horse, siko'to kuimiu, or, sĭk'o asiu; roan horse, mokh'oasiu; blue horse, ots'kuimiu; brown horse, otokus'ksīsiu; sorrel horse, otsīm'miu; light sorrel horse, apuio'simmiu; dark sorrel horse, sik'ot sĭm mi u.

Horse collar, n. ina., kĭn'stan; pl.,
-stanists; ponokŏm'it-okĭn, pl.,
-kĭnists.

Horseman, n. an., okhit to' pi u a; pl, -pix.

Hot, v. int. 1. He, or it, is hot (an.), ksĭsto'siu.

v. int. 5, ksĭs to' sĭm.

v. int. 1 (ina.), ksĭs tu yi' u.

House, n. ina., nap'ioyis; pl., -yists.
How, adv., tsa'a; how will you do
it? tsa'kitak'anĭstsipats? how
is he coming? tsa'akanĭstsipuksipu? how many? tsanetsimats? how big? tsaniko'kĭmiuats.

Howl, v. int. 4. Howl thou, a'tut; I howl, nitai'atu; he howls, ai'- Howling, n. abstr., a' tusïn ni.

Hug, v. t an. 3. Hug me, a tat to'tokit; hug him, a tat to' tos; I hug you, kit a' tat to to; he hugs him, a' tat to to yi u ai e.

Hugging, n. abstr., a tat to' tük sin ni. Hump-back, v. int. 1. He is hump-

backed, ksa' mŭs kĭn i u. **Hundred**, adj., ke pip' po; a hundred people (an.), ke pĭp' pi-matup pix; a hundred books (ina.), ke pĭp' po yi-spĭk sĭn ak sists.

Hunger, v. int. 1. Hunger thou, au nots'it; I hunger, nitau'nots; he hungers, au'nots'iu.

n. abstr., au nots'sinni.

Hunt, v. int. 1. Hunt thou, sam'it;

I hunt, nĭt'sami; he hunts, sam'-

v. t. an. 2. Hunt thou me, samŭk'kit; hunt him, samŭt'tsis; I hunt you, kit'samŭtto; he hunts him, samŭt'tsi uaie.

v. int 1. Hunt thou, apskunŭk'kit; 1 hunt, nitapskunŭk'-ki; he hunts, ap'skunŭkkiu.

Hunting, n. abstr., sam'sĭnni; ap'-skunŭksĭnni.

Hurry. See "Haste."

Hurt, v. t. ina. 2. Hurt thou it, akönnit'; I hurt it, nit a' könnip; he hurts it, akönnimaie.

v. t. an. 1. Hurt thou me, a kön no'kit; hurt him, a kön nis'; 1 hurt you, kita'kön no; he hurts him, a'kön ni uaie.

v. pass. I am hurt, nita'kŏnnoko; he is hurt, a'kŏn nau.

v. reflect. Hurt yourself, akŏn'nosit; I hurt myself, nita'kŏnnos; he hurts himself, a'kŏn nos-

Hurting, n. abstr., a kön nük'sin ni.
Husband, n. an. My husband, nom'a; your husband, kom'a; her husband, om'i.

I.

I, pera. pron., nesto'a; in conjunction with verbs, nit.

Ice, n., sakuk'a tui kun i kim.

Ill, v. int. 1. Be thou ill, okhtokos'it; I am ill, nitai'okh to kosi; he is ill, ai'okh to kosi u.

Illness, n. abstr., okh to kos'sĭn ni.

Imitate, v. t. an. 2. Imitate thou me, e'műkkit; imitate him, e-műt'tsis; I imitate you, kitai'e-műt to; he imitates him, ai'e műttsi uaie.

v. int. 1. Imitate thou, pok'ian is tsi; I imitate, nito pok'ianis tsi; he imitates, pok'ian istsiu.

Imitation, n. abstr. (in speech), pok'ianïssĭnni.

In, prep. (inside), pĭstots'im; he, or it, is in, pĭstots'Imauk.
Inch, n. ina., nito' kitsaksĭn.

Indian, n. an., nit'sităp pe kuŭn; (woman), nit'sităp piake.

Insect, n. an., is ksin'au; pl., -ax.
Instead of, adv. particle, at su-, in composition.

Into, particle, tsĭps-, sŭp'-, sui-, in composition; as, he runs into (house), itsĭpsaukska'siu; he pours it into (bucket), sŭpa'su-yĭnĭmaie; he throws it into (water), suia'pĭxĭmaie.

Invitation, n. abstr., atsīmman'i; is sta'sīnni; ŭmmŭk'sīnni.

Invite, v. int. 2. Invite thou, atsimmat'; I invite, nitau'atsimma; he invites, au'atsimmau.

v. t. an. 2. Invite thou me, isstŭk'kĭt; invite him, issta'tsĭs; I invite you, kit ūs'stăt to; he invites him, ŭsstăt tsi'u ai e.

v. t. an. 1. Invite thou me, ŭm'mo cit; invite him, ŭm'mĭs; I invite ou, kit ŭm'mo; he invites him, ŭm mi u i e.

Iron, n. an. (metal), mix'kim; pl.,
-kimix; (laundry), it us'tsi kawkiakiopi; pl., -pix.

v. int. 1. Iron thou, is tsi kawk'iakit; I iron, nit ŭstsi kawk'iaki; he irons, ŭstsi kawk'iaki u.
Island, n. ina., mĭnni'; pl., -nists.
Itch, v. int. 1. Itch thou, istseps'-

kh tokosi ;

nni. thou im, eitai'eemŭt-

pok'ik'ianian ĭs-

beech), n; he,

kuŭn ; ., -ax. su-, in

sui-, in ns into u; he ăpa'suit into

man'i; i. thou, itau'a-

'a tsīmme, ista' tsīs;

to; he e. ou me, m'mĭs;

ím ; *pl.*, si kawk-

invites

i kawk'kawk'i-'i ak i u. -nists. istseps'- it; ${f I}$ itch, n ${f Y}$ ts ${f Y}$ s'tseps ${f i}$; he itches, is tseps' ${f i}$ u.

Itching, n. abstr., is tseps' sĭn ni.

J.

Jacket. See "Coat." Jar, n. ina., itai'sŭppitŭkiopi; pl.,

Jaw-bone, n. an., mopskin'ai.

Jealous, v. int. 2. Be thou jealous, ksĭssats'iuat; I am jealous, nitsiksĭssats'iua; he is jealous, aiksĭssatsiuau.

v. t. an. 2. Be thou jealous of me, ksĭssats'iuŭkkĭt; be jealous of him, ksĭssats'iuŭttsĭs; I am jealous of you, kitai'ksĭssatsiuŭtto; he is jealous of him, aiksĭssatsiuŭttsiuaie.

v. int. 1 (between man and wife). Be thou jealous, ko pu' ĭnai ĭt; I am jealous, nito ko pu' ĭnai i; he is jealous, ko pu' ĭnai iu.

v. t. an. 2. Be thou jealous of me, kopu'ĭnauŭkkĭt; be jealous of him, kopu'ĭnauŭttsīs; I am jealous of you, kitokopu'ĭnauŭtto; he is jealous of her, kopu'ĭnauŭttsiuaie.

Jealousy, n. abstr., ksīssats'iuani; (between man and wife), kopu'īnaisīnni.

Jest, v. int. 1. Jest thou, kĭp'anit; I jest, nitai'kĭpani; he jests, kĭp'aniu, or, kaiĭp'aniu.

v. t. an. 2. Jest with me, kĭp-an'ikĭt; jest with him, kĭpan'ĭs-tsĭs; I jest with you, kitai'kĭp-anĭsto; he jests with him, aikĭp-an'ĭstsiuaie.

Jesting, n. abstr., kĭpan'ĭssĭnni.
Jog, v. t. an. 3 (with elbow). Jog
thou me, kseikiok'okit; jog
him, kseikiok'os; I jog you,
kitaikseikiok'o; he jogs him,
aikseikiok'oyiuaie.

Jogging, n. abstr., kseikiok'öksĭnni.

Journey, v. int. 3. Journey thou,

au mattoat'; I journey, nitau'matto; he journeys, au'matto. Journeying, n. abstr., au matto'sin-

ni.

Joy. See "Gladness."

Joyful. See "Glad," "Pleased." Judge, n. an., au'kökits m ŭkiua; pl., -ŭkix.

v. int. 2, aukŏk'itsĭmmat; I judge, nitaukŏk'itsĭmma; he

judges, au' kók i tsĭm mau.

v. t. an. 2. Judge thou me, aukŏk'itsĭmmŭk kit; judge him, aukŏk'itsĭmmŭttsīs; I judge you, kitaukŏk'itsĭmmŭtto; he judges him, aukŏk'itsĭmmŭttsiuaie.

Judging, n. abstr., au kŏk' i tsi man i. Jug, n.

Juice, n. ina. (sweet), matseipo'ko.
Jump, v. int. 1. Jump thou, opai'-piit; I jump, nitopai'pii; he jumps, opai'piu.

Jump high, v. int. 1. Jump thou high, spo'paipiit; I jump high, nĭtspo'paipi; he jumps high, spo'paipiu.

Jumping, n. abstr., opai' pi i sĭn ni; jumping high, spo' pai pi i sĭn ni.

Just, v. int. 1. Be just, mo kom'otsi tappiĭt; I am just, nito'komotsi tappi; he is just, mokom'otsi tappi.

Just, being, n. abstr., mo kom' otsitap pi sin ni.

К.

Keep. See "Have."

Keep the head quiet, v. int. 1. Keep thou the head quiet, a mŏk'iakit; I keep head quiet, nitau'mŏkiaki; he keeps head quiet, amŏk'iakiu.

Keep the head quiet and listen, v. int. 1, istsan'nokiakit; I keep head quiet and listen, nit ŭs'tsannokiaki; he keeps head quiet and listens, istsan'nokiakiu.

Keg, n. ina., assuyĭn'; pl., -yĭn'ĭsts.

Kettle, n. an., is'ka; pl., -kix.

Key, n. an., itai'kauai pixixtakiopi; pl., -pix.

Kick, v. int. 1. Kick thou, se kökit'; I kick, nitai'se köki; he kicks, ai'se kökiu.

v. t. an. 2. Kick me, se kŭk'kĭt; kick him, se kŏttsĭs; I kick you, kitai' se kŏtto; he kicks him, ai' se kŏttsi u ai e.

v. t. ina. 3. Kick thou it, se-köttoat'; I kick it, nitai'seköttop; he kicks it, ai'seköttomaie.

Kicking, n. abstr., se kŏk'sĭn ni. Kidney, n. ina., o'tok, or, u'tok; pl., -tok ists.

Kill, v. t. an. 2. Kill thou me, inikit; kill him, inĭt'tsĭs; I kill you, kitse'nito; he kills him, inĭt'tsiuaie.

v. pass. He is killed, initau'; I am killed, nitse'niko.

Kill by stealth, v. t. an. 2. Kill me by stealth, kŏm'i'nikĭt; kill him by stealth, kŏm'i'nĭttsĭs; I kill you by stealth, kitokŏme'nĭtto; he kills him by stealth, kŏm'inĭttsiuaie.

Kill in the night, v. t. an. 2. Kill thou me in the night, sepe'nikit; kill him in the night, sepe'nĭttsĭs; I kill you in the night, kitaisepenitto; he kills him in the night, sepe'nĭttsiuaie.

Kill secretly, v. t. an. 2. Kill thou me secretly, kseme'nikit; kill him secretly, kseme'nittsis; I kill you secretly, kitai'ksemenitto; he kills him secretly, aikseme'nittsiuaie.

Killing, n. abstr., inik'sĭnni.

Kind. See "Pity."

Kind. This or that kind (ina.), ŭn'nian is tap pi; (an.), ŭn' nian istăp' si.

Kind-hearted, v. int. 1. Be thou kind-hearted, awx'apsit; I am kind-hearted, nitawx'aps; he is kind-hearted, awx'apsiu.

v. t. an. 2. Be kind-hearted towards me, awx'apsŭkkĭt; be kind-hearted towards him, awx'-

apsăttsis; I am kind-hearted towards you, kitawx'apsătto; he is kind-hearted towards him, awx'apsăttsiuaie.

Kind-heartedness, n. abstr., awx'-

apssīnni.

Kirdle, v. int. 1. Kindle thou (a fire), istsük'kĭt; I kindle, nitüst'sŭkki; he kindles, istsük'ki u. v. t. ina. 2. kindle thou it, istsit'; I kindle it, nitŭs'tsip; he kindles it, ŭs'tsĭmai e.

Kindling, n. abstr., istsük'sĭnni. Kindling, n. ina., satsak'sĭn; pl., -sists.

Kindness. See "Pitying."

Kindred, n. an. My kindred, nix'-okoax; our kindred (excl.), nĭx'-okoĭnan; (incl.), kĭx'okoĭnun.

King, n. an., omax'inau; pl., -inax. Kinsman, n. an. My kinsman, nix'okoa; your kinsman, kix'okoa; his kinsman, ox'okoa; pl., -koax.

Kiss, v. t. an. 1. Kiss thou me, sĭn naus' kṛp po kṛt; kiss him, sĭnnaus' kṛp pṛs; I kiss you, kit sĭnnaus' kṛp po; he kisses him, sĭnnaus' kṛp pi uaie.

Kissing, n. abstr., sĭn naus' ki tŭk-

sĭn ni.

Kitchen, n. an., itau' yosiopi.

Kitten, n. an., pus'-o'kos.

Knead, v. int. 1. Knead thou, aitskaw kio' tŭk kit; I knead, nitait' skaw kio' tŭk ki; he kneads, ait skaw kio' tŭk kiu.

Kneading, n. abstr., aitskaw kio'tŭk sĭn ni.

Knee, n. an., muttoksis'; pl., -ksix.
Kneel, v. int. 1. Kneel thou, a pis'-tuk sis a no pit; I kneel, nita'-pis tuk sis a no pi; he kneels, a'-pis tuk sis a no pi u.

Knife, n. an., sto'an; pl., -ax.

Knifo-scabbard, n. ina., asso'toan; pl., -asts.

Knock, v. int. 1. Knock thou, istok'iakit; I knock, nitŭs'tokiaki; he knocks, istok'iakiu.

v. t. ina. 2. Knock it, istok'it; I knock it, nitŭs'tokip; he knocks it, istok'ĭmaie.

earted to; he him,

awx'-

hou (a e, nitk' ki u. 10u it, 18' tsip;

nni. n; *pl.*,

d, nix'), nix'in un.
, -Inax.
n, nix''okoa;
,-koax.
ou me,
im, sĭnkitsĭnm, sĭn-

'ki tŭki.

ou, aitid, nitkneads,

., -ksix. , a pĭs'-

, nita'eels, a'-

o' to an;

hou, isis'tokiciu. stok'it; p; he Knocking, n. abstr., istok' iak sı̃n ni. Knock over, v. t. ina. 2. Knock it over, apo pŏt'tsiit; I knock it over, nitapo pŏt'tsi' ip; he knocks it over, apo pŏt tsi' ı̃m ai e.

Knot, n. ina., ŏkua' pĭsa tŭksĭn;

is'ksi pĭstŭksĭn.

Knot, tie a, v. int. 1. Tie a knot thou, ŏkua' pĭsattŭkkit; I tie a knot, nitŏk' uapĭsattŭkki; ŏk'uapĭsattŭkkiu.

v. t. ina. 3. Tie it, ŏkua'pĭsattoat; I tie it, nitŏk'uapĭsattop; he ties it, ŏk'uapĭsattomnie.
v. int. 1. Tie a knot thou, is'-ksi pĭstūkkit; I tie a knot, nĭts-ĭs'ksi pĭstūkki; he ties a knot, is'ksi pĭstūkkiu.

Know, v. t. ina. 2. Know thou it, isksĭnit'; I know it, nitŭs'ksĭnip; he knows it, isksĭnĭmaie.

v. t. an. 3. Know thou me, isksino'kit; know him, isksinos'; I know you, kits'ksino; he knows him, isksin nu'yi uai e.

Knowledge, n. abstr, is ksin ŭk' sin ni.

L.

Lacerate, v. t. an. 2. Lacerate thou me, ŭmstsi'ikit; lacerate him, ŭmstsi'itsïs; 1 lacerate you, kitŭms'tsiitto; he lacerates him, ŭmstsiittsiuaie.

Laceration, n. abstr., ŭms tsi'i tŭksin ni.

Lad. See "Boy."

Ladder, n. ina., a mĭs sa'a katsis; pl., -sists.

Lake, n. ina., omŭk'sikimi; pl.,

Lame, v. int. 1. Be thou lame, ŭstse'kaiit; I am lame, nitŭs'tsekaii; he is lame, ŭs'tsekaiiu.

Lameness, n. abstr., ŭs tse' kai i sin ni. Lamp, n. ina., anak' i mat sis; pl., -sists.

Land, n. an., ksök'kum.

Lap, v. int. 1. Lap thou (as a dog), sĭns tŭk kit; I lap, nitai sĭns tŭkki; he laps, ai sĭns tŭk ki u. v. t. ina. 1. Lap thou it, sīnstsit'; I lap it, nitsīnstsip; he laps it, sīnstsīmai'e.

Lapping, n. abstr., sinstŭk'sin ni. Lard, n. ina., ak'sino pomis.

Large. - It is large (an.), omāk'sīm; (ina.) omāk'o; he is large,
omāk'sīm; I am large, nitomāksīm. This is applied also to age;
as, I am advanced in years, nitomāk'sīm.

(If a horse) omŭk'imiu.

How large is he? (an.), tsane'-koksimats? how large is it? (ina.), tsane'kokoats? how large is it? (applied, to horse, cow, or dog, etc.), tsane kokimiu'ats?

Lariet, n. ina. (cowboy), ku mam' itsın ükiopıs; (Indian three braid), am'itsın ükiopıs; (plain raw hide), mio'pıs; (Peigan four braid), ats' o topoam itsın ükiopıs.

v. t. an. 2. Throw the lariet,

i to kŏt tsĭs'.

Laugh, v. int. 1. Laugh thou, im'it; I laugh, nitai'im i; he laughs, ai'miu; laugh at me, aim'skotokit; laugh at him, aim'skotos; I laugh at you, kitaiimskoto; he laughs at him, aimskotoyiuaie.

Laughter, n. abstr., i im' sin ni. Law, n. ina., au kök' i tsiman i.

"Judge."

Lay, v. t. ina. 1. Lay it down, po'tsit; I lay it down, nitsipo'tsip; he lays it down, po'tsimaie, or, paio'tsimaie.

v. t. ina. 3. Lay it down, itstoat; I lay it down, nitsitstop; he lays it down, itstom'ai e.

v. t. an. 1. Lay him down, itstsis; I lay you down, kitsitstso; he lays him down, itstsi'uaie.

v. t. an. 1. Lay me down, istokitso'kit; lay him down, istokitsis; I lay you down, kitsis'tokitso; he lays him down, istokitsi'uaie.

Lay eggs, v. int. 1, auaiit; she lays eggs, au'aiiu.

Lazy, v. int. 1. Be thou lazy, sta'-apsit; I am lazy, nit'staapsi; he is lazy, sta'apsiu.

Laziness, n. abstr., sta' aps sĭn ni.

Lead, v. t. an. 1. Lead thou me, otap pin'no kit; lead thou him, otap pin no; I lead you, kito'-tap pin no; he leads him, itap-pin'ni u ai e.

v.t. an. 1 (by the hand). Lead thou me, sin nikinstse'piokit; lead him, sin nikinstse'pis; I lead you, kitsin nikinstse'pio; he leads him, sin nikinstse'piuaie.

Leading, n. abstr., o tặp pǐn' nữk sĩnni; (by the hand), sĩn ni kĩns tse'pi ữk sĩn ni.

Leaf, n. ina., suio' pok; pl., -pok ĭsts.
Leak, v. int. 2. Leak thou (run out), saikĭms' kat; it leaks, saikĭms' kau.

Lean, v. int. 1 (lounge). Lean thou, istăpitsipuyĭt'; I lean, nitsittăpitsipuyi; he leans, ităpitsipuyiu.

v. int. 1. Lean thou, istăpĭts'ĭs sit; I lean, nits it tăp ĭts ĭs si; he leans, i,tăp ĭts' ĭs si u.

v. int. i (not fat). Be thou lean, pixĭn'it; I am lean, nitai'-pixĭn'i; he is lean, pixĭn'i u.

Leanness, n. abstr., pix in' sin ni.
Learn, v. t. ina. 2. Learn thou it, is ksin it'; I learn it, nit is ksinip; he learns it, is ksin imaie; I am beginning to learn it, nitau mut ups ksin ip.

Learning, n. abstr., is ksĭn ŭk' sĭn ni. Leather, n. ina., pŭk ke' u; is tsi kŏp'o kui.

Leather case, n. ina., as so' tsi man; pl., -manists.

Leave, v. t. ina. 2. Leave it, skĭt'; I leave it, nit'skip; he leaves it, skĭm' aie.

v. t. an. 2. Leave me, ski'kit; leave him, ski'tsĭs; I leave you, kitskito; he leaves him, skitsi'-naie.

v. pass. He is left, skitau'; i-kŭn' skitau.

v. t. an. 2 (in charge of any

one), left with me, piski'kit; left with him, piskitsïs'; I leave with you, kito piskito; he leaves with him, ipskitsiuaie.

Leaving, with one another, n. abstr., piskit tse i sin ni.

Left hand, adv., e'aksĭssauots.

Leg, n. ina., mo kŏt'si; pl., -kŏt'sists; my leg is broken, nits'sixĭnŭk.

Legging, n. an., a tsīs'; pl., atsex'; woman's legging, ake'atsīs.

Lend, v. t. ina. 3. Lend thou it, nokuma' tŏk kuka toat; I lend it, nitokuma tŏk kuka top; he lends it, ŏkuma' tŏk kuka tomaie.

v. t. an. 3. Lend to me, ŏk umatŏk kokit; lend to him, ŏk uma'takos; I lend to you, kitŏkumatako; he lends to him, ŏkumatako yi u ai e.

Lending, n. abstr., okuma'ta köksin ni.

Let go, v. t. ina. 1. Let it go, potsit; I let it go, nitai' potsip; he lets it go, po'tsimaie.

v. t. an. 3. Let me go (loose me), poto'kit; let him go, potos'; I let you go, kitaipoto; he lets him go, paio'toyiuaie.

Letting go, n. abstr., potŭk'sın ni.

Level to the earth, v. t. ina. 2.

Level it, kon'it; I level it, nitsikon'ip; he levels it, i kon'imaie.

v. t. an. 1. Level him, kon'ıs;

I level him, nitsikon'oau; he
levels him, ikon'iuaie.

Lick. See "Lap," for v. int., and v. t. ina.

v. t. an. 1. Lick thou it, sĭn ipĭs'; I lick him, nitsinipau; he licks him, aisĭnipiuaic.

Lid, n. an., o ku' yi mat sis; pl., -six. Lid, put on the, v. t. an. 1. Put on the lid (lit., lid him), o'kis.

Lie, v. int. Lie thou, saie pĭtsit; Ilie, nit saie pĭtsi; he lies, saie pĭtsiu.

v. t. an. 3. Lie to me, saie'pitskotokit; lie to him, saie'pitskotos; I lie to you, kitsaie'pitskoto; he lies to him, saie'pitskotoyiuaie.

left with with

bstr.,

sists; ŭk. sex';

u it, nd it, lends

ŏk uŏk ukitŏkn, ŏk-

a kŏk-

o, pop; he (loose

o, po-.poto; aie. ĭn ni.

 $\imath a.$ 2. nit simai e. on' ĭs :

ı; he t., and

sĭn ipu; he

., -six. Put on

pĭtsit; saie'-

saie'sai e'kitsaisaie'-

Lie, n. abstr., saie' pitsĭn ni Lie down, v. int. 1. Lie thou down, istok'itsit; I lie down, nitsïstok-

itsi; he lies down, istoki tsi u.

Life, n. abstr., nipu'i pai tap pii sĭnni; opai'tappiisĭn ni.

Lift, v. int. 1. Lift thou, spin' ŭkkit; I lift, nit'spĭnŭkki; he lifts, spĭn'ŭk ki u.

v. t. ina. 2. Lift thou it, spin'it; I lift it, nit'spinip; he lifts

it, spin'imaie.

v. t. an. 1. Lift me, spin'okit; lift him, spĭn'ĭs; I lift you, kitspīno; he lifts him, spīniuaie. v. reflect. Lift yourself, spin'osit; I lift myself, nit'spĭn osi; he lifts himself, spĭn'osiu.

v. t. an. 3. Lift it for me, spin'nomokit; lift it for him, spin'nomos; I lift it for you, kitspinnomo; he lifts it for him, spĭn'nomoyiuaie.

Lifting, n. abstr., spĭn' ŭksĭnni. Light, v. int. 5. It is light (not heavy) (an.), sŏks' tsĭm'. v. int. 1 (ina.), sŏk' o tsi u.

v. int. 1 (not dark), ksĭstsiku'inatsiu.

Lighten, v. int. 1. It lightens, ikkŭn'natsi u.

Linen, n. an., istokh'ai přistsi; pl.,

-tsix. Lining of tent, n. an., a pun'ne kut-

tan; pl., -tan ix. **Lip,** n. ina., moto' nĭssi; pl., -nĭsts; upper lip, spumoto'nĭssi.

Listen, v. int. 1. Listen thou, ĭs'tsiit; Ilisten, nitai'ĭstsi; he listens, ai' ĭs tsi u.

v. t. an. 1. Listen to me, ĭs tsiokit; listen to him, ĭstsi'ĭs; I listen to you, kits ĭs tsio; he listens to him, ai'ĭstsiuaie.

Listening, n. abstr., is tsi'isin ni.**Little**, v. int. 1. It is little (an.), inak'ĭmiu; (ina.), inŭk'otsiu. v. int. 5. It is little (an.), inŭx' tsim.

v. int. 1 (ina.), inŭk'otsi u. v. int. 1 (of horse or dog), i nak'imiu.

Little Bow R., n., nam' ŭkh tai i. Live, v. int. 1. Live thou, pai'i tappiit; I live, nitopai'tăppi; he

lives, o pai'tap pi i u.

Live still, v. int. 1. Live thou still, sakiaitappiit; I live still, nitsakiaitappii; he lives still, sakiaităppiiu.

Living still, n. abstr., saki ai tăp pii-

sĭn ni.

Live with. See "Abide."

Liver, n. ina., kĭn ŭk kĭn'; pl., -kists. **Lizard,** n. an., nams ke'; pl., -kex.

Load, n. (as waggon load), is' ksīm au. v. t. an. 1 (a gun). Load it, makh'awkis; I load it, nitakh'awkiau; he loads it, aiakh awkiuaie.

Loaf, n. ina., ke'tan; spĭk'iketan. **Lock,** n. an., o'ki matsĭs; pl., -six. Lodge, n. ina. (native lodge), moyĭs'; pl., -yĭsts.

Lodge lining. See "Lining."

Lodge pole, n. an., min' stam; pl., -stam ix.

Log, n. an. (of wood), omŭx'ĭx im; pl., -im ix.

Long, v.int. 5. It is long (an.), inno'sĭm.

v. int. 1 (ina.), in no ye'u. n. an., a long log, innoksĭm'.

Long line, n. an., inna' pik m; <math>pl.,

Look, v. int. 1. Look thou, suppĭt'; I look, nitsŭppi; he looks, sŭp' pi u.

v. t. ina. 2. Look at it, sat sit; I look at it, nitsatsip; he looks at it, sat' sĭmai e.

v. t. an. 1. Look at me, sum'mokit; look at him, sŭm'mĭs; I look at you, kitsĭs'sŭmmo; he looks at him, ŭs'sŭm mi uai e.

v. t. an. 3. Look at me, nino'kit; look at him, ninos'; I look at you, kitai'no; he looks at him, ai'no yi uaie, or nan'nu yi uaie.

Look about, v. int. 1. Look about, apsuppit; I look about, nitapsuppi; he looks about, ap'suppiu. v. t. ina. 1. Look about for it,

ap'satsit.

v. t. an. 1. Look about for him, ap'sum mis.

Look here! interj., assa; as' sup pita. Look out! interj., niu'akh.

Looking-glass, n. ina., as sa' piatsïs; pl., -sists.

Loose, v. t. ina. 1. Loose it, potsit'; I loose it, nito po'tsip; he looses it, paio'tsimaie.

v. t. an. 3. Loose me, poto'-kit; loose him, potos'; I loose you, kito poto; he looses him, Paio'to yi u ai e.

v. impers., It is loose, saiawk'piu; (of a blade), au'auŭtto piu; (of a screw), aisŭtsiko pi u.

Loosing, n. abstr., poto'sinni.
Lose, v. t. ina. 3. Lose it, ats'toat;
I lose it, nitats'top; he loses it, ats'tomaie.

v. t. an. 1. Lose me, ats'okit; lose him, ats'is; I lose you, kitats'o; he loses him, ats'iuaie.

Losing, n. abstr., ats'tūk sĭn ni. Lost, v. pass. It was lost (an.), ats'au; (ina.), ats top.

Louse, n. an., skin'as; pl., -asix. Lousy, v. int. 1. He is lousy, akau'kumiu; i kumi'u.

Love, v. int. 1. Love thou, ŭko me'tŭk kit; I love, nit ŭko me' tŭk ki; he loves, ŭko me' tŭk ki u.

v. t. ina. 1. Love it, ŭkome'tsit; I love it, nitŭkome'tsip; he loves it, ŭkome'tsĭmaie.

v. t. an. 1. Love me, ŭkomĭm'mokit; love him, ŭkomĭm'mĭs;
I love you, kitŭkomĭm'mo; he
loves him, ŭkomĭm mi uaie.

v. reflect. Love yourself, ŭkomĭm' mosit; I love myself, nit-ŭkomĭm' mosi; he loves himself, ŭkomĭm' mosi u.

v. recipr. Love one another, ŭkomĭm' motseik; we love one another, nit ŭkomĭm' motsei pĭnan.

Love, n. abstr., ŭkome'tŭksinni; (reciprocal love), ŭkomim'motseisinni.

Low, v. int. 1. It is low (an.), i-kŏk'siu; (ina.), ikŏk ke'u.

Lumber, n. ina., au păx' is tox ix; pl., -ix ists.

Lump, n. ina., osu'kotokau; (of dirt), osu'kikim skau.

Lunatic, n. an., au' ŭt tsapsi u a; pl.,
-tsapsi x.

Lung, n. ina., itai'se tumiopi: pl., -pists.

Lying. See "Lie."

Lying down, n. abstr., is tökitsĭs'-sĭn ni.

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Mad, v. int. 1. Be thou mad, mat'tsapsit; I am mad, nitŭt'tsapsi; he is mad, mat'tsapsiu.

Madman. See "Lunatic."
Madness, n. abstr., mat'tsapsinni.

Magpie, n. an., mamiatsi' kim mi. Maid. See "Girl."

Maimed, v. int. 1. He is maimed, ikom'siua; pl., -six.

Make, v. int. 1. Make thou, apistutŭk kit; I make, nitapĭstutŭkki; ki; he makes, apĭstutŭk kiu.

v. t. ina. 2. Make it, ap's tuts'it; I make it, nitap'is tutsip; he makes it, ap'is tuts'im ai e.

v. t. an. 3. Make me, apistut'tokit; make him, apistut'tos; I make you, kitapistutto; he makes him, apistuttoyiuaie.

v. t. an. 3. Make it for me, apistut'tomokit; make it for him, apistut'tomos; I make it for you, kitapistuttomo; he makes it for him, apistuttomoyiuaie.

Making, n, abstr., apistutŭk'sinni. Malady, n. abstr., okhtokos'sin ni. Male, n. an. (man), nin' nau; (beast), na pim'.

Mallet, n. an., mistio tai pix opi; pl., -pix.

Man, n. an., nin'nau; young unmarried man, man'i koppi.

n. an. Young married man, sŏk'kĭnau; old man, nap'iu. Mane, n., oas', or uas'; long mane,

inno'asi.

Manure, n. ina., istan'ists.

; *pl.*, ; (of

; pl.,

: pl.,

i tsĭs'-

mat'sapsi;

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or me,
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ake it
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'sĭnni. sĭn ni. beast),

ix opi ;

ng un-

iu. mane, Many, adj. (an.), akaiem'; (ina.), akauo'.

Mare, n. an., skim'; pl., skim'ix.

Marrow, n. ina., iinun'.

Marry, v. int. 1 (a man). Marry thou, kem'it; I marry, nit'okemi; he marries, ikem'iu.

v. t. an. 1. Marry her, kem'ĭs; I marry her, nitokem'oau;
he marries her, ikemiuaie.

v. t. an. 1 (a woman). Marry thou, om'it; I marry, nit'omi; she marries, om'iu.

v. t. an. 1. Marry him, om'is; I marry him, nitom'oau; she marries him, om'iuaie.

v. pass. They are married (according to English law), i patoapistutto au.

Marsh, n. an., miksĭs'kum; pl., -kumix.

Marvel. See "Amaze."

Marten, n. an., pinotu'yi; pl., -yix. Match, n. ina., istsĭm'atsĭs; pl., -sists.

Matter, n. ina. (pus), matsissi'u; pl., -sists.

Measles, n. ina., apik' sĭn ni (used also for small-pox and all kinds of skin eruption).

Measure, v. int. 1 (distance), iskskak'it; I measure, nitŭsks'kaki; he measures, ŭsks'kakiu.

v. t. ina. 2. Measure it, isks-kuit'; I measure it, nitūsks'kuip; he measures it, isks' komaie.

v. t. an. Measure him, isks kuĭs'; measure me, isks ko'kit; I measure you, kit ĭsks' ko; he measures him, isks' kui uai e.

v. int. 1 (with a vessel). Measure thou, utükkit; I measure, nitu'tükki; he measures, u'tukkiu.

v. t. ina. 3. Measure it, utŭkattoat; I measure it, nitu'tŭkattop; he measures it, u'tŭkattomaie.

v. t. ina. 2 (cloth, etc.), issĭn'ĭt; I measure it, nit ŭs'sĭnip; he
measures it, ŭs'sĭnĭmaie.

v. t. an. 1. Measure him, is-

sĭn'ĭs; I measure him, nit ŭs'sĭnau; he measures him, ŭs'sĭn i u ai e.

Measuring, n. abstr. (distance), iskskak'sĭnni; (by vessels), ŭ tŭk'sĭnni.

Meat, n. ina., ix'isako; dry meat, kai'iĭs.

Medicine, n. ina., sa am'.

Medicine Pole, n. ina. (at sun dance), itŭtsi ki kŭn' ŭm man.

Meditate, v. int. 2. Meditate thou, ap'aitsitat; I meditate, nit ap'aitsita; he meditates, ap'aitsitau.

Meditation, n. abstr., apaitsi'tani.

Meek, v. int. 1. Be thou meek, ikkĭnaps'it; I am meek, nitsik' kĭnapsi; he is meek, ik kĭnaps'iu.

Meekness, n. abstr., ik kĭnaps' sĭnni. Meek person, n. an., ik kĭnap' i tappi ua.

Mêlt, v. t. ina. 2 (as grease). Melt it, sĭkosĭt': I melt it, nit'sĭkosip; he melts it, saiĭk'osĭmaie.

v. t. an. 1 (as lead). Melt it, nĭstsi kĭm'sĭs; I melt it, nitsĭstsi-kĭm'sau; he melts it, nat'si kĭm-si u ai e.

Melting, n. abstr. (grease), sikosük'sinni; (lead), nistsikim' süksinni.
Mend n int l. Mond thou neak'.

Mend, v. int. 1. Mend thou, psak'it; I mend, nitai'psaki; he mends, aipsak'iu.

v. t. ina. 2. Mend it, psi'it; I mend it, nitai'psip; he mends it, aipsīmaie.

v. t. an. 3. Mend it for me, psumo'kit; mend it for him, psumos'; I mend it for you, kitai'psumo; he mends it for him, ai'psumoyiuaie.

Mended, v. pass. They are mended, ai'psai au.

Mending, n. abstr., psak'sınni.

Mercy, n. abstr., kima pi'isin ni. Merriment, n. abstr., e tam'e tsi tani.

Messenger, n. an., au'tokŏtau; o'tokatatsīs.

Midday, n. ina., ai'itütsikai-ksīstsikui.

Middle, prep. In the middle, i tŭt'sikatsim.

adj. partic., itŭt'siki-.

Midnight, n., itut'sikiaikoko.

Might, n. abstr. (strength), mĭs' kŏpsīn ni.

Mile, n., a'a siu; how many miles? tsan etsa' a siu ats?

Milk, n. an., un'ni kis.

Mine, poss. pro., nitsinan.

Minister. n. an. na toi'apie kuŭn.

Mistake, v. int. 1 (1). Make a mistake, pakhtsan'istsiit; I make a mistake, nitse' pakhtsan'is tsi; he makes a mistake, pakhtsan'istsiu.

v. int. 1 (2). Make a mistake, pakhtsan'it; I make a mistake, nitse' pakhtsan'i; he makes a mistake, pakhtsan'iu.

Mistake, making a, n. abstr., pakhtsan' is tsi sin ni; pakhtsan' is sin-

Moccasin, n. ina., attsikin'; pl., -kists.

v. int. 2. She is making moccasins, ai'tsi ki kau.

v. int. 1. He has moccasins on, is tsitsik iu; he puts on moccasins, makhs'tsitsikiu.

Mock, v. int. 1 (with the teeth and voice). Mock thou, ai'am ski akit; I mock, nitai'am ski aki; he mocks, ai'am ski aki u.

Molasses, n. ina., ŭxpiapiniu.

Money, n. an., itawkh' pumau pi; pl., -pix; mix'kim; pl., -kim ix; (small money), sisix'i; sioixix'-kim; a' punasaini.

Moon, n. an., kokum'ikesum; pl., -sum ix.

Moose, n. an., sĭk' i tsĭs so; pl., so ix. Morning, n., ksĭs kŭn na' tŭn ni.

Morning star, n. an., e přís su'awks a.
Mosquito, n. an., sos ksří si : pl., -six.
Moss, n. ina., oks' křís satsřís; pe' koksří im.

Moss-bag, n. ina., sit'sim atsis; pl., -sists.

Moth, *n. an.*, a păn'i u; *pl.*, -ix.

Mother, n. an. My mother, ni ksĭs'-ta; your mother, ki ksĭs' ta; her mother, o ksĭs' tsi.

Mother-in-law, n. an. My mother-in-law, naawx'a; thy mother-in-

law, kaawx'a; his mother-in-law, maawx'a.

Mount, v. int. 1 (a horse). Mount thou, amiop'auŭnit; I mount, nitamiop auŭni; he mounts, amiop'auŭniu.

Mountain, n. ina., mistŭk'ki., pl., kists.

Mountain sheep, n. an., e m m k' i - k m a; pl., -a x.

Mourn, v. int. 1. Mourn thou, auye'sit; I mourn, nitau'yesi; he mourns, au'yesiu.

Mouse, n. an., kaĭn'ai skin a; pl.,-ax.

Mouth, n. an., ma oi'i; roof of mouth, mo tsĭstsĭn'ni.

Move about, v. int. 1. Move thou, ax apau' pit; I move, nitaiax apau' pi; he moves, aiax apau' pi u.

Move camp, v. int. 1. Move camp thou, aukit'; I move camp, nitauk'i; he moves camp, auk'iu.

Moving camp, n. abstr., auk' sĭn ni.
Mow, v. int. 1. Mow thou, ai pitŭk'kit; I mow, nitai pi tŭk ki;
he mows, ai pi tŭk ki u.

Mowing, n. abstr., ai pi tŭk'sĭnni.

Much, adv., a kau o'.

adj. part. (an.), akai-; (ina.), akau-.

Mud, ksök'ko; ksök'kui.

Mule, n. an., omŭk'stoki; pl., -kix.
Murder, v. int. 1. Murder thou, o-ye'nikit; I murder, nitoye'niki; he murders, oye'nikiu.

Murder, n. abstr., o ye'nik sinni. Murderer, n. an., e nik'i e pit si.

Muscle, n. ina., as'sipi; muscle of leg, as sipe'kŭsĭnni; muscle of hand, as sipe'kĭns tsĭnni; muscle of arm, a pots'tseni.

Mushroom, n. an., kök'atosiu; pl.,

Music, n. abstr., ni nik' sĭn ni.

Musical instrument, n. an., ninikiat'sis.

Muskrat, n. an., mi' sops kiu; pl., -kix. Muzzle, n., mostoks an' ĭs ts ĭs si.

My, pro. poss., n-, ni-, no-, nit-, pre-fixed to the noun.

Nail, n. an. (iron), itai'ksĭstoxakicpi; pl., -pix; (finger), auotan'okĭtsĭs; pl., -six.

N.

Nail, v. int. 1. Nail thou, ksistoxaki; he nails, aiksistoxaki;

v. t. ina. 2. Nail thou it, ksĭstoxit; I nail it, nitai ksĭstoxip; hemails it, ai ksĭstoximaie.

Naked, v. int. 1. Be thou naked, pakh'saitappiit; I am naked, nitai'pakhsaitappii; he is naked, pakh'saitappiiu.

Nakedness, n. abstr., pakh' sai tap pi-

Name, n. ina., ninikos'im; pl., -imists.

Name, v. t. ina. 3. Name it, ninikŏt' toat; I name it, nitai'nikŏttop; he names it, ninikŏt' tomaie.

v. t. an. 2. Name me, ninikŏk'kit; name him, ninikŏt'tsĭs; I name you, kitai'nikŏtto; l.e names him, ni'nikŏttsiuaie.

Naming, n. abstr., ninikŏt'tsimani. Narrow, v. int. 1. It is narrow, aput'tse u.

Nasty, v. impers. It tastes nasty, istsipoko'.

Navel, n. an., mu'tu yis; pl., -yisix. Near, prep., otsut'totsi; astots'im. v. int. 1. It is near, aststsi'u.

Near, come, v. t. an. 3. Come near me, astsoko'kit; come near him, astokos'; I come near you, kitast'oko; he comes near him, ast'oko yi u aie.

Near, coming, n. abstr., astokŏk'-sĭn ni.

Nearly, adv. partic., e muts', in composition; as, it is nearly all gone, e muts' ai itsín i kau.

Neck, n. ina., mo ko kĭn'.

Necklace, n. ina., mokin'ists.

Needle, n. an., atunau'ksis.

Needle-case, n. an., itai'so to nauksopi; pl., -pix.

Negro. n. an., six'apiekuŭu; pl., kuax.

Negress, n. an., six'apia ke.

Neigh, v. int. 1. He neighs, awk'-kumiu.

Neighbour, n. an., pok au' pima; pl.,

Nephew, n. an. My brother's son, nis'a-o'kos; my sister's son, nit'akema-o'kos.

Nest, n. ina., wiyis'.

Net, n. ina., is ksīm mat tūk ki o' mikat sīs.

Never, adv. part. It can never be, matokotsiu'ats.

New, v. int. 1. It is new (an.), mansi'u; (ina.), mani'u.

News, tell the, v. int. 1. Tell thou the news, atsīnikīt'; I tell the news, nitai'itsīniki; he tells the news, ai'itsīnikiu.

v. t. an. 3. Tell me the news, atsiniko'kit; tell him the news, atsinikos'; I tell you the news, kitai'itsiniko; he tells him the news, aiitsinikoyiuaie.

News, telling, n. abstr., a tsĭnik'sĭnni.

Next, adj., stsĭk'i.

Nice, v. int. 6. It is nice (in appearance) (an.), soksĭn ŭm'.

v. int. 1. (ina.), sok sĭnatsi u.
v. impers. It is nice (to the taste), mŭtse i po' ko.

Niece, n. an. My brother's daughter, nis'a-otŭn'na; my sister's daughter, nit'a kem a-otŭn'na.

Niggardly, v. int. 1. He is niggardly, si kĭm' si u.

Night, n. ina., koku'; in the night, kokus'si; last night, ŭnstok'okokuyi.

Nine, num. adj., pik'so.

Nineteen, num. adj., pik si' ko put to.

Ninety, num. adj., piksip'po. Ninnle of breast, n. ina., min'ok u

Nipple of breast, n. ina., min'ok unnikĭsi.

No, adv., sa, un nai'e.

Nod the head, v. int. 1. Nod the head thou, otosokia'piksit; I nod the head, nitotosokia'piksi; he nods the head, otosokia'-piksiu.

v. t. an. 2. Nod the head to

n-law,

Mount mount, ts, am-

ci., *pl.*,

mŭk' i-

ou, ausi; he

pl.,-ax.

e thou,
iaxapau'piu.
e camp
np, nituk'iu.

sĭnni. 1, ai pi-1 tŭk ki ;

ĭn ni. ; (ina.),

ol., -kix. thou, oye' nik-

nni. tsi. uscle of uscle of muscle

iu; *pl.*,

niniki-

pl.,-kix. Issi. hit-, preme, otosokia' pĭk sŭk kit; nod the head to him, otosikia' pĭk sat sĭs; I nod the head to you, kitotosokia' pĭk sat to; he nods the head to him, otosokia' pĭk sat si u ai e.

Nodding the head, n. abstr., o to so-ki a' pik sĭn ni.

Noise, make a, v. int. 1. Make a noise, is tsi kinit'; I make a noise, nits is tsi kini; he makes a noise, is tsi kin'iu.

Noise, making a, n. abstr., is tsi kĭn'sĭn ni.

Noon, camp at, v. int. 2. Camp at noon, au pat'at; I camp at noon, nitau' pata; he camps at noon, au' patau.

Noon, camping at, n. abstr., au pa'-tan i.

North, n., aput' to sots i.

Nose, n. ina., moksisis; pl., -ists. Nostril, n. ina., mo'pikinan; pl.,

-ists; mucus from nostril, mu'-tsikinan.

Not, adv., mat—ats, sau-, kutta-, pin-, etc. See the verb.

Nothing. It is nothing, mat' uts itstsip ats.

Now! interj., ok' i.

Now, adverb., annok'; unstok'.

Nudge, v. t. an. 3. Nudge me, ksískök ko kit; nudge him, ksís' kökkos; I nudge you, kitai ksís kökko ko; he nudges him, ai ksís kökko yi u ai e.

Nudging, n. abstr., ksis' kök kük sin-

Numbed, v. int. 1. He is numbed, ine' pit si u.

Number. See "Count."

Nut, n. ina., au' pokstsip; pl., -tsip-ists.

О.

Oak, n. an., saietsĭx'ix i.

Oar, n. ina., itai'akiosopi; pl., -pists.

Oat, n. ina., mattu yĭn' sĭm man; pl., -man ists.

Ocean, n. ina., motomŭk'si kĭm mi; is tsĭx' i pok ok ke.

Officer of police, n. an., een ŭke'-nau.

Often, adv. partic., amak-, in composition; as, aiamak si puk si pu, he often comes here; aiamak sotau, it often rains; kap-; as, aikap'au yi u, he often eats.

Oil, n. ina., po mis'.

Oil, hair, n. ina., itawk' puikĭniopi; pu'ikĭnisatsis.

Oil, lamp, n. ina., anakimatsi-po-

Oil, v. t. ina. 2. Oil thou it, pu'Init; I oil it, nitau'puĭnip; he oils it, awk'puĭnĭmaie.

v. int. 1. Oil thou, pu'in ŭkit; I oil, nitau'pu'in ŭki; he oils, awk' pu'in ŭki u.

Oiling, n. abstr., pu ĭn ŭk' sĭn ni.

Old, v. int. 1. He is old (age), o-muk'sĭmiu; it is old, ŭk'kaisiu.

Old man, nap'iua; I am an old man, nitsap'i; he is an old man, na'piu. (Na'piua, is the name given to the traditional ancestor of the Blackfeet).

On top of, v. int. 1. It is on top of, itokh its' tsi u.

One, num. adj., nituks' kŭm; se'ă. Onion, n. an., pĭs sats' e mi kĭm.

Open, v. t. ina. 2. Open thou it, kauai'pixit; I open it, nitsi kauai pixip; he opens it, kauai'piximaie.

v. t. an. 2. Open thou it, kauai'pi ksĭstsis; I open it, nitsi kauai'pi ksĭst..u; he opens it, kauai'pi ksĭstsi u ai e.

Open the mouth, v. int. 1. Open thou the mouth, pakuiak'it; I open the mouth, nitai' pakuiaki; he opens the mouth, paku'iakin.

Open up, v. int. 1 (goods, etc.). Open thou up, pasŭk'in ŭk kit; I open up, nitai' pasŭk in ŭk ki; he opens up, pasŭk in ŭk ki u.

v. t. ina. 2. Open it up, pasŭk'init; I open it up, nitaipasŭkinip; he opens it up, pasŭk'-inimaie.

cso-

ĭn i--po-

'ĭnoils

ı ŭkoils,

old man, ame

), 0-

estor p of,

e'ă. u it, kaupĭx-

kaukaukau-

Open t; I aki; iak-

)pen open pens

pai paŭk'- v. t. an. 2. Open it up, pasŭk'itsīs; I open it up, nitai pasŭk itsau; he opens it up, pasŭk'itsiuaie.

Openly, adv., neto'kitsiu. Opinion, n. abstr., itsi'tani. Opposite, prep., ksistauots'i.

Orphan, n. an., im mux e'ni; pl.,
-nix.

Other, indef. pron., stsik'i; (of different kind), noke'tsim.

Otter, n. an., e'mon issi.

Our, poss. pron., nitsinan'an; (including person addressed), kitsinan'un.

Out, prep. (outside), so auts'im. Oven, n. an., itai'ke tau pi.

Overtake, v. t. an. 1. Overtake thou me, atsik'kit; overtake him, atsitsïs'; I overtake you, kitsitsi'to; he overtakes him, itsitsi'uaie.

Overtaking, n. abstr., at sitt ŭk' sĭnni.

Ρ.

Pack, v. int. 1. Pack thou, mak'itŭk kit; I pack, nitak'i tŭk ki; he packs, mak'i tŭk ki u.

v. t. ina. 3. Pack thou it, makitoat'; I pack it, nitak'itop; he

packs it, mak'itomaie.

v. t. an. 2. Pack thou him, makitsĭs'; I pack him, nitak'itsau; he packs him, mak'itsiuaie.

Packing, n. abstr., makitŭk' sĭn ni. Pad, v. t. ina. 2. Pad thou it, kotsi'it; I pad it, nitsiko' tsip; he pads it, kaio' tsĭmai e.

Padding, n. abstr., kotsak'sınıi. Padlock, n. an., Itaitapiok'iakiopi-otük'si.

Pain, n, abstr., is tse' ĭs tŭm sĭn ni; I am in pain, nits ĭs' tse ĭs tŭm; he is in pain, is tse' ĭs tŭm iu.

Paint, n. ina., itauks' pun öki o tukki o pi; (for the face), a sŏn'.

v. t. ina. 1. Paint thou it (a building, etc.), ŭks pŭn'okiotsii; I paint it, nit ŭks pŭn'okiotsip;

he paints it, ŭkspŭn'okiatsimaie.

v. t. ina. 2. Paint thou it, ŭkspŭn'it; I paint it, nit ŭks pŭu ip; he paints it, ŭks pŭn'imaje

v. t. an. 1. Paint thou me, ŭssoks' ksĭnakit; paint thou him, ŭssoks' ksĭnis; I paint you, kit-ŭssoks ksĭno; he paints him, ŭs'soks ksĭni uai e.

Painter, n. an., ŭks' pŭnokio tŭk kiua.

Painting, n. abstr. (of a building, etc.), ŭks pŭn'ok i ot ŭk sĭn ni; (of a person), soks' ksĭn ŭk sĭn ni.

Paint the face, v. int. 1. Paint thou the face, pus'kiĭt; I paint the face, nitawk' puski; he paints the face, awk' puski u.

Painting the face, n. abstr., puski'isin ni.

Palate, n. ina., mo isistsin'ni; pl., -tsin ists.

Palm of hand, n. an., me' tsīx i kīnstsīn ni.

Palpitate, v. int. 1. It palpitates, ai'taukh pi u.

Palsy, n. abstr, pakh pu'iok to kossin ni.

Pan, n. an. (tin or iron), omŭx'ĭx-kĭmiokos.

Paper, n. ina., painokai'nats.

Parcel, n. abstr., omo' pistŭk sin ni.
Parchment, n. ina., kotokian' i kim.
Pare, v. t. ina. 2 (bark). Pare it, sa' atsit; I pare it, nital' sa atsip;

he pares it, alsa atsimale.
v. t. ina. 2. Pare it, ekotoks'ksit; I pare it, nitsekotoks' ksip;

he pares it, ekotoks' tsĭmaie.
v. t. ina. 1. Pare it, a tŭn'otsit; I pare it, nitau tŭn'o tsip;

he pares it, autūn'otsĭmaie.
v. t. ina 2 (a potato). Pare
it, atŭnit'; I pare it, nitau'atŭnip; he pares it, au'atŭnĭm-

Paring, n. abstr., saatsak'sınni; ekotoks'ksiaksınni; atun'itüksınni.

Part, n., stsĭk'i, some, is the word generally used.

Partition, n. abstr., sikawxio'kiaksinni

v. int. 1. Partition thou, sikawxio'kiakit; I partition, nitsikawxio'kiaki; he partitions, sikawxio'kiakiu.

Pass ahead, v. int. 3. Pass ahead thou, otsit'skoat; I pass ahead, nitsĭt'skoo; he passes ahead, its-ĭt'skoo.

v. t. an. 2. Pass ahead of me, otsit'ska a kit; pass ahead of him, otsit'ska a tsis; I pass ahead of you, kitots'itsko; he pass a ahead of him, otsit'ska

Pass by, v. t. an. 1 (in appeared direction). Pass by me, auo'a kit; pass by him, auo'a tsis; I pass by you, kitau'oa tso; he passes by him, au'oa tsi uaie.

Passing ahead, n. abstr., otsĭt'skosĭnni.

Passing by one another, n. abstr., au o' a tse i sĭn ni.

Pat. See "Knock."

Patch, or patching, n. abstr., psak'-sin ni.

Patch, v. int. 1. Patch thou, psakit; I patch, nitai'psaki; he patches, ai'psakiu.

v. t. ina. 2. Patch thou it, psi'it; I patch it, nitai'psip; he patches it, ai'psimaie.

v. t. an. 1. Patch thou him, psi'is; I patch him, nit ai' psaiau; he patches him, ai' psi u ai e.

Path, n. ina., mok so ku'i; pl., -ku'-ists.

Patriarch, n. an., ŭk'ai ĭn au. Paw, n. ina., motsĭs'; pl., -tsists.

Paunch, n. ina., mo'ko an ni.

Pay, v. int. 1. Pay thou, sa kĭn no'-sĭt; I pay, nitsa kĭn no si; he pays, sa kĭn no' si u.

v. t. an. 2. Pay me, sa kĭn no's ŭk kit; pay him, sa kĭn no's attsìs; I pay you, kit so kĭn no's atto; he pays him, sa kĭn no's at tsia i e.

Pea, n. ina., ŏk' kumĭnokoa.

Peace, v. recipr. Make peace one with another, innus' tseik; we

make peace, nits in nust se i pinan; there is peace, in nust se i u.

Peel, v. t. ina. 2. Peel thou it, iin'nit; I peel it, nitai'innip; he peels it, aiinimaie.

v. t. an. 3. Peel it for me, iin'no mo kit; peel it for him, iin' nomos; I peel it for you, kitai'inno mo; he peels it for him, aiin'no mo yi u ai e.

Peeling, n. abstr., i ĭn' n ŭk sĭn ni. Pelican, n. an., ai' i si pĭs au; pl., -ax. Pemmican, n. ina., mok' a kin.

Pen, Pencil. n. ina., i tai'sĭnakiopi.

Penknife, n. ina., inŭx'ĭstoan; pl.,
-toax; ŭstŭkia'pĭxiu.

People, n. an., ma tap'pix.

Pepper, n. ina., ai' pis tak ai po ko; pl., -ko ĭsts.

Perfume, n. ina., i tai' tse mi os o pi; pl., -pists.

v. reflect. Perfume yourself, aitse' mi os it; I perfume myself, nitaitse mi os i; he perfumes himself, aitse mi os i u.

v. t. an. 1. Perfume me, aitse'miokit; perfume him, aitse'mis; I perfume you, kitaitse mio; he perfumes him, ai'tse miuaie.

Permit to go, v. t. an. 1. Permit me to go, po kǐt sǐm' mo kit; permit him to go, po kǐt sǐm' mǐs; I permit you to go, kit ai po kǐt sǐmmo; he permits him to go, ai pokǐt sǐm' mi u ai e.

Permitting to go, n. abstr., pokits e'-tük sin ni.

Perpendicularly, adv., mo kom' i poots.

adv. partic., mo kŏm-; as, hold it perpendicularly, mo kŏm' i pu-yĭn it.

Perpendicularly, hold it, v. int. 1.

Hold thou it perpendicularly, mokŏm' i pu yĭn it; I hold it perpendicularly, nit o kŏm' i pu yĭn ip; he
holds it perpendicularly, mo kŏm'i pu yĭn ĭm ai e.

Persecute, v. t. an. 3. Persecute me, kim'a tsistotokit; persecute

Persecution, n. abstr., kim'a tsis totük sin ni.

Persevere, v. int. 2. Persevere thou, eka'ki mat; I persevere, nitai'ka ki ma; he perseveres, ai'ka kimau.

Perseverance, $n. \ abstr.$, e ka' ki man i. Perspiration, $n. \ abstr.$, sai kĭn' sĭn ni.

Perspire, v. int. 1. Perspire thou, sai kĭn' sit; I perspire, nit sai kĭn- si; he perspires, sai kĭn' si u.

Persuade. See "Encourage."
Petticoat, n. ina., stakh' to pai pisokösim; a pai' pi so kösim.

Photograph, v. t. an. 1. Photograph me, sĭnau'kĭt; photograph him, sĭnais'; I photograph you, kitai'sĭno; he photographs him, ai'sĭnaiuaie.

Photography, n. abstr., sĭnauts'sĭn-ni.

Physic, n. ina., saam'.

Pick up. v. t. ina. 1. Pick thou it up, se'kotsĭt; I pick it up, nit'sekotsip; he picks it up, se'kotsĭmaie.

Picking up, n. abstr., se'ko tŭk sĭnni.

Picket, n. ina. (for horse), stum' at-

v. int. 1. Picket thou (i.e. put stake in ground), is stak'it; I picket, nit ŭs'staki; he pickets, ŭs'stakiu.

v. t. an. 1. Picket him, is stais'; I picket him, nit ŭs' stau; he pickets him, ŭs' stai u ai e.

Picketing, n. abstr., isstak'sĭn ni.

Picket, put in a, v. t. ina. 2. Put thou in a picket, isstat'; I put in a picket, nit ŭs'staip; he puts in a picket, ŭs stai ĭm ai e.

v. t. an. 3. Put in a picket for me, is stum' mokit; put in a picket for him, is stum' mos; I put in a picket for you, kit us' stum mo; he puts in a picket for him, us stum'-moyi uai e.

Picket for, putting in a, n. abstr., isstum' man i.

Pierce, v. t. ina. 2. Pierce it, a kŭn'it; I pierce it, nitau' a kŭn ip; he
pierces it, aua kŭn'ĭmaie.

v int. 1. Pierce thou, akŭn'akit; I pierce, nitauakŭn'aki; he pierces, auakŭn'akiu.

v. t. an. 1. Pierce me, ix tsi'o-kit; pierce him, ix tsi'īs; I pierce you, kit ĭx'tsio; he pierces him, ĭx tsi' u ai e.

Piercing, n. abstr., ix tsi ŭk' sĭn ni.
Pierce the ear, v. t ina. 2. Pierce
it, akŭn'is tokit; I pierce it, nitauakŭn'is tokip; he pierces it,
auakŭn'is tokimaie.

v. reflect. Pierce yourself, a-kŭn'Istokiesit; I pierce myself, nitaua kŭn istoliosi; he pierces himself, ana kön'Istokiosiu.

Pigeon, n. an., kūkko'; pl., -kuĭx. Pill, n. i. . (Cathartic), itai'saipiosopi; (any kind), kum ĭn o ko'ist.

Pillow, n. ma, kis' katsis; pl., -sists.
Pin, n. an., ix pio' to naux is; pl., -ix.
Pincers, n. an., I tai' süs köpa tük kiopi; pl., -pix; (native pincers),
pokis' tui atsis; pl., -six.

Pinch, v. int. 1. Pinch thou, auau'm ŭn ŭk kĭt; I pinch, nitau'au m ŭn ŭk ki; he pinches, au'aum ŭn ŭk ki u.

v. t. an. 1. Pinch me, amŭn'ŭkkĭt; pinch him, amŭn'is; I pinch you, kitau'amŭno; he pinches him, au'amŭni u ai e.

Pinching, n. abstr., a mŭn' ŭk sĭn ni. Pine tree, n. an., pa tokh' i; pl., -ix. Pipe, n. ina., a' kuai ĭn ni man; pl., -man ists.

Pipe, fill the, v. int. 2. Fill the pipe, sapi'tsĭmat; I fill the pipe, nitai'sapitsĭma; he fills the pipe, ai'sapitsĭmau.

Pipe, filling the, n. abstr., sa pi' tsĭman i.

Pipe-stem, n. ina., mĭs tsi-a' ku aiĭn ni man.

Pistol, n. an., inŭx'inama; pl., max.

-ax. i.

pl.,

i.

i ĭn'-

no-

'ĭn-

iĭn'-

oko; opi;

lf, ai-, nitnself,

e, aii tse'se mimi u-

peris; I simai po-

ítse'-' i po-

hold i pu-

, morpenp; he xŏm'-

 $\imath t. 1.$

ecute

Pit, n. ina., a tăn'ak sĭn; pl., -sists. Pitch, n. an. (of pine), au ăx' ĭs.

Pity, v. int. 1. Pity thou, kim'apiit; I pity, nitaikimapii; he pities, kim'apiiu.

v. t. an. 1. Pity me, kĭm'o-kĭt; pity him, kĭm'ĭs; I pity you, kitai kĭmo; he pities him, ai-kĭm' u ai e.

Pitying, or pity, n. abstr., kĭm' apiisĭn ni.

Plait, v. int. 1. Plait thou, amitsĭn'ŭkit; I plait, nitamitsĭn-ŭki; he plaits, amitsĭn ŭkiu.

v. t. ina. 2. Plait it, am'itsĭnit; I plait it, nitam'itsĭnip; he plaits it, am'itsĭnĭmaie.

Plaiting, n. abstr., am' i tsĭn ŭk sĭn ni. Plane, n. an., i tai' satsak i o pi; pl., -pix.

Plane, v. int. 1. Plane thou, satsakit; I plane, nitaisats'aki; he planes, ai'satsakiu.

v. t. ina. 2. Plane it, satsit'; I plane it, nit ai'satsip; he planes it, ai sats' Im ai e.

Planing, n. abstr., sats ak' sĭn ni.

Plaster, n. ina., ŭks pŭn' ŭk sĭn.
Plastering, n. abstr., ŭks pŭn' ŭk sĭn-

Plate, n, ina., seïts o' kos; pl., -kosists.

Play, v. int. 1. Play thou, e'koŭn it; I play, nite'koŭni; he plays, ai'koŭniu.

v. t. an. 1. Play with me, nokpoks'e ko ŭn ĭm mo kit; play with him, nok poks'e ko ŭn ĭm mĭs; I play with you, kito poks'e ko ŭnĭm mo; let us play together, ako poks e ko ŭn'i op.

Play about, v. recipr. Play about with one another, ap' ŭs kotse ik; we play about with one another, nitap' ŭs kotse i pĭn an; they play about with one another, ap' ŭs kotse i au.

Please, v. t. an. 1. Please me, ŏkhsitsi'tatsiokit; please him, ŏkhsitsi'tatsis; I please you, kitŏkh'sitsitatsio; he pleases him, ŏkh sitsi'tatsiuaie. Pleased, v. int. 1. Be pleased, ŏkh'si tŭk kit; I am pleased, nit ŏkh'si tŭk ki; he is pleased, ŏkh'sitŭk ki u.

v. t. an. 1. Be pleased with me, ŏkh' si tsĭm mo kit; be pleased with him, ŏkh' si tsĭm mĭs; I am pleased with you, kit ŏkh' si tsĭmmo; he is pleased with him, ŏkh'-si tsĭm mi u ai e.

Pleasing, n. abstr., ŏkh si tsi 'ta tŭksĭn ni.

Pleasure, n. abstr., ŏkh' si tŭk sĭn ni; mutual pleasure, ŏkh' si tsĭm motse i sĭn ni.

Plough, n. a.n., it au pūk im in ūk io pi; pl., -pix.

Pluck, v. t. ina. 1 (as feathers).

Pluck it, poko'tsit; I pluck it,
nitse' pokotsip; he plucks it, poko'tsīmaie.

v. t. an. 3. Pluck him, po ko'tos; I pluck him, nitai po ko tau;
he plucks him, po ko to yi u ai e.

Plucking, n. abstr., po ko'tŭk sĭnni.

Plug, n. ina., o'ki mat sis; pl., -sists. Pocket, n. ina., skin i'tan; pl., -tanists.

Pocket-knife, n. an., inux'istoan; pl., -toax.

Point, n., ksĭssĭx i'.

sim' ŭt tsi u ai e.

v. int. 1. Point thou, aiiĭt'; I point, nitau'aii; he points, au'aiiu.

Poison, n. ina., i tai' put sim c pi.
v. t. an. Poison me, a put sim'muk kit; poison him, a put sim'mut tsis; I poison you, kit ai putsim ut to; he poisons him, i put-

v. passive. He is poisoned, iput sĭm'ŭt tau.

v. reflect. Poison yourself, a putsimasit; I poison myself, nitaiputsimasi; he poisons himself, ai putsim'asiu.

Pole, lodge, n. an., mun'stam.

Pond, n. ina., i nŭk' o mŭk si kĭmi.
Poor, v. int. 1. Be thou poor, kĭm'-atapsit; I am poor, nit si kĭm'-atapsi; he is poor, kĭm'a tapsi u.

n'h'si-

ith sed

am ĭmkh'-

tŭknni ;

moŭki-

ne**rs).** k it, t, po-

o ko'o tau ; ai e. ik sĭn-

-sists. ., -tan-

toan;

ai i ĭt' ; points,

pi. it sĭm'it sĭm'ai puta, i put-

ned, i-,aputnitaiimself,

atmi, kimi, kim'sikim'apsiu, Poplar, n. an., as se'tsĭx ĭm; pl., -im ix.

Porcupine, n. an., kai is kap'; pl., -kap' ix.

Porcupine Hills, n. ina., kai is kap'-ok so yists.

Porridge, n. ina., pikiak'sĭn.

Possess, see "Have."

Potato, n. ina., ma tak'i; pl., -ists. Pound, v. int. 2 (as meat). Pound

thou, sa ksissŭk' ki mat; I pound, nit sa ksissŭk' ki ma; he pounds, sa ksissŭk' ki mau.

Pounding, n. abstr., sa ksĭs sŭk' kiman i.

Pour, v. t. ina. 2. Pour it, a su yĭn' it; I pour it, nit a su yĭn ip; he pours it, a su yĭn' ĭm ai e.

Pour into, v. t. ina. 2. Pour it into, săp pa' su yîn it; I pour it into, nit săp pa su yîn ip; he pours it into, săp pa su yîn îmaie.

Pour out, v. t. ina. 2. Pour it out, ista'su yĭn it; he pours it out, ista'su yĭn im ai e.

Pour on top of, v. t. ina. 2. Pour it on top of, istotŭtsa'su yĭn it; he pours it on top of, istotŭtsa'su-yĭn ĭm ai e.

Pouring, n. abstr., a sa yĭn' ŭk sĭn ni. Poverty, n. abstr., kĭm a taps sĭn ni. Powder, n. ina., sa tsop'at sĭs.

Prairie, n. ina., sau ke.

Prairie chicken, n. an., ke'tŭkki; pl., -kix.

Pray, v. int. 2. Pray thou, aua'tsi moiikat; I pray, nitaua'tsi moiika; he prays, aua'tsi moiikau.

v. t. an. 2. Pray to him, aua'-tsimoiikŏttsĭs; I pray to him, nitaua'tsimoiikŏttau; he prays to him, aua'tsimoiikŏttsiuaie.

Prayer, n. abstr., aua'tsimoiikani. Pregnant, v. int. 1. She is pregnant, ipitap'piiu; i'kosiu.

Prepare, v. reflect. Prepare thyself, supputs'is to tosit; I prepare, nitaisupputs'is to tosi; he prepares, supputs'is to tosi u.

v. t. ina. 2. Prepare it, sŭp pŭts'ĭs tuts it; I prepare it, nit sŭp pŭts'- Is tuts ip; he prepares it, sup puts'-Is tuts im ai e.

Preparation, n. abstr., sup puts' is toto sin ni.

Present, v. int. 1. Be thou present, a kuai Im'it; I am present, nita-kuai Im'i; he is present, a kuai Im'iu.

Priest, n. an., na toi' ap i e ku ŭn; pl., -ku ax.

Pretty v. int. 6. He, or it, is pretty, (an.), a nat'sin am.

v. int. 1 (ina.), anŭt'sĭnatsi u. Prick, v. t. ina 3. Prick it, sĭmmŭk'attoat; I prick it, nitsĭmmŭkattop; he pricks it, sĭmmŭk'attomai e.

v. t. an. 1. Prick me, sĭm mŭk'-kit; prick him, sĭmĭs'; I prick you, kit sĭm o'; he pricks him, sĭm i' u ai e.

v. reflect. Prick yourself, sımmus it'; I prick myself, nitsımmusi; he pricks himself, sımmusiu.

Pricking, n. abstr., sĭm mŭk' sĭn ni. Pride, n. abstr., a tsi ĭ ka sĭn ni.

Promise, v. int. 1. Promise thou, ksĭstu'yit; I promise, nitai'ksĭstuyi; he promises, aiksĭstuyiu, or kai ĭs'tuyiu.

v. t. an. 2. Promise me, ksĭsto'ŭk kit; promise him, ksĭs to'ăttsĭs; I promise you, kitsi ksĭs' toatto; he promises him, kai ĭs' toat tsi u ai e.

Promise, n. abstr., ksisto'awsinni.

Prop, n. an., a pits'im at sis.

v. t. ina. Prop it, a pĭts' it; I prop it, nita' pĭts ip; he props it, a pĭts' ĭmai e.

Propping, n. abstr., a pĭts'ĭ man i.
Proud, v. int. 1. Be thou proud, tsi'i kasit; I am proud, nitai'-tsiikasi; he is proud, ai'tsiikasi u.

v. t. an. 2. Be proud of me, tsi'ikas ŭk kit; be proud of him, tsi'ikas at tsi's: I am proud of you, kit tsi'ikas at to; he is proud of him, tsi'ikas at tsi u aie.

Provisions, n. ina., au o' ös ists.

Pull, v. int. 1. Pull thou, i ĭ x' kŏpatat ŭk k it; I pull, nitai' ĭ x kŏpat-ŭk ki, he pulls, i ĭ x' kŏpat ŭk ki u.

v. t. ina. 3. Pull it, iĭx'kŏpattoat; he pulls it, ai'ĭx kŏpat-

tomaie.

v. t. an. 2. Pull me, ĭx'kŏpŭk kĭt; pull him, iĭx'kŏpŭt tsĭs; I pull you, kitai'ĭx kŏpat to; he pulls him, ai'ĭx kŏpat tsi u ai e.

Pull away, v. t. ina. 3. Pull it away, mis'tups köpat toat; he pulls it away, mistups köpattomaie.

v. t. ina. 3 (from water). Pull it away, a pĭtso' toat; he pulls it

away, a pitso' tom ai e.

Pull backwards, v. t. ina. 3. Pull it backwards, a put'os köp attoat; he pulls it backwards, a' put os-

kŏp at tom ai e.

Pull down, v. t. an. 2. Pull me down, ĭnĭs' kŏpŭk kit; pull him down, ĭnĭs' kŏpŭt tsĭs; I pull you down, kitsĭnĭs' kŏpat to; he pulls him down, ĭnĭs' kŏpat tsi u ai e.

v. t. ina. 3. Pullit down, ĭn ĭs'-kŏp at toat; he pulls it down, ĭn-

ĭs' köp at tom ai e.

Pull inside, v. t. an. 2. Pull me inside, pists köp' ŭk kit; pull him inside, pists köp' at tsĭs; I pull you inside, kitai pists köp at to; he pulls him inside, pists köp' at tsi u ai e.

v. t. ina. 3. Pull it inside, pistskŏp'attoat; he pulls it inside,

pists kŏp' at tom ai e.

Pull out, v. t. an. 2. Pull me out, sa tŭp'iksĭkkit; pull him out, sa tŭp'iksĭstsĭs; I pull you out, kitsa tŭp'iksĭsto; he pulls him out, sa tŭp'iksĭstsi u aie.

v t. an. 2. Pull me out, sŭskŏp'ŭkkit; pull him out, sŭskŏp'ŭttsĭs; I pull you out, kit'sŭs kŏpatto; he pulls him out,

sus kopattsi uaie.

v. t. ina. 3. Pull it out, sŭskŏp'attoat; he pulls it out, sŭs'kŏpattomaie. Pull up, v. t. ina. 3. Pull it up, isps'kŏpattoat; he pulls it up, isps kŏp'attomaie.

v. t. ina. 2 (a tent peg). Pull it up, saiĭkso'tsit; he pulls it

up, saiĭx o' tsĭm ai e.

Punish, v. t. an. 3. Punish me, aini ksīs to to kit; punish him, aini-ksīs' to tos; I punish you, kitaini ksīs to to; he punishes him, aini ksīs' to to yi uaie.

Punishing, n. abst., mini'ksistu-

tŭksĭnni.

Pure, v. int. 1. It is pure, nami'u.
Purse, n. ina., itai'săpo pum matsopi; pl., -pists; asso' pum at sis., pl., -sists.

Pursue, v. t. an. 3. Pursue me, auak'okit; pursue him, auak'os; I pursue you, kitau'ako; he pursues him, au'akoyiuaie.

Pursuing, n. abstr., auak'i man i.

Push, v. t. an. 3. Push me, ŭkiak'iotokit; push him, ŭkiak'iootos; I push you, kitaiŭkiak'ioto; he pushes him, ŭkiak'iotoyiuaie.

v. t. ina. 1. Push it, ŭkiak'iotsit; I push it, nitŭk'iakiotsip; he pushes it, ŭkiakio-

tsĭm ai e.

Push away, v. t. an. 3. Push me away, mĭstŭpakiotokit; push him away, mĭs'tŭpakiotos; I push you away, kitaiĭstŭpakioto; he pushes him away, ai'ĭstŭpakiotoyiuaie.

v. t. ina. 1. Push it away, mĭs' tŭpakiotsit; I push it away, nitaiĭs tŭpakiotsip; he pushes it away, aiĭs tŭpakiotsimaie.

Put away, v. t. an. 2. Put him away, anistup'itsis; I put him away, nitanistup'itsau; he puts him away, anistup'itsiuaie.

v. t. ina. 3. Put it away, anĭstŭp'otoat; I put it away, nitan ĭstŭp'otop; he puts it away, an ĭstŭp'otom ai e.

Put down, v. t. an. 3. Put me down, istsipo'tokit; put him down, istsipo'tos; I put you

it up, it up,

Pull alls it

ne, ai-, ai nikitaiim, ai-

sĭs tu-

m i' u. matsat sis.,

ie, auak'os ; e pur-

ni. , ŭkiiak'iiak'i-'ioto-

iak'iakioakio-

sh me
push
os; I
pakiai'ĭs-

away, away, oushes tie.

t him t him e puts

y, any, nitaway,

t me him t you down, kitaiĭstsipoto; he puts him down, ĭstsipo'toyiuaie.

v. t. ina. 1. Put it down, ïstsi po'tsit; I put it down, nitai'stsi potsip; he puts it down, aists' tsi potsimaie.

Put into, v. t. an. 2. Put him into, ist sup' pitsis; I put him into, nit' sup pitsau; he puts him into, it sup' pitsiu ai e.

v. t. ina. 3. Put it into, istsup' po toat; I put it into, nitsup po top; he puts it into, itsup'-po tomaie,

Put on ground, v. t. an. 1. Put him on ground, kon'is; put me on ground, kon'okit; I put you on ground, kitokon'o; he puts him on ground, i kon'iuaie.

r. t. ina. 2. Put it on ground, kon'it; I put it on ground, nitokon'ip; he puts it on ground, i kon'Imaie.

Put on top, v. t. an. 3. Put his on top, is tokhitsi po' tos; I put him on top, nitai tokhitsi po toau; he puts him on top, itokhitsi po' toyi uaie.

v. t. ina. 1. Put it on top, istokhitsipotsit; I put it on top, nitaiĭstokhitsipotsip; he puts it on top, itokhitsipo'tsimaie.

Put out fire, v. t. ina. 2. Put it out, atsi'it; I put it out, nit'atsip; he puts it out, a'tsimaie.

Put outside, v. t. an. 3. Put me outside, sauai po' tokit; put him outside, sauai po' tos; I put you outside, kitsauai po to; he puts him outside, sauai po to yi uai e.

v. t. ina. 3. Put it outside, sauswk'toat; I put it outside, nitsauawk'top; he puts it outside, sauawk'tomaie.

Q.

Quake, v. int. 1. Quake thou, pakh pu ye'it; I quake, nitai-pakh pu yei; he quakes, pakh-pu yeiu.

Quarrel, v. t. an. 3. Quarrel with me, akoko'tse mokit; quarrel with him, akoko'tse mos; I quarrel with you, kitakoko'tse mo; he quarrels with him, akoko'tse mo yi u ai e; let us quarrel, ŏkakoko'tse op.

v. recipr. Quarrel with one another, a ko ko'tse ik; we quarrel with one another, nit a ko ko'tse ipinan; they quarrel with one another, a ko ko'tse i au.

Queen, the, n. an., nin'a keu; ki-ksis' tun un (our mother).

Question. See "Enquire."

Quick, v. int. 1. Be thou quick, kĭpanĭs'tsit; I am quick, nit aikĭpanĭstsi; he is quick, kĭpanĭs'tsi u. See also "Haste."

Quiet, v. int. 1. Be thou quiet, nĭn spau'pit; I am quiet, nĭts ĭn'-spau pi; he is quiet, nĭn spau'-pi u.

Quietness, n. abstr. Nin spau' pis-

Quiver, n. ina., innopat'sis; pl., -sists.

R.

Rabbit, n. an., a'atsīstau; pl., -tax.
Race, v. recipr. Race one another,
kai'iskūttseĭk; we race one
another, nitai'kaiiskūttseipīnan; they race one another, kai'iskūttseiau.

Racing one another, n. abstr., kai i-skuttse i sin ni.

Raft, n. ina., sket'stan; pl., -stanists.

Rag, n. an., nai'pĭstsi; pl., -tsix; ma kap'ai pĭstsi.

Rage. See "Anger."
Railing. See "Fence."

Rain, n. ina., so'tai i.
v. impers. It rains, so tau', ai'so tau.

Raise. See "Lift."

Raise up, v. t. ina. 2. Raise it up, ni pu'i yĭn it; I raise it up, ni tsi-pu'yĭn ip; he raises it up, i pu'-yĭn mai e.

v t. an. 1. Raise me up, ni pu'yĭno kit; raise him up, ni pu'yĭnĭs; I raise you up, kitsi pu'yĭno; he raises him up, i pu' yĭni u ai e.

Raising up, n. abstr., ni pu' yĭn ŭksĭn ni.

Raison, n. ina., o mux' in; pl., -in-ists.

Rake, n. an., itau moawk'iakiopi; pl., -pix.

v. int. 1. Rake thou, moawk'-iakit; I race, nitau' moawkiak-i; he rakes, moawk'iakiu.

Raking, n. abstr., moawk' iak sĭn ni. Ram, v. t. ina., he rams it, aiakawk' ĭm au.

Ramrod, n. an., is tuts' im at sis. Rapid, n., awk' p' sku nuk a si u.

Rasp, n. an., se se'nitau; pl., -tax. Rat, musk, n. an., mi'sopskiu; pl., -skix.

Ration, n. abstr., is tsi nan'.

Rations, issue, v. int. 1. Issue rations, istsĭnŏk'it; I issue rations, nitŭs'tsĭnŏki; he issues rations, ŭs'tsĭnŏkiu.

v. t. an. 3. Issue rations to me, is tsĭnŏk' ko kit; issue rations to him, is tsĭnŏk' kos; I issue rations to you, kitŭs tsĭnŏk ko; he issues rations to him, ŭs tsĭnŏk' ko yiuaie.

Rations, draw, v. int. 2. Draw rations, istsĭnat'; I draw rations, nitŭs'tsĭna; he draws rations, ŭstsĭnau'.

Rations, drawing, n. abstr., is tsĭn-an'i.

Rations, issuing, n. abstr., is tsĭnŏk' sĭn ni.

Ration ticket, n. ina., it us' tsïn auop; pl., op ists.

Rattle, n. an., a wŭn na'; pl., -nax.
v. int. 1. Rattle thou, a wŭnŭk'kit; I rattle, nita wŭn ŭk'ki;
he rattles, a wŭn ŭk' ki u.

Rattling, n. abstr., a wŭn ŭk' sĭn ni.
Rattle-snake, n. an., o mŭx ĭs' tsex
in; pl., -inax; rattle of rattlesnake, sai et' si ko to an.

Raw, v. int. 1. It is raw, iki'nat-

siu; (not sufficiently cooked), matsetsiu'ats.

Raze, v. t. ina. 2. Raze it, apŭx ĭn'it; I raze it, nita'pŭxĭnip; he razes it, apŭxĭn'ĭmaie.

Razing, n. abstr., a pŭxĭn' ŭksĭn ni.
Razor, n. an., po kĭs' tui atsĭs; pl.,
-six; itai' pok ĭs tui os o pi.

Reach with the hand, v. int. 1.

Reach with hand, is tots i kins' tsiakit; I reach with hand, nitsitots i kins' tsiaki; he reaches with hand, i tots i kins' tsiakiu.

Reaching with the hand, n, abstr., is tots i kĭns' tsi ak sĭn ni.

Read, v. t. ina. 3. Read it, sĭtsĭp′-sattoat; I read it, nitaisĭtsĭp sattop; he reads it, aisitsĭp sattomaie.

Reading, n. abstr., sĭt sĭ p' sĭn ni. Readiness, n. abstr., ksĭs tap i tap pi'-

i sĭn ni.

Ready, v. int. 1. Be thou ready, ŭk'-aiksĭstapităppiĭt; I am ready, nikai'ksĭstapitappii; he is ready, ŭk'aiksĭstapitappiiu.

Real, adj., ni tap' i.

v. int. 1. It is real, nitap'iu.

Reap, v. int. 1. Reap thou, pokiak'it; I reap, nitai' pokiaki; he reaps, ai pokiakiu.

v. t. ina. 2. Reap it, pokit; I reap it, nit ai' pokip; he reaps it,

ai pok ĭm ai e.

Reaping, n. abstr., pokiak'sĭn ni.
Rear, v. int. 1 (as a horse). Rear
thou, pa' pĭx ĭt; I rear, nitai' papĭx i; he rears, pa' pĭx iu.

Rearing, n. abstr., pa pix'sin ni.

Receive. See "Take."

Recently, adv., unstok'.

Reckon. See "Count," "Think."

Red, v. int. 6. It is red (an.), mawk' sin um.

v. int. 1 (ina.), mawk sin atsi u.

adj., mik-, or, mi'kŭts-, in composition; as, red gun, mikŭtse'-nama; red crow, mik'ăsto.

Red River, n., mi kŭtse' tŭkh tai. Red Willow, n. an., mi kŏp pĭx' suyis; pl., -yi ix. ked),

арйх ín ip ;

ĭn ni. ; *pl*.,

nt. 1. s'tsinitsiaches

i u. ibstr.,

tsĭp'psattom-

i. .p pi'-

, ŭk'eady, e is u.

p'iu. pokii; he

it; I ps it,

nni. Rear ai' pa-

i.

nk." (an.),

in at -

comŭtse'-

tai. íx′suReflect. See "Meditate."

Reign. See "Chief."

Rejoice, v. int 1. Rejoice thou, etam'e tŭk kǐt; I rejoice, nits etam'e tŭk kǐ; he rejoices, e tam'e tŭk ki u. See also "Pleased," "Glad."

Rejoicing, n. abstr., etam'etük sĭn-

Relation, n. an. My relation, nĭx'-okoa; your relation, kĭx'okoa; his relation, ox'okoi; pl., my relations, nixokoax, etc.

Relationship, n. abstr., ix o ko an i.

Release. See "Let go." Religion. See "Prayer."

Remember, v. t. ina. 2. Remember it, is ksĭnit; I remember it, nit-ŭs ksĭnip; he remembers it, is-ksĭnĭmaie.

v. t. ina. 2. Remember it long, mi sŭm' ŭs ksĭn it; I remember it long, nitai' sŭm ŭs ksĭn ip; he remembers it long, mi sŭm' ŭs ksĭn-ĭm ai' e.

v. t. an. 3. Remember me long, mi săm ŭs ksĭn o kit; remember him long, mi săm' ŭs ksĭn os; I remember you long, kitai săm ŭsksĭn o; he remembers him long, mi săm' ŭs ksĭn o yi u ai e.

Remembrance, n. abstr., mi sum usksin uk sin ni.

Remove, v. int. 1 (change position).

Remove thou, a tsuo'o pi it; I remove, nit a tsuo'o pi; he removes, a tsuo'o pi iu.

Removal, n. abstr., atsuo'opis sin-

Rend, v. t. ina. 2 (a garment). Rend it, pin ots'it; I rend it, nit ai' pin-ots ip; he rends it, ai' pin ots'mai e.

v. t. an. 3. Rend him, pin'otos; I rend him, nitai'pin otoau; he rends him, ai'pin oto yiuai e.

Rending, n. abstr., pin' o tük sın ni.
Repeat, v. int. 1 (speech). Repeat
thou, is tüt tui sup e' pu yit; I repeat, nıtsıs tüt tui süp e' pu yi; istüt tui süp e pu yi u.

Repeating, n. abstr. (speech), is tuttui sup e' po aw sĭn ni.

Repent, v. int. 1. Repent thou, ko ke'tŭk kit; I repent, nitai' koke tŭk ki; he repents, ai' ko ketŭk ki u.

v. int. 2. Repent thou (change the mind), sau ai'tsi tat; I repent, nit sau ai'tsi ta; he repents, sauai tsi tau.

Repentance, n. abst., ko ke' tŭk sĭnni; sau ai' tsi tan i.

Rescue, v. t. an. 1. Rescue me, kŏm ots e' pi o kit; rescue him, kŏm ots e' pĭs; I rescue you, kitsi kŏm ots e' pi o; he rescues him, kŏm ots e' pi u ai e.

Rescuing, n. abstr., köm ots e' pi ŭksin ni.

Rest, n. (remainder) (an.), stsĭk' ix; (ina.), stsĭk' ists.

Rest (on the march). See "Noon."
v. int. 1 (from labour). Rest
thou, sĭko'pit; I rest, nit'sĭkopi; he rests, sĭko pi u.

Resting, n. abstr. (from labour), sik o pis' sin ni.

Restless, v. int. 6. Be thou restless, puĭnat'; I am restless, nitsi pu'ĭna; he is restless, pai u'ĭnŭm.

Restlessness, n. abstr., pu'in a sinni.

Resurrection, n. abstr., mat'si puaw-sĭn ni.

Rib, n. ina., mo pe kĭs'; pl., -kĭsts. Rice, n., ŭs ksĭn' ai ni kĭm.

Rich, v. int. 1. Be thou rich, akau'tsapsit; I am rich, nita-kau'tsaps; he is rich, a kau'tsapsiu.

Rich man, n. an., a kau' tsaps i u a.

Ride, v. int. 1. Ride thou, o kĭtto'pit; I ride, nito kĭt to pi; he
rides, i kit to'pi u.

v. t. an. 1. Ride him, o kit to'pis; I ride him, nito kĭt to pau;
he rides him, i kĭt to' pi u ai e.

Rider, n. an., i kit to' pi ua.

Ridge (a hill), n. ina., pau ŏk ku'i.
Ridge pole, n. an., o kŏk ke' niman,

Riding, n. abstr., o křt to' pis sřn ni. Righteousness, n. abstr., mo kŏmots' i tặp pi i sĩn ni.

Righteous person, n. abstr., mo komots' i tăp pi ua; be thou a righteous person, mo kom ots' i tăp pi it; I am a righteous person, nito kom ots' i tăp pi i; he is a righteous person, mo kom ots' i tăp pi iu

Right hand, adv., netots'i.

Ring, v. int. 1 (a bell). Ring thou, sai' ĕt sĭk a pi ksĭs tŭk it; I ring, nit ai' sai ĕt sĭk a pi ksĭs tŭk ki; he rings, ai sai' ĕt sĭk a pi ksĭs tŭk ki u. v. t. an. 2. Ring it, sai' ĕt sĭka pi ksĭs tšs; I ring it, nit ai sai-ĕt sĭk a pi ksĭs tau; he rings it,

saičt' sík a pi ksís tsi u aie. Ringing a bell, n. abstr., saičt sík'-

a pi ksĭs tŭk sĭn ni.

Ripe, v. int. 1. It is ripe, e'tsiu. Ripple, v. int. 2. It ripples, au'atuk im skau.

Rise, v. int. 2. Rise thou, ni pu at'; I rise, nitai pu au; he rises, aipu au'. He rose again, mat'sipu au.

v. int. 1. It rises (of bread), ai'-kopŏt siu; (of the sun), au'otum iskŏpiu;

v. int. 2. It rises (of a bird), pai u' tau.

River, n. ina., ni e' tŭkh tai; si sŏkh'ta; big river, omŭk'a tai; small river, as'e tŭkh tai.

Road, n. ina., moksoku'i; white man's road (waggon road), nap'ioksokui; railroad, istsan'a kŏsoksokui.

Roars, v. impers. It roars (as the wind), ai's apput uk ku.

Roast. See "Bake."

Rob, v. t. an. Rob me, kŏm o'kĭt; rob him, kŏm os'; I rob you, kitai'kŏm o; he robs him, ai'kŏm oiu ai e.

Robber, n. an., kom os'i ua; kom-os'i e pit si.

Robe, n. an., immu yan'; pl., -yan ix. Rock, n. an., omuk'okotok; it is rocky, o'kotok skui. v. t. an. 2. Rock him, auŭt'api ksĭs tsĭs; I rock him, nit auŭt'a pi ksĭs tau; he rocks him, auŭt'a pi ksĭs tsi u ai e.

v. int. 1. Rock thou, au ŭt'apĭxit; I rock, nitau ŭt'a pĭxi;

he rocks, au ŭt' a pix i u.

Rocking, n. abstr., auŭt'a pix sin ni.
Roll, v. reflect. Roll yourself, a piis'it; I roll myself, nitau'a piisi;
he rolls himself, aua piisiu.

v. t. ina. 3. Roll it, a pĭs'toat; I roll it, nita' pĭs top; he rolls it,

a' pĭs tom ai e.

v. t. an. 1. Roll me, a pĭm' okit; roll him, a pĭm' ĭs; I roll you, kit a' pĭmo; he rolls him, apĭm' i u ai e.

Rolling, n. abstr., a pis' tūk sīn ni.
Roof, n. ina. (of a house), ka pox e'ni man; (of the mouth), mo tsīstsīn'ni.

Rook. See "Crow."

Room. This word, used in reference to a house, is expressed thus— "The place of eating," itau' yopi; "The place of sleeping," itai'okaupi, etc.

Room, v. impers. There is room (space), kai'itsiu; there is unoccupied space, mam'aiitsiu.

Root, n. ina. (of tree), oki'u.
n. an. (vegetable), mas; pl.,
-masix.

Rope, n. ina., nai' pĭs tsia pĭs; long rope, in o' pĭs; short rope, sak o' pĭs.

Rotten, v. impers. It is rotten (of wood), pe'koxĭxiu; (of cloth), ai'kŭniu.

Rough, v. impers. It is rough, ists-tsis'iu.

Rough wind, n. ina., ists tsi'se pu. Round, prep., otăk ots'i.

v. int. 1. It is round (ina.), otŭki'u; (an.) otŭk'siu; (an.),

ikum'siu; (an.), ikum'i'u,
v. t. ina. 2. Make it round,

otŭk'ĭstutsit; I make it round, nitotŭk'ĭstutsip; he makes it round, otŭk'ĭstutsĭmaie.

Row, n. ina. (in a line), pai'i kĭmĭn ŭx ĭn. ı ŭt' aıu ŭt'ıu ŭt'-

ŭt'apĭxi;

sĭn ni. ', a pipiĭsi;

toat;

oĭm' o-I roll im, a-

ni. 00x e'-0 tsĭs-

rence hus u'yoping,"

room s unu.

; pl.,

long o'pĭs. en (of loth),

ı, istse pu.

ina.), (an.),

ound, ound, ces it

kĭm-

Row, v. int. 1 (a boat). Row thou, ak'iosit; I row, nitai'akiosi; he rows, ak'iosiu.

Rowing, n. abstr., ak' ios sĭn ni.

Rub, v. int. 1 (cleanse). Rub thou, is sak'it; I rub, nitŭs'saki; he rubs, ŭs'sakiu.

v. t. ina. 2. Rub it, is si'ĭt; I rub it, nit ŭs'si ip; he rubs it, ŭs si'ĭm ai e.

v. t. an. 1. Rub him, is sis'; I rub him, nit ŭs' sau; he rubs him, ŭs' si u ai e.

v. int. 1 (with the hands). Rub thou, oks' ĭm ĭn ŭk it; I rub, nitai oks' ĭm ĭn ŭk i; he rubs, ai oks'ĭm ĭn ŭk i u.

v. t. ina. 2. Rub it, oksiminiit; I rub it, nitai'oksiminip; he rubs it, aioks'iminimaic.

Rule. See "Chief."

Run, v. int. 2. Run thou, a mŏk'kat; I run, nitau'mŏk ka; he runs, au'mŏk kau.

v. int. 1. Run thou, auks kas'-It; I run, nitauks' kasi; he runs, auks kas'i u.

Running, n. abstr., mök kan'i; aukskas'sĭn ni.

Rusty, v. int. 1. It is rusty, apisuyi'siu; apisuyi'u.

S.

Sabbath, n. ina., sĭko' pe i-ksīstsikui; na to' yi-ksīstsi kui. Sack, n. ina., skĭn ne' tsi man.

Sad, v. int. 1. Be thou sad, auaw pĭtsit; I am sad, nitau'awpĭtsi; he is sad, au'aw pĭtsi u.

v. t. an. 1. Make me sad, auaw'pĭts im mo kit; I make you sad, kitau'aw pĭts im mo; he makes him sad, au'aw pĭt sim i uaie.

See also "Sorry."

Sadness, n. abstr., anaw' pitsinni. Saddle, n. ina., e e'tan.

v. ina. 2. Put on the saddle, mak'etat; I put on the saddle,

nitai'aketa; he puts on the saddle, mak' etau.

v. t. an. 3. Saddle him, mak'e-tos; 1 saddle him, nitaiake to-au; he saddles him, aiake to yiu-aie.

v. t. an. 3. Saddle him, ee'tos; I saddle him, nits' e toau; he saddles him, ee'to vi uai e.

Salt, n. ina., istsĭx'i po ko.

Salt-water, n. ina., is tsĭx' i pok-ok-ke.

Sand, *n. ina.*, spŏt' si ko. Sand-fly, *n.an.*, kops ka' ki u. Sandhills, *n. ina.*, spŏt' si kui. Sap, *n. an.*, sĭnĭx e' man.

Satan, n. an. (the long tongued), stun'natuyiua; (the evil one), sauum'itsitappiua; (the fireman), au'tutsokiua.

Satisfied, v. int. 1. Be thou satisfied, ŏkh'sitŭk kit; I am satisfied, nit ŏkh'sitŭk ki; he is satisfied, ŏkh'sitŭk ki u.

Saucy, v. int. 1. Be thou saucy, au'ksĭstotŭkkit; I am saucy, nitau'ksĭstotŭkki; he is saucy, au'ksĭstotŭkkiu.

Save. See "Rescue."

v. t. an. 1 (spare). Save me, kŏm ots'o kit; save him, kŏm ots'ĭs; I save you, kitai kŏm otso; he saves him, ai kŏm otsi u ai e.

Save, v. t. ina. 3 (put on one side). Save it, okĭt'stoat; I save it, nitokĭt'stop; he saves it, ikĭt'stomaie.

Saw, n. an., itai' kaks ĭx tŭkio pi; pl., -pix.

Saw, v. int. 1. Saw thou, kaks ĭxtŭk kit; I saw, nitai kaks ĭx tŭkki; he saws, ai kaks ĭx tŭk ki u.

Say, v. int. 1. Say thou, anit'; I say, nitan'i; he says, an'lu.

v. t. ina. 3. Sny it, mystoat'; I sny it, nitan'istop; he snys it, an'istomale.

v. t. an. 2. Say to me, an's-kit; say to him, an'stsis'; I say to you, kitan'is to; he says to him, an'istsiuaic.

Saying, n. abstr., ani'sinni.

Scald, v. t. an. 1. Scald me, sakhsokit; scald him, sakh'sis; I scald you, kit'sakh so; he scalds him, sakh'si u ai e.

v. reflect. Scald thou thyself, sakh'sosit; I scald myself; nit'sakh'sos; he scalds himself, sakh'sosiu.

Scalding, v. abstr., sakh' sŭk sĭn ni. Scales, n. an., itŭs' so kawk i ak iopi.; pl., -pix.

Scalp, v. t. an. 3. Scalp me, sau o'tŭm mokit; scalp him, sau otŭmmos; I scalp you, kĭt'sau otŭmmo; he scalps him, sau o'tŭmmo yi uai e.

Scalping, n. abstr., sau o' tăm motssin ni.

Scare, v. t. an. 1. Scare me, ske'-tsokit; scare him, ske'tsis; I scare you, kitsketso; he scares him, ske'tsiuaie.

Scaring, n. abstr., skets' tŭk sĭn ni. Scarf, n. an. (for the neck), i kĭn'sto kĭp sat sĭs.

Scarlet, v. int. 6. It is scarlet (an.), mawk' sin üm.

v. int. 1 (ina.), mawk' sĭn at si u.
Scent. See "Perfume."

School, n. ina., sinak'iapioyĭs; itus ksĭnĭmats ots pi.

School teacher, n. an., it ws ksinimats okiua.

Scissors, n, an., sĭs su' i atsi; pl., -six. Scorch. See "Scald."

Scourge, n. ina., istsi pĭs' si mat sĭs.
Scrape, v. int. 1. Scrape thou, istai' ĭt; I scrape, nit ŭs' tai i; he scrapes, ŭs' tai i u.

v. t. ina. 3. Scrape it, istau'-attoat; I scrape it, nit ŭs' tau attop; he scrapes it, ŭs' tau at tomaie.

Somper, n. (used in dressing hides), is tou' at sis; sats in' aki at sis; it-us' tailopi; it aisats in aki opi.

Scraping, n. abstr., is tau' ŏs sĭnni.
Scratch, v. int. 1. Scratch thou, istaile it: I scratch, nitui' ix tsïxi, he scratches, ai' îx tsïx ei u.
r. int. 1. Scratch thou, săt sikŏn v. trickit; I scratch, nitai-

săt si kŏn no tŭk ki; he scratches, ai săt si kŏn no tŭk ki u.

v. t. ina. 2. Scratch it, săt sikŏnno'tsit; I scratch it, nitsătsikŏnno'tsip; he scratches it, săt sikŏn no'tsim ai e.

v. t. an. 3. Scratch me, săt sikŏn no' to kĭt; scratch him, sătsi kŏn no' to; I scratch you, kitsăt si kŏn no' to; he scratches him, săt si kŏn no' to yi u ai e.

Scratching, n. abstr., ksistsixiuossinni; satsikonno'tuksinni.

Scream, v. int. 6. Scream thou, pappisat; I scream, nitaipappisa; he screams, ai'pappisum. Screaming, n. abstr., pappisa'sın ni.

Screw, n. an., sai pĭs' tsĭm at sĭs si. v. t. an. 1. Screw it, autŭkawk' is; I screw him, nit autŭkawk' au; he screws him, autŭk-

awk'iuaie. Screwdriver, n. an., itautŭkawk'iakiopi.

Scrip, n. ina. (bag), as sui a' tsĭman i. Scripture, Holy, n. ina., na to' i-sĭnak sĭn; ap' is to tok i u a-ots' e poaw sists.

Serub, v. int. 1. Serub thou, sĭsts'tŭk kit; I serub, nit' sĭsts tŭk ki;
he serubs, sĭsts' tŭk ki u.

v. t. ina. 3. Scrub it, sists' toat; I scrub it, nit' sists top; he scrubs it, sists tomaie.

Scrubbing, n. abstr., sĭsts' tŭk sĭn ni. Scythe, n. an., i tai' pŭx ĭn e tŭk ki opi; i tai' pok i ak i o pi.

Search, v. int. 1. Search thou, ap'ŭs sŭp pit; I search, nit ap' ŭs sŭppi; he searches, ap' ŭs sŭp pi u.

v. t. an. 1. Search for him, ap'üs süm mis; search for me, ap'üs süm mo kit; I search for you, kit ap' üs süm mo; he searches for him, ap' üs süm mi uai e.

Seat, n. ina., as so' pot sis; pl., sists.

Secret, n. ina., sim mi ap' sin.

v. int. 1. Keep it secret, simmiap'sit; I keep it secret, nitai'sim miapsi; he keeps it secret, aisim miapsiu.

tches,

săt sinit sătes it,

sătsin, sătu, kites him,

six i u'ĭn ni. thou, ai pap-

i sŭm. 'sĭnni. ĭssi. au tŭkau tŭkau tŭk-

kawk'-

ĭman i. oʻi-sĭnts' e po-

, sĭsts'tŭk ki ;

ts'toat:e scrubs

k sĭn ni. ŭkkio-

ou, ap'-' ŭs sŭppi **u.** im, ap'-1e, ap'or you, ches for

s; pl.,

et, sim-, nitai'secret. Secretly, adv. partic., simmi-, in composition; as, he talks secretly, aisım mian i u.

See. v. int. 1. See thou, suppit'; I see, nit ŭs' sŭp pi ; he sees, ŭs' sŭp-

v. int. 1. See thou, aapit'; I see, nita'api; he sees, a'apiu.

v. t. ina. 2. See thou it, satsĭt'; I see it, nitŭs'satsip; he sces it, ŭs' sat sim ai e.

v. t. ina. 2. See thou it, ninit; I see it; nitai'nip; he sees it, ai'nĭmai e.

v. t. an. 1. See me, sum' mo kit: see him, sum mis; I see you, kitŭs'sŭm mo; he sees him, ŭs'sŭmmiuaie.

v. t. an. 3. See me, nino'kĭt; see him, ninos'; I see you, kitai'no; he sees him, ai'no yi u-

v. reflect. See yourself, sum'mosit; I see myself, nitus'summosi; he sees himself, ŭs'sŭm-

v. recipr. See one another, issum' motseik; we see one another, nit us' sum motse i pin an; they see one another, us'summotseiau.

Seed, n. an., in sim' man; pl., -ix. Seek. See "Search."

Seize. See "Hold."

Self-destroy, v. reflect. Destroy thyself (by stabbing), is kotu'is totosit; he destroys himself, is kotu'ĭstotosiu.

v. reflect. Destroy thyself (by shooting), au ŭt' tos it; he destroys himself, au ŭt' tos i u.

Sell, v. int. 1. Sell thou, ap'ikotŭkkit; I sell, nitapikotŭkki; he sells, ap'ikotŭkkiu.

v. t. ina. 3. Sell it, epiköttoat; I sell it, nitapikottop; he sells it, ap' i kŏt tom ai e.

v. t. an. 1. Sell me, apikau'kit; sell him, apikai'js; I sell you, kitap'iko; he sells him, ap'ikaiuaie.

v. t. an. 3. Sell for me, api-

kŏt to'kit; sell for him, apikŏttos; I sell for you, kitap'i köt to; he sells for him, ap'ikottuyiu-

Selling, n. abstr., ap i köt tük' sın ni. Send, v. int. 2. Send thou, a to ka'tat; I send, nitatoka'ta; he sends, a to ka' tau.

v. t. an. 2. Send me, a to kŭk'kit; send him, atokŭt'tsĭs; I send you, kita to kŏt to; he sends him, au' kŏt tsi u ai e.

v. t. an. 3. Send to me, a toka'tokit; send to him, a toka'tos; I send to you, kitautoka'to; he sends to him, au'toka toyi u ai e.

Sending, n. abstr., a to ka' tan i. Separate. See "Divide." Sepulchre, n. ina., a ke'ni man. Serpent, n. an., pits e' ksín a. Servant, n. an., ap' o tŭk ki u a.

Set, v. int. 1. It sets (the sun), istŭk ŏp' i u.

v. int. 3 (on a journey). Set thou on a journey, aumattoat'; I set on a journey, nit au' mat to; he sets on a journey, au mat to'.

v. t. an. 2 (a trap for game). Set a trap for him, iki ak' ŭttsĭs; I set a trap for him, nitai'ikiakŭt tau; he sets a trap for him, ai'ikiakŭt tsi uai e.

v. t. an. 2 (a noose trap). Set noose for him, to kot tsis'; I set a noose for him nit to köt tau: he sets a noos or him, to kot tsi'uaie.

Settle, v. t. ina. 3 (as dregs). Let it settle, sopat si kimis' toat.

v. int. 1. It settles, ai's opu atsi kĭmi '

Seven, nunc adj., i kĭt' si ka.

Seventeen, num. adj., i kit'si ke koput to.

Seventy, num. adj., i kit'si kip po. Several, adj., akaiem. There are several, a kai ĕm'iau.

Sew, v. int. 1. Sew thou, akun'iakit; I sew, nitakun'iaki; he sews, akŭn'iakiu.

v. t. ina. 2. Sew it, akŭn'it;

I sew it, nita kŭn'ip; he sews it, a kŭn'im aie.

v. int. 1. Sew thou, aitsĭn'-ŭkkit; I sew, nitai'tsĭnŭkki; he sews, ai'tsĭnŭkki u.

v. t. ina. 2. Sew it, aitsĭn'it; I sew it, nitai'tsĭnip; he sews it, ai'tsĭnĭmaie.

v. t. an. 3. Sew it for me, aitsĭn'no mo kit; sew it for him, aitsĭn'no mos; I sew it for you, kitai'tsĭn no mo; he sews it for him, ai'tsĭn no mo yi u ai e.

Sewing, n. abstr., akŭn'aksĭnni; aitsĭn'ŭksĭnni.

Shackles, n. an., itai'is ksi pis tükio pix.

Shade, n. ina., ai' e kai tsi i.

Shadow, n. ina., motŭk'ki; my shadow, no tŭk'kau; your shadow, kotŭk'kau; his shadow, otŭk'ki.

Shady, v. impers. It is shady, ai'e-kaitsiu; aieke'u.

Shake, v. int. 1 (backwards and forwards). Shake thou, au ŭt'apiksĭs tŭk kit; I shake backwards and forwards, nitau'auŭtai piksĭs tŭk ki; he shakes backwards and forwards, au'auŭtai piksĭs tŭk ki u.

v. t. ina. 2. Shake it about, ap'auai pĭxit; I shake it about, nitap'auai pĭxip; he shakes it about, ap'auai pĭximaie.

v. t. an. 2. Shake him about, ap'auaipiksistsis; I shake him about, nitap'auaipiksistau; he shakes him about, ap'auaipiksistsiuaie.

v. int. 1 (a cloth, etc.). Shake thou, pakh pa' pi ksĭs tŭk kit; I shake, nitai' pakh pa pi ksĭs tŭk-ki; he shakes, ai' pakh pa pi ksĭs-tŭk ki u.

v. t. ina. 2. Shake it, pakhpa'pĭxit; I shake it, nitai pakhpa'pĭxip; he shakes it, ai pakhpa'pĭxĭmaie.

v. t. an. 3. Shake for me, pakhpa' pi ksis to mo kit; shake for him, pakh pa' pi ksis to mos; I shake for you, kitai pakh pa' piksistomo; he shakes for him, ai pakh pa'pi ksistomo yi u ai e.

Shake hands. See "Greet."

Shake the head, v. int. 1. Shake the head, auŭkiau'ŭnit; I shake the head, nitauŭkiau'ŭni; he shakes the head, auŭkiau'ŭniu.

v. int. 1. Shake the head, auŭkia' pĭxit; I shake the head, nitauau ŭkia' pĭxi; he shakes the head, au au ŭkia' pĭxiu.

Shaking, n. abstr. (backwards and forwards), au au ŭt'apiksĭstŭksĭnni; (a cloth, etc.), pakhpa'-piksĭstŭksĭnni; (the head), au-ŭkiau'ŭnsĭnni.

Shame, n. abstr., is stu' yĭs sĭn ni. See "Ashamed."

Shape of, n. abstr. (imitation), is tutu' i sup in a sin ni.

v. int. 6. Be thou in shape of, istutu'isăpinat; I am in shape of, nitsi'tutuisăpĭna; he is in shape of, itutu'isăpĭnăm.

v. int. 1. Make in shape of, istutu' i săp ap istutăk kit; I make in shape of, nitsi' tutui săp ap istutăk ki; he makes in shape of, itutu' i săp ap istutăk ki u.

Shape of, making in, n. abstr., is tutu'i supapis tutuk sin ni.

Sharpen, v. int. 1. Sharpen thou, ksis ists' tŭk kit; I sharpen, nitai' ksis ists tŭk ki; he sharpens, ksis ists' tŭk ki u.

v. t. an. 1. Sharpen it, ksīsīstsīm mĭs'; I sharpen it, nitai ksīsīstsīm mau; he sharpens it, ai'ksīsīstsīm mi u ai e.

v. t. ina. 2. Sharpen it, ksĭsixi'it; I sharpen, nitai'ksĭsĭxiip; he sharpens, aiksĭsĭxi'ĭmaie.

Shave, v. reflect. Shave thou, pokĭs'tuiosit; I shave, nitai'pokĭstuiosi; he shaves, ai'pok ĭstuiosiu.

v. t. an. 1. Shave me, pokis'-tuiokit; shave him, pokis' tuiis; I shave you, kitai' pokistuio; he shaves him, aipokistu'iuaie.

him, e.

hake hake ; he niu.

, auiead, akes

l and tŭk-1 pa'-1, au-

ĭn ni.

istu-

be of, hape is in

of, ismake ap isoe of,

istu-

thou,
, nitpens,

sĭstsksist, ai'-

ksĭsksĭsĭsĭx-

pok-'pokĭstu-

okĭs's' tu iĭs tutu' iShaving, n. abstr., pokis'tuiaksinri.

Shawl, n. an., is tokhsan'; pl., -anix.

She, pers. pron., osto'i

Shear, v. int. 1. Shear thou, namin'itŭkkit; I shear, nitai'am initŭkki; he shears, ai'am in itŭkki u.

v. t. an. 1. Shear him, nam ĭn'ĭtsĭs; I shear him, nitai'am ĭnĭttau; he shears him, ai'am ĭnĭtsiuaie.

v. t. an. 1. Shear him, poxis'tsimitsis; I shear him, nitaipoxis'tsimittau; he shears him, aipoxis'tsimitsiuaie.

Sheering, n. abstr., nam ĭn' i tŭk sĭnni; pox ĭs' tsĭm mi tŭk sĭu ni.

Sheath, n. ina., as su' to an i. Shed, n. ina., namits' apioyïs.

v. int. 1. It sheds its feathers, ai'poxiu.

Sheep, n. an., e m u k' i k i n a u; pl., -a x.

Shelf, n. ina., itai'sokitŭkkiopi; pl., -pists.

Shell, a. an., pokun'um

n. ina. (of egg), asso' ësts.

Shelter, v. int. 2. Make a shelter, aapi'mat; I make a shelter, nita'apima; he makes a shelter, a'apimau.

v. t. an. 1. Shelter me, aapi'ĭnnokit; shelter him, aapi'ĭnnis; I shelter you, kita'apiĭnno; he shelters him, a'apiĭnniuaie.

v. t. an. 3. Make shelter for me, a a pi' o mo kit; make shelter for him, a a pi' o mos; I make shelter for you, kita a pi' o mo; he makes shelter for him, a a pi o mo yi u a ie.

v. t. an. 1. Shelter me (by covering), se kĭn'o kit; shelter him, se kĭn'is; I shelter you, kitai'se kĭno; he shelters him, ai sekĭniuaie.

Shepherd, n. an., emŭk'ikinapiekuŭn; pl., -kuax.

Shew plainly, v. int. 5. It shews

plainly (at a distance), ai'sokapi nŏk ku yĭm.

Shift, v. t. ina. 3 (put away). Shift it, mis' tăpotoat; I shift it, nits-is' tăpotop; he shifts it, is' tăpotomaie.

v. t. an. 3. Shift me, mĭs'tupipotokit; shift him, mĭs'tŭpipotos; I shift you, kitsĭs'tŭpipoto; he shifts him, itsĭs'tŭpipotoyiuaie.

Shift, v. int. 1 (from place to place).
Shift thou, sau um'i tau pit; I shift, nit sau um'i tau pi; he shifts, sau um'i tau pi u.

Shifting, n. abstr., mis' tăpi po tăksĭn ni; (from place to place), sau um' i tau pis sĭn ni.

Shine, v. int. 6. Shine thou, Ikkun'nat; I shine, nitsik'kunna; he shines, itsik'kun um.

v. int. 1 (as the sun). Shine thou, ksĭstsiku'inatsit; he shines, ai'ksĭstsikuinatsiu.

Shining; n. abstr., ik kŭn' na sin ni. Ship, n. ina., omŭkak' iosat sis; (steam), istsi-ak' iosat sis.

Shirt, n. ina., is tox'i so kös ĭm; pl., -kös ĭsts.

Shiver, v. int. (from cold). Shiver thou, ine' pĭtsĭt; I shiver, nits-i'nie pĭtsi; he shivers, inie' pĭtsin.

v. int. 1 (from any cause). Shiver thou, pakh pu'yit; I shiver, nitai' pakh pu yi; he shivers, ai' pakh pu yi u.

Shoe, n. ina., is tsi kit'si kin; pl., -kists.

Shoot, v. int. 1 (with bow). Shoot thou, awkkumit'; I shoot, nit'awkkumi; he shoots, awk'kumiu.

v. int. 1 (with gun). Shoot thou, skunŭk'kit; I shoot, nitskunŭkki; he shoots, sku nŭk'kiu.

v. reflect. Shoot yourself, skunŭk'asit; I shoot myself, nitskunŭkasi; he shoots himself, skunŭk'asiu.

v. t. an. 2. Shoot me, sku-

nŭk'ŭkkit; shoot him, skunŭk'ŭttsĭs; I shoot you, kitskunŭkătto; he shoots him, skunŭk'ŭttsiuaie.

Shooting, n. abstr. (with bow), awkkum'sīnni; (with gun), skunŭk'sĭnni.

Shore, n., is so ots' i.

Short, v. int. 1. It is short (an.), sakh si'u; (ina.), sakh e'u.

Short cord, n. ina., sakh a po'ko. Shorten, v. t. ina. 2. Shorten thou

it, sakhsĭstuts'it; I shorten it, nitaakhsĭstuts'ip; he shortens it, sakhsĭstuts'ĭmaie.

v. t. ina. 2. Shorten thou it, sakh ŏp pĭn'it; I shorten it, nit-sakh ŏp pĭn'ip; he shortens it, sakh ŏp pĭn'im aie.

Shortening, n. abstr., sakhsis tutuk'sin ni; sakhöp pin' üksin ni.

Shortly, adv. partic., kip'pi-, short time, in composition; as, I will come shortly, nitak'si kip-pipuk si pu. I will go there for a short time, nitak'kip pi tap po.

Shot, n. an., kǐt si ko pǔn'; pl., -pax. Shoulder, n. ina., mo kŏt' tsi kĭn; pl., -kists.

Shoulder-blade, n. ina., mo tsi kis'.
Shout, v. int. 6. Shout thou, pappisat'; I shout, nitai' pappisa; he shouts, ai' pap pis a'm'.

v. t. an. 3. Shout to me, pappĭsa'ko to kit; shout to him, pappĭsa'ko tos; I shout to you, kitai'pappĭsa ko to; he shouts to him, aipappĭsa'ko to yi u ai e.

Shouting, n. abstr., pap pis a' sin ni. Shovel, n. an., i no ka' tsis; pl., -tsix. Small shovel, i nŭx' i no ka tsis.

Show, v. int. 1 (exhibit). Show thou, an is'tsin ük kit; I show, nitan is'tsin ük ki; he shows, an is'tsin ük kiu.

v. t. ina. 2. Show it, anīs'-tsĭnit; I show it, nitanīs' tsĭnip; he shows it, anīs' tsĭnīmaie.

v. t. an. 3. Show to me, an is'tsin no mokit; show to him, anis'tsin no mos; I show to y u,

kitan is't-in no mo; he shows to him, an is tsin' no mo yi u aie.

Shower, n. ina., sotaii; pl., taiests.

Showing, n. abstr. (exhibiting), anĭs' tsĭn ŭk sĭn ni.

Shriek, v. int. 1. Shriek thou, skai'skĭnausĭt; I shriek, nitŭs'skaiskĭnausi; he shrieks, ŭs'skaiskĭnausiu.

Shrieking, n. abstr., skai'skĭnau-

Shrink, v. int. 1. It shrinks (as cloth), inŭk'au atsiu; (as meat), inŭk'au an itsiu; (as wood), ikstsīk' kŏt tsiu.

Shrivel, v. int. 1. It shrivels up, a'motsiu.

Shun, v. t. ina. 3 (by running from).
Shun it, at tsim muta toat'; I shun it, nitse' tsim muta top; he shuns it, etsim' muta tomaie.
See "Run away."

Shut, v. t. ina. 2. Shut it, o'kit; I shut it, nito'kip; he shuts it, o'ki mai e.

v. t. an. 1. Shut it, o'kis; I shut it, nito'kiau; he shuts it, aio'kiuaie.

Shut down, v. t. ina. 2 (as window blind, etc.). Shut it, ok'kŭnnĭnit; I shut it, uitok'kŭnnĭnip; he shuts it, aiok'kŭnnĭnĭmaie.

v. t. ina. 2. Shut it, sǐk kǔn-nǐn it; I shut it, nit sǐk kǔn nǐn'-ip; he shuts it, sǐk kǔn nǐn' ǐm-aie.

Shut eyes, v. int. 1. Shut eyes, naps'tsiakit; I shut eyes, nitsaps'tsiaki; he shuts eyes, naps'tsiakiu.

Shut (a knife), v. t. an. Shut it, a kain' is; I shut it, nita' kainau; he shuts it, a kain' i u ai e.

Shutting, n. abstr., o'kiak sĭn ni; (a window), ok'kŭn nĭn ŭk-sĭnni; (eyes), naps'tsiak sĭn ni; (a knife), a kain' ŭk sĭn ni.

Sick, v. int. 1. Be thou sick, ok'-tokosit; I am sick, nitai'ektokosi; he is sick, ai'oktokosiu.

vs to tai-

), an-

thou, it ŭs'ŭs'-

ín au-

s (as neat), i), ik-

s up,

from). I shun shuns *See*

o'kit ; uts it,

kis; I uts it,

indow x' kŭnn nĭniĭn ĭm-

k kŭnn nĭn'ín' ĭm-

eyes, , nitsnaps'-

nut it, 'kainnie. Sĭn ni ;

ik-sĭnni; (a

k, ok'-'ok toosiu. Sickness, n. abstr., ok to kos' sīn ni. Sick people, n. an., ai' ok to kos ix. Side, n. ina. (of body), an auks' Is-

tum; (of house), an auks istum; (of house), an auks' ip stots. Sideways, adv., pakh ksistots'.

Sieve, n. an., i tai suĭs ta' pi ksĭs tŭkki opi; pl., -pix.

Sift, v. int. 1. Sift thou, su's ta'piksis tükkit; I sift, nit ai' suis ta piksis tükki; he sifts, ai'su's ta piksis tükkiu.

Sifting, n. ubstr., su ĭs ta' pi ksĭs tŭksin ni.

Sigh, v. int. 1. Sigh thou, issĭk'se tŭm it; I sigh, nit ŭs'sĭkse tŭm i; he sighs, ŭs sſk'se tŭmi u.

Sighing, n. abstr., is sĭk' se tŭm sĭnni.

Sight, n. abstr., aap'sĭn ni.

Signal, v. t. an. 3 (by hand or blanket). Signal me, apsto'kit; signal him, apstos'; I signal you, kitap'sto; he signals him, ap'sto yi uai e.

v. int. 1 (by looking-glass). Signal thou, ik kŭn' na sŭk kit; I signal, nits ik' kŭn na sŭk ki; he signals, ik kŭn' na sŭk ki u.

v. t. an. 3. Signal to me, ik-kŭn' na so mo kit; signal to him, ik kŭn' na so mos; I signal to you, kits ik' kŭn na so mo; he signals to him, ik kŭn' na so mo yi uaie.

Signaling, n. abstr. (by hand, etc.), apsto'sĭnni; (by looking-glass), ik kŭn'na sŭk sĭu ni.

Silence, n. abstr., saie' pu aw sin ni.
Silent, v. int. 1. Be silent, ŭkaisauŭtse' pu yit; I am silent, nitai sauŭtse' pu yi; he is silent,
ai sauŭtse' pu yi u.

Similitude, n. abstr., is tu tu'i sŭpĭn a sĭn ni.

Sin, n. abstr., sau um' it si tap pi i sĭnni.

v. int. 1. Sin thou, sau um' itsitappiit; I sin, nit sau um' it sitappii; he sins, sau um' it sitappii u.

Sinew, n. ina., assi pis'; pl., pists.

Sing, v. int. 1. Sing thou, ninikit; I sing, nitsiniki; he sings, ai'nikiu, or ninikiu.

v. t. ina. 1. Sing it, ni nikitsit'; I sing it, nitai'nikitsip; he sings it, ai niki tsimai e.

v. t. an. 3. Help me to sing, ninikut' to mo kit; help him to sing, ninikut' to mos; I help you to sing, kitainikut to mo; he helps him to sing, ninikut' to moyi u aie.

Singe, v. t. an. 1. Singe me, istsın'sokit; singe him, istsın'sıs; I singe you, kitsı'tsınso; he singes him, itsın'si u ai e.

Singeing, v. int. 1. He is singeing, ists su'yiu.

Singeing, n. abstr., itsĭn' sŭk sĭn ni. Singing, n. abstr., ni nik sĭn ni.

Sink, v. int. 1. Sink thou, istat'sit; I sink, nĭtsĭs' tatsi; he sinks, istat'si u.

Sinking, n abstr., is tat' sĭn ni.

Sinner, n. an., sau um' it si tap pi ua; pl., -pix.

Sister, n. an. My elder sister, min'sta; your elder sister, kin'sta; her elder sister, un'sti. My sister, nit'akem; your sister, kit'akem; his sister, ot'akem. A woman addressing her younger sister, says, nisis'sa. A man says, nës kun'; a term also applied to a younger brother or other relative.

Sit, v. int. 1. Sit thou, a pi'it; I sit, nitse' pi i; he sits, e pi'iu.

Sit in, v. int. 1. Sit thou in, istsup'opiit; I sit in, nitsit suppopi; he sits in, it sup' popiu.

Sit on top of, v. int. 1. Sit thou on top of, is tokhitto' piĭt; I sit on top of, nitsit' tokhitto pii; he sits on top of, itokhitto pii u.

Sit on edge of, v. int. 1. Sit thou on edge of, is tsiĭnnoko'piĭt; I sit on edge of, nitsĭt tsiĭnnoko'pii; he sits on edge of, i tsiĭnnoko'piu.

Sitting, n. abstr., a pĭ'sĭn ni; (in), sup o pi'sĭn ni; (on top of), is-

istsi ĭn no ko pi' sĭn ni.

Six, num, adj., nau'.

Sixteen, num. adj., nai' ko put to.

Sixty, num. adi., nai' ip po.

Size. It is of such a size, un'nianik' kokimiu. He is of such a size, ŭn ni an ĭk' ko ksĭm.

Skate, n. an., im moke' kat sis. v. int. 2. Skate thou, im moke'kat; I skate, nitsĭm'moke ka: he skates, im mo ke' kau.

Skating, n. abstr., im mo ke' kan i. Skim, v. int. 2. Skim thou, im sĭk'at: I skim, nitsīmsīka; skims, im sĭk'au.

v. t. ina. 3. Skim it, im sĭk'attoat: I skim it, nītsīm'sīkattop; he skims it, im sĭk'at tomnie.

Skimmer, n. an., it ŭm' sĭkaupi. Skimming, n. abstr., im sĭk'an i.

Skin, n ina., motokis'.

v. int. 1 (with knife). Skin thou, e e' tük kit; I skin, nitse'etŭk ki; he skins, ee' tŭk ki u.

v. t. an. 2. Skin him, e e' tsĭs; I skin him, nitse'etau: he skins him, e e' tsi u ai e.

v. t. an. 1 (with Hand). Skin him, iĭn'nis; I skin him, nitsi'ĭnnau; he skins him, iĭn'niu-

Skin disease, n. abstr., a pix' o sĭn ni. v. int. 1. I have skin disease, nita' pik si; he has skin disease, a' pik si **u**.

Skinning, n. abstr. (with a knife), e e'tŭksĭnni; (with the hand), iĭn'nŭksĭnni.

Skunk, n. an., ap'i kaiii.

Sky, n. an. Clear sky, nam'i po kai. Slab, n. ina., a pŭx'ĭstokhskui.

Slack, v. t. ina. 2. Slack it, sa'atsikoppinit; I slack it, nit'sa atsiköppinip; he slacks it, sa'ātsikŏp pĭn ĭm ai e.

Slackening, n. abstr., sa ats i kop pi isīnni; sa atsikop pīn' ŭk sīnni.

Slate, n, an., ok' o toks i-sĭn ak sin. Slate pencil, n. an., okotoksotai'sĭnakiopi.

tokh ittopi'sĭnni; (on edge of), | Slay, v. t. an. 2. Slav me, ini'kit: slav him, inĭt'tsĭs; I slay you, kitsi'nĭtto; he slays him, inĭttsi'uai e.

v. pass. I am slain, nĭtsi'nĭko: he is slain, inĭt tau'.

Slaying, n. abstr., i ník' sĭn ni.

Sleep, v. int. 2. Sleep thou, okat'; I sleep, nitai'oka; he sleeps, ai'ok au.

Sleep, n. abstr., okan'i.

Sleigh, n. an., istsikun' ĭstsi.

v. int. 1 (drive in a sleigh). Sleigh thou, istsikun' ĭstsiĭt; I sleigh, nitsĭs'tsikunĭstsii; he sleighs, istsikun'ĭstsiiu.

Sleighing, n. abstr., istsi kun' ĭstsi isĭn ni.

Slender, v. int. 1. He, or it, is slender, ix tsi'u.

v. int. 1. He is a slender per-

son, ix tap' pi u.

Slice, v. t. ina. 2. Slice it, is tox is'tsĭnĭt: I slice it, nitsĭstoxĭs'tsĭnip; he slices it, istoxĭs'tsĭnĭmaie.

Slice, n. ina., istoxĭs'tsĭnitŭksĭn. Slicing, n. abstr., is tox is tsin i tuksĭn ni.

Slide, n. an., immoke katsīs. See "Skate."

Slip, v. int. 1. Slip thou, is tsĭk'ikŏkĭt; I slip, nĭtsĭs'tsĭkikŏki; he slips, istsĭk'i kŏk i u.

Slipping, n. abstr., is tsĭk' i kŏk sĭn ni. Sloping ground, n., in nĭs' so saw ku. Sly, v. int. 1. Be sly, sĭmĭs'sĭt; I am sly, nit'sĭmĭssi; he is sly, sĭm ĭs'si u.

Slyness, n. abstr., sim is' sin ni.

Small, v. int. 1. It is small, inuk'otssi'u: inăk'ĭmiu.

v. int. 5. He is small, inŭks'- $\mathbf{t}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{\check{i}m}$.

Small-pox, n. ina., apix'osĭn (used also to describe any skin disease).

Smash, v. t. ina. 2. Smash it, sissĭx'iniĭt; I smash it, nit'sĭssĭxĭniip; he smashes it, sĭssĭx'inĭmai e.

v. t. ina. 2. Smash it, a pon'it;

ini'kit; iy you, n, inĭt-

i'nĭko;

okat'; eps, ai'-

. leigh). siĭt; I i: he

ĭs tsi i-

s slen-

er per-

tox ĭs'tox ĭs'-(s' tsĭn-

ksĭn. nitŭk-

s. See

tsĭk'ikŏki;

sĭnni. awku. 'sĭt; I is sly,

i nŭk'-

nŭks'-

(used 1 dis-

t, sĭsĭssĭxĭv'in-

ĭx'in-

on'it:

I smash it, nitse'ponip; he smashes it, e pon'Im aie.

Smasking, n. abstr., sissix'iniak-

Smell, v. int. 1. Smell thou, amit; I smell, nitam'i; he smells, am'iu.

v. t. ina. 3. Smell it, amattoat'; I smell it, nitam'attop; he smells it, amattomaie.

v. t. an. 2. Smell me, am ŭk'-kĭt; smell him, am ŭt'tsĭs; I smell you, kitam' atto; he smells him, am' ŭttsi uaie.

v. int. 1. Smell thou, sĭm mĭt; smell, nĭt'sĭm mi; he smells,

sĭm mi u'.

v. t. ina. 3. Smell it, sĭm'matoat; I smell it, nitsĭm matop; he smells it, sĭm matomaie.

v. t. an. 2. Smell me, sĭm-mŭk'kit; smell him, sĭm mŭt'tsĭs; I smell you, kit sĭm ma to; he smells him, sĭm ma'tsi u ai e.

Smelling, n. abstr., am sĭn'ni; sĭm'sĭn ni.

Smoke, n. ina., setsi'; (from a pipe), saie pu'ku yi.

Smoke, v. int. 1 (a pipe). Smoke thou, otsissi'it; I smoke, uito'-tsissi; he smokes, otsissi'u.

v. t. ina. 3. Smoke it, otsis'attoat; I smoke it, nitotsis'attop; he smokes it, otsis'attomaie.

v.t. ina. 2 (a hide, etc.). Smoke it, atauan'ĭsĭt; I smoke it, nit-ătauan'ĭsip; he smokes it, atauanĭsĭmaie.

v. t. ina. 2. Make it smoke, a'akhitsĭt; I make it smoke, nita'akhitsip; he makes it smoke, ai'akhitsĭmaie.

Smoking, n. abstr. (a pipe), otsĭssĭs'sĭnni; (a hide), atauan'sŭksĭnni; (making smoke), aakh'ĭtsŭksĭnni.

Smooth, v. t. ina. 3. Smooth thou it, minstau'o toat; I smooth it, nitsin'stau o top; he smoothes it, in'stau o tomaie.

v. impers. It is smooth, minstai'itsiu; minstai'iu.

Snap, v. t. ina. 2. Snap it, pi'ixinit; i snap it, nitsipi'ixin ip; he snaps it, paii'ixin imaie.

Snapping, n. abstr., piĭx ĭn' ŭk sĭn ni.
Snare, n. ina., a ka' tsĭs; itau' kau pi.
Snare, v. int. 2 (a bird), a kat'; I snare, nitok'a; he snares, ekau'.

Snaring, n. abstr., a kān' i.

Snatch up, v. t. ina. 3. Snatch it up, o ka'săttoat; I snatch it up, nito'kasăttop; he snatches it up, ika'săttomaie.

Snatching up, n. abstr., o ka'sın ni.
Sneeze, v. int. 1. Sneeze thou, a si'it; I sneeze, nita'sii; he sneezes,
a'siiu.

Sneezing, n. abstr., a si' i sĭn ni.

Snore, v. int. 1. Snore thou, pakhskai'se tăm itsiĭt; I snore, nit sipakhs' kai se tăm itsii; he snores, pakhs' kai se tăm itsii u.

Snoring, n. abstr, pakhs kai'se tumitsi i sin ni.

itsiismin.

Snew, n. ina., kon'; kon'skui; pl.,
-ists.
v.impers. It snows, awkh'pu tau.

Snow-bird, n. an., appinŏk' kuisšs tsi.

Snow-shoe, n. ina., auam'. Soap, n. ina., issīs' kiosatsīs.

Sock, n. an., sakho to'ŏsĭm; pl., -ix. Soft, adj., ik kĭn-, in composition;

as, soft blanket, ik kĭnai' pĭstsi.
v. It is soft, ik kĭn' nis'si u.
adv. partic., ik' kĭn-; as, speak
softly, ik kĭne' pu yit.

Soil. See " Earth."

v. t. ina. 2 (stain). Soil thou it, o'tsi pĭstutsit; I soil it, nito'tsi pĭstutsip; he soils it, ai o'tsi-pĭstuts ĭmai e.

v. t. ina. 2. It is soiled, aio'-

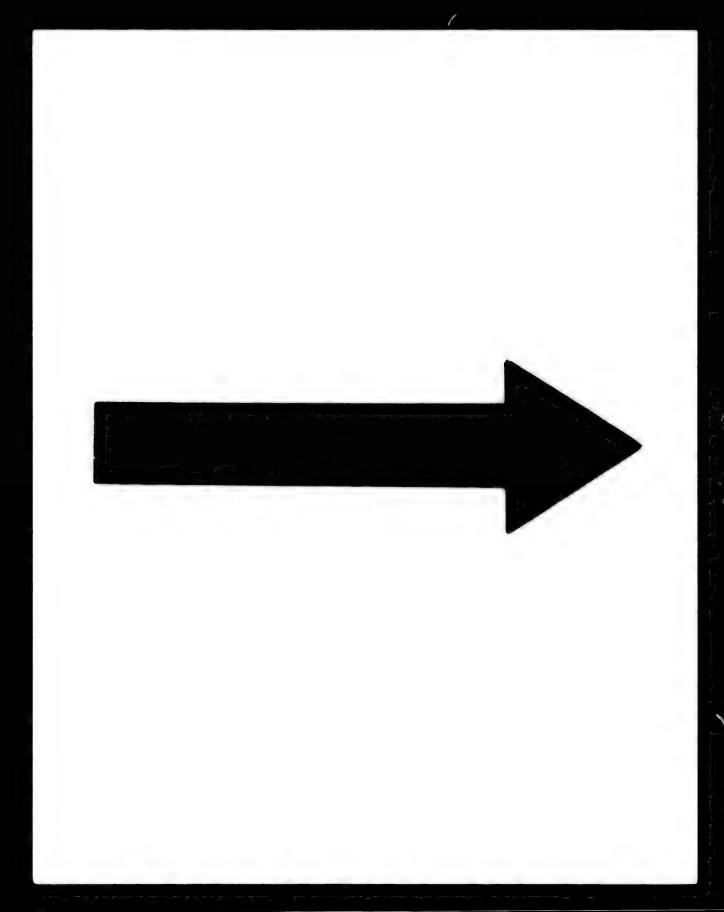
tsi pĭn nat si u.

Soldier, n. an., iĕn' ŭk ke u; iĕn' ŭkkeapie kuŭn.

Solitary, adj., nits-, in composition; as, a solitary person, nitsitappi. Solitarily, adv partie., nits-.

Some, adj. (an.), stsik'ix; (ina.), stsik'ists.

Son, n. an. My son, no ko'a; your son, ko ko'a; his son, ok ku'i.



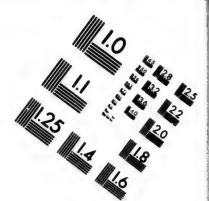
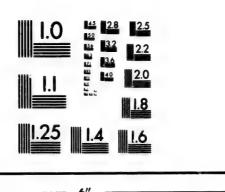


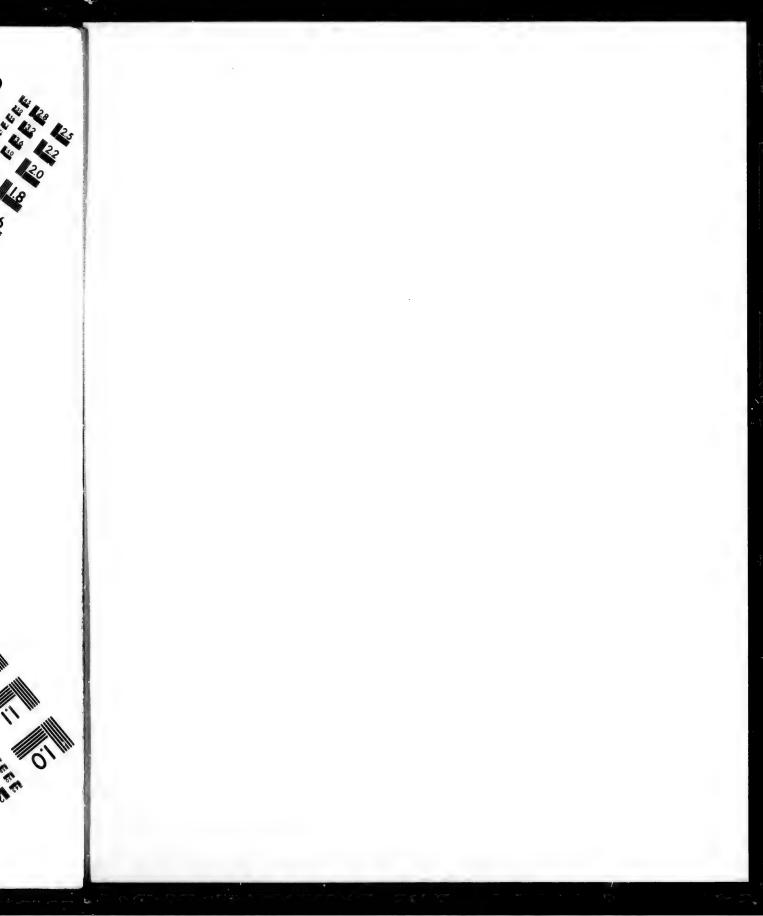
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Son-in-law, n. an. My son-in-law, nĭs'; your son-in-law, kĭs'; his

son-in-law, us'ai e.

Son-in-law, v. t. an. 1. Have me for a son-in-law, usim mokit; have him for a son-in-law, usim'-mls; I have you for a son-in-law, kitaiusim mo; he has him for a son-in-law, ai'usim miuaie.

Song, n. abstr., ni nik' sĭn.

Soon. See "Shortly."

Sore, n. ina. (deep in the flesh), atŭn'i ka.

v. int. 2. It is a sore, a'tunikau.

v. int. 1. It is sore, is tsi'ıs tsi-

Sorry, v. int. 1. Be thou sorry, ikikin'etŭkkit; I am sorry, nitsikikin'etŭkki; he is sorry, ikikin'etŭkkiu.

Sound, n. ina., awk' tŭk ku.

Soup, n. ina., a ko' pis. See "Broth."

Sour, v. int. 1. It is sour, apisu'yiu; lit tastes sour, apisu'yipo ko.

South, n. and adj., am ska' potsi. adv. Toward the south, amska' potsi.

Sow, n. an., skim'-ak'sınni.

Sow, v. int. 2 (plant). Sow thou, săpi pum' mat; I sow, nĭt' săpi pum ma; he sows, săp' i pum mau.

Sower, n. an., ai'sŭpipummaua. Spade, n. an., inoka'tsĭs; itau'akŭnakiopi.

Spark, n. ina., pŭt tsi'i; sparks fly, ai'pŭt tsi au.

Speak, v. int. 3. Speak thou, saiŭs'toat; I speak, nitai'sŭsto; he speaks, ai'sŭsto.

v. int. 1. Speak thou, e pu' yit; I speak, nitai' pu yi; he speaks, ai' pu yi u.

v. int. 1. Speak thou, sĭtsĭp'sĭt; I speak, nitaisĭtsĭpsi; he
speaks, ai'sĭtsĭpsi u.

Speaking, n. abstr., sai ŭs' to sĭn ni; e pu' aw sĭn ni; sit sĭp' sat sĭn ni.

Speak to, v. t. an. 2. Speak to me, sĭt sĭp' sŭk kit; speak to him, sĭt-sĭp' sat tsĭs; I speak to you, kit-

ai'sītsīpsātto; he speaks to him, ai'sītsīpsāttsiu aie.

Speak the truth, v. int. 1. Speak thou truth, aman'iit; I speak truth, nitau'munii; he speaks truth, au'muniu.

v. t. an. 2. Speak truth to me, au mūn'i kit; speak truth to him, au mūn'istsīs; I speak truth to you, kitau' mūnisto; he speaks truth to him, au' mūnistsi uai e.

Speak straightforwardly, v. int. 1.

Speak thou straightforwardly, mokŏm' o tŭn i ĭt; I speak straightforwardly, nit o kŏm o tŭn i; he speaks
straightforwardly, i kŏm' o tŭn iu.

v. t. an. 2. Speak straightforwardly to me, mokom'otunikit; speak straightforwardly to him, mokom'otunistsis; I speak straightforwardly to you, kitokom'otunisto; hespeaksstraightforwardly to him, ikom'otunistsiuaie.

v. int. 1. Speak thou straightforwardly, mokŏme' pu yit; I speak straightforwardly, nitokŏme' pu yi; he speaks straightforwardly, mokŏme' pu yiu.

Speaking straightforwardly, n. obstr., mokŏm'otŭnĭssĭnni; mokŏm'e puawsĭnni.

Speaking the truth, n. abstr., aumun'issinni.

Spear, n. an., sapup' is tat sis.

Spectacles, n. an., oŏps' pĭn atsīs; itau' ŏps pĭn os o pi au.

Speech, n.abstr., e po' aw sin.

Speechless, v. int. 1. He is speechless, kuttaiai' pu yi u.

Spent, v. impers. (gone). It is spent, ai i tsĭn' i kau.

Spice, n. ina., matsi e po' ko. Spider, n. an., ksi u au' a kŏsi.

Spill, v. t. ina. 2. Spill thou it, asuyīk'apīxit; I spill it, nītasuyīk'apīxi; he spills it, asuyīk'apīxīmaie.

Spilling, n. abstr., a su yin' ŭk sin ni.
Spin, v. t. an. 3 (a top). Spin him, an is' tu tos; I spin him, nitau'-

Speak speak

him.

speak peaks to me,

th to peaks aie. Int. 1.

y, mohtforpeaks tŭn i-

htforikĭt; him, speak kito-

kitokightaghtan is-

ight-;; I nit oight-

> moau-

n.

tsīs;

echpent,

ı it, Ataasu-

ni. nim, au'- anïstutoau; he spins him, anïs'tutoyiuaie.

Spinning, n. abstr. (a top), an's' tuto ŏssin ni.

Spine, n. ina., ai Issu'ists.

Spirit, n. an., sta'aw.

Spit, v. int. 2. Spit thou, so ku'tat; I spit, nit'so ku ta; he spits, ai'so ku tau.

v. t. an. 2. Spit at me, so kut'ŭk kīt; spit at him, so kut'attsīs; I spit at you, kitai'so kŏtatto; he spits at him, ai'so kŏtāttsiuai e.

n. abstr., sokuť an i.

Spittle, n. ina., so kuť an i.

Splash, v. int. 1. Splash thou, auts'-akit; I splash, nitauts'aki; he splashes, auts'akiu.

v. t. an. 1. Splash me, atso'kit; splash him, atsi'Is; I splash you, kitauts'o; he splashes him, auts'iuaie.

Splashing, n. abstr., autsak'sınni. Splinter, n. ina., emix'kau; pl., -kaists.

Split, v. t. ina. 2. Split it, aistatuksĭt'; I split it, nitai'statuksip; he splits it, aistatuksĭmaie.

Splitting, n. abstr., statuksak'sin ni.
Spoil, v. t. ina. 2. Spoil it, aksistutsit'; I spoil it, nitse'ksistutsip; he spoils it, eksistutsim aie.

v. t. an. 3. Spoil it for me, eksistuttomokit; spoil it for him, eksistuttomos; I spoil it for you, kitse'ksistuttomo; he spoils it for him, eksistuttomoyiuaie.

Spoil, n. ina. (of war), na'mökkŏn ests.

v. t. an. 2. Spoil me, na'mŏkkŏk kit; spoil him, na'mŏk-kŏttsīs; I spoil you, kitsină'mŏkkŏtto; he spoils him, na'mŏkkŏttsiuaie.

Spoiling, n. abstr., na' mök köt tük-

Sponge, n. ina., ai'ksīppu yīnip. Spoon, n. an., in nok'su yi. Spot, n an., ki'tsīpīmi.

Spotted, adj., kitsipimi-.

Spread, v. t. ina. 2 (as butter on bread). Spread it, pon'it; I spread it, nitoponip; he spreads it, ipon'Imaie.

v. t. an. 2 (as a cloth, etc.)
Spread it, setsai'piksīstsis; I
spread it, nit'setsai piksīstau;
he spreads it, se'tsai piksīstsiuaie.

v. t. an. 2. Spread it, istse'-tsitsis; I spread it, nitai'setsitsau; he spreads it, ai'setsitsiuaie.

Spring, n. ina. (season of), moto'.n. an. (of water), mi ksis' kum.Sprinkle. See "Splash."

Sprout, v. int. 1. It sprouts, ai'sŭski u.

Spruce tree. See "Pine tree." Spur, n. an., anaka' pix sat sis.

v. t. an. 2. Spur him (a horse), auaka' pĭx săt sīs; I spur him, nitau'aka pĭx săt tau; he spurs him, auaka pĭx săt siuaie.

v. int. 1. Use the spur, auaka' pĭxit; I use the spur, nit'auakapĭxi; he uses the spur, au'akapĭxiu.

Spurring, n. abstr. (a horse), auaka'pĭx sĭn ni.

Spy, n. an., sĭm'miapuskskatŭkkiua.

Spy-glass, n. an., is suppint's is.
Square, n., ksaomuk'okan is tsissinni; (four cornered), ats'otsikokeu.

n. an. (used by carpenters), it ŭsks' ka ki o pi.

Squeeze, v. t. ina. 2 (as a sponge). Squeeze it, ksippuyin'it; I squeeze it, nitui'ksippuyinip; he squeezes it, ai'ksippuyinimaie.

v. t. ina. 2. Squeeze it, a puts'ĭn ĭt; I squeeze it, nitau' puts ĭnip; he squeezes it, au' puts ĭnĭm ai e.

v. t. an. 1. Squeeze me, a puts'ĭn okĭt; squeeze him, a puts'ĭn ĭs;
I squeeze you, kitau' putsĭn o;
'ie squeezes him, au' putsĭn i u ai e.
v. t. ina. 1. Squeeze it, ai' pik-

iotsit; I squeeze it, nitai' pikiotsip; he squeezes it, ai' pikiotsimaie.

Squeezing, n. abstr. (as a sponge), ksip pu yĭn' ŭk sĭn ni; a puts' ĭnŭk sĭn ni.

Squint, v. int. 1. Squint thou, istsīp'sŭppĭt; I squint, nitsĭstsĭp'sŭppi; he squints, istsĭp'sŭppi u.

Squinting, n. abstr., is tsĭp'sŭpsĭnni.
Stab, v. int. 1. Stab thou, sĭmŭk'-kĭt; I stab, nitsĭmŭkki; he stabs, sĭmŭkkiu.

v. t. an. 1. Stab me, sĭm mo kit'; stab him, sĭm mĭs'; I stab you, kit ai'sĭm mo; he stabs him, ai'sĭm mi u aie.

v. pass. I am stabbed, nĭt'sĭm-moko; he is stabbed, sĭmau'.

Stabbing, n. abstr., sim ŭk' sin ni.

Stack, n., spituk'sin.

Staff, n. ina., au'to an ĭs so. Stag, n. an., au'a tu yi-stŭm'ĭk.

Stagger, v. int. 1. Stagger thou, a tăp po kai'i it; I stagger, nita'-tăp po kaii; he staggers, a'tăp-po kaiiu.

Staggering, n. abstr., a tăp' po kaisin ni.

Stair, n., itaua' mĭs sauopi.

Stake, n. ina. (in the ground), isstăm'atsis; isstăm'man.

Stallion, n. an., nio'mita; pl., -tax. v. int. 2. It is a stallion, aio'mokau.

Stamp, v. int. 1 (with the feet).
Stamp thou, istok'ikŏkĭt; I
stamp, nitŭs'tokikŏki; he
stamps, ŭs'tokikŏkiu.

Stamping, n. abstr.. is tok' i kök sın ni.
Stand above, v. int. 1. Stand thou
above, ketse' puyit; I stand
above, nitai' ketse puyi; he
stands above, ai' ketse puyiu.

Stand up, v. int. 1. Stand thou up, nipu' yi pu yit; I stand up, nit ai'-pu yi pu yi; he stands up, ai' pu-yi pu yi u.

Stand still, v. int. 1. Stand thou, is tsipu yit; I stand, nits itsipu-yi; he stands, itsipu'yiu, or, itai'pu yiu.

Stand on one side, v. int. 1. Stand thou on one side, ŭnĭstŭp'i puyit; he stands on one side, ŭnĭstŭp'i puyiu.

Stand on top of, v. int. 1. Stand thou on top of, is tokh' it si pu yit; he stands on top of, is tokh' it si-

Stand so, v. int. 1. Stand thou so, un'an is tsi pu yit; he stands so, un'an is tsi pu yi u.

Standing up, n. abstr., ni pu' yi puyi sin ni.

Star, n. an., kŏk'a tosi; pl., -ix. Starch, n., itaiix ksĭs tsi kawk'i akiopi.

Stare, v. int. 1. Stare thou, a mus'suppit; I stare, nit au mus' suppi; he stares, au mus' suppiu.

v. t. an. 1. Stare at me, a mus'sum mo kit; stare at him, a mus'sum mus; I stare at you, kitaumus'sum mo; he stares at him, au mus'sum mi u ai e.

Staring, n. abstr., a mus' supsin ni. Start, v. int. 3 (on a journey). Start thou, au mat toat'; I start, nit au'mat to; he starts, au' mat to.

v. int. 2 (to run). Start thou, au mat' to mök kat; I start, nit au'-măt to mök ka; he starts, au' măt-to mök kau.

Starting, n. abstr. (on a journey), au matto'sĭnni; (to run), au matto' mŏk kan i.

Startle. See "Frighten."

Starvation, n. abstr., is tsiso' o kinsin ni.

Starve, v. int. 1. Starve thou, istarve, vi kinit; I starve, nita istarve, o'o kini; he starves, istarvoo kiniu.

Starving, n. abstr., is tsis o'o kinsin ni.

Stay, v. int. 1. Stay thou, stau'pit; I stay, nitsitau'pi; he stays, itau'piu.

v. t. an. See "Abide."

Steal, v. int. 1. Steal thou, kŏmos'it; I steal, nitai'kŏmosi; he steals, ai'kŏmosiu.

v. t. an. 1. Steal from me,

Stand o' i puŭn is-

Stand ou yit: n'itsi-

ou 80. ds so,

yi pu-

r'iak-

mŭs's'aŭpu. mŭs'-

mŭs'kitauhim.

n ni. Start itau'-

thou, itau'-'măt-

ney), ı mat-

kĭnu, is-

stsĭsso'okĭn-

'pit; tays,

n os'he

m >,

daughter, nit o' ko tŭn na. Step-father, n. an. My step-father,

komo'kit; steal from him, kom-

o'Is; I steal from you, kitsi-

komo'; he steals from him, ai'-

Stealing, n. abstr., kom o' sĭn ni.

Steamboat, n., istsiak' io sat sīs.

Steel, n. an., ŭskiman'; pl., -an ix;

Steep, v. impers. It is steep, im-

Steer, n. an., i wai' i tau-ap' ot skin a.

v. t. ina. 2 (a boat). Steer it,

Steer it. mo kom'-

My step-

mak'okinit; I steer it, nitak'o-

kinip; he steers it, ai'akokin-

otakit; I steerit, nito kom'otak-

ip; he steers it, mokom'otak im-

Steering, n. abstr. (a boat), mak'o-

kĭn ŭk sĭn ni; mokŏm'otosin ni.

Steersman, n. an., au'komotaki-

Stem, n. ina. (of a tree), oki'u; (of

a pipe), mĭstsia' kuai ĭn niman.

Step, n. ina., itaisokomissau'opi.

kŏmoiuaie.

itŭs' kĭmau pi.

v. t. ina. 2.

mi'u.

Imaie.

aie.

nitok' un na. Step-mother, n. an.My stepmother, nitok'o ksista.

Step-son, n. an. My step-son, nit-

Step-daughter, n. an.

ok'okoa. Stick, n. ina., mis tsis'; pl., -tsists. v. int. 1. Stick thou, is kesit; I stick, nitsis'ksesi; he sticks, is' kse si u.

v. t. ina. 2. Stick it, ŭx pŭn'it; I stick it, nitaux' punip; he sticks it, aux'punimaie.

Sticking, n. abstr., ŭx pŭn' ŭk sĭn ni. Sticky, v. impers. It is sticky, aux pik'au.

Stiff, v. int. 1. Be thou stiff, miex'kisit; I am stiff, nits'ex kisi; he is stiff, miex'kĭsiu.

Stiffen, v. reflect. Stiffen yourself, miex'kikawsit; I stiffen myself, nitsex' ki kawsi; he stiffens himself, miex'ki kawsiu.

Sting, v. t. an. 1. Sting me, ix-

tsĭn'ipokĭt; sting him, ixtsĭn ipis; I sting you, kitai'ix tsinipo; he stings him, ai'ix tsīn i pi uaie.

Stinging, n. abstr., ix tsĭn' i tŭk sĭn-

Stink, v. int. 1. Stink thou, atsim mit'; I stink, nitai'i tsim mi; he stinks, ai' i tsīm mi u.

v. impers. It stinks, itsimmu'.

Stir, v. int. 1. Stir thou, a tak'm'iakit; I stir, nitau'atŭkimiaki; he stirs, au'atŭkimiakiu.

v. t. ina. 2. Stir it, a tukim-It'; I stir it, nitau'atūkīmiip; he stirs it, auatūk īm i' īmaie.

Stirring, n. abstr., a tukim'iaksin-

Stirrup, n. an., sapi' kaki atsīs. Stitch. See "Sew."

Stock, n. an. (of gun), ototu'i kĭn. Stocking, n. ina., a to os sim.

Stomach, n. ina., mo' ko an ni.

Stone, n. an., o'kotoki; (flat), aquantity pŭx'ĭstokskim; stones, o'ko tok sku i.

Stool, n. ina., kum īs so' potsīs.

Stoop, v. int. 1. Stoop thou, autosokiak'ĭt; I stoop, nitau'tosokiak'i; he stoops, au'tosokiakiu.

Stooping, n. abstr., au'tosokiaksĭn ni.

Stop, v. int. 1 (in walking). thou, ŭk'aitsipuyit; I stop, nitsek'aitsipuyi; he stops, ek'ai tsi pu yi u.

v. int. 3 (at work). Stop thou, ŭk'aiksiuot; I stop, nitsek'aiksiuo; he stops, ek'aiksiuo.

v. t. an. Stop me, ŭkaiksiua'kit; stop him, ŭkaksi u' ut tsīs; I stop you, kitsek'aiksiuatto; he stops him, ekaiksiuattsiu-

v. t. an. 3 (when walking, running, etc.). Stop me, o'kokit; stop him, o'kos; I stop you, kitai'oko; he stops him, ai'oko yiuaie.

v. t. ina. 2 (machinery in mo-

tion). Stop it, issīk ŭn'īstutsit: I stop it, nit'sik un istutsip; he stops it : issīk ŭn' Istuts Imaie.

v. t. an. 1 (a horse). Stop him. a mai' pu vis: I stop him, nit au'-

mai pu vi mau.

Stopping, n. abstr. (in walking), ŭk'aitsipuvisinni; (in working), ŭk'ai ksi uosinni; (another, when walking, running, etc.), o'koksinni; (machinery in motion), issīk ŭn'īstu tūk sīn ni: (a horse). a mai' pu vi sĭn ni.

Store, n. (retail), itau'mutskotukiopi: (warehouse), itai'pŭtsstŭkiopi; (of food), aau' ŏsi tŭk-

sists.

Storm, n. (snow), sum'oputau; autumn storm, moku'putau.

Stout, v. int. 1. Be thou stout, mio'kasit: I am stout, nitai'okasi: he is stout, mio'kasiu.

v. int. 1. Be thou stout, omŭk' kop pi it: I am stout, nit'omŭkkoppii; he is stout, omŭk'köp pi i u.

Stoutness, n. abstr., mio'kasĭnni; omŭk' köppi isin ni.

Stove, n. an., mix'kimi po tan.

Straight, v. impers. It is straight,

i kom' ots tsi u.

Straighten, v. t. ina. 3. Straighten thou it, mokomots'kopattoat; I straighten it, nitau'komotskopattop: he straightens it, au' - omotskopat tom aie.

Stranger, n. an. pi i tap' pi.

Strangle, v. t. an. 2. Strangle thou me, iĭstap'ikĭt; strangle him, iĭstap'ĭstsĭs; I strangle you, he strangles kitai'ĭstapisto: him, ai' ĭstap ĭstsi uaie.

Strangling, n. abstr., ai istap' ist ŭk-

sĭn ni.

Strap, n. ina., itau'mopistukiopi; pl., -pists.

Straw, n. ina., su istsi pik'i aksin. Straw hat, n. ina., mattu yĭs'tsŭm-

mo kön.

Strawberry, n. ina., otsis tsin'; pl., -tsi'ĭsts.

Stray, v. int. 2 (of a man). Stray thou, nam'itapauauökkat; I stray, nits' amitapauauŏk ka: he strays, nam'itapauauŏk kau.

v. int. 1 (of a beast). Strav thou, nam'itapau vit: he strays,

namitapau'viu.

Straving, n. abstr. (of a man), nam'itapau auŏkkani; (of a beast), nam' itapau yi sĭn ni.

Stream, n. ina., aase'tükh tai;

aase' tükh tam skam.

Street, n. ina., itauau' ŏkaupi.

Strength, n. abstr., mi'sinni; misköpsinni.

Strengthen, v. t. ina. 2. Strengthen it, mi'istutsit; I strengthen it, nits'iĭstutsip; he strengthens it, mi'ĭstutsīmaie.

Strengthening, n. abstr., mi'istu-

tŭk sĭn ni.

Stretch, v. int. 1 (one's self). Stretch thou, saipi'it; I stretch, nitai'saipii; he stretches, ai'saipiiu.

v. t. ina. 2 (expand). Stretch thou it, koke'init; I stretch it, nitaikokeĭnip; he stretches it,

ai ko ke' în îm ai e.

v. t. ina. 3 (as a rope). Stretch it, saiĭpskŏp'attoat; I stretch it, nitaľ sai i pskopat top; he stretches it, ai'saiipskopattomaie.

v. t. an. 2. Stretch me, sairpskop' ŭk kit; stretch him, sai pskop' ŭttsis; I stretch you, kitai'saiĭpskopatto; he stretches him, ai'sai Ipskopat tsi uai e.

Stretching, n. abstr., saipiu'ossinni; (a rope, etc.), saiipskop'at-

tŭk sĭn ni.

Strike, v. t. ina. 2. Strike it, a ki'it; I strike it, nitau'akip; he strikes it, au'a kiĭmaie.

v. t. an. 1. Strike me, akio'kit; strike him, aki'ĭs; I strike you, kitau'akio; he strikes him, au'a ki u ai e.

v. int. 6 (clock). It strikes, ai'-

sătsi kotăm.

Strike camp, v. int. 1. Strike camp, apuk'keit; I strike camp, nit-

I t: a: he Strav

trays, nam'east),

h tai:

mĭsgthen

en it. ns it, ĭs tu-

retch itai'sai pi-

retch ch it. es it.

retchretch he ttom-

sai ĭpai ĭp-, kittches

ssinp'at-

ki'Yt: rikes

kio'trike him,

s, ai'-

amp, nitau'pŭk kei: he strikes camp, au'pŭkkeiu.

Striking, n. abstr. (hitting), akiak'sĭnni; (camp), a pŭk'ke i sĭnni.

String, n. ina., ix ta' po ko.

Strip, v. t. an. 3 (deprive of clothing). Strip me, suoxotokit; strip him, su'oxotos; I strip you, kitaisuoxoto; he strips him, aisu'oxoto yi uaie.

v. reflect. (one's self). Strip yourself, su'oxotosit; I strip myself, nitsu'oxotosi; he strips himself,

aisu'oxotosiu.

Stripe, n. ina. (relating to colours). sats' tuk sin.

Stripping, n. abstr., su'ox otŭk sĭnni; (one's self), su'oxotosĭuni.

Stroke, v. t. an. 3. Stroke me, ai'sum mo to kit; stroke him, ai'summotos; I stroke you, kitai'sŭmmoto; he strokes him, ai'summo to viuaie.

Stroking, n. abstr., sum mo'tuk sin-

Strong, v. int. 1. He is strong, mio'kasiu; mis'iu; mis'kopiu.

Strychnine, n., itai'putsĭmaupi. Stubble, n. ina., ikau'okikaiĭsts.

Stud, n. an. (for shirt), itaisup pikĭn'a mau pi.

Stud horse, n. an., nio'mita; pl.,

Stuff, v. t. ina. 3 (fill). Stuff it in, stai'suppotoat; I stuff it in, nit'sitaisuppotop; he stuffs it in, itai'sŭp po tom ai e.

Stuffing, n. abstr., stai'sŭp pi tŭk-

Stumble, v. int. 1. Stumble thou, ŭsts' kim skuk it; I stumble, nitsĭstskĭmskŭki; he stumbles, ists'kĭmskŭkiu.

Stumbling, n. abstr., istskim'skuk-

Stump, n. ina. (of a tree), i kau' o ki-

Stupid. v. int. 1. Be stupid, mattsapsit; I am stupid, nit ŭt' tsapsi; he is stupid, mat'tsapsiu.

Stupidity, n. abstr., mat' tsap sĭn ni. Subside, v. int. 1 (water). Subside | Sunset, n. ina., ai' ista köpi.

thou, sīksi ku' yit; it subsides, aisĭksi ku yi' u.

Succour. See "Help."

Suck, v. int. 2. Suck thou, istat': I suck, nit ŭs'ta; he sucks, ŭs'-

v. t. ina. 3. Suck it, ŭs'tatoat; I suck it, nitus' tatop; he sucks it, us' ta tomaie.

Sucking, n. abstr., ista'sĭn ni.

Suckle, v. t. an. 1. Suckle thou him, istak'aiis; she suckles him, istak'ai uai e.

Suffer pain, v. int. 1. Suffer thou istse'stumit: I suffer pain, nitsĭs' tsestămi; he suffers pain, is'tse stăm i u.

v. int 6. Suffer thou, epu'inat; I suffer, nitse'puĭna; he suffers, e pu'in um.

Suffice, v. impers. It suffices, un'niaie.

Sugar, n. ina., nap'iniu; brown sugar, otoka'piniu; white sugar, ksĭxap'iniu.

Suicide, commit, v. reflect. (by stabbing). Commit suicide thou, auŭt'ai simosit; I commit suicide, nitauŭt'aisimosi; he commits suicide, auŭt'aisĭmmosiu; (by shooting), commit suicide thou, au ŭt'tosit; I commit suicide, nit'au ŭt tosi; he commitssuicide, au ŭt' tosi u.

(By drowning). See "Drown." (By hanging). See "Hang." (By poisoning). See "Poison."

Sulk, v. int. 1. Sulk thou, minix'it; I sulk, nitai'nĭxi; he sulks, minĭx'iu.

Salking, n. abstr., minix'sinni.

Summer, n. ina., nepu'.

Sun, n. an., nato'si.

Sunbeam, n., saie ke'si uan.

Sunday, n. ina., na to' ye ksĭs tsi kui; pl., -kuists.

Sun dial, n. an., itai'ksĭstsikumi-

Sunrise, n. ina., au'otum iskopi. adv. At sunrise, au'otumisköp ĭssi.

adv. At sunset, ai'ı́stakŏpı́s-

Sunshine, n. ina., ai'etsks ix kopi.
Superintend, v. int. 1. Superintend thou, ototăm'sit; I superintend, nito'totăm si; he superintends, o'totăm siu.

Supper, n. ina., atax'oossin.

Surround, v. t. an. 1. Surround ye him, otux'epuyimok; they surround him, otux'epuyimiauaie.

Swallow, n. an. (bird), si'īx i kŏp-

v. int. 6. Swallow thou, itsis'-tat; I swallow, nitstsista; he swallows, its' istum.

Swallowing, n. abstr., itsis' tük sin-

Swamp, n. ina., paxe'kŭkku.

Swear, v int. 1 (profauely). Swear thou, ai'pakosinekit; I swear, nitai'pakosineki; he swears, ai'pakosinekiu.

Swearing, n. absér., pa ko'sĭn ek sĭn-

Sweat, v. int. 1 (perspire). Sweat thou, saikĭn'sit; I sweat, nitai'saikĭnsi; he sweats, ai'saikĭnsiu.

Sweating tent, n. ina., istse' Iskan. Sweep, v. int. 1. Sweep thou, nomawk'iakit; I sweep, nitaiomawk'iaki; he sweeps, aiomawk'iakiu.

v. t. ina. 2. Sweep it, nomawk'it; I sweep it, nitaiomawk'ip; he sweeps it, aiomawk'ĭmaie.

Sweeping, n. abstr., no mawk' i aksin ni.

Sweet, v. impers. It is sweet, matsie po'ko; very sweet, iek It'siepoko.

Sweeten, v. t. ina. 2. Sweeten it, matsie po'ko istutsit; I sweeten it, nitai'tsie po ko ĭstutsip; he sweetens it, aitsie po ko ĭstutsiymaie.

Sweet grass hills, n. an., kŭt tu yĭs' ix.
Swell, v. int. 1. Swell thou, kopi'it; I swell, nitai'kopii; he swells,
aikopi'u.

Swelling, n. abstr., kopi'isinni.
Swift, v. impers. It is swift, istsike'u.

Swim. See "Bathe."

Swine, n. an., ak' sĭn ni; pl., -nix.

Swing, n., aua pis' tan.

v. reflect. Swing yourself, auŭt'apīksīt: I swing myself, nitauŭtapīksi; he swings himself, auŭt'apiksiu.

v. t. an. 2. Swing me, auŭt'apīksīkkīt; swing him, auŭt'apiksīstsīs; I swing you, kitau-ŭt'apiksīsto; he swings him, auŭt'apiksīstsiuaie.

Swinging, n. abstr., au ŭt' a pi ksistuk siu ni.

Swoon. See "Faint."

Sword, n. an., innis'toan; pl.,

Syrup, n. ina., ŭxpiap'iniu.

T.

Table, n. ina., itaiso'iopi; itau'yo-

Table cover, n. ina., itaisotŭnik'i-akiopi; pl., -pists.

Tack, n. an., itainūxiksis'toxakiopi; pl., -pix.

Tack, brass-headed, n. an., ists' stak-

Tail, n. ina., mokh so yĭs.

v.int.1. He has a tail, is so ye'u.

Take, v.t.ina. 1. Take it, matsit';

I take it, nitots'ip; he takes it,
matsimaie.

v. t. an. 3. Take me, matto'-kit; take him, mattos'; I take you, kitau'to; he takes him, mat'toyiuaie.

Take ashore, v. t. ina. 3. Take it ashore, apĭtse'potoat; I take it ashore, nitaupĭtse'potop; he takes it ashore, au'pĭtse potomaic.

v. t. an. 1. Take me ashoro, apītse'pio kit; take him ashore, apītse'piĭs; I take you ashore, kitau'pītsepio; he takes him ashore, aupītse'piuaie.

ıi. istsi-

nix.

f, auf, nitnself.

ıu ŭt'-เกียร์กitauhim,

i ksĭs-

pl.,

u'yo-

n ik' ixaki-

'stak-

ye'u. itsĭt': ces it,

at to'take him,

ke it ake it he sepo-

shore, shore, ${f shore.}$ him Take away, v. t. ina. 1. Take it away, mis'tupotsit; I take it away, nitai' Istăpotsip: he takes it away, ai' is tupotsimaie.

v. t. an. 3. Take me away, mis' tupotokit; take him away, mis'tupotos; I take you away, kitai'istapoto: he takes him away, ai'istăpotoyiuaie.

Take down, v. t. ina. 2. Take it down, in nai' pix it: I take it down. nitun'naipix ip; he takes it down, in'nai pix imaie.

v. t. an. 2. Take me down, innai'piksĭkkĭt; take him down, in nai' pi ksĭstsĭs; I take you down, kitsin'nai pi ksisto: he takes him down, in nai'pi ksĭstsiuaie.

Take back, v. t. ina. 3 (return). Take it back, a kop' at toat; I take it back, nit'akopatton; he takes it back, a'kopat tomaie.

v. t. an. 1. Take me back, akŏp'piokit; take him back, akŏp'pis; I take you back, kitakŏp'pio; he takes him back, a kop' pi uai e.

v. t. ina. 1 (receive to one's self). Take it back, matsko'tsit; I take it back, nit us' skotsip; he takes it back, ŭs'skotsimaie.

v. t. an. 3. Take me back, matsko'tokit; take him back, matsko'tos; I take you back, kitŭs'skoto; he takes him back, mat'sko to vi uaie.

Take off, v. t. ina. 2 (clothing). Take it off, sauauts'it; I take it off, nit'sauautsip; he takes it off, sauauts' Imai e.

v. reflect. Take off-yourself, sauo'tosit; I take off-myself, nitsauotosi; he takes off—himself, sau'o tosiu.

Take place. It will take place, ak'an istapiu.

Take up, v. t. ina. 3. Take it up, ame' potoat; I take it up, nita'me potop; he takes it up, a'mepotomaie.

piokit; take him up, ame'pis; I take you up, kitame'pio; he takes him up, ame'piuaie.

Taking, n. abstr., mat ŭk' sĭn ni; (- away), mis' tăpo tăk sin ni : - ashore), a přítse' pi ňk sři ni; (-down), in nai' pi ksĭs tūk sĭn ni; (— back, i.e. returning) a kŏp'otŭksinni; (-back, i.e. receiving), issko' tŭksĭn ni; (-off clothing). sau o' tŭk sin ni : sau o' tos sin ni : (- up), a me' pi tŭk sĭn ni.

Talk. See "Speak."

Tall, v. int. 2. Be thou tall, spitat'; I am tall, nit'spĭta; he is tall, spitau'.

Tallow, n., ai'sĭk kotsii.

Tame. v. int. 1. He is tame, ikkinaps'iu.

Tan, v. t. an. 2. Tan him, punin'attsīs; I tan him, nitai'punīnattau; he tans him, aipunin'attsi u ai e.

Tanning, n. abstr., păn' sĭn ni.

Tantalize, v. t. an. 3. Tantalize me, ai sai ĭx ĭx ĭn no kit; tantalize him, ai sai ĭx ĭx ĭn nos: I tantalize you, kitai'saiĭxĭxĭnno; he tantalizes him, ai'saiĭxĭxĭnnoyiuaie.

Tantalizing, n. abstr., saiixix'innŭksinni.

Tape, n., itai pi kŭk kŭn' ĭm au pi. Tapers, v. int. 1. It tapers, i tupi'ksĭs tsi u.

Tares, n. ina., okiap' sŭskijau.

Target, n., akitŭk'sĭn.

Taste, v. t. ina. 1. Taste it, a totsĭt'; I taste it, nita totsip; he tastes it, au'a to tsĭmai e.

Tasting, n. abstr., a to tŭk' sĭn ni. Tattoo, v. int. 2. Tattoo thou, a-

tsīs sa' kat; I tattoo, nit au' a tsīssaka; he tattoos, au'a tsis sakau.

Tattooing, n. abstr., a tsĭs sa' kan i. Tea, n. ina., sixikim'mi. v. int. 2. Make tea, sixikim'-

sı̃mmat; I make tea, nitai'sixikim sim ma; he makes tea, aisixi kĭm sĭm mau.

Tea, making, n. abstr., six i kim' süksin ni.

v. t. an. 1. Take me up, ame'- Teach, v. int. 1. Teach thou, is-

ksīnīm' mats tūk kit; I teach, nitūs' ksīnīm mats tūk ki; he teaches, ūs' ksīnīm mats tūk ki u.

v. t. an. 1. Teach me, is ksĭnĭmmatsokit; teach him, is ksĭnĭm' matsĭs; I teach you, kit ŭs'ksĭn ĭm matso; he teaches him, ŭs ksīn ĭm mats' i u ai e.

v. reflect. Teach yourself, isksinim' matsosit; I teach myself, nitūs ksinim' matsosi; he teaches himself, ūs ksinim' matsosiu.

Teacher, n. an., usksin im' mats tokiua.

Teaching, n. abstr., is ksĭn ĭın' matstük sĭn ni.

Tea-cup, n. an., itaisixikim'iisimiopi; pl., -pix.

Tea-kettle, n. an., it au a' ku sĭm aupi; pl., -pix.

Teapot, n. an., is tsi ksists' to pi; pl., -pix.

Tear, n. ina., sa ku'a pĭn i kan.

Tear, v. t. ina. 2. Tear it, pin' otsit; I tear it, nitai' pin otsip; he tears it, ai' pin otsimaie.

Tearing, n. abstr., pin'otŭksĭnni. Teat, n., opus un'niki pi.

Teeth, n. ina., mope' kĭnists.

Telegraph, n., itai'itsĭnikiopi; itai'pu yiopi.

Tell. See "Say."

Tell the news, v. t. an. 3. Tell me the news, atsiniko'kit; tell him the news, atsinikos'; I tell you the news, kitai'itsiniko; he tells him the news, ai'itsiniko yiu ai e.

Tell, v. int. 1 (confess). Tell thou, nınapun'it; I tell, nitsın'apuai; he tells, ai'ınapuniu.

v. t. ina. 3. Tell it, inapun'istoat; I tell it, nitsin'apun'stop; he tells it, ai'inapun's tomaie.

v. t. an. 2. Tell me, in'a pănĭkkit; tell him, in'a păn ĭs ts ĭs; I tell you, kitai' ĭn a păn ĭs to; he tells him, ai' ĭn a păn ĭs ts i u ai e.

Telling, n. abstr. (the news), a tsĭnik'sinni; (confessing), ai in'a pŭnis tŭk sin ni.

Ten, num. adj., ke' po.

Tend. See "Watch."

Tonder, v. int. 1 (not tough), ik kĭnis'siu.

Tent, n. ina., ksikkokoau; (Ashaped), a pi'kanokoau; (Indian), moyis'.

Tent canvas, n. ina., itaisotünīk'īmaupi.

Tent-pole, n. ina., mun'stam.

Terrify. See "Frighten."
Thank you, E-e-e-e-e; nitŏkh'sitŭk ki (=I am pleased).

Thawing, v. int. 1. It is thawing, ai'stŭk ku yi.

Thee, pers. pron., kës to'a. Theft, n. abstr., köm o'sin ni. Their, pron. poss., otsi nan'o ai au. Ihem, pers. pron., osto'au ai.

Then, adv., un'nika; tum-, in composition; as, I will then come here, nitako tum'i puksi pu.

There, adv., un' nimai e.

Thermometer, it us' stu yimio pi.

These, pron. an., am' ox. These, pron. ina., am' osts. They, pers. pron., osto' au ai.

Thick, v. int. 1. It is thick (ina.), spike'u; (an.), spik'siu.

Thick, adj., spik-, in composition; as, thick writing, spik'sinaksin.

Thicken, v. t. ina. 2. Thicken it, mioks' pĭstutsit; I thicken it, nitauks' pĭstutsip; he thickens it, auks' pĭstutsĭmaie.

Thickening, n. abstr., oks' pis tu tŭksin ni.

Thieve. See "Steal."

Thigh, n. ina., moop'issuk. Thigh-bone, n. ina., otoxin'a.

Thimble, n. an., itauai'tsĭnŭkiopi; pl., -pix.

Thin, v. impers. It is thin, is toke' u.
Thin, adj. partic., is tok-, in composition; as, thin cloth, is tok' ai pis-

Think, v. int. 2. Think thou, kseĭmstat'; I think, nitaikseĭmsta; he thinks, ai'kseĭmstau.

Thinking, n. abstr., kse im sta'ni.

Thirst, v. int. 1. Thirst thou, e nak'it; I thirst, nits e'nak i; he thirsts,
enak'iu.

kkin-

(Inin ĭk'-

kh'si-

wing,

au. com-

come

pi.

(ina.),

sition: aksĭn. cen it, en it, ickens

tu tŭk-

kiopi; toke'u. compo-'ai pĭs-

ou, kseĭmsta;

a'ni. e nak'thirsts.

Thirsting, n. abstr., enak'slani. Thirteen, num. adj., ni'ko put to. Thirty, num. adj., nifp' po.

This, pron. dem., am'ok, or, am'oia. Thither, adv., om'ima.

Thorn, n. ina., ksissi'is.

Thorn bush, n. ina., ksisis'ku. Thought. See "Thinking."

Thousand, num. adj., omak'sikepip po.

Thrash, v. int. 1 (grain). Thrash thou, suĭstsipik'iakit; I thrash, nit ai su ĭs tsi pĭk' i ak i; thrashes, aisu īstsi pīk'i aki u.

Thrashing, n. abstr., suĭstsipĭk'iaksĭnni.

Thrashing-floor, n. ina., otsitai'suisuitsipik'iakipi - apux'istoxix-

Thrashing-machine, n. an., itai suiĭstsipik'iakiopi.

Thread, n. ina., assi pis'.

v. t. an. 1. Thread him (in reference to the needle), sampskais'; I thread him, nitai'sa upskau; he threads him, sa ups ka'iuaie.

v. t. ina. 3. Thread it (in reference to the thread), samps katoat'; I thread it, nitai'sa ups katop; he threads it, sa ups ka tomaie.

Threading, n. abstr., sa ups ka tuk'sĭn ni.

Three, num. adj., nioks' kum. Three-cornered, nioks' kai ko ki.

Three score, num. adj., nai' ip po.

Three times, v. int. 1. It is three times, ni oks' kan ĭs tap i u.

Throat, n. ina., moksistun'.

Throbs, v. impers. It throbs, aupi'u; ai'taupiu.

Throne, n. ina., spiso' potsis (= high seat).

Throng, v. t. an. 3. Throng me, otŭk'akawkokit; Throng him, otŭk'akawkos; we throng you, kito' tŭk a kaw ko pinan ; throng him, ituk'a kaw koyiiau.

Thronging, n. abstr., otňk'akawkŭksĭnni.

Throttle, v. t. an. 1. Throttle me, Throw into water, v. t. ina. 2.

păttsinno' kit; throttle him. păttsĭnnĭs: I throttle you, kitai'puttsinno; he throttles him, ai'păt tsin ni uaie.

Throttling, n. abstr., pattsinak'sin-

Through, go, v. int. 3. Go thou through, sisăppok'oat: I go through, nitaisisuppoko; he goes through, itai'sisup poko.

Through, going, n. abstr., sisappok'osĭn ni.

Through, adv. partie., sisuppok-, in composition; as, it rains through, aisisup pok'so tau.

Throw, v. int. 1. Throw thou, pix-it'; I throw, nitai'pixi; he throws, itai'pixiu.

v. t. an. 3. Throw it to me, puk' supapiksis tomo kit; throw it to him, is tupapiks is to mos; I throw it to you, kitai istupa piksistomo; he throws it to him, is' tŭpa pi ksĭs to mo yi uaie.

Throw away, v. t. ina. 2. Throw it away, mis' tupa pixit; I throw it away, nitsīs'tūpapīxip; he throws it away, is' tupa pix imaie.

v. t. an. 2. Throw him away, mīs' tūpa pi ksīs tsis; I throw him away, nitsīs' tūpa pi ksīstau; he throws him away, itsis'tupapiksĭs tsi u ai e.

Throw down, v. t. ina. 2. Throw it down, mistupina' pixit; I throw it down, nitsĭstŭpina' pix ip; he throws it down, its is tup in a pixĭmaie.

v. t. an. 2. Throw him down, mistupina' pi ksistsis; I throw him down, nits ĭs tŭp in a' pi ksĭstau; he throws him down, its istŭpina' pi ksīs tsi u ai e.

Throw into, or in, v. t. ina. 2. Throw it in, istsup'apixit; I throw it in, nitai'supapixip; he throws it in, itsup'apiximaie.

v. t. an. 2. Throw him in, istsŭp'a pi ksĭstsĭs; I throw him in, nitaisupapiksistau; he throws him in, it sup'a pi ksistsi uai e.

Throw it into water, suia'pĭxit; I throw it into water, nitsuia'-pĭxip; he throws it into water, suia' pĭxīmaie.

v. t. an. 2. Throw him into water, sui a' pi ksīstsīs; I throw him into water, nitsui a' pi ksīstau; he throws him into water, itsui a' pi ksīstsi u ai e.

Throw inside, v. t. ina. 2 (as, inside a house). Throw it inside, is tsip'stapixit; I throw it inside, nits-Istsip'stapixip; he throws it inside, itsip'stapiximaie.

v. t. an. 2. Throw him inside, is tsĭp'sta pi ksĭs tsĭs; I throw him inside, nitsĭs tsĭp'sta pi ksĭs tau; he throws him inside, itsĭp'stapi ksĭs tsi uai e.

Throw outside, v. t. ina. 2. Throw it outside, sai'pixit; I throw it outside, nitsaipixip; he throws it outside, itai'saipiximaie.

v. t. an. 2. Throw him outside, sai' pi ksis tsis; I throw him outside, nit sai pi ksis tau; he throws him outside, ai' sai pi ksis tsi u ai e. Throw over, v. t. ina. 2. Throw it

Chrow over, v. t. ina. 2. Throw it over, ksistŭk'a pixit; I throw it over, nitaiksistŭka' pixip; he throws it over, aiksistŭka' piximaie.

v. t. an. 2. Throw him over, ksīstūk a' pi ksīstsīs; I throw him over, nitai ksīstūk a' pi ksīstau; he throws him over, ai ksīstūk a'-pi ksīstsi u ai e.

v. t. ina. 2. Throw it over, otumina' pix it; I throw it over, nitotumina' pix ip; he throws it over, its tumina' pix imaie.

v. t. an. 2. Throw him over, otum in a' pi ksistsis; I throw him over, nitotum in a' pi ksistau; he throws him over, itotum in a' pi ksistsiu ai e.

Throw through, v. t. ina. 2 (as, through an open window). Throw it through, sa tăp' pĭxit; I throw it through, nitsa tăp' pĭxip; he throws it through, sa tăp' pĭx imaie.

v. t. an. 2. Throw him through, sa tūp'i ksīstsīs; I throw him through, nit sa tūp'i ksīstau; he throws him through, sa tūp'i ksīstsiuai e.

v. t. ina. 2 (any substance, as glass, paper, etc.). Throw it through, sisāppok'saipīxit; I throw it through, nitsisāppoksaipīxip; he throws it through, sisāppoksaipīxīmaie.

v. t. an. 2. Throw him through, sisūp pok sai' pi ksīs tsīs; I throw him through, nit sisūp pok' sai pi-ksīs tau; he throws him through, sisūp pok sai' pi ksīs tsi u ai e.

Throwing, n. abstr., piksistūk'sinni; (— away), mis'tūpapiksistūksinni; (— down), mistūpinapiksistūksinni; (— into), istsūp'apiksistūksinni; (— into water), istsuia'piksistūksinni; (— inside), istsīp'stapiksistūksinni; (— over), ksistūka' piksistūksinni; (— over), otūmin'a piksistūksinni; (— through), sa'tūpiksistūksinni; (— through), sa'tūpiksistūksinni; (— through) a substance), sisūppok'saipiksistūksinni;

Thumb, n. an., omŭk'okĭtsĭs.

Thunder, n., ksīstsi kum'a.
Thy, poss. pron., kitsi nan'; kit-.

Tickle, v. t. an. Tickle me, ekuan'istutokit; tickle him, eku an'istutos; I tickle you, kitai'kuan'istuto; he tickles him, e'kuan'istutoyiuaic.

Tickling, n. abstr., e kuan' is tu tŭksin ni.

Tidings. See "News."

Tidy, v. int. 2. Tidy thou, munstai'itat; I tidy, or make tidy, nitai'ïnstaiita; he tidies, ai'ïnstaiitau.

v. t. ina. 3. Tidy it, munstau'otoat; I tidy it, nitai'Instauotop; he tidies it, ai'Instauotomaie.

v. impers. It is tidy, mĭnstaii'u; mĭnstaua'piu.

Tidying, n. abstr., min stai'i tük sinni. Tie, v. t. ina. 2. Tie it, is'ksi pit; I tie it, nitai' Is ksi pip, he ties it, ai' Is ksi pimai e.

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v. t. an. 2. Tie me, is'ksi pĭk-kĭt; tie him, is'ksi pĭstsĭs; I tie you, kitai' Is ksi pĭs to; he ties him, ai' Is ksi pĭstsi nai e.

Tied, v. pass. It is tied, imopip'.
Tight, v. impers. It is tight, mi'-

tsiu; it is too tight, koke'tsiu.

Tighten, v. t. ina. 2. Tighten it, koke'ipĭxit; I tighten it, nitai'-kokeipĭxip; he tightens it, ai'-kokeipïximaie.

Tightening, n. abstr., koke i' pĭx ĭ3-tūk sĭn ni.

Till, v. int. 1 (the ground). Till thou, aupūkimixakit; I till, nitau'pūkimixaki; he tills, au'pūkimixakiu.

v. t. ina. 2. Till it, au pūk imin'it; I till it, nitau pūk im in'ip; he tills it, au' pūk im in im ai e.

Tiller, n. an. (of the ground), aupūkim in' ŭkiua.

Tilling, n. abstr., au pūk im in' ūksin ni.

Timber, n. ina. (standing), at su'ŏs-kui.

Time. What is the time? tsa'a itoto'ats itai'ksīstsikumiopi? adv. At that time, an'nika.

Tin, n. an., mĭx'kĭm.

Tin kettle, n. an., mĭx'kĭmiokha.

Tip, adv. At the tip, mi'nokotsi.

Tippler, n. an., au'ăttseiua; sĭm-

me' pĭtsi u a.

Tiro, v. t. an. 1. Tire me, sīstsika'atsokit; tire him sīstsika'atsīs; I tire you, kitsīstsika'atso; he tires him, aisīstsika'atsiuaie.

v. reflect. Tire thyself, sĭstsika'atsosit; I tire myself, nitsistsika'atsosi; he tires himself, sĭstsika'atsosiu.

Tired, v. int. 4. Be thou tired, sĭstsikut'; I am tired, nit' sĭstsiku; he is tired, ai' sĭstsiku.

Tired, being, n. abstr., sĭs tsi ku'sĭnni.

Tiring, n. abstr. (another), sistsi- Tower, n. ina., spiap'ioyis.

ka'atstŭksĭnni; (one's self), sĭstsika'atsossĭnni.

Toad, n. an., oműk ítse'e köp ísau.

Tobacco, n. ina., pĭsta'kan. Toboggan, n., so'otsekatsis.

v. int. 2. Toboggan thou, so'otsekat; I toboggan, nitai'sootseka; he toboggans, ai'sootsekau.

Tobogganing, n. abstr., sootse'-kani.

To-day, adv., an nok-ksistsiku'ik.

Toe, n. ina., inuk'okitsis.

Together, adv. partie., pok-, in composition; as, we will go there together, nitako pok' it tap popinan.

Tomb. n., ake'niman.

To-morrow, adv., apinok'wis; mat tun'nis.

Tongs, n. an., itau' tük ki opi.

Tongue, $n_{\cdot \cdot}$, matsĭn ni'.

To-night, adv., ŭn stok'-ko ku' i.

Too, adv. partie., mau'mai-, in composition; as, it is too small, mau'maiinŭkotsiu; (in addition), mŭt-; nŏk'ŭt-.

Tool, n. ina., itap'autŭkkiopi.
Tooth, n. ina., mope'kin; pl., -kinists.

Top, n. an., an is' tsiat sis; (summit), ksik ko' ke tots; ke tots'; he is on the top, ke tot' auk.

Torn, v. pass. It is torn, pai yi'ni-kau.

Toss, v. t. ina. 2. Toss it, spa'pĭxit; I toss it, nitŭs'spapĭxip; he tosses it, ŭs'spapĭxĭmaie.

v. t. an. 2. Toss him, spa'piksīstsīs; I toss him, nitūs'spapiksīstau; he tosses him, ŭs'spapiksīstsiuaie.

Tossing, n. abstr., spa' pi ksĭs tŭk sĭnni.

Touch, v. t. an. 1. Touch me, tsixen'okit; touch him, tsixen'is; I touch you, kitaitsixeno; he touches him, tsixen'iuaie.

Touchwood, n. ina., pe'koksĭxĭm. Tough, it is, v. int. 1, mi u'. Towel, n. ina., it ŭs'sški osopi. Town, n. ina., a kai' tap piskui; akap'iovis.

Toy, n., au ŭm' at sis.

Trace, n. ina. (harness), itai ĭx kŏpiopi; pl., -pĭsts.

Track, n. ina., moksoku'i.

v. int. 2. He makes a track. ok so ku' ĭs kau.

Trade. See "Buv."

v. recipr. (exchange). Trade with one another, pum' mo tseik; we trade with one another, nit'opum motseipĭnan; let us trade with one another, awkh' pum motseion.

Trading, n. abstr. (with one another), pum'motseisinni.

Trader, n. an., awkh' pumapie kuŭn: aumŭts' ko tŭk ki ua

Trample, v. int. 1. Trample on it, isto'tŭtsam'ia vĭt; I trample on nitsĭt' to tŭtsamia yi; tramples on it, i to tutsam' i a vi u.

Trampling, n. abstr., is to tuts am' ia-

yisinni.

Transform, v. t. ina. 2. Transform it, aisauai'stutsit; I transform it, nitai sau ai' stutsip; he transforms it, ai sau ai stuts ĭm ai e.

v. t. an. 3. Transform me, aisauai'istutokit; transform him, ai sauai' is tu tos; I transform you, kitsauai'ĭstuto; he transforms him, ai'sauai ĭstuto yi uai e.

v. reflect. Transform yourself, ai'sauainosit; I transform myself, nitai'sauainosi; he transforms himself, ai'sau ai nos i u.

v. t. ina. 2. Transform it, nokets'istutsit; I transform it, nitai'oketsīstutsip; he transforms it, ai'okets ĭs tuts ĭmaie.

v. t. an. 3. Transform me, nokets'istutokit; transform him, no kets' is tu tos; I transform you, kitai'oketsĭstuto: he transforms him, ai'oketsĭstutoviuaie.

v. reflect. Transform thyself, nokets'inosit; I transform myself, nitai'o ketsĭnosi; he transforms himself, ai'o kets ĭn os i u.

Transformation, n. abstr., ai sauai'-

ĭstutŭksĭnni: no kets' ĭstutŭksĭnni; (of one's self), aisau'ainosĭn ni; ai'o kets ĭn o sĭn ni.

Transgression. See "Sin." Transgressor. See "Sinner."

Transgress. See "Sin."

Transparent, adj., sisuppox'inuk-

Trap, n., itŭk'iakiopi; ikiak'iat-

v. int. 1. Set a trap, ikiak'ĭt; I set a trap, nitai'ikiaki; he sets a trap, ai'ikiakiu.

v. t. an. 2. Trap him, iki ak'ŭttsĭs; I trap him, nitai'ikiakŭttau; he traps him, ikiak'ŭttsi nai e.

Trapping, n. abstr., ik i ak' sĭn ni. Travel, v. int. 3. Travel thou, au'-

mattoat; I travel, nitau'matto; he travels, au'mat to.

Travelling, n. abstr., au mat to'sin-

Travoy, n. ina., man ĭs tsi'; my travoy, nunĭstsi'; horse trevoy, ponokom'itanistsi; dog travoy, imi ta' u nĭs tsi.

Treacle, n. ina., ŭxpiap'ini u.

Tree, n. ina., omŭx'ĭxĭm; pine or fir tree, pakhtok'i; cotton wood tree, a se'tsĭxĭm; poplar tree, asa'se tsĭx ĭm.

Tremble, v. int. 1. Tremble thou, pakh pu ye'it; I tremble, nitai'pakhpuyei; he trembles, ai'pakh pu ye i u.

Trembling, n. abstr., pakh pu ye'isĭnni.

Triangular, v. impers. It is triangular, nooks' kaiiko ke u.

Trigger, n. an. (of a gun), ai'kokia přit tat tau.

v. t. an. 2. Pull the trigger, kokia'pĭttatsĭs; I pull the trigger, nitai'kokiapĭttattau; he pulls the trigger, ai'koki a pĭt tattsiuaie.

Trigger, pulling the, n. abstr., kokia' pĭt tăt tosĭnni.

Tripe, n., o'koanni.

Trouble, v. int. 1. Have thou trouble, ai'sınnatapsıt; I am in ĭstutŭ**k**au'aino-

r.''

x'ĭnŭk-

iak'iat-

kiak'ĭt; ; he sets

, iki ak'i'iki akki ak' ŭt-

in ni. 10u, au'-1' mat to ;

at toʻsĭn-

my traevoy, poravoy, i-

u.
pine or
on wood
tree, a-

le thou, , nitai'les, ai'-

pu ye' i-

is trian-

ai'koki-

trigger, the trigau; he apĭttat-

bstr., ko-

e thou I am in trouble, nitai'sı̃nnataps; he is in trouble, ai'sı̃nnatapsiu; trouble me, ası̃nas'ŭk kit; trouble him, ası̃nas'atsı̃s; I trouble you, kitai'sı̃nasatto; he troubles him, ai'sı̃nasattsiuaie.

Trouble, n. abstr., sĭn na taps' sĭnni.

Troubled in mind, v. int. 2. Be thou troubled in mind, ai'sĭn natapitsitat; I am troubled in mind, nitai'sĭn natapitsita; he is troubled in mind; ai'sĭn natapitsitau.

Troubled in mind, being, n. abstr., sin na tap' i tsi tan i.

Trough, n. ina. (for pigs), ak sın niitai sıp' pio yio pi; (water), itai'sım e pi tau o pi.

Trousers, n. an., atsis'; pl., atsex'.

True, v. int. 1. It is true, e'muniu. See "Speak the truth."

Trumpet, n. an., itŭk'iopi.

v. int. 1. Blow the trumpet, ik kĭt'; I blow the trumpet, nitai'ĭk ki; he blows the trumpet, ai' ik ki u.

Trumpet, blowing the, n. abstr., ik-sin'ni.

Trumpeter, n. an., ai'ĭk ki ua.

Truth, n. abstr., aumun'is sin ni. See "Speak the truth."

Try, v. int. 1. Try thou, is săn' îstsiĭt; I try, nit ŭs' săn ĭstsii; he tries, ŭs' săn ĭstsiu.

Trying, n. abstr., issăn'istsisinni.
Try to do, v. t. ina. 2. Try to do
it, issăn'istutsit; I try to do it,

nit ŭs' săn ĭs tuts ip; he tries to do it, ŭs' săn ĭs tuts ĭm ai e.

Trying to do, n. abstr., is san' is tutuk sin ni.

Tub, n. ina. (wash), it ŭs' sists tŭk io pi.

Tumbler, n., sa ku' ku to kos. Turkey, n. an., omŭx' i ke tŭk ki.

Turn, v. t. ina. (as a handle). Turn it, au tŭk'a pĭxit; I turn it, nitautŭk'a pĭxip; he turns it, au tŭk-

a pĭx ĭmai e.

Turn around, v. int. 4 (when standing). Turn thou around, o tŭk-

aaut'; I turn around, nitotukaau'; he turns around, otukaau'.

v. int. 1 (when sitting). Turn thou around, otŭkau' piit; I turn around, nitau' tŭkau pii; he turns around, au tŭkau pii u.

v. t. an. 1. Turn me around, au tŭkau' po kit; turn him around, au tŭkau' pais; I turn you around, kitau tŭkau' po; he turns him around, au tŭkau' paiuaie.

Turn inside out, v. t. ina. 2. Turn it inside out, a po'kiotsit; I turn it inside out, nita' pokiotsip; he turns it inside out, a' pokiotsimaie.

v. pass. ina. It is turned inside

out, a' pokiotsip.

Turn from one side to the other, v. int. 1 (when in a lying posture). Turn thou, othkai'itsit; I turn, nito'tūkaiitsi; he turns, autūkai'itsiu.

Turn over, v. int. 1. Turn thou over, omai'itsiĭt; I turn over, nitomaiitsi; he turns over, omai'itsiu.

v. t. ina. 2. Turn it over, omai'pĭxĭt; I turn it over, nitau'maipĭxĭp; he turns it over, aumai'pĭxĭmaie.

v. t. an. 2. Turn me over, omai' piksikkit; turn him over, omai' piksistsis; I turn you over, kitau' mai piksisto; he turns him over, au' mai piksistsi u ai e.

v. t. ina. 3. Turn it over, omotoat; I turn it over, nitau'motop; he turns it over, au'motomaie.

v. pass. It is turned over, i-motop.

Turn the face, v. int. 1. Turn thou the face, otŭk'skiakĭt; I turn the face, nitau'tŭkskiaki; he turns the face, autŭk'skiakiu.

Turn the head, v. int. 1. Turn thou the head, otŭk'okiakit; I turn the head, nitau'tŭkokiaki; he turns the head, au'tŭkokiakiu.

Turning, n. abstr. (a handle), otŭk'-

apixistüksinni: (when sitting), otŭkau'pĭssĭnni; (when stand-(inside otŭkaau'sĭnni; out), a po' kio tŭk sĭn ni; (from one side to the other), otukai'itsĭssĭnni; (one's self over), omai'itsïssïnni; (over a third object), omai' pi ksīs tūk sīn ni.

Turnip. n. an., mas' ĭn sĭm man; mas'.

Twelve, num. adj., natsiko' put to. There are twelve, na'tsiko put to-

Twenty, num. adj., na'tsĭppo.There are twenty, na'tsippoiau. Twice, sĭssŭp'otsĭstokaiau.

Twine, n., nai' pĭs tsi-ap i kĭm.

Twinkle, v. int. 1 (eye). Twinkle the eye, pakhpapina'pĭxit; I twinkle the eye, nitai pakh pa pina'pĭxi; he twinkles the eye, aipakh papina'pĭxiu; (star) see "Tremble."

Twinkling, n. abstr. (eye), pakh papina'pĭxsĭnni.

Twist, v. t. ina. 2. Twist thou it, amĭxka' pĭxit; I twist it, nitaiamĭxka'pĭxip; he twists it, aiamĭx ka'pĭx ĭm ai e.

v. t. an. 2. Twist me, amixka'pĭxĭkkit; twist him, amĭxka' pi ksĭs tsĭs; I twist you, kit ai'a mix ka' pi ksis to; he twists him, aia mĭx ka' pi ksĭs tsi u ai e.

v. pass. It is twisted, amixka'pĭx ip.

v. t. ina. 2. Twist thou it, a'minit; I twist it, nitai'aminip; he twists it, ai'amınımaie.

Twisting, n. abstr., amix ka' piksistŭksinni; amin'ŭksinni.

Two, num. adj., na'to kum.

U.

Ugly, v. int. 6. It is ugly (an.), pakhsĭnŭm'; he has an ugly face, mŭkski'u.

Umbrella, n., aiĭk'itatsĭs.

Unbelief, n. abstr., saie tük sınpi.

thou, okh'tsïmit; I understand, nitai'okhtsĭmi; he understands, ai'okh tsĭmiu.

v. t. an. 3. Understand me. okh' to kit: understand him, okh'tos; I understand you, kitai'okh to; he understands him, ai'okh to vi u ai e.

Understanding, n. abstr., okh' tuksĭn ni.

Undress, v. reflect. Undress thou, som'itsiosit; I undress, nitai's somitsiosi; he undresses, ai's somitsiosiu.

v. t. an. 1. Undress me. som'itsiokit; undress him, som'itsĭs; I undress you, kitai'somitsio: he undresses him, ai'somitsinaie.

v. reflect. Undress thou, namitsios'it; I undress, nitai'amitsiosi; he undresses, ai'amitsiosiu.

Undressing, n. abstr., (one's self), som'itsiossĭnni; namitsios'sinni; (another), som' i tsiak sĭn ni.

Unsaddle, v. t. an. 1 (a horse). Unsaddle him, ape'kunis; I unsaddle him, nita'pekunau; he unsaddles him, a' pekuniuaie.

Unsaddling, n. abstr., a pe' kun uksĭn ni.

Untie, v. t. ina. 1. Untie thou, apo'tsit; I untie it, nita'potsip; he unties it, a po'tsĭmaie.

Untying, a po' tŭk sĭn ni. Up the river, adv., a me'totsim; ame-, in composition; as, he takes him up the river, ame'tsĭpiuaie. Useless. It is useless, matsipum ap-

i'uats.

Urine, n., is ksĭn'ni.

v. int. 1. Pass urine, saŭs'ksit; I pass urine, nitsus ksi; he passes urine, ai' sus ksi u ; or, a is'ksi u.

Uvula, n. ina., opio'oŭn.

V.

Understand, v. int. 1. Understand | Valley, n., is tsi kum'.

tand, ands,

me, okh'itai'i, ai'-

tŭk-

thou, itai'ai'-

om'om'iom iom i-

namam ii tsi-

elf),
'sinni.
Unun-

e. nŭk-

ı, asip;

; aakes aie. ap-

นัธ'he is'- Veins, n. an., mus'tsix.

Village, n. ina., akap'ioyis.

Violin. See "Musical Instrument." Virgin, n. an., mokŏk'iake.

Visit, v. int. 1 (to get a present).
Visit thou, pisse'it; I visit, nitsipisse'; he visits, ai'pisse iu.

v. t. an. 3. Visit me, přsse'řskotokit; visit him, přsse'řskotos; I visit you, kitai' přsseřskoto; he visits him, ai' přsseřskotoyiuaie.

v. int. 3 (to get food). Visit thou, aksīssauot; I visit, nitau'-ksīssauo; he visits, Iksīs'sauo.

Visiting, n. abstr., příse' i sin ni; aksis sau o' sin ni.

Vomit, v int. 2. Vomit thou, akit'skat; I vomit, nitau'kĭtska; he vomits, au'kĭtskau.

Vomiting, n. abstr., a kĭt'skan i.

W.

Wag, v. int. 1 (the head). Wag thou the head, anawkia'pixit; I wag the head, nitananawkiapixi; he wags the head, anauawkiapixiu.

v. int. I (the tail). Wag thou the tail, auatu'iapixit; I wag the tail, nitauauatu'iapixi; he wags the tail, auauatuia'pixiu.

Wagging, n. abstr. (the head), auawkia'pix sinni; (the tail), auatuia'pix sinni.

Wages, n. an., aisakino'sattopix. Waggon, n. an., an'akŏs; pl., -kŏs-

Wail, v. int. 1. Wail thou, au'yesit; I wail, nitau'yesi; he wails, au'yesiu.

v. t. an. 1. Wail for me, aiyĭm' mokĭt; wail for him, ai yĭm'mĭs; I wail for you, kitau' yĭmmo; he wails for him, au' yĭm miuaie.

Wailing, n. abstr., ai yĭm' mŭk sĭnni.

Waistcoat, n., itai'soksīs tauasiopi.

Wait! interj., ki'ka!

Wait, v. int. 1. Wait thou, o'kökkĭt; I wait, nitaio'kŏkki; he waits, ai'okŏkiu.

v. t. ina. 2. Wait for it, okh'it; I wait for it, nitai'okhip; he waits for it, ai'okhimaje.

v. t. an. 3. Wait for me, okh'-kokĭt; wait for him, okh'kos; I wait for you, kitai'okhko; he waits for him, ai'okhkoyiuaie. Waiting, n. abstr., okh'köksĭn ni.

Wake, v. int. 1. Wake thou, ni po'-kŏkit; I wake, nitsi po'kŏki; he wakes, ai' po kŏki u.

v. t. an. 1. Wake me, kseke'nokit: wake him, kseke'nis: I

nokit; wake him, kseke'nĭs; I wake you, kitai'ksekeno; he wakes him, ai'ksekeniuaie. Waking, n. abstr., kseke'nŭksĭnni.

Waking, n. abstr., kse ke' nūk sīnni. Walk, v. int. 2. Walk thou, auau'-ŏkat; I walk, nitauau'ŏka; he walks, auau'ŏkau.

v. int. 3 (in contrast to other modes of travelling). Walk thou, ksiuot'; I walk, nitai'ksiuo; he walks, aiksiuo'.

v. int. 3. Walk around, otŭkko'at; I walk around, nitau'tŭkko; he walks around, autŭk ko'.

v. t. ina. 3. Walk around it, otükka'atoat; I walk around it, nitautükka'atop; he walks around it, autükka'atomaie.

v. t. an. 2. Walk around me, otük ka'a kit; walk around him, otük ka'a tsis; I walk around you, kitau tük ka ato; he walks around him, au tük ka'a tsi uai e.

Walk up and down, v. int. 4. Walk thou up and down, awu'auŭt; I walk up and down, nitaua'wuau; he walks up and down, aua'wuau.

Walking, n. abstr., auau'ökasinni; ksiuo'sinni; (around), otükko'sinni; (up and down), a'wuauosinni.

Walking-stick, n. ina., o'toatsis.
Wander, v. int. 2 (in walking).
Wander thou, ksis'tapauauökat; I wander, nitsiksis'tapauau-

ŏka; he wanders, itsiksĭs'tapauauŏkau.

Wandering, n. abstr. (when walking), ksis' tapau au ŏkasin ni.

Want, v. int. 1. Be thou in want, kim'ŭkităppiit; I am in want, nitsim'ŭkitappi; he is in want, kimŭk'itappiu.

Want, being in, n abstr., kĭmŭk' ităppi isĭnni. What do you want? kitak' si kipats; what does he want? kaii' uats.

War, n. abstr., auakaw'tseisinni.
v. recipr. They war, auakaw'tseiau.

War, go to, v. int. 3. Go to war, soo'at; I go to war, nit'soo; he goes to war, soo'.

War, going to, n. abstr., soo'sĭn ni. Warm, v. int. 1. It is warm, amai'ksĭstuyiu; ksĭstutsĭs'siu; soyĭne'u.

v. reflect. Warm yourself, ksĭstusu'yit; I warm myself, nitai'-ksĭstusuyi; he warms himself, ai'ksĭstusuyiu.

v. t. ina. 2. Warm it, ksistusit'; I warm it, nitai'ksistusip; he warms it, ai'ksistusimaie.

v. t. an. 1. Warm him, ksĭstusĭs'; I warm him, nitai'ksĭstusau; he warms him, ai'ksĭstusuviuaie.

v. t. an. 1. Warm me, ksis tusuiats'okit; warm him, ksis tusuiats'is; I warm you, kitai'ksis tusuiatso; he warms him, ai'ksis tusuiatsi uaie.

Warming, n. abstr. (one's self), ksïstusu'yisïnni; (a third object), ksïstus ŭk'sïnni.

Warp, v. impers. It warps, e mo'-kŏt si u.

Wash, v. reflect. Wash yourself, issis tsimmusit; I wash myself, nit ŭs' sistsim musi; he washes himself, ŭs' sistsim musi u.

v. reflect. (the face). Wash the face, issis'kiosit; I wash the face, nitŭs'sĭskiosi; he washes the face, ŭs'sĭskiosiu.

v. t. an. 1. Wash my face, is-

sĭs'kiokit; wash his face, issĭs'-kiĭs; I wash your face, kitŭs'-sĭskio; he washes his face, ŭs-sĭs'kiunie.

v. t. an. 1. Wash my face, issis'keĭstsĭmmokit; wash his face, issĭskeĭstsĭm'mĭs; I wash your face, kit ŭs'sĭskeĭstsĭmmo; he washes his face, ŭs'sĭskeĭstsĭmmiuaie.

Wash, v. reflect. (hands). Wash hands, is tsīm me'ĭt; I wash hands, nit ŭs'tsĭm mei; he washes his hands. ŭs'tsĭm me i u.

v. t. an. 1. Wash my hands, is tsim me' atso kit; wash his hands, is tsim me' atsis; I wash your hands, kitai' is tsim me atso; he washes his hands, ŭs' tsim meatsi u ai e.

v. int. 1 (clothes, floor, etc.). Wash thou, is sīsts' tŭkit; I wash, nit ŭs' sists tŭki; he washes, ŭs'-sists tŭki u.

v. t. ina. 3. Wash it, issists'-toat; I wash it, nitŭs'siststop; he washes it, ŭs'siststomaie.

v. t. an. 3. Wash for me, issists' to mo kit; wash for him, issists' to mos; I wash for you, kitŭs' sists to mo; he washes for him,
ŭs' sĭsts to mo yi u ai e.

Washing, n. abstr. (one's self), issis'tsimmusinni; (— face), issis'kiosinni; (— face for another), is sis'ke its tüksinni; (— hands for one's self), is tsimme'isinni; (— hands for another), is tsimme'ats tüksinni; (clothes, etc.), is sists' tüksinni.

Wash-basin, n. an., i tai' sŭp sïs ki osopi.

Wash-board, n., itai'soksĭststŭki-

Wash-tub, n., it ŭs' sists tŭk i o pi

Waste, v. t. ina. 1. Waste it, ksĭstuye'tsĭt; I waste it, nitai'ksĭstuyetsip; he wastes it; ai'ksĭstuyetsimaie.

v. pass. ina. It is wasted, ai'-ksĭstu yetsip.

Watch, n. an., itai' ksistsi kumiopi.

เลลเล"kit ŭs'e. ŭs-

ce, ishis wash mmo: ske is-

Wash wash he ne i u. ands.

his wash atso: m me-

etc.). wash. s, ŭs'-

sists'stop;

ie, ism, is-1, kitr him,

f), ise), isther). nands ĭn ni : tsim-

etc.), kios-

tŭkini ksĭsksĭsksĭs-

l, ai'iopi.

v. t. ina. 1. Watch it, isks ka'tsit; I watch it, nit ŭsks' ka tsip; he watches it, ŭsks' ka tsimai e.

v. t. an. 1. Watch me, iskskum' mokit; wate! him, iskskum'mis; I watch you, kit usks'kum mo; he watches him, usks'kum mi uaie.

Watching, n. abstr., isks ka' tŭk sĭn-

Water, n. ina., okh ke'.

Water, v. t. ina. 3 (plants, etc.). Water it, atsiksis' toat; I water it, nitauts' iksïstop; he waters it, auts' i ksïs tomaie.

v. t. an. 1 (horses, etc.). Water him, simme'pis; I water him, nitsim me' piau; he waters him, sim me' pi u ai e.

Watering, n. abstr. (plants, etc.), atsiksis' tüksinni; (horses, etc.), sim me' pi tük sin ni.

Way, n. ina. (road), moksoku'i; (manner), his way, otsităppi'uössĭn ni.

Wave, n. ina., ŏkh' pai kĭms kau. We, pers. pron. (first and second persons), këstun'un; (first and third persons), nës tun'an.

Weak, v. int. 1. He is weak, ai'sŏts i ki u.

Wear, v. t. ina. 3 (clothes). Wear it, supskaw'sattoat; I wear it, nitai'supskawsattop; he wears it, ai'sups kaw sat tom ai e.

v. t. an 2 (trousers or leggings). Wear them, oau' at tsĭsau: I wear them, nitau'au at tai au; he wears them, au'au at tsi uax.

v. int. 1 (hat). Wear a hat, istsum' mokit; I wear a hat, nitŭs'tsŭmmoki; he wears a hat, ŭs' tsŭm mok i u.

v. int. 1 (ear-rings). Wear thou ear-rings, otokh'ipiit; I wear ear-rings, nit'o tokhi pii; he wears ear-rings, itokh'ipiiu.

v. int. 1 (bracelets). Wear thou bracelets, opun'it; I wear bracelets, nit'opuni; he wears bracelets, ipun'iu.

v. int. 1 (gloves). Wear gloves,

otse'tseit: I wear gloves, nitse'tsetsi; he wears gloves, e tse'tsii u.

v. int. 1 (necklace). Wear a necklace, ok kin'it: I wear a necklace, nit'ok kini; he wears a necklace, ikin'iu.

Wearing, n. abstr. (clothes), supskaw'sĭnni: (leggings), oai'sĭnni; (bat), istsum' mok sin ni; (earrings), tokh' i pisĭn ni; (bracelets), pun'sinni; (gloves), atse'tseisĭnni; (necklaces), ok kĭn'sĭnni.

Weasel, n. an. (in winter), ap'au; (in summer), otau'.

Wedding, n. abstr. (in reference to a man), okem' sin ni; (in reference to a woman), om'sĭnni.

Weed, n. ina., ksis'tapsus kii. Week, n., na to' vi ksĭs tsi kui: (literally Holy Day, by which the This, of weeks are counted. course, is of recent date. The Indians of old knew no "Holy Day" or division of time into

weeks). Weigh, v. reflect. Weigh one's self, issokak'iosit; I weigh myself, nit ŭs' so kak i osi; he weighs himself, ŭs'sokakiosiu.

v. t. ina. 2. Weigh it, issokak'iit; I weigh it, nit ŭsso kakiip; he weighs it, us' so kak i im aie. v. t. an. 1. Weigh me, isso-

kak'iokit: weigh him, issokak'is; I weigh you, kit ŭssokakio; he weighs him, ussokak'iuaie.

Weighing, n. abstr., is so kak' iak-

Weighing-scales, n. an., it ŭssokak'iakiopi.

Weights, n. an., it ŭs so kak' ĭm aupiau.

See**Well**, n. an., miksis'kum. " Water horses."

Wet, v. t. an. 1. Wet me, atsiksis'tsı̃m mokit; wet him, atsıksı́s′-tsı̃m mı̃s; I wet you, kitauts'iksĭstsĭmmo; he wets him, autsi ksĭs' tsĭm mi u ai e.

v. t. an. 1. Wet me, atso'kit; wet him, atsis'; I wet you, kitauts'o; he wets him, auts'iuaie.

v. t. ina. 2 (by touching with the wet hand). Wet it, ip is tuts'it; I wet it, nitai'ipĭstutsip; he wets it, ai'ipĭstutsimai e.

v. t. ina. 1 (the head). Wet the head, atsikio'tsit; I wet the head, nitautsikiotsip; he wets the head, auts'ikiotsimaie.

v. t. ina. 1. Wet it, epio'tsit; I wet it, nitaipiotsip; he wets it, ai'piotsĭmaie.

v. t. an. 3. Wet him, aipio'tos; wet me, aipio'tokit, I wet you, kitai'pioto; he wets him, ai'pioto yiuaie.

Wet, v. impers. It is wet, itsiksis'tsiu; ipsi'u.

Wetting, n. abstr. (by throwing water), atsiksĭs'tŭksĭnni; a tsak'sĭnni; (by touching with wet hand, ipīstutūksinni; epio'tŭksinni; (the head), atsikio'tuk sĭn ni.

Wheat, n. ina., napai ĕn' ĭn sĭm man. Wheel, n. an., itse'uŭssi; ana-

Wheelbarrow, n. an, inŭkan'a kŏs. When, interrog. adv. When was it? tsan ĭs tsi' · when will it be? tsanĭstsĭs'.

indef. adv., -eniki, -si, affixed to the verb; as, itappo'eniki, when I go there; itap po'si, when he goes there. See example in the verb given in the Grammar.

Whence, adv., tse' ma.

Where, adv., tse' ma; where is he? ŭn nats'.

Whet, v. t. an. 1. Whet it, ksisĭstsĭmĭs; I whet it, nitai'ksĭsĭstsīmau; he whets it, ai'ksīsīstsĭmiuaie.

v. t. an. 2 (on the Indian steel). Whet it, is'kımattsıs; I wet it, nit ŭs'kımattau; he whets it, ŭs' kĭmat tsi uai e.

Whet-stone, n. an., i tai'ksĭsist stau-

Which, interrog. pron. See in Grammar, p. 11. Which way? tsa ka'a ta pots. pro. rel., annik'.

Whine, v. int. 3. Whine thou, ato'at; I whine, nitai'ato; he whines, ai'a to.

Whining, n. abstr., a' to sĭn ni. Whip, n. ina., is tsi pĭs' si mats!s.

v. t. an. 1. Whip me, istsipis'okit; whip him, istsipis'is; I whip you, kit ŭs'tsipĭso; he whips him, ŭstsipis'iuaie.

Whipping, n. abstr., istsi pis' ak sĭn-

Whisper, v. int. 2. Whisper thou, ksimoi'ikat; L whisper, nitai'ksimoiika; he whispers, ai'ksimoiikau.

v. t. an. 1.Whisper to me, ksimoi'ikamokit; whisper to him, ksimoi'ikamis; I whisper to you, kitai'ksimoiikamo; he whispers to him, ai'ksimoiikamiuaie.

Whispering, n. abstr., ksimoi'ikan i.

Whistle, v. int. 1. Whistle thou, ksiĭxe'mokit; I whistle, nitai'ksiĭxemoki; he whistles, ai'ksi ĭx e mok i u.

v. t. an. 1. Whistle to me, ksi-Ixe'mokit; whistle to him, ksiĭx e' mĭs; I whistle to you, kitai'ksiĭxemo; he whistles to him, ai'ksiĭxemiuaie.

Whistling, n. abstr., ksĭsĭxe'moksĭn ni.

White, adj. partic., ap-, in composition; as, ap'ai pĭstsi; white blanket.

White, v. int. 6. It is white, (an.), ksĭx ĭn ŭm'.

v. int. 1. It is white, (ina.), ksĭx ĭn at' si u.

Whiten, v. t. ina. 2. Whiten thou it, ksïx si tuts' it; I whiten it, nitai'ksĭxĭstutsip; he whitens it, ai'ksĭx ĭs tuts ĭm ai e.

Whitening, n. abstr. ksīxistutūk'sĭn ni.

White head, n. an., ap'opi.

White man, n. an., nap'ie ku ŭn.

White woman, n. an., nap'iake. Who, interrog. pron., tükka'.

pro. rel., an nok'.

thou, aa to; he

ni. atsĭa. ae, istsisi pĭs'ĭs; ĭso; he e.

s'ak sĭner thou, nitai'-

to me, per to whisper mo; he moi i ka-

si moi'i-

e thou, nitai'les, ai'-

me, ksim, ksikitai'to him,

e' mok-

mposiwhite

, (an.),

(ina.),

n thou it, nit-ens it,

u tŭk'-

ŭn. ke. Whole, v. int. 1 (of skin, after sickness). It is whole, ŭk'keu.

Whore, n. an., mats'ake.

Whose, '.terrog. pron., t\u00e4ka'ats.
Why, interrog. adv., kimok'—sks;
as, why do you speak? kimok'-an isks.

Wicked, v. int. 1. Be thou wicked, minix'it; I am wicked, nitai'nixi; he is wicked, ai'nixiu.

v. t. an. 3. Be wicked to me, minĭx'kotokit; be wicked to him, minĭx'kotos; I am wicked to you, kitai'nĭx koto; he is wicked to him, ai'nĭx kotoyiuaie.

Wickedness, n. abstr., minix'sinni. Wide, v. int. 1. It is wide, a pak'-

Widen, v. t. ina. 2. Widen thou it, a pūx'īstutsit; I widen it, nitau'-pūxīstutsip; he widens it, au'-pūxīstutsīmaie.

Widening, n. abstr., a pŭx' istutŭksĭn ni.

Widow, n. an., nep'omiu.

Widower, n. an., nep olarit.

Wife, n. an. My wife, nitokem'ani; your wife, kitokem'ani; his wife, otokem'ani.

Wild, v. int. 1. He is wild, isim'-iu.

Will, n. abstr., atsi'tani; my will, nitsitsi'tani; your will, kitsitsi'tani; his will, otsitsi'tani.

Willow, red, n. ina., miköpĭx'suyi.
Win, v. int. 1 (at gambling). Win thou, a mots'akit; I win, nita'-motsaki; he wins, a'motsakiu.

v. int 2 (in a race). Win thou, skĭt'stat; I win, nit ŭs'skit sta; he wins, ŭs'skĭt stau.

Winning, n. abstr., a mots' ak sĭnni; skit' stani.

Wind, n. ina., sopu'; high wind, miĭk'sopu; soft wind, ikkĭnai'-sopu.

Wind, v. t. an. 2. Wind thou it, aiipĭstsis; I wind it, nitau'aiipĭstau; he winds it, au'aiipĭstsiuaie

v. t. ina., 3. Wind thou it, aiipĭs'toat; I wind it, nitau'aiipĭstop; he winds it, au'aiipistomaie.

Winding, n. abstr., ai i pšs tūks šīnni. Window, n. ina., ks šst si kum stan.

Window-glass, n. ina., sa kuk' u tūsku.

Wind-pipe, n. ina., moksistun'.

Wine, n. ina., mĭn'iokhke.

Wine-glass, n. ina., puk'sa kukutus ku.

Wing, n. an., omĭus' tse kĭn;

Wink, v. int. 1. Wink thou, sīkokŏpina'pīxit; I wink, nitai'sīko kŏpinapīxi; he winks, aisīkokŏpina'pīxiu.

v. t. an. 2. Wink at me, sĭkokŏpina' pix sūkkit; wink at him, sĭkokŏpina pĭx sūt sĭs; I wink at you, kitai' sīkokŏpina' pĭx sūtto; he winks at him, ai sīkokŏpina'pix sūt tsi u ai e.

Winking, n. abstr., sĭkokŏpina'pĭxsĭnni.

Winter, n. ina., stu'yi; when it is winter, stuyis'si.

Wipe, v.t. ina. 2. Wipe thou it, issin'it; I wipe it, nitŭs'sĭnip; he wipes it, ūs'sīnĭmaie.

Wiping, n. abstr., is sīn' ŭk sīnni.
Wire, n. an., Small wire, ix tse' ix-kīm; yellow wire, o tai' kīm; black wire, sīx' ix kīm.

Wisdom, n. abstr., mo kŏk'sĭn ni. Wise, v. int. 1. Be thou wise, mokŏk'it; I am wise, nit'o kŏki; he

is wise, mokok'i u.

v.t.an. 3. Make me wise, mokŏk'i isto to kit; make him wise, mo kŏk'i isto tos; I make you wise, kit au' kŏk i isto to; he makes him wise, au' kŏk i isto to yi uai e.

Wiser making, n. abstr., aukokiĭstotūk'sĭnni.

Wish, v. int. 2. Wish thou, nokstat'; I wish, nĭtai'oksta; he wishes, nokstau'.

Wishing, n. abstr., nok stan'i.

With, prep. partic. (in company with), pok-, in composition only; as, we will go there in company, nitakopok' it tap po pin an.

prep. partic. (instrumental),

mut-, placed next to the pronominal prefix, thus; I write with a pen, nimut sinaki-itai's ınak-iopi.

Without design, adv., ksis'tapi.

Within, prep., pistots' ĭm. Wolf, n. an., a pi'si; mŭk' ku yi.

Woman, n. an., ake'. Womb, n. ina., oyis'.

Wonderful, v. int. 1. It is wonderful, pis'sa tapi u.

Wood, n. ina. mĭstsĭs'; (collective), at su'ŏs kui.

Wool, n. ina., (yarn), nai' pĭs tsi a pikĭm.

Word, n. ina., e po' aw sĭn.

Work, v. int. 1. Work thou, a po'tŭk kit; I work, nita' po tŭk ki; he works, a' po tŭk ki u.

v. t. an. 3. Work for me, a po'-tomo kit; work for him, a po' tomos; I work for you, kita' po tomo; he works for him, a' po tomo yi u ai e.

Work, n. abstr., a po' tŭk sin.

v. int. 1. Work thou, a me'sit; I work, nitau'mesi; he works, au'mesiu.

v. t. an. 3. Work for me, aume'sattomokit; work for him, aume'sattomos; I work for you, kitau'mesattomo; he works for him, au'mesattomoyiuaie.

Working, n. abstr., a po'tŭksĭn ni; a me'sĭn ni.

Workman, n. an., a' po tukki ua.

Workshop, n. ina., itapau' meso pi. World, n. ina., kon ŭs' ksök kum.

Worship, n. abstr., a' tsi moi i kan i.

Worsted, n. ina., nai' pĭs tsi a pi kĭm.
Worth. It is worth, i tsau'; how
much is it worth? tsan etsi' tsauats?

Wound, n., maaksin'.

v. t. an. 3. Wound me, mooo'kit; wound him, mooos'; I wound you, kitau'oo; he wounds him, au'o yi u ai e.

Wounding, n. abstr., ma'aksin ni.

Wrap, n. ina., istoxan'.

v. t. ina. 2. Wrap it up, a-mon'it; I wrap it up, nitau'mon-

ip; he wraps it up, au'mon'imaie.

v. t. an. 1. Wrap me up, a-mon'o kit; wrap him up, amon'is; I wrap you up, kitau'mono; he wraps him up, au'moni u ai e.

v. t. an. 2. Wrap me up, a mo'pĭkkit; wrap him up, a mo' pĭstsĭs; I wrap you up, kitau' mopĭs to; he wraps him up, au' mopĭs tsi u ai e.

Wrapping up, n. abstr., a mo pistuksin ni.

Wrath, n. abstr., istse'tŭksĭnni.

Wrestle, v. int. 1. Wrestle thou, is tsĭm'motseit; I wrestle, nit ŭs'tsĭm motsei; he wrestles, ŭs'tsĭmmotsei u.

v. t. an. 1. Wrestle with me, istsim' mokit; wrestle with him, istsim' mis; I wrestle with you, kit us' tsim mo; he wrestles with him, us' tsim mi uai e.

v.t.an.2. Wrestle with me, apŭtap'ixikkit; wrestle with him, apŭtap'piksistsis; I wrestle with you, kita'pŭtappiksisto; he wrestles with him, a'pŭtappiksistsiuaie.

Wrestling, n. abstr., is tsim' mo tseisin ni: a put ap' pi ksis tseisin ni.

sĭnni; a pŭtap' pi ksĭstse i sĭnni. Wring, v. int. 1. Wring thou, ai'amĭnŭkkit; I wring, nitai'a mĭnŭkki; he wrings, ai'a mĭnŭk ki u.

v. t. ina. 2. Wring it, amin'it; I wring it, nitai'aminip; he wrings it, ai'aminimaie.

v. t. an. 1. Wring it, a mĭn'ĭs; I wring it, nitai'a mĭnau; he wrings it, ai'a mĭnniuaie.

Wringing, n. abstr., a mĭn' ŭk sĭn ni. Write, v. int. 1. Write thou, sĭn-ak' it; I write, nitai' sĭnaki; he writes, ai' sĭnaki u.

v. t. ina. 2. Write it, sinait'; I write it, nitai'sĭnaip; he writes it, aisĭn'amaie.

v. t. an. 3. Write to me, sĭn-am mo'kĭa; write to him, sĭn ammos'; I write to you, kitai'sĭn-am mo; he writes to him, aisĭn'-am moyiuaie.

'monime up, ao, a mon'u'mono;
iuaie.
up, a mo'-

ip, amo'amo' pĭstau' mo-, au' mo-

pĭstŭk-

ínni. le thou, , nitùs'ŭs'tsĭm-

ith me, th him, th you, es with

n me, aith him, tle with o; he itappi-

notseisin ni.
u, ai'a'a minŭk ki u.
a min'ip; he

u; he sĭnni. u, sĭnci; he

inait'; writes e, sĭnĭnami'sĭn-

isĭn'-

Writer, n. an., ai'sınakiua. Writing, n. abstr., sınak'sınnı.

Wrong, v. impers. It is wrong, patse'u; he made it wrong, pats'-istuts'm ai e.

Y.

Ye, pers. pron. kĕsto'auai.

Yea, adv., a.

Year, n. ina. stuye'u; one year, ni tuks' kai-stuye'u.

Yearly, adv., an nists stuyists.

Yellow, v. int. 6. It is yellow (an.), oto ku'i năm.

v. int. 1 (ina.), otoku'inătsiu.

Yes, adv., a.

Yeast, n. ina., itai'ko putstau pi.

Yesterday, adv., mattun'ni.

Yet, adv. partic., saki, in composition; as, he is yet sleeping, sakiaiokau.

Yoke, ox, n. ina., ap'otskina-okin'stan.

Yoke, n. ina. (used by men), it ŭs'-totsĭnĭmaupi.

Yonder, adv., om'i nim'.

You, pers. pron., kës to'a; or, ksësto'a.

Young, adj. partic., mani-, in composition; as, young child, man'i-po ka.

v. int. 1. It is young (an. man si'u; (ina.), man i'u,

Younger. He is young, nokot'otoan si i u.

Young person, n. an., asităp' pi. v. int. 1. He is a young person, asităp' pi i u.

Your, poss. pron., kitsinan. Youth, n. abstr., a si tap' pi i sĭn ni.

Z.

Zeal, n. abstr., eika' ki man i.

Zealous, v. int. 2. Be thou zealous, eika'kimat; I am zealous, nitai'eikakima; he is zealous, ai'eikakimau.

Zigzag, v. int. 1. It is zigzag, ai'-omokitsiu.